Day 3



Problem

Variables

Scope

Code

Class

Problem

- Onetime
- Recurring
- Analyze the problem
- 3D Thinking
- Keep Analyze
- Object Oriented Analyze
- Object Oriented Design
- Object Oriented Programming

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10:06 AM - 10:44 AM

Variables

Integers

- long
- int
- short
- byte

Floating - Numbers

- dobule
- float

Characers

char

Boolan

bool

Class - Plan

- Methods
 - Name
 - Return Type
 - · Void if no return
- Variables
 - instance variables...those variables which are declared inside a class
 - by default instance variables are initialized to there default values..

Object - Real Thing

Scope

- Public Global Scoped
- · Private Class scoped
- Protected Package & Relation (inheritance) scoped
- NOMOD Package scoped

Access Protection

<u>Aa</u> #	No Modifier	Private	Protected	Public
Same package sub class	YES	No	YES	YES
Same package non subclass	YES	No	YES	YES
Same Class	YES	YES	YES	YES
Different package sub class	NO	No	YES	YES
<u>Different package non sub classs</u>	NO	No	NO	YES

Code

```
package day3;

public class AccessDemo {
    // instance variables...those variables which are declared inside a class
    // by default instance variables are initialized to there default values..
    public int pub;
    // global scope
    private int pri;
    // class scope
    protected int pro;
    // relation (inheritance) scope
```

```
int nomod;
  // package scope
  public void display() {
    System.out.println(pub);
    System.out.println(pri);
    System.out.println(pro);
    System.out.println(nomod);
class AccessDemoSub extends AccessDemo \{
 public void display() {
    System.out.println(pub);
    // System.out.println(pri);
    System.out.println(pro);
    System.out.println(nomod);
class AccessDemoNonSub {
 AccessDemo obj = new AccessDemo();
 /\!/ obj is not the object - it is just reference or name /\!/ what is object here - the object is AccessDemo object.
  public void display() {
    System.out.println(obj.pub);
    // System.out.println(obj.pri);
    System.out.println(obj.pro);
    System.out.println(obj.nomod);
```

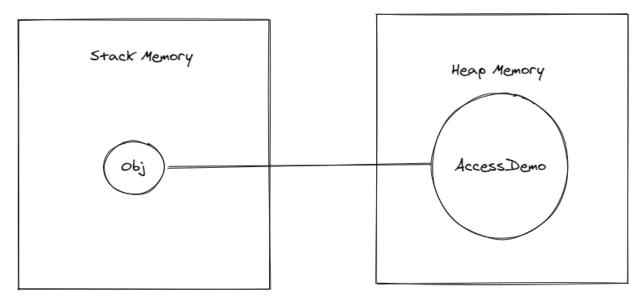
```
package day2;
import day3.AccessDemo;
* private - class scope
* nomod- package scope
* protected - relation (inheritance) scope
 * public - global scope
{\tt public\ class\ AccessDemoAnotherPackNonSubClass\ \{}
 AccessDemo obj = new AccessDemo();
  \ensuremath{//} obj is not the object - it is just reference or name
 // what is object here - the object is AccessDemo object.
  public void display() {
   System.out.println(obj.pub);
   // System.out.println(obj.pri);
   // System.out.println(obj.pro);
   // System.out.println(obj.nomod);
}
```

```
package day2;
import day3.AccessDemo;

//private - class scope
//nomodifier - package scope
public class AccessDemoAnotherPackSubClass extends AccessDemo {
   public void display() {
      System.out.println(pub);
      // System.out.println(pri);
   }
}
```

Day 3

```
System.out.println(pro);
// System.out.println(nomod);
}
```



How object stored in memory

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11 AM - 11:14 AM

Class

- Proper Name
- CamelCase
- Body
- Properties
 - variables
 - · always start with lower case
 - · instance variables
- Methods
 - · With or Without Access Modifier

- · Can have Return Type Or Void
- · If variable in a method should return something
- Can have parameter
- · Can not return more than one value
- · Method should start with lowercase

Constructor

- · class can have constructor
- · called when at the time of object
- · name of the constructor and class name should be same
- · can be called only once
- · used to what to and what not to initialize
- · can be many constructor
- · can have overloading constructor, same name with different parameter

Method Overload

- · Method can be overloaded
- · With different no of parameter
- · Data changes behavior changes
- · Can have different return type
- · Can have different Access Modifier

```
package ClassExample;
public class Employee {
 // constructor overload or method overload....
 public Employee() {
   System.out.println("cons called...");
 public Employee(String s) {
   System.out.println("Parametric constructor called...");
 String name;// instance variables
 public String getName() {
   return name;
 public void setName(String name) {
   this.name = name;// this always refers to instance variable....
 // overloaded methods....
 // overloaded methods access specifier can change...
 // overloaded method return type can change....
 // you cannot change the method name-if you change it is not overloading then
 // parameter compulsory to be different
 int met() {
   System.out.println("no param method called...");
```

```
return 1;
}

public void met(int i) {
    System.out.println("param method called.....");
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Employee emp;// no object is created, only variable reference is created....
    new Employee();// orphan object with no variable reference...
    Employee e = new Employee("hjhjhjhj");
    e.setName("VIGNESH J");
    System.out.println(e.getName());
    // dynamically java identifies
    // VMI - virtual method invocation or dynamic method invocation - polymorphism
    e.met();
    e.met(100);
}
```

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2:49 PM - 3:20 PM

Method Overridding

- Inheritance
 - Kind of relation

```
package ClassExample;
public class ClassesAndObject {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   LeatherShoe shoe = new LeatherShoe();
   shoe.met(2);
   shoe.leatherMethod();
class A {
 public A() {
   System.out.println("a cons called....");
class Shoe extends A {
 public Shoe() {
 public Shoe(int i) {
   System.out.println("shoe cons called...");
 // final declared methods cannot be overriden
 // final
 protected void met(int i) {
   System.out.println("met of shoe called...");
```

```
//inheritance - Kind of Relationship - java does not support multiple inheritance but it supports multi level inheritance
class LeatherShoe extends Shoe {
 public void leatherMethod() {
  public LeatherShoe() {
    super(10);// this super will invoke the parent class contructor and remember this should
         // be the first line
   System.out.println("leather shoe cons called...");
  // overriding
  // changing the method name or method parameters will not amount to overriding
  \ensuremath{//} the parameters and the method name both should be same
  // you cannot change the return type
  \ensuremath{//} you can increase the visibility but you cannot decrease the visibility
  // override annotation checks whether the method below is declared in the parent
  // class or not
  // if not declared it will throw a error.
 @Override
  public void met(int i) {
   System.out.println("met of leathershoe called...");
    super.met(10);// super is a keyword - use to invoke the parent method....
}
```