```
In [1]:
         # Kemp Carswell 801017179
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
In [2]:
         df = pd.read csv('C:/Users/kemp/Downloads/Housing.csv')
         df.head() # To get first n rows from the dataset default value of n is 5
         M=len(df)
In [3]:
         housing = pd.DataFrame(pd.read_csv('C:/Users/kemp/Downloads/Housing.csv'))
         housing.head()
Out[3]:
               price
                          bedrooms bathrooms stories mainroad guestroom basement hotwaterheating
         0 13300000 7420
                                  4
                                            2
                                                    3
                                                            yes
                                                                       no
                                                                                 no
                                                                                                no
          12250000 8960
                                  4
                                            4
                                                    4
                                                            yes
                                                                                 no
                                                                       no
                                                                                                no
          12250000 9960
                                  3
                                            2
                                                    2
                                                            yes
                                                                       no
                                                                                yes
                                                                                                no
                                            2
           12215000 7500
                                                    2
                                                            yes
                                                                       no
                                                                                ves
                                                                                                no
          11410000 7420
                                            1
                                                    2
                                                            yes
                                                                       yes
                                                                                yes
                                                                                                no
In [4]:
         # You can see that your dataset has many columns with values as 'Yes' or 'No'.
         # But in order to fit a regression line, we would need numerical values and not string.
         # List of variables to map
         varlist = ['mainroad', 'guestroom', 'basement', 'hotwaterheating', 'airconditioning', '
         # Defining the map function
         def binary map(x):
          return x.map({'yes': 1, "no": 0})
         # Applying the function to the housing list
         housing[varlist] = housing[varlist].apply(binary_map)
         # Check the housing dataframe now
         housing.head()
Out[4]:
               price area bedrooms bathrooms stories mainroad guestroom basement hotwaterheating
         0 13300000
                    7420
                                  4
                                            2
                                                    3
                                                             1
                                                                        0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                                 0
          12250000 8960
                                  4
                                            4
                                                    4
                                                             1
                                                                        0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                                 0
          12250000 9960
                                  3
                                            2
                                                    2
                                                                                                 0
                                                             1
          12215000 7500
                                  4
                                            2
                                                    2
                                                                        0
                                                             1
                                                                                                 0
          11410000 7420
                                  4
                                            1
                                                    2
                                                             1
                                                                        1
In [5]:
         #Splitting the Data into Training and Testing Sets
```

from sklearn.model selection import train test split

We specify this so that the train and test data set always have the same rows, respec

localhost:8888/lab/tree/HW1P3b.ipynb

np.random.seed(0)

```
In [6]:
    num_vars = ['area', 'bedrooms', 'bathrooms', 'mainroad', 'guestroom', 'basement', 'hotw
    df_Newtrain = df_train[num_vars]
    df_Newtest = df_test[num_vars]
    df_Normalization = df_Newtrain
    df_Standardization = df_Newtrain
    df_Newtrain.head()
```

df train, df test = train test split(housing, train size = 0.7, test size = 0.3, random

```
bedrooms bathrooms mainroad guestroom basement hotwaterheating airconditioning
Out[6]:
                            3
                                                                       0
         454 4500
                                       1
                                                                                       0
                                                                                                       1
         392 3990
                            3
                                       1
                                                             0
                                                                       0
                                                                                       0
                                                                                                       0
                            3
                                                             0
                                                                       0
                                                                                       0
         231 4320
                                                                                                       0
                            5
                                                             0
                                                                       1
                                                                                       0
         271 1905
                                                 0
                                                                                                       0
         250 3510
                            3
                                                 1
                                                             0
                                                                       0
                                                                                       0
                                                                                                       0
```

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
# define standard scaler
#scaler = StandardScaler()
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
df_Normalization[num_vars] = scaler.fit_transform(df_Normalization[num_vars])
df_Normalization.head(20)
```

Out[7]:		area	bedrooms	bathrooms	mainroad	guestroom	basement	hotwaterheating	airconditionin
	454	0.193548	0.50	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1
	392	0.156495	0.50	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
	231	0.180471	0.50	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
	271	0.005013	1.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0
	250	0.121622	0.50	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
	541	0.040976	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
	461	0.226969	0.25	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1
	124	0.340671	0.50	0.5	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
	154	0.131793	0.50	0.5	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
	451	0.357018	0.25	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
	59	0.302528	0.50	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1
	493	0.154316	0.50	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
	465	0.142691	0.25	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
	490	0.182650	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0

	area	bedrooms	bathrooms	mainroad	guestroom	basement	hotwaterheating	airconditionin
540	0.084568	0.25	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0
406	0.253124	0.25	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
289	0.291630	0.25	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0
190	0.418774	0.75	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1
55	0.302528	0.50	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1
171	0.612685	0.50	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0

In [8]:

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
# define standard scaler
scaler = StandardScaler()
#scaler = MinMaxScaler()
df_Standardization[num_vars] = scaler.fit_transform(df_Standardization[num_vars])
df_Standardization.head(20)
```

Out[8]: bedrooms bathrooms guestroom basement hotwaterheating airconditioni area mainroad **454** -0.286366 0.073764 -0.581230 0.393123 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.216109 1.4226 **392** -0.544762 0.073764 -0.581230 0.393123 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.216109 -0.7029 **231** -0.377564 0.073764 -0.581230 0.393123 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.216109 -0.7029 **271** -1.601145 2.884176 -0.581230 -2.543735 -0.457738 1.405903 -0.216109 -0.7029 **250** -0.787958 0.073764 -0.581230 0.393123 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.7029 -0.216109 **541** -1.350349 0.073764 -0.581230 -2.543735 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.216109 -0.7029 **461** -0.053303 -1.331442 -0.581230 0.393123 -0.457738 1.405903 -0.216109 1.4226 124 0.739618 0.073764 1.488383 0.393123 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.216109 -0.7029 **154** -0.717026 0.073764 -0.457738 1.488383 0.393123 -0.711287 -0.216109 -0.7029 451 0.853616 -1.331442 -0.581230 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.216109 -0.7029 0.393123 0.473622 59 0.073764 1.488383 0.393123 2.184657 -0.711287 -0.216109 1.4226 493 -0.559962 0.073764 -0.581230 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.7029 0.393123 -0.216109 465 -0.641027 -1.331442 -0.581230 0.393123 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.216109 -0.7029 490 -0.362365 0.073764 -0.581230 -2.543735 -0.457738 -0.711287 4.627285 -0.7029 540 -1.046354 -1.331442 -0.581230 0.393123 -0.457738 1.405903 -0.216109 -0.7029 406 0.129094 -1.331442 -0.581230 0.393123 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.216109 -0.7029 289 0.397623 -1.331442 -0.581230 2.184657 -0.7029 0.393123 1.405903 -0.216109 190 1.284276 1.478970 -0.581230 0.393123 -0.457738 -0.711287 -0.216109 1.4226

0.393123

-0.457738

-0.711287

-0.216109

55

0.473622

0.073764

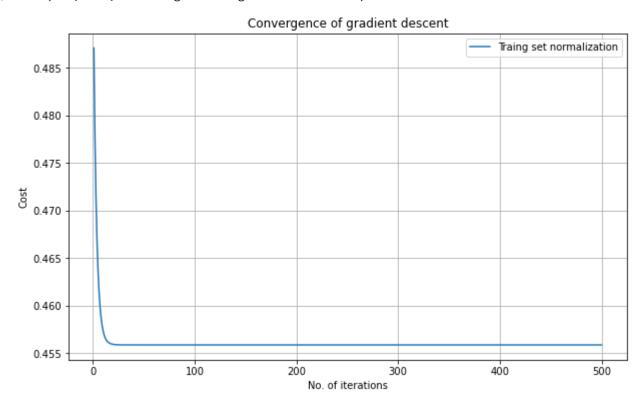
-0.581230

1.4226

```
area bedrooms bathrooms mainroad
                                                       guestroom basement hotwaterheating airconditioni
               2.636548
                         0.073764
                                    -0.581230
                                                                                                -0.7029
          171
                                              0.393123
                                                        -0.457738
                                                                  -0.711287
                                                                                  -0.216109
 In [9]:
          X Training N = df Normalization.values[:,0:10]
          y Training N = df Normalization.values[:,10]
          X Test = df Newtest.values[:,0:10]
          y_Test = df_Newtest.values[:,10]
          X Training S = df Standardization.values[:,0:10]
          y Training S = df Standardization.values[:,10]
In [10]:
          mean = np.ones(X_Training_N.shape[1])
          std = np.ones(X_Training_N.shape[1])
          for i in range(0, X Training N.shape[1]):
               mean[i] = np.mean(X Training N.transpose()[i])
               std[i] = np.std(X_Training_N.transpose()[i])
               for j in range(0, X_Training_N.shape[0]):
                   X_Training_N[j][i] = (X_Training_N[j][i] - mean[i])/std[i]
In [11]:
          mean = np.ones(X Test.shape[1])
          std = np.ones(X_Test.shape[1])
          for i in range(0, X_Test.shape[1]):
               mean[i] = np.mean(X_Test.transpose()[i])
               std[i] = np.std(X_Test.transpose()[i])
               for j in range(0, X Test.shape[0]):
                   X_{\text{Test}[j][i]} = (X_{\text{Test}[j][i]} - \text{mean}[i])/\text{std}[i]
In [12]:
          mean = np.ones(X_Training_S.shape[1])
          std = np.ones(X_Training_S.shape[1])
          for i in range(0, X Training S.shape[1]):
               mean[i] = np.mean(X_Training_S.transpose()[i])
               std[i] = np.std(X Training S.transpose()[i])
               for j in range(0, X_Training_S.shape[0]):
                   X_Training_S[j][i] = (X_Training_S[j][i] - mean[i])/std[i]
In [13]:
          def compute_cost(X, n, theta):
               h = np.ones((X.shape[0],1))
               theta = theta.reshape(1,n+1)
               for i in range(0, X.shape[0]):
                   h[i] = float(np.matmul(theta, X[i]))
               h = h.reshape(X.shape[0])
               return h
In [21]:
          def gradient_descent(X, y, theta, alpha, iterations, n, h):
               lam = 10000
               cost = np.ones(iterations)
               for i in range(0,iterations):
                   theta[0] = theta[0] - (alpha/X.shape[0]) * sum(h - y)
                   for j in range(1,n+1):
```

```
theta[j] = (theta[j]*(1-(alpha*(lam/X.shape[0])))) - (alpha/X.shape[0]) * s
                  h = compute cost(X, n, theta)
                  cost[i] = (1/X.shape[0]) * 0.5 * sum(np.square(h - y))
              theta = theta.reshape(1,n+1)
              return theta, cost
In [22]:
          def linear regression(X, y, alpha, iterations):
              n = X.shape[1]
              one column = np.ones((X.shape[0],1))
              X = np.concatenate((one_column, X), axis = 1)
              theta = np.zeros(n+1)
              h = compute cost(X, n, theta)
              theta, cost = gradient_descent(X, y, theta, alpha, iterations, n, h)
              return theta, cost
In [23]:
          iterations = 500;
          alpha = 0.01;
          alpha2 = 0.1
In [24]:
          theta_Training, cost_Training = linear_regression(X_Training_N, y_Training_N, alpha, it
          print('Final value of theta with normalization =', theta Training)
          cost Training = list(cost Training)
          n ierations Training = [x for x in range(1,(iterations + 1))]
         Final value of theta with normalization = [[1.52544571e-16 1.79656517e-02 1.31894395e-02
         1.73428768e-02
           9.50514313e-03 9.61191144e-03 7.35547036e-03 4.91806863e-03
           1.53408072e-02 1.24093182e-02 1.29489361e-02]]
In [25]:
          theta Training2, cost Training2 = linear regression(X Training S, y Training S, alpha,
          print('Final value of theta with standardization =', theta_Training2)
          cost Training2 = list(cost Training2)
          n ierations Training2 = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in } range(1,(iterations + 1))]
         Final value of theta with standardization = [[1.52544571e-16 1.79656517e-02 1.31894395e
          -02 1.73428768e-02
           9.50514313e-03 9.61191144e-03 7.35547036e-03 4.91806863e-03
           1.53408072e-02 1.24093182e-02 1.29489361e-02]]
In [26]:
          theta_Test, cost_Test = linear_regression(X_Test, y_Test, alpha, iterations)
          print('Final value of theta =', theta_Test)
          cost_Test = list(cost_Test)
          n ierations Test = [x for x in range(1,(iterations + 1))]
         Final value of theta = [[4.72125809e+06 1.03664525e+04 8.29450740e+03 1.16995372e+04
           7.60718490e+03 5.11732360e+03 2.05438230e+03 1.26020238e+02
           7.03643382e+03 5.78350932e+03 3.06883341e+03]]
In [30]:
          plt.plot(n_ierations_Training, cost_Training, label='Traing set normalization')
          plt.legend()
          plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(10,6)
          plt.grid()
          plt.xlabel('No. of iterations')
          plt.ylabel('Cost')
          plt.title('Convergence of gradient descent')
```

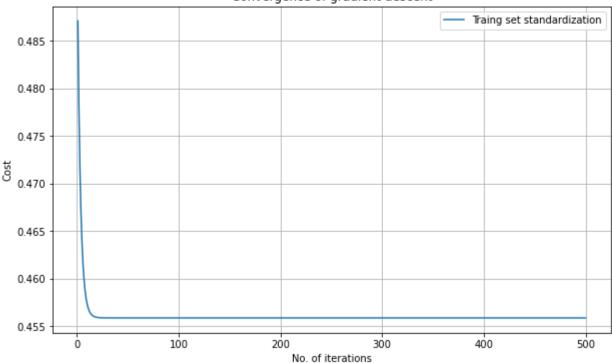
Out[30]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Convergence of gradient descent')



```
plt.plot(n_ierations_Training2, cost_Training2, label='Traing set standardization')
plt.legend()
plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(10,6)
plt.grid()
plt.xlabel('No. of iterations')
plt.ylabel('Cost')
plt.title('Convergence of gradient descent')
```

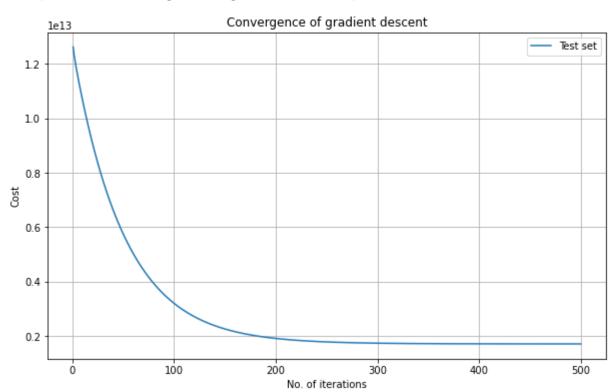
Out[31]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Convergence of gradient descent')





```
In [32]:
    plt.plot(n_ierations_Test, cost_Test, label='Test set')
    plt.legend()
    plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(10,6)
    plt.grid()
    plt.xlabel('No. of iterations')
    plt.ylabel('Cost')
    plt.title('Convergence of gradient descent')
```

Out[32]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Convergence of gradient descent')



In []: