# Network Administration/System Administration (NTU CSIE, Spring 2019) Homework #1

#### **Network Administration**

NANI? Is my uplink as evil as Q-mao? (15%)

1. Find the packet that contains the email and password you just typed, and screenshot it. (5%)

```
0050
      65 6d 61 69 6c 3d 6e 61 73 61 68 77 31 25 34 30
      71 6d 61 6f 2e 69 73 2e  73 6f 2e 65 76 69 6c 26
                                                               gmao.is. so.evil&
0070 70 61 73 73 3d 42 30 37 36 31 31 30 31 32 26 74
                                                               pass=B07 611012&t
0080 69 6d 65 7a 6f 6e 65 3d 2d 36 30 30 26 6c 67 6e
                                                               imezone= -600&lgn
0090 64 69 6d 3d 65 79 4a 33 49 6a 6f 78 4f 54 49 77
                                                               dim=eyJ3 IjoxOTIw
00a0 4c 43 4a 6f 49 6a 6f 78 4d 44 67 77 4c 43 4a 68
                                                               LCJoIjox MDgwLCJh
00b0 64 79 49 36 4d 54 67 31 4d 79 77 69 59 57 67 69
                                                               dyI6MTg1 MywiYWgi
00c0 4f 6a 45 77 4e 54 4d 73 49 6d 4d 69 4f 6a 49 30 00d0 66 51 25 33 44 25 33 44 26 6c 67 6e 72 6e 64 3d 00e0 30 30 32 35 30 39 5f 37 50 77 78 26 6c 67 6e 6a
                                                               OjEwNTMs ImMiOjIO
                                                               fQ%3D%3D &lgnrnd=
                                                               002509_7 Pwx&lgnj
      73 3d 31 35 35 32 32 31 33 36 39 36 26 61 62 5f
                                                               s=155221 3696&ab
0100 74 65 73 74 5f 64 61 74 61 3d 41 41 41 41 25 32
                                                               test dat a=AAAA%2
0110 46 25 32 46 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41
                                                              F%2FAAAA AAAAAAAA
```

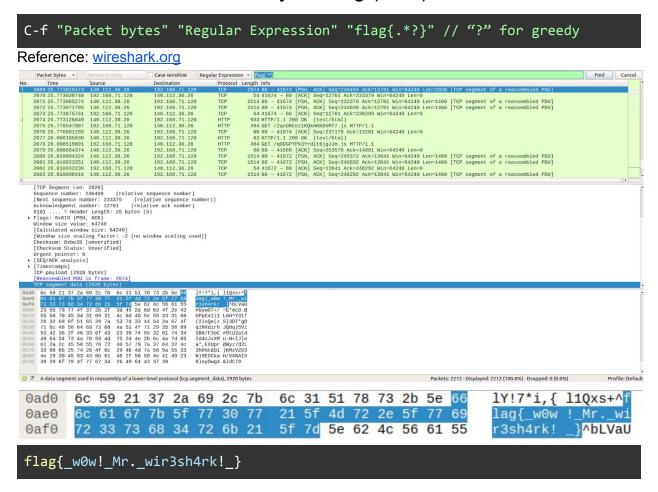
2. Re-perform the above steps at fakebook-https2, can you find the email and password this time? If not, does it mean the owner of the web server cannot peek your password during your login? Why or why not? (5%)

只能看到一堆protocol標示為TCP或TLSv1.2的封包,更上層的內容都被加密了。但server端握有 非對稱加密的私鑰,所以依舊可以解開密文。

|      | ▼ Extension: SessionTicket TLS (len=224)<br>Type: SessionTicket TLS (35)<br>Length: 224 |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |    |     |    |     |            |    |      |        |                                       |                  |
|------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|----|-----|----|-----|------------|----|------|--------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|      |   |     |     | (2  |     |     |     |      |    |     |    |     |            |    |      |        |                                       |                  |
|      | *   | Ext | ens | ion | : a | ppl | ica | tion | la | ver | pr | oto | col        | ne | got: | iation | (len=14                               | )                |
| 00f0 | af  | 6b  | 90  | db  | ff  | 38  | 9c  | bf   | 5d | be  | 43 | 9e  | <b>1</b> b | 24 | bd   | 9c     | ·k···8··                              | ]·C··\$··        |
| 0100 | 21  | 64  | a4  |     | 95  | eb  |     |      | 77 | 41  |    | 22  | f5         |    |      | cf     | !d.5b[                                | wA - "           |
| 0110 | eb  |     | 94  | 90  |     | a5  |     | 0a   | 5b |     |    |     | 44         | fb | d1   | 5d     | ·}···j···                             | [···D··]         |
| 0120 | ac  |     | 66  |     |     |     |     |      | c2 |     | 41 | ed  |            |    | d4   | 73     | fi.k.p                                | · · A · @ · · s  |
| 0130 | cb  |     | 47  |     |     | bf  |     | ef   | 8f | f1  |    |     | 89         |    |      | 7e     |                                       | · · · 1H · · · ~ |
| 0140 | 29  | 90  |     |     | 77  | 04  | be  | f9   |    |     |    |     |            | 87 | a8   | 46     | ) · : Uw · · ·                        | F                |
| 0150 | ee  |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |    |     | 4d |     |            |    |      | 4f     |                                       | e⋅My⋅⋅}0         |
| 0160 | 52  |     |     |     | 06  |     | 8d  | 34   | f4 | f3  |    | 14  |            | f5 |      | Of     | R# • • • h • 4                        | ··\···f·         |
| 0170 | 98  |     |     |     | 0d  | 47  | 7f  | 3e   | 66 |     |    |     |            | 87 | fb   | d2     |                                       | fN*·L···         |
| 0180 | 37  |     | 17  | 22  | 30  | b0  |     |      |    | ed  | 7d |     |            | 73 | ef   | 55     |                                       | ··}··s·U         |
| 0190 | 62  |     | 94  | 09  | 8d  | 86  |     |      |    |     |    | b2  |            | 71 | a1   | 69     | bX····                                | ·vF·Kq·i         |
| 01a0 | 25  |     |     | 13  |     |     | b2  |      |    | 0d  | 51 |     |            | 82 |      | 1d     | %F··lt··                              | ··Q:··1·         |
| 01b0 | fb  |     |     |     |     | 2f  |     | 82   | a7 |     |    | 43  | e4         |    | 37   | a4     | &/                                    | · · · C · · 7 ·  |
| 01c0 | a2  |     | 1f  |     |     | 1d  |     | 94   | 7f |     | 60 | 73  |            |    | 47   | d3     | $\cdot x \cdot Z v \cdot \cdot \cdot$ | ·0`s··G·         |

3. Give a real-world examples that your password may be eavesdropped by Q-mao when still using the HTTP protocol. (assuming no eavesdropper in client and server-side software) (5%) 當你使用路上的免費WiFi時,如果使用的網站(或app)使用的傳輸協定是沒有加密的,提供WiFi的機器就可以側錄下你傳輸的內容。

## In the vast sea, I see nobody but flag (10%)



#### Piepie! The world needs you! (10%)

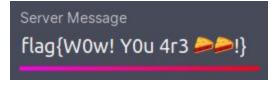
用wireshark打開history.pcapng,首先搜尋flag{.\*?},找到No.20472可是沒有flag,他告訴你要自己送一遍,對他右鍵Follow > TCP stream,可以看到request是哪一包,看到上一題給的token&answer。

```
POST /answer HTTP/1.1
Host: nasa-hw1.csie.ntu.edu.tw
User-Agent: python-requests/2.18.4
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept: */*
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Length: 2076
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
to ken = e03d2e04900b454661e46cdba510cfddd2b80b449e804113402201f053d085bf5495a4368eafc1afc68f00018505e68ff5e95e7d6f4f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc992aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc994aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc994aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc994aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc994aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc994aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc994aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc994aff664f9d1d70919da3a7fc994aff664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f694f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f694f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da3a7f664f9d1d70919da4a7f664f9d1d70919da4a7f664f9d1d70919da4a7f6666f9d04f9666f9d04f9d04f9666f9d04f966f9d04f9666f9d04f9666f9d0
85b28469c2cfc711c56aa423f561179d2dd6f18ce2a820e242bce4744904086e4fcd3b8420135be9afa9374ef856b2b71bff5e07ca9debacfea25bd67cfd590297f05
0738fc73737a11b7883e4ed556f68d07994c8d386842f87ac53bd152c58d85d54dbeb4bfdc30cfb2a1c20f85f5d931c5cbc551ba5fb007aca75653d45ae79230793e7
db45cb38a66c646f59d626dc18786b20214969f2ed7d9236b55f582760ce79e89906721100e70423fb6ba6254712f2c80c7abf40e1432b85017d3270e5cfb1915d831
294fbd6aa6a7f2f2c0a7c52b08d7c56f6a92b162ed5519a21597ada0ddedb649cfb16dd1217f49293ec7c2e4240f0c409c4250c47b2ce102045be1579edf36a38772d
dab812e26dbc9785ee0d874f8dc66471e2db1ff65bd83f480945fc841169714b97ed988b0fe2af7be43eb775a91cad399a35e8b08da4eaa6cc96e5f0dab4774c9be9c
fdf1be7d83e6b8be20b2587f4306b8af6bd4beaa54141b7945d69dee33799b80ab967443856b4624c5a6caaf07ee0d002ae730da6653479f9d3098257fc4e2cce6c49
025674a83985d0d050ecdbc482b7410e8dc3eecf28d4c5759fdc0b5f17fd83bf5485661aac00caffff5ad7decaadf999c1b8113b6af8680d39ea03f631de4ae5173323
7a15b9646c88bc41992f30bcd39729dae91e6c1274e02a9fdeb007cd37fc962f28acd87748e863e94ca8dec2295b74e18f318fa178883ba9139e7fe914db76746c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf286c0bf
2980c7ba81e8ea13c8ff446919581b938d4554b8d424455d6334cde85a6&answer=A+PIEce+of+PIEHTTP/1.1 200 0K
Date: Sun, 24 Feb 2019 16:27:52 GMT
Server: Werkzeug/0.14.1 Pvthon/3.6.6
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: 231
Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
{"content": "Welcome home, piepie! <br>> https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uAsV5-Hv-7U", "exit": 1, "msg": "flag{This is not flag, you need to replay the corresponding answers in yourself to get your flag.}", "title": "Congrats!"}
```

接下來搜尋是哪個對話給了這個token,一路找下去可以整理出問題跟答案,再去一題一題回答, 偶爾會出現不在這裡的問題,只好重來了

```
Q."Piepie or pie?"
A PIEce of PIE
Q."What is your favorite fruit?"
Pieapple
Q."What is the question?"
To pie or not to pie
Q."Who is your favorite pie maker?"
Don McLean
Q."How pie are you?"
PIEr than a pied pieman
```

"msg": "flag{W0w! Y0u 4r3 \ud83e\udd67\ud83e\udd67!}"



# Internet Protocol Stack: 5-layer Model

1. Wireshark can reveal the data fields used by protocols of hierarchical network layers. Use the packet intercepted by Wireshark to explain the purpose of each layer in the 5-layer model. (10%)

```
Frame 33: 411 bytes on wire (3288 bits), 411 bytes captured (3288 bits) on interface 0
▶ Ethernet II, Src: Vmware_1f:a1:05 (00:0c:29:1f:a1:05), Dst: Vmware_f4:f9:03 (00:50:56:f4:f9:03)
▶ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.71.128, Dst: 140.112.30.26
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 42518, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 357
▶ Hypertext Transfer Protocol
5 Process & Applications
                         Hypertext Transfer Protocol
瀏覽器跟web server的溝通,包括GET/POST, URI, Host, 還有客戶端的一些meta
                         Transmission Control Protocol
4 Transport
保證資料可靠性及傳輸順序等問題,記錄來源和目標的port,時間戳記等等
                         Internet Protocol Version 4
3 Internet
將資料從來源ip傳輸到目標ip,為封包選擇路由
                         Ethernet II.... (ARP)
兩個連接著的網卡(00:0c:29:1f:a1:05) => (00:50:56:f4:f9:03)
                         411 bytes on wire... on interface 0
1 Physical
物理上有3288 bits穿過網路線 (雖然這邊是VM模擬的)
```

2. In some scenario, the only protocol you can use in Transport Layer is UDP (maybe banned by admin). Now, you are asked to send an important file that cannot tolerate any data loss or re-ordering, is it possible to compensate for UDP's unreliability? How? (5%) (Extremely simple answer suffices)

既然UDP不可靠,就只好讓更上層來保證可靠性了,像HTTP/3使用UDP來傳輸,就是使用比UDP 更上層的QUIC來糾錯

Reference: QUIC wiki

# System Administration

#### DateTime Format checker (10%)

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
# Version
# Author: WildfootW
# GitHub: github.com/WildfootW All rights reserved.
# Copyright (C) 2019 WildfootW All rights reserved.
#

#valid_date_split_char=("-" "/" ".")
valid_date_split_char=("-" "/" "\.") # mind grep regular expression
valid_time_split_char=(":")
valid_date_digit_number_0=(4 2 2)
valid_time_digit_number_0=(2 2 2)
valid_time_digit_number_1=(2 2)
```

<sup>&</sup>quot;each QUIC request is separately multiplexed and error corrected at the level of the QUIC driver"

```
if [ ! $# -eq 2 ]; then
    echo "Usage: ./format_check.sh [DATE] [TIME]"
    exit -1
fi
function check_format_sub()
    local -n origin str=$1
    local -n valid_split_char=$2
    local -n valid_digit number=$3
    #echo "$origin_str, ${valid_split_char[@]}, ${valid_digit_number[@]}"
    for symbol in ${valid_split_char[@]}; do
    #format_str="[0-9]{${valid_digit_number[0]}}"
    format_str="[0-9]\{${valid_digit_number[0]}\}"
        for index in $(seq 1 $((${#valid_digit_number[@]}-1))); do
            format_str+="$symbol"
            #format_str+="[0-9]{${valid_digit_number[$index]}}"
            format_str+="[0-9]\{${valid_digit_number[$index]}\}" # mind
        done
        if [[ $origin_str = `echo $origin_str | grep -o $format_str` ]];
then
            #echo $origin_str | grep -o $format_str
            #echo "format $format str success"
            return 1
        fi
    done
    return 0
}
time_origin=$2
date_origin=$1
check_format_sub date_origin valid_date_split_char
valid_date_digit_number_0
date ret 0=$?
check_format_sub time_origin valid_time_split_char
valid_time_digit_number_0
time_ret_0=$?
check_format_sub time_origin valid_time_split_char
```

```
valid_time_digit_number_1
time_ret_1=$?

if [ $date_ret_0 -eq 1 ]; then
    if [ $time_ret_0 -eq 1 ] || [ $time_ret_1 -eq 1 ]; then
        echo "$date_origin $time_origin"
        exit 0
    fi
fi
echo "Invalid"
exit 0
```

### How close are you? (15%)

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
   Version
# Author: WildfootW
# GitHub: github.com/WildfootW
   Copyright (C) 2019 WildfootW All rights reserved.
if [ ! $# -eq 1 ]; then
    echo "Usage ./rtt_test.sh [FILE]"
    exit -1
fi
get_ave_round_trip_time()
    local -n local_domain_name=$1
    local -n local_ave time=$2
    local_ave_time=`ping -c 3 -q $local_domain_name 2> /dev/null | awk -v
FS="mdev = " '{ print $2 }' | awk -v FS="/" 'NF { print $1 }'` # NF for
ignore empty lines
FILEPATH="$1"
#cat "$FILEPATH"
declare -a result_list
while read line_origin; do
    line_header=`echo "$line_origin" | awk '{ print $1 }'`
    #echo "$line header"
```

# CSIE Analytics (25%)

```
# Version
# Author: WildfootW
# GitHub: github.com/WildfootW
   Copyright (C) 2019 WildfootW All rights reserved.
# option parser
OPTION_N=10
while [[ ! $# -eq ∅ ]]; do
    key="$1"
    shift
    case $key in
        -n)
            if [[ ! $1 =~ ^-?[0-9]+$ ]] && [[ ! $1 =~ ^-?[0-9]+\.?[0-9]+$
]]; then # if not a [10, -10, 10.5, -5.2]
                echo "Error: option requires an argument."
                exit 1
            elif [[ ! $1 = ^[0-9]+$ ]]; then # if not a positive integer
                echo "Error: line number must be positive integer."
                exit 1
```

```
fi
            OPTION_N="$1"
            shift
            ;;
        *)
            if [[ $FILEPATH != "" ]] || [[ $key =~ ^-.*$ ]]; then
                echo "Usage: csie_analytics.sh [-n count] [filename]"
                exit 1
            fi
            FILEPATH="$key"
            if [[ ! -e $FILEPATH ]]; then
                echo "Error: log file does not exist."
                exit 1
            fi
            ;;
    esac
done
if [[ $FILEPATH == "" ]]; then
    echo "Usage: csie_analytics.sh [-n count] [filename]"
    exit 1
fi
#echo "OPTION_N = ${OPTION_N}"
#echo "FILEPATH = ${FILEPATH}"
result=`cat "$FILEPATH" | awk -v FS="(GET|POST) " '{ print $2 }' | awk -v
FS="(\?| HTTP\/[0-9])" '{ print $1 }' | sort | uniq -c | sort -g -r -k 1
declare -a path_list
declare -a query_times_list
total_query_times=0
while read -r line; do
    query_times=`echo $line | awk '{ print $1 }'`
    path_list+=(`echo $line | awk '{ print $2 }'`)
    query_times_list+=($query_times)
   total_query_times=$(($total_query_times+$query_times))
done <<< "$result"</pre>
printf "%-35s %-10s %s\n" "Path" "Times" "Percentage"
for((i = 0;i < ${#path_list[@]} && i < $OPTION_N;++i)); do</pre>
    percentage=`bc -l <<< "${query_times_list[$i]}*100/$total_query_times"`</pre>
    printf "%-35s %-10s %-2.2f%%\n" ${path_list[$i]}
${query_times_list[$i]} $percentage
```