```
In [2]:
         # Kemp Carswell 801017179
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
In [3]:
         df = pd.read csv('C:/Users/kemp/Downloads/Housing.csv')
         df.head() # To get first n rows from the dataset default value of n is 5
         M=len(df)
In [4]:
         housing = pd.DataFrame(pd.read_csv('C:/Users/kemp/Downloads/Housing.csv'))
         housing.head()
Out[4]:
               price
                          bedrooms bathrooms stories mainroad guestroom basement hotwaterheating
         0 13300000 7420
                                  4
                                            2
                                                    3
                                                            yes
                                                                       no
                                                                                 no
                                                                                                no
          12250000 8960
                                  4
                                            4
                                                    4
                                                            yes
                                                                                 no
                                                                       no
                                                                                                no
          12250000 9960
                                  3
                                            2
                                                    2
                                                            yes
                                                                       no
                                                                                yes
                                                                                                no
                                            2
           12215000 7500
                                                    2
                                                            yes
                                                                       no
                                                                                ves
                                                                                                 no
          11410000 7420
                                                    2
                                            1
                                                            yes
                                                                       yes
                                                                                yes
                                                                                                 no
In [5]:
         # You can see that your dataset has many columns with values as 'Yes' or 'No'.
         # But in order to fit a regression line, we would need numerical values and not string.
         # List of variables to map
         varlist = ['mainroad', 'guestroom', 'basement', 'hotwaterheating', 'airconditioning', '
         # Defining the map function
         def binary map(x):
          return x.map({'yes': 1, "no": 0})
         # Applying the function to the housing list
         housing[varlist] = housing[varlist].apply(binary_map)
         # Check the housing dataframe now
         housing.head()
Out[5]:
               price area bedrooms bathrooms stories mainroad guestroom basement hotwaterheating
         0 13300000
                    7420
                                  4
                                            2
                                                    3
                                                              1
                                                                        0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                                  0
          12250000 8960
                                  4
                                            4
                                                    4
                                                             1
                                                                        0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                                  0
          12250000 9960
                                  3
                                            2
                                                    2
                                                             1
                                                                                                  0
          12215000 7500
                                  4
                                            2
                                                    2
                                                                        0
                                                             1
                                                                                                  0
          11410000 7420
                                  4
                                            1
                                                    2
                                                             1
                                                                        1
In [6]:
```

# We specify this so that the train and test data set always have the same rows, respec

#Splitting the Data into Training and Testing Sets from sklearn.model selection import train test split

localhost:8888/lab/tree/HW1P3a.ipynb

np.random.seed(0)

```
In [7]:

In [7]:
```

```
Out[7]:
                   bedrooms bathrooms stories parking
                                                           price
                           3
         454 4500
                                              2
                                                      0 3143000
         392 3990
                           3
                                      1
                                              2
                                                      0 3500000
                           3
         231 4320
                                      1
                                             1
                                                      0 4690000
                           5
         271 1905
                                              2
                                                      0 4340000
                                      1
         250 3510
                           3
                                      1
                                             3
                                                      0 4515000
```

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
# define standard scaler
#scaler = StandardScaler()
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
df_Normalization[num_vars] = scaler.fit_transform(df_Normalization[num_vars])
df_Normalization.head(20)
```

Out[8]:		area	bedrooms	bathrooms	stories	parking	price
	454	0.193548	0.50	0.0	0.333333	0.000000	0.120606
	392	0.156495	0.50	0.0	0.333333	0.000000	0.151515
	231	0.180471	0.50	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.254545
	271	0.005013	1.00	0.0	0.333333	0.000000	0.224242
	250	0.121622	0.50	0.0	0.666667	0.000000	0.239394
	541	0.040976	0.50	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.001485
	461	0.226969	0.25	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.115152
	124	0.340671	0.50	0.5	1.000000	0.333333	0.363636
	154	0.131793	0.50	0.5	0.333333	0.666667	0.327273
	451	0.357018	0.25	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.121212
	59	0.302528	0.50	0.5	1.000000	0.333333	0.472727
	493	0.154316	0.50	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.090909
	465	0.142691	0.25	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.112121
	490	0.182650	0.50	0.0	0.333333	0.333333	0.093939

	area	bedrooms	bathrooms	stories	parking	price
540	0.084568	0.25	0.0	0.000000	0.666667	0.006061
406	0.253124	0.25	0.0	0.000000	0.333333	0.148485
289	0.291630	0.25	0.0	0.000000	0.666667	0.212121
190	0.418774	0.75	0.0	0.333333	0.666667	0.284848
55	0.302528	0.50	0.0	0.333333	0.333333	0.484848
171	0.612685	0.50	0.0	0.000000	0.333333	0.303030

In [9]:

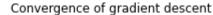
```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler

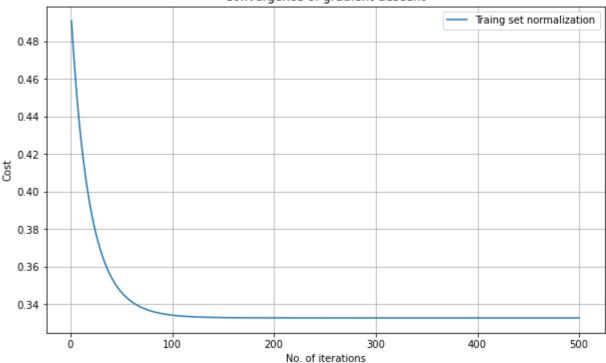
scaler = StandardScaler()
df_Standardization[num_vars] = scaler.fit_transform(df_Standardization[num_vars])
df_Standardization.head(20)
```

Out[9]: bedrooms bathrooms stories price area parking 454 -0.286366 0.073764 -0.581230 0.207401 -0.822960 -0.868394 392 -0.544762 0.073764 -0.581230 0.207401 -0.822960 -0.677628 -0.377564 -0.581230 -0.937813 -0.822960 -0.041744 231 0.073764 271 -1.601145 2.884176 -0.581230 0.207401 -0.822960 -0.228768 250 -0.787958 0.073764 -0.581230 1.352614 -0.822960 -0.135256 541 -1.350349 0.073764 -0.581230 -0.937813 -0.822960 -1.603589 -0.053303 461 -1.331442 -0.581230 -0.937813 -0.822960 -0.902058 0.739618 0.073764 1.488383 2.497828 124 0.321375 0.631546 154 -0.717026 0.073764 1.488383 0.207401 1.465710 0.407116 451 0.853616 -1.331442 -0.581230 -0.937813 -0.822960 -0.864653 59 0.473622 0.073764 1.488383 2.497828 0.321375 1.304836 493 -0.559962 0.073764 -0.581230 -0.937813 -0.822960 -1.051678 465 -0.641027 -1.331442 -0.581230 -0.937813 -0.822960 -0.920761 490 -0.362365 0.073764 -0.581230 0.207401 0.321375 -1.032976 540 -1.046354 -1.331442 -0.581230 -0.937813 1.465710 -1.575348 0.129094 -1.331442 406 -0.581230 -0.937813 0.321375 -0.696331 0.397623 -1.331442 -0.937813 289 -0.581230 1.465710 -0.303578 190 1.284276 1.478970 -0.581230 0.207401 1.465710 0.145281 0.473622 0.073764 -0.581230 0.207401 0.321375 1.379646 55 171 2.636548 0.073764 -0.581230 -0.937813 0.321375 0.257496

```
X Training N = df Normalization.values[:,[0,1,2,3,4]]
In [10]:
          y Training N = df Normalization.values[:,5]
          X_{\text{Test}} = df_{\text{Newtest.values}}[:,[0,1,2,3,4]]
          y_Test = df_Newtest.values[:,5]
          X Training S = df Standardization.values[:,[0,1,2,3,4]]
          y Training S = df Standardization.values[:,5]
In [11]:
          mean = np.ones(X_Training_N.shape[1])
          std = np.ones(X Training N.shape[1])
          for i in range(0, X Training N.shape[1]):
               mean[i] = np.mean(X Training N.transpose()[i])
               std[i] = np.std(X_Training_N.transpose()[i])
               for j in range(0, X_Training_N.shape[0]):
                   X_Training_N[j][i] = (X_Training_N[j][i] - mean[i])/std[i]
In [12]:
          mean = np.ones(X Training S.shape[1])
          std = np.ones(X_Training_S.shape[1])
          for i in range(0, X Training S.shape[1]):
               mean[i] = np.mean(X_Training_S.transpose()[i])
               std[i] = np.std(X Training S.transpose()[i])
               for j in range(0, X Training S.shape[0]):
                   X_Training_S[j][i] = (X_Training_S[j][i] - mean[i])/std[i]
In [13]:
          mean = np.ones(X_Test.shape[1])
          std = np.ones(X_Test.shape[1])
          for i in range(0, X Test.shape[1]):
               mean[i] = np.mean(X_Test.transpose()[i])
               std[i] = np.std(X_Test.transpose()[i])
               for j in range(0, X_Test.shape[0]):
                   X_{\text{Test}[j][i]} = (X_{\text{Test}[j][i]} - \text{mean}[i])/\text{std}[i]
In [14]:
          def compute_cost(X, n, theta):
               h = np.ones((X.shape[0],1))
               theta = theta.reshape(1,n+1)
               for i in range(0, X.shape[0]):
                   h[i] = float(np.matmul(theta, X[i]))
               h = h.reshape(X.shape[0])
               return h
In [59]:
          def gradient descent(X, y, theta, alpha, iterations, n, h):
               lam = 1000
               cost = np.ones(iterations)
               for i in range(0,iterations):
                   theta[0] = theta[0] - (alpha/X.shape[0]) * sum(h - y)
                   for j in range(1,n+1):
                       theta[j] = (theta[j]*(1-(alpha*(lam/X.shape[0])))) - (alpha/X.shape[0]) * s
                   h = compute_cost(X, n, theta)
                   cost[i] = (1/X.shape[0]) * 0.5 * sum(np.square(h - y))
               theta = theta.reshape(1,n+1)
               return theta, cost
```

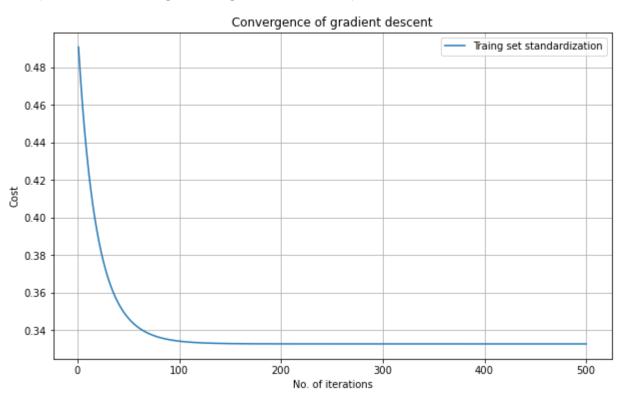
```
def linear_regression(X, y, alpha, iterations):
In [60]:
              n = X.shape[1]
              one_column = np.ones((X.shape[0],1))
              X = np.concatenate((one column, X), axis = 1)
              theta = np.zeros(n+1)
              h = compute cost(X, n, theta)
              theta, cost = gradient_descent(X, y, theta, alpha, iterations, n, h)
              return theta, cost
In [61]:
          iterations = 500;
          alpha = 0.01;
          alpha2 = 0.01
In [62]:
          theta Training, cost Training = linear regression(X Training N, y Training N, alpha, it
          print('Final value of theta with normalization =', theta_Training)
          cost_Training = list(cost_Training)
          n ierations Training = [x for x in range(1,(iterations + 1))]
         Final value of theta with normalization = [[1.41571648e-16 1.24270893e-01 7.53179975e-02
         1.10985843e-01
           9.01203105e-02 7.75127513e-02]]
In [63]:
          theta Training2, cost Training2 = linear regression(X Training S, y Training S, alpha,
          print('Final value of theta with standardization =', theta Training2)
          cost Training2 = list(cost Training2)
          n_ierations_Training2 = [x for x in range(1,(iterations + 1))]
         Final value of theta with standardization = [[1.41571648e-16 1.24270893e-01 7.53179975e-
         02 1.10985843e-01
           9.01203105e-02 7.75127513e-02]]
In [64]:
          theta Test, cost Test = linear regression(X Test, y Test, alpha, iterations)
          print('Final value of theta of the test set =', theta_Test)
          cost Test = list(cost Test)
          n ierations Test = [x for x in range(1,(iterations + 1))]
         Final value of theta of the test set = [[4654612.36027031
                                                                                       70808.73143
                                                                      93433.76646976
         095 105044.25956219
             72243.56199471
                              53326.61528087]]
In [65]:
          plt.plot(n_ierations_Training, cost_Training, label='Traing set normalization')
          plt.legend()
          plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(10,6)
          plt.grid()
          plt.xlabel('No. of iterations')
          plt.ylabel('Cost')
          plt.title('Convergence of gradient descent')
Out[65]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Convergence of gradient descent')
```





```
In [66]: 
    plt.plot(n_ierations_Training2, cost_Training2, label='Traing set standardization')
    plt.legend()
    plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(10,6)
    plt.grid()
    plt.xlabel('No. of iterations')
    plt.ylabel('Cost')
    plt.title('Convergence of gradient descent')
```

Out[66]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Convergence of gradient descent')



```
In [67]: plt.plot(n_ierations_Test, cost_Test, label='Test set')
plt.legend()
plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(10,6)
plt.grid()
plt.xlabel('No. of iterations')
plt.ylabel('Cost')
plt.title('Convergence of gradient descent')
```

Out[67]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Convergence of gradient descent')

