DA_HW1

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Problem 1

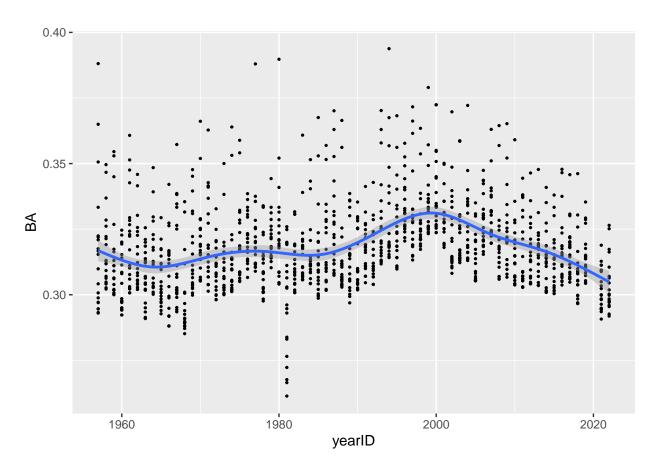
```
df_BA <- Batting %>%
  filter(AB >= 400, yearID >= 1957) %>%
  mutate(BA = H/AB)
```

(a)

```
df_q1a <- df_BA %>%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
  arrange(desc(BA)) %>%
  slice_head(n = 20)

ggplot(data = df_q1a) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = yearID, y = BA), size = 0.5) +
  geom_smooth(mapping = aes(x = yearID, y = BA))
```

```
## geom_smooth() using method = gam' and formula = y \sim s(x, bs = cs')'
```



```
#ggplot(data = df_q1a, mapping = aes(x = yearID, y = BA)) +
# geom_point() +
# geom_smooth(mapping = aes(yearID ~ BA))
```

(b)

```
df_q1b <- df_BA %>%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
  arrange(desc(BA)) %>%
  slice_head(n = 5) \%
  ungroup() %>%
  left_join(People) %>%
  mutate(BA = round(BA, 3), fullName = paste(nameGiven, nameLast)) %>%
  select(fullName, yearID, BA)
## Joining with `by = join_by(playerID)`
df_q1b
## # A tibble: 325 x 3
##
      fullName
                               yearID
##
      <chr>
                                <int> <dbl>
```

```
## 1 Theodore Samuel Williams
                              1957 0.388
## 2 Mickey Charles Mantle
                              1957 0.365
                            1957 0.351
## 3 Stanley Frank Musial
## 4 Willie Howard Mays
                              1957 0.333
## 5 Frank Robinson
                              1957 0.322
## 6 Don Richard Ashburn
                              1958 0.35
## 7 Willie Howard Mays
                            1958 0.347
## 8 Stanley Frank Musial 1958 0.337
## 9 Theodore Samuel Williams 1958 0.328
## 10 Henry Louis Aaron
                        1958 0.326
## # i 315 more rows
```

(c)

```
df_q1c <- df_BA %>%
  filter(playerID == 'gwynnto01') %>%
  slice_max(order_by = BA, n = 3) %>%
  select(yearID, BA)

pluck(df_q1c[2], 1)
```

[1] 0.3937947 0.3716216 0.3701188

(d)

```
df_q1d <- df_BA %>%
  group_by(yearID, lgID) %>%
  slice_max(order_by = BA, n = 1) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  filter(playerID == 'gwynnto01')

pluck(df_q1d[2], 1)
```

[1] 1984 1987 1988 1989 1994 1995 1996 1997

(e)

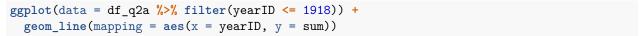
```
df_q1e <- df_BA %>%
  filter(yearID >= 2001) %>%
  group_by(lgID) %>%
  arrange(desc(BA)) %>%
  slice_head(n = 1) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  left_join(People) %>%
  mutate(fullName = paste(nameGiven, nameLast)) %>%
  select(fullName, lgID, yearID, BA)
```

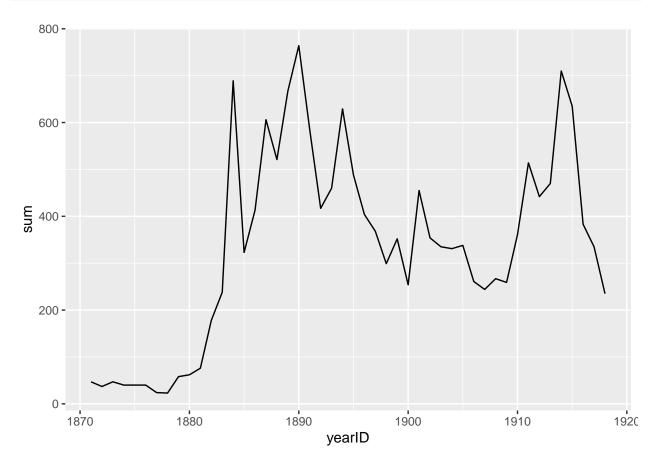
```
## Joining with `by = join_by(playerID)`
df_q1e
## # A tibble: 2 x 4
   fullName
                      lgID yearID
##
    <chr>
                      <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 Ichiro Suzuki
                     AL
                              2004 0.372
## 2 Barry Lamar Bonds NL
                             2002 0.370
(f)
df_q1f <- df_BA %>%
  filter(yearID == 2021, lgID == 'NL', BA >= 0.3) %>%
  arrange(desc(BA)) %>%
  left_join(People) %>%
  mutate(fullName = paste(nameGiven, nameLast)) %>%
  select(fullName, lgID, yearID, BA)
## Joining with `by = join_by(playerID)`
pluck(df_q1f[1], 1)[1]
## [1] "Juan Jose Soto"
(g)
df_q1g <- Batting %>%
  filter(playerID == 'turnetr01', yearID == 2021) %>%
  group_by(playerID) %>%
  summarise(tH = sum(H), tBA = sum(AB)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(tAB = tH/tBA)
df_q1g
## # A tibble: 1 x 4
                           tAB
    playerID
              {	t t H} {	t t B A}
     <chr>
              <int> <int> <dbl>
## 1 turnetr01 195 595 0.328
```

Problem 2

(a)

```
df_q2a <- Batting %>%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
  summarise(sum = sum(HR))
df_q2a
   # A tibble: 152 x 2
##
##
      yearID
                sum
##
       <int> <int>
##
        1871
    1
        1872
##
                 37
##
    3
        1873
                 47
##
        1874
                 40
##
    5
        1875
                 40
##
        1876
    7
        1877
                 24
##
##
        1878
                 23
    9
        1879
                 58
##
## 10
        1880
                 62
## # i 142 more rows
```





1880년대 초반부터 total HR 크게 증가. 그러나 이후의 명확한 증가 추세가 유지되지는 않았음.

(b)

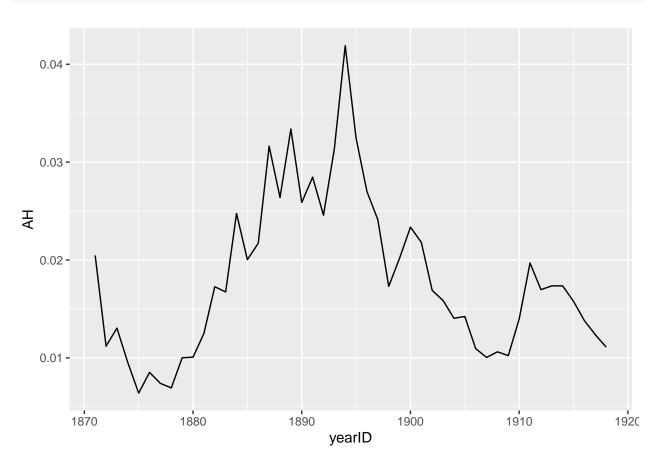
10

1880 ## # i 142 more rows

```
df_q2b \leftarrow Batting \%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
  summarise(tH = sum(HR), tG = sum(G), AH = tH/tG)
{\tt df\_q2b}
## # A tibble: 152 x 4
##
                 tΗ
      yearID
                       tG
                                AH
##
       <int> <int> <int>
                             <dbl>
                     2296 0.0205
##
        1871
                 47
    1
##
    2
        1872
                 37
                     3306 0.0112
        1873
                     3604 0.0130
##
    3
                 47
##
    4
        1874
                 40
                     4199 0.00953
##
    5
        1875
                 40
                     6248 0.00640
##
        1876
                 40
                     4696 0.00852
    6
    7
                     3247 0.00739
##
        1877
                 24
##
    8
        1878
                 23
                     3319 0.00693
##
    9
        1879
                 58
                    5795 0.0100
```

```
ggplot(data = df_q2b %>% filter(yearID <= 1918)) +</pre>
  geom_line(mapping = aes(x = yearID, y = AH))
```

62 6157 0.0101

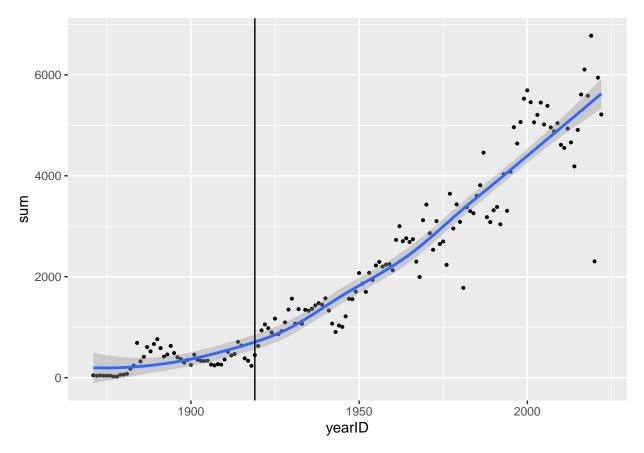


앞서 문제와 같이 1880년대 초반부터 홈런 수가 증가한 경향이 존재한 것은 사실이나, '이후의 명확한 증가 추세가 유지되지는 않음' 부분은 과거와 유사한 수준의 홈런으로 돌아옴. 즉, (a)에서 해당 시기 홈런 개수가 증가한 것은 단순 경기수의 증가 영향에 가까워 보임.

(c)

```
df_q2c <- Batting %>%
 group_by(yearID) %>%
 summarise(sum = sum(HR))
df_q2c
## # A tibble: 152 x 2
##
     yearID sum
##
      <int> <int>
## 1
       1871
               47
       1872
               37
## 2
       1873
## 3
              47
## 4
       1874
## 5
       1875
              40
## 6
       1876
              40
## 7
       1877
               24
## 8
       1878
               23
## 9
       1879
               58
       1880
## 10
               62
## # i 142 more rows
ggplot(data = df_q2c, mapping = aes(x = yearID, y = sum)) +
 geom_point(size = 0.75) +
 geom_smooth() +
geom_vline(xintercept = 1919)
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'
```



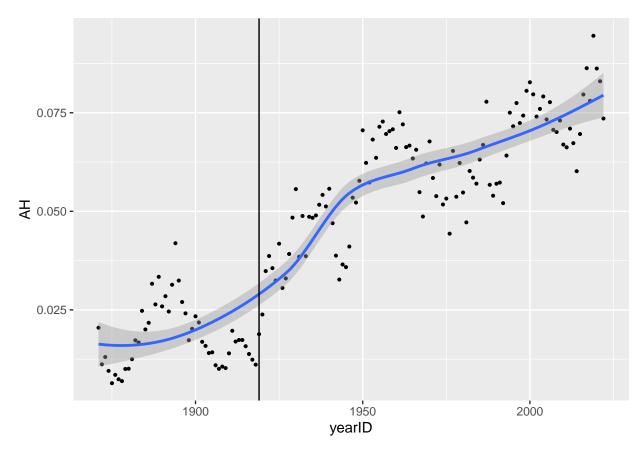
지속적으로 증가하고, 2000년대 부근에 두드러지는 봉이 존재하는 정도이다. 2020년 단축 시즌으로 인해 크게 낮아진 점 역시 보인다.

(d)

```
df_q2d <- Batting %>%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
  summarise(tH = sum(HR), tG = sum(G), AH = tH/tG)
df_q2d
## # A tibble: 152 x 4
##
      yearID
               tΗ
                   tG
                              ΑH
##
       <int> <int> <int>
                           <dbl>
##
        1871
                47 2296 0.0205
    1
##
        1872
                37 3306 0.0112
        1873
                47 3604 0.0130
##
    3
##
        1874
                40 4199 0.00953
##
   5
        1875
                40 6248 0.00640
                40 4696 0.00852
##
    6
        1876
                24 3247 0.00739
##
    7
        1877
##
    8
        1878
                23 3319 0.00693
##
   9
        1879
                58 5795 0.0100
## 10
        1880
                62 6157 0.0101
## # i 142 more rows
```

```
ggplot(data = df_q2d) +
geom_point(mapping = aes(x = yearID, y = AH), size = 0.75) +
geom_smooth(mapping = aes(x = yearID, y = AH)) +
geom_vline(xintercept = 1919)
```

$geom_smooth()$ using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'



1919년을 기점으로 크게 증가하는 경향 존재. 특히 1950년대 부근, 2000년대 부근, 최근 등 비율이 크게 증가하는 등 전반적으로 비율로 계산하는 경우 불안정한 경향이 존재함.