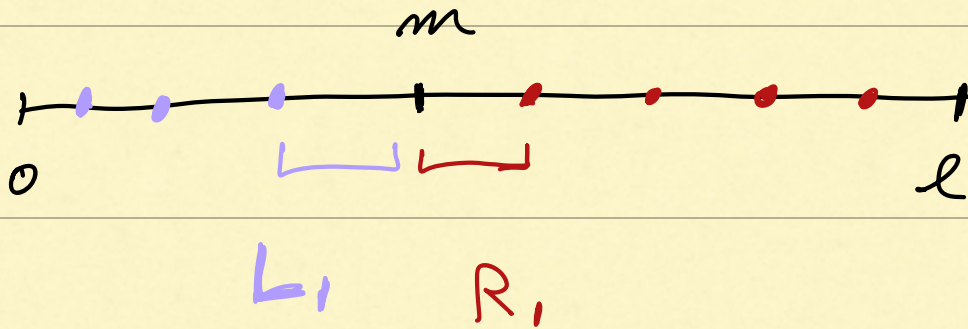


PS4



i) # successes

$$\Delta \leftrightarrow \text{LENGTH}_m$$

$$i=0$$

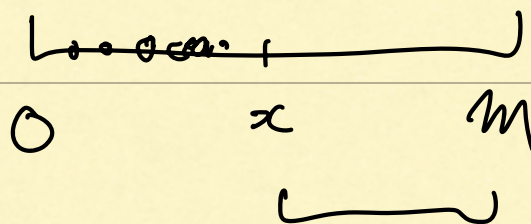
$$\mathbb{P}(i=0) = e^{-\pi m}$$

checks

$$\pi \rightarrow \infty, \mathbb{P} \rightarrow 0$$

$$m \rightarrow 0, \mathbb{P} \rightarrow 1$$

ii) $L_1 < x$

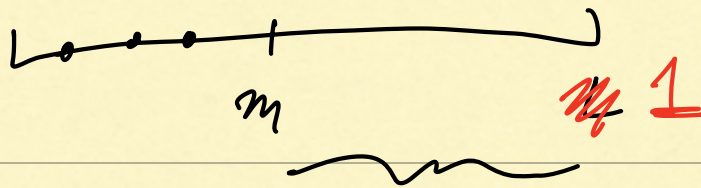


$$-\Delta T = m - x$$

$$P(L, < x) = e^{-\lambda(m-x)}$$

$$0 < x < m$$

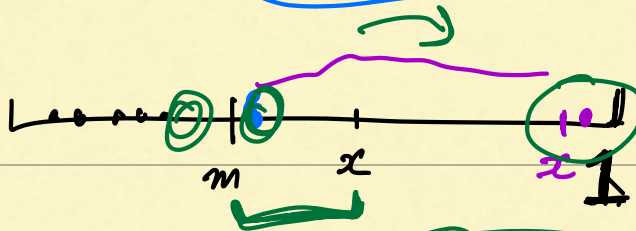
iii)



$$P(R_1 = 1) = e^{-\lambda(l-m)}$$

As $x \rightarrow m$, $P \rightarrow 1$ ✓

iv)



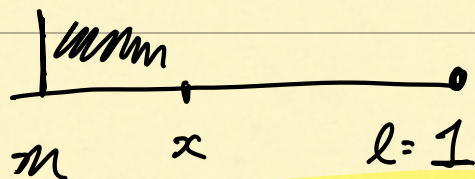
$$P(R_1 > x) = e^{-\lambda(1-x)}$$

CHECK
 ~~$x \rightarrow 1$~~ , ~~$P \rightarrow 0$~~ ✗

$\lambda \rightarrow \infty$ $P \rightarrow 0$

$$? = e^{-\lambda(x-m)} \quad \times$$

$$P(R_1 > x) = 1 - P(R_1 < x)$$



$$P(R_1 < x) = 1 - e^{-\lambda(x-m)}$$

$$\text{J: } P(R_1 > x) = 1 - e^{-\lambda(x-m)} \quad \times$$

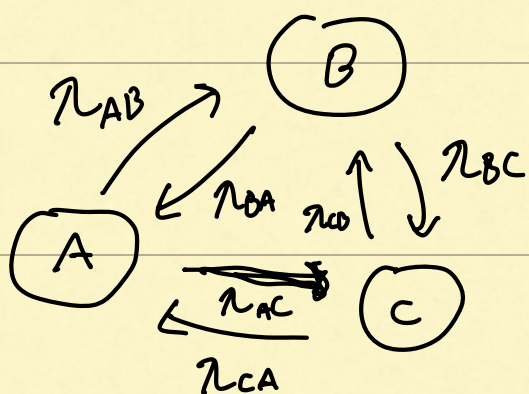
CHECK

$$x \rightarrow 1, \quad P \rightarrow e^{-\lambda(1-m)}$$

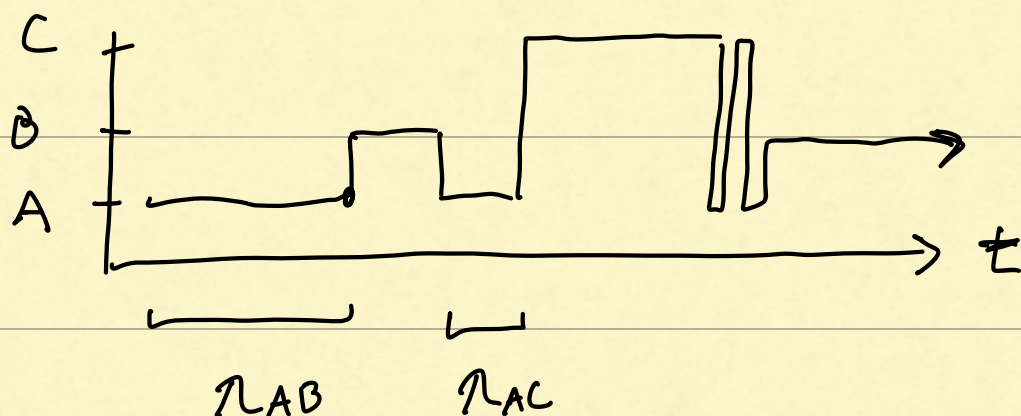
(FROM iii)

50N

$$P(R_1 > x) = e^{-\lambda(x-m)} \quad ?$$



A CONTINUOUS-TIME
STOCHASTIC PROCESS WITH N
STATES, WHERE TRANSITIONS
BETWEEN STATES ARE
POISSON PROCESSES



$\mathbb{P}_i(t)$ - PROBABILITY IN STATE i AT t

$$\text{LET } \vec{\mathbb{P}}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbb{P}_1 \\ \vdots \\ \mathbb{P}_N \end{bmatrix} (t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \vec{\mathbb{P}}(t) = \underline{\underline{M}} \cdot \vec{\mathbb{P}}(t)$$

↑ TRANSITION MATRIX

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} -\sum_i \pi_{1 \rightarrow i} & & \pi_{N \rightarrow 1} \\ \pi_{1 \rightarrow 2} & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \pi_{1 \rightarrow N} & & \end{bmatrix}_{N \times N}$$

COLUMNS
SUM TO
ZERO