

10 REASONS II ENGELS

What is the difference between Great Britain and the UK?

- Great Britain is the official collective name of England, Scotland and Wales and their associated islands.

How many islands are there in the UK?

- 7.700

How much coastline does the UK have?

- 31.368 kilometers

How long is the Chunnel (the tunnel under The Channel) and where is it located?

- 50.45km

What is the name of the British Flag? Plus, can you describe it, can you do the same for the other countries in the UK?

- The name of the British flag is the Union Jack or the Union Flag.
- **England:** A red cross on a white background, known as Saint George's Cross.
- **Scotland:** A white cross on a blue background, known as Saint Andrew's Cross or the Saltire.
- **Wales:** A red dragon on a white and green background, known as the Welsh Dragon.
- **Northern Ireland:** A red cross on a white background with a red hand in the top left corner, known as the Ulster Banner.

Why is Brexit difficult for the Northern Island?

- More costs because of the borders. This slows down the transport speed of goods. Political instability.

Name at least five famous sights located in London.

- Buckingham Palace
- Big ben
- The London Eye
- Tower Bridge
- The British Museum

How many people live in the greater London area?

- 8,908 million

How many people are there in the UK in total?

- 67 million

Are all primary and secondary schools in the UK free?

- No

The commonwealth consists of all former colonies of Great Britain. How many countries/islands were there?

- Fifty-six sovereign states

Who invented the first computer that cracked the code of the Nazi Enigma machine in WW2. He is now recognized as someone who did something amazing. How is he remembered these days?

The first computer that played a crucial role in cracking the code of the Nazi Enigma machine during World War II was the "Colossus" computer. However, it's important to note that Alan Turing, along

with a team of codebreakers at Bletchley Park in England, made significant contributions to breaking the Enigma code as well.

Alan Turing is one of the most prominent figures associated with the code-breaking efforts during World War II. He was a mathematician, logician, and computer scientist. Turing's work was instrumental in breaking the Enigma code, which was used by the Germans for secure communication. His approach involved developing theories, techniques, and early computational methods to decipher encrypted messages.

Turing is remembered today as a pioneer of computer science, artificial intelligence, and cryptography. His contributions during World War II were essential in aiding the Allies' efforts and are widely recognized as having a significant impact on the outcome of the war. Despite his accomplishments, Turing faced personal and professional challenges during his lifetime, including persecution due to his homosexuality. In recent years, there has been a growing recognition and appreciation of Turing's work, and he is celebrated for his contributions to the field of computer science and for his role in breaking the Enigma code.

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