

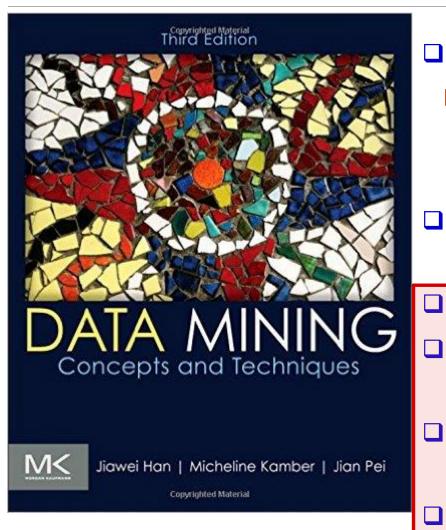
CS 412 Intro. to Data Mining

Chapter 1. Introduction

Jiawei Han, Computer Science, Univ. Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, 2017



CS 412. Course Page & Class Schedule



- Textbook
 - Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei, Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques (3rd ed), Morgan Kaufmann, 2011
- Class Homepage:

https://wiki.engr.illinois.edu/display/cs412



Jiawei Han

@1404

2132

e is

Michael Aiken Chair Professor Department of Computer Science

Univ. of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

Rm 2132, Siebel Center for Computer Science

201 N. Goodwin Avenue Urbana, IL 61801, USA

E-mail: hanj[at]illinois.edu

Ph.D. (1985), Computer Science, Univ. Wisconsin-

Madison

Course Work and Grading

- Project, Programming Assignments, and Exams
 - Project Presentation: 40% 30%
 - Programming assignments: 25% 40/
 - Midterm exam: 0%
 - □ Final exam: 35% 50′/
- Attendance (A)-> final score = A*score?
- □ Group project : 5 person จับกาลัน ๒ ๓๖
- Time table (Bring notebook to the class)
 - ?

Project

- Intro (What you are going to do)
- What data (Sources and How to get them) **at least 3 sources**
 - First presentation
- Data preparation & Warehousing
 - Second presentation
- Data mining
- Conclusion
 - Third presentation + Video Presentation

Chapter 1. Introduction

Why Data Mining?



- What Is Data Mining?
- A Multi-Dimensional View of Data Mining
- What Kinds of Data Can Be Mined?
- What Kinds of Patterns Can Be Mined?
- What Kinds of Technologies Are Used?
- What Kinds of Applications Are Targeted?
- Major Issues in Data Mining
- A Brief History of Data Mining and Data Mining Society
- Summary

Why Data Mining?



- The Explosive Growth of Data: from terabytes to petabytes
 - Data collection and data availability
 - ☐ Automated data collection tools, database systems, Web, computerized society
 - Major sources of abundant data
 - Business: Web, e-commerce, transactions, stocks, ...
 - Science: Remote sensing, bioinformatics, scientific simulation, ...
 - Society and everyone: news, digital cameras, YouTube
- We are drowning in data, but starving for knowledge!
- "Necessity is the mother of invention"—Data mining—Automated analysis of massive data sets

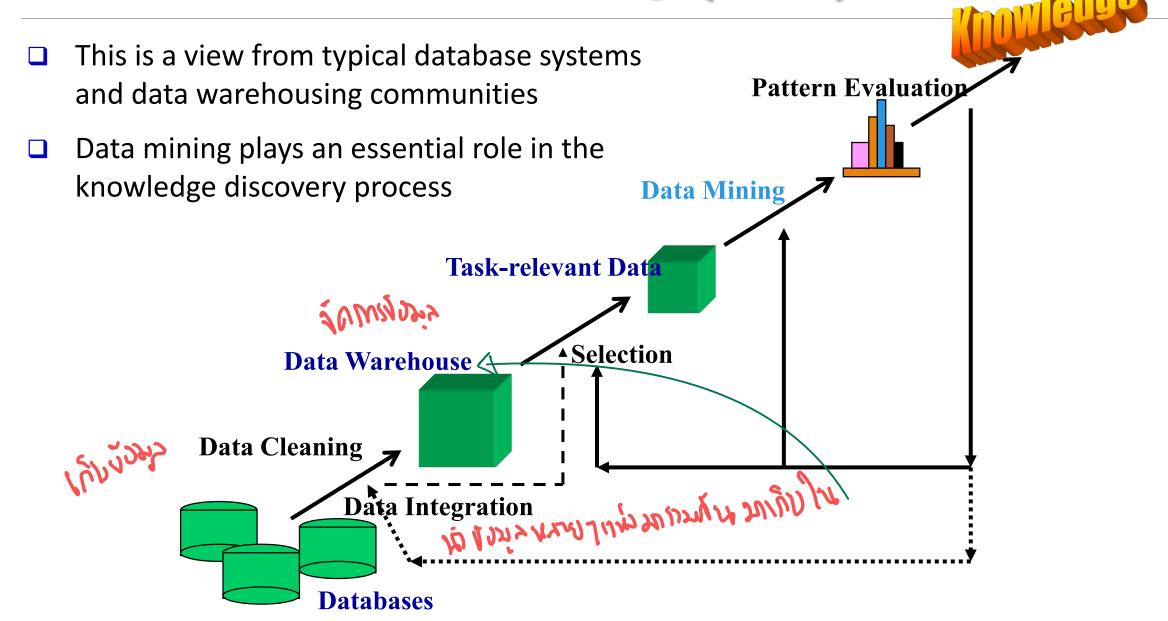
What Is Data Mining? Mining?

Data mining (knowledge discovery from data)

- KINJAYA
- Extraction of interesting (<u>non-trivial</u>, <u>implicit</u>, <u>previously unknown</u> and <u>potentially useful</u>) patterns or knowledge from huge amount of data
- Data mining: a misnomer?
- Alternative names
 - Knowledge discovery (mining) in databases (KDD), knowledge extraction, data/pattern analysis, data archeology, data dredging, information harvesting, business intelligence, etc.
- Watch out: Is everything "data mining"?
 - Simple search and query processing
 - (Deductive) expert systems



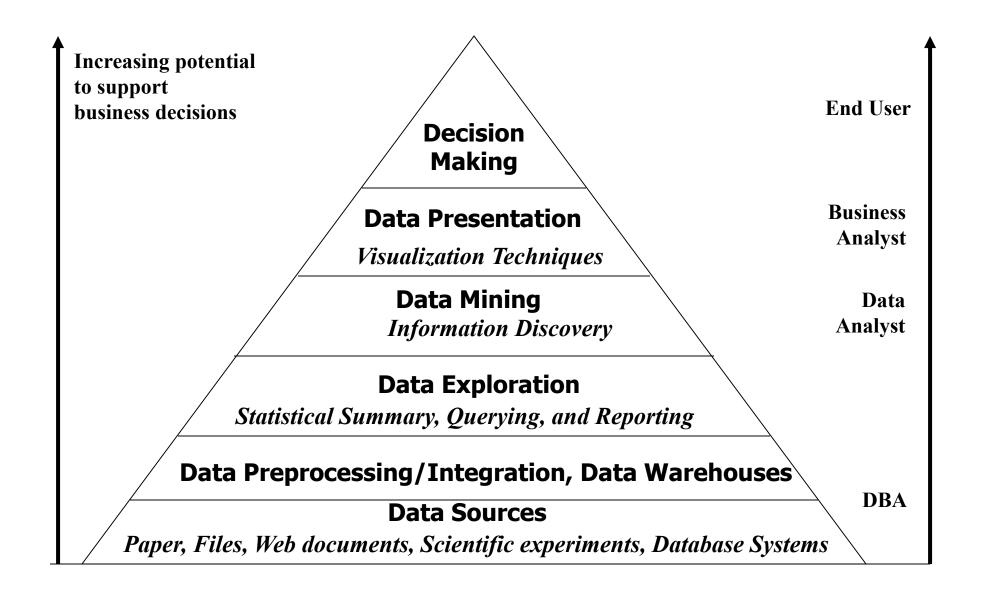
Knowledge Discovery (KDD) Process



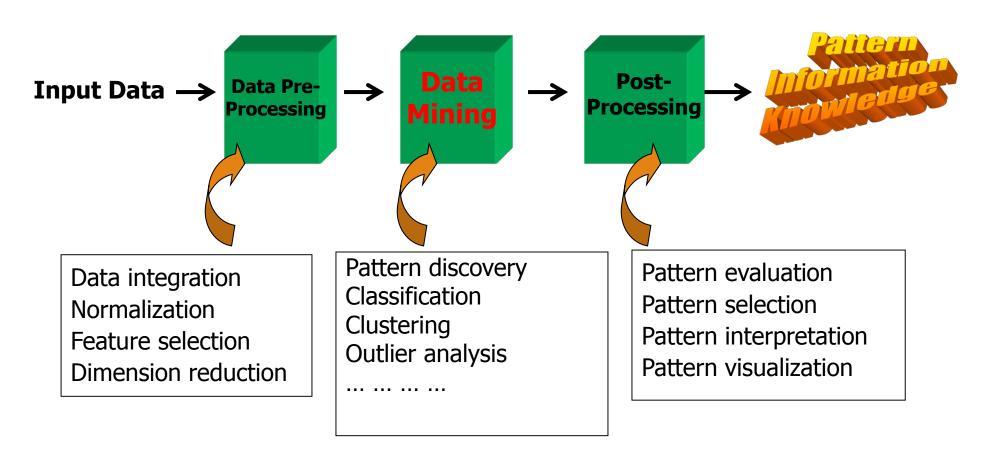
Example: A Web Mining Framework

- Web mining usually involves
 - Data cleaning
 - Data integration from multiple sources
 - Warehousing the data
 - Data cube construction
 - Data selection for data mining
 - Data mining
 - Presentation of the mining results
 - Patterns and knowledge to be used or stored into knowledge-base

Data Mining in Business Intelligence



KDD Process: A View from ML and Statistics



This is a view from typical machine learning and statistics communities