



shiny app where users can change values of variables, those scores are summed and ranked, and a map fill symbology updates accordingly based on the aggregated values

To build a Shiny app where users adjust variable scores, see real-time summed and ranked results, and view a dynamically updated map fill symbology, follow this modular approach using reactive logic and `leafletProxy` for the map. This process ensures users interactively change inputs, see rankings update, and visualize on the map without reloading everything.[\[1\]](#) [\[2\]](#) [\[3\]](#)

App Structure

- UI: Use `numericInput`, `sliderInput`, or other widgets for users to set scores per variable/region.[\[4\]](#)
- Server: Aggregate the scores reactively, rank them, and update both the summary table and the leaflet map accordingly.[\[5\]](#) [\[6\]](#) [\[2\]](#)
- Map Updating: Use `leafletProxy` to dynamically adjust polygon fills according to the aggregated score per spatial unit.[\[2\]](#) [\[3\]](#) [\[7\]](#)

Key R Shiny Code Steps

1. UI Inputs

- Define UI widgets for user inputs (e.g., for each region or variable):[\[6\]](#) [\[4\]](#)

```
numericInput("score_region1", "Region 1 Score", value = 0)
numericInput("score_region2", "Region 2 Score", value = 0)
# Repeat for all regions/variables
```

2. Reactive Aggregation and Ranking

- Calculate sum and ranks reactively:[\[6\]](#)

```
region_scores <- reactive({
  data.frame(region = c("Region 1", "Region 2"),
            score = c(input$score_region1, input$score_region2))
})

ranked_scores <- reactive({
  region_scores() %>% arrange(desc(score))
})
```

3. Leaflet Map Rendering

- Initially render the map with base tiles and polygons:[\[3\]](#)

```
output$map <- renderLeaflet({  
  leaflet() %>%  
    addProviderTiles("CartoDB.Positron") %>%  
    addPolygons(data = spatial_data,  
                fillColor = "grey",  
                layerId = ~region)  
})
```

4. Dynamic Fill Updates

- When scores change, color polygons by score/rank using leafletProxy:[\[1\]](#) [\[2\]](#)

```
observe({  
  pal <- colorNumeric("YlOrRd", domain = ranked_scores()$score)  
  leafletProxy("map") %>%  
    clearShapes() %>%  
    addPolygons(data = spatial_data,  
                fillColor = ~pal(ranked_scores()$score[match(spatial_data$region,  
                layerId = ~region)  
})
```

5. UI Ranking Table

- Display current rankings below or beside the map with DT::renderDataTable or tableOutput:[\[6\]](#)

```
output$ranking <- renderTable({  
  ranked_scores()  
})
```

Additional References

- Dynamic polygons and user-driven color schemes are key to making the map interactive and responsive.[\[1\]](#)
- For large data and quick updates, minimize polygon redraw or optimize by updating styles (not entire map objects).[\[8\]](#) [\[7\]](#)
- Dashboard design can be further enhanced by user filters, map mouseover tooltips, and popups as needed.[\[5\]](#) [\[2\]](#)

This modular approach is proven in advanced Shiny dashboards and is extensible to more variables, regions, and complex aggregation logic.



Implement reactive aggregation and ranking in Shiny with dplyr

To implement reactive aggregation and ranking in Shiny using `dplyr`, define your calculations inside reactive expressions, then use `dplyr` verbs for aggregation, sorting, and ranking. This approach leverages Shiny's reactivity for interactive, real-time summaries and arrangements.^[22]
^[23] ^[24]

Example: Aggregation and Ranking with dplyr in Shiny

Suppose your dataset is named `df` with columns `region`, `var1`, `var2`, etc., and the user adjusts `input$var1_score`, `input$var2_score`, etc.

```
library(shiny)
library(dplyr)

ui <- fluidPage(
  # Inputs for scoring
  numericInput("var1_score", "Var 1 score", value = 1),
  numericInput("var2_score", "Var 2 score", value = 1),
  tableOutput("summary")
)

server <- function(input, output, session) {
  # Example static data frame for illustration
  df <- data.frame(
    region = c("A", "B", "C"),
    var1 = c(5, 3, 1),
    var2 = c(2, 7, 4)
  )

  # Reactive aggregation with dplyr
  scored <- reactive({
    df %>%
      mutate(
        score = var1 * input$var1_score + var2 * input$var2_score
      ) %>%
      arrange(desc(score)) %>%
      mutate(rank = row_number())
  })

  output$summary <- renderTable({
    scored()
  })
}

shinyApp(ui, server)
```

Explanations and Tips

- The `scored()` reactive calculates weighted scores and assigns ranks whenever inputs change. [23] [22]
- `mutate` creates a new score, `arrange` sorts by score, and `row_number()` assigns a rank. [24]
- You can extend this by grouping and summarizing with `group_by` and `summarise` within the reactive if your use case requires aggregation across groups.

This pattern is at the core of interactive, ranked summary tables or map-based visualizations in Shiny dashboards. [22] [23] [24]

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