

Code Jam Beta 2008

A. Triangle Trilemma

B. The Price is Wrong

C. Random Route

D. Hexagon Game

Questions asked

Submissions

Triangle Trilemma

10pt Not attempted 244/318 users correct (77%)

10pt Not attempted 200/260 users correct (77%)

The Price is Wrong

15pt Not attempted 110/175 users correct (63%)

25pt Not attempted 67/96 users correct (70%)

Random Route

30pt Not attempted 42/76 users correct (55%)

30pt Not attempted 38/51 users correct (75%)

Hexagon Game

(40%)

25pt Not attempted
8/29 users correct
(28%)
45pt Not attempted
6/15 users correct

 Top Scores 	
malcin	190
marek.cygan	190
SnapDragon	165
ardiankp	145
Astein	130
rem	130

Problem A. Triangle Trilemma

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the Quick-Start Guide to get started.

Small input
10 points

Large input
10 points

Solve A-small

Solve A-large

Problem

You're interested in writing a program to classify triangles. Triangles can be classified according to their internal angles. If one of the internal angles is exactly 90 degrees, then that triangle is known as a "right" triangle. If one of the internal angles is greater than 90 degrees, that triangle is known as an "obtuse" triangle. Otherwise, all the internal angles are less than 90 degrees and the triangle is known as an "acute" triangle.

Triangles can also be classified according to the relative lengths of their sides. In a "scalene" triangle, all three sides have different lengths. In an "isosceles" triangle, two of the sides are of equal length. (If all three sides have the same length, the triangle is known as an "equilateral" triangle, but you can ignore this case since there will be no equilateral triangles in the input data.)

Your program must determine, for each set of three points, whether or not those points form a triangle. If the three points are not distinct, or the three points are collinear, then those points do not form a valid triangle. (Another way is to calculate the area of the triangle; valid triangles must have non-zero area.) Otherwise, your program will classify the triangle as one of "acute", "obtuse", or "right", and one of "isosceles" or "scalene".

Input

The first line of input gives the number of cases, **N**. **N** test cases follow. Each case is a line formatted as

x1 y1 x2 y2 x3 y3

Output

For each test case, output one line containing "Case #x: " followed by one of these strings:

- isosceles acute triangle
- isosceles obtuse triangle
- isosceles right triangle
- scalene acute triangle
- scalene obtuse triangle
- scalene right triangle
- not a triangle

Limits

RAVEman	120
yuhch123	120
Lovro	120
lukasP	120

 $1 \le N \le 100$, **x1**, **y1**, **x2**, **y2**, **x3**, **y3** will be integers.

Small dataset

 $0 \le x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3 \le 9$

Large dataset

 $-1000 \le x1$, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3 ≤ 1000

Sample

3 3 3 4 5 3 Case #5: scalene obtuse triangle 4 4 4 5 5 6 Case #6: isosceles right triangle	se triangle							put	• •
Case #3: isosceles acute triangle Case #4: scalene right triangle Case #5: scalene obtuse triangle Case #6: isosceles right triangle	.be errangre	isosceles obtuse triai	Case #1:						3
Case #4: scalene right triangle Case #5: scalene obtuse triangle Case #6: isosceles right triangle	triangle	scalene acute triangle	Case #2:	2	1	4	0	0)
3 3 3 4 5 3 Case #5: scalene obtuse triangle 4 4 4 5 5 6 Case #6: isosceles right triangle	e triangle	isosceles acute trianç	Case #3:	2	3	4	1	1	1
4 4 4 5 5 6 Case #6: isosceles right triangle	triangle	scalene right triangle	Case #4:	3	4	4	2	2	2
	triangle	scalene obtuse triang	Case #5:	3	5	4	3	3	3
5 5 5 6 6 5	ıt triangle	isosceles right triang	Case #6:	6	5	5	4	4	4
5 5 5 6 6 5 Case #/: not a triangle	ف	not a triangle	Case #7:	5	6	6	5	5	5
6 6 6 7 6 8 Case #8: not a triangle	į	not a triangle	Case #8:	8	6	7	6	6	6
7 7 7 7 7 7				7	7	7	7	7	7

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