# RTOS 4 Documentation Real Time Operating System Design

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# **RTOS 4 Documentation Project Directory Layout Build Files Building** Visual 68k Visual Studio 2010 **Examples** <u>InputKeyboardCharacter</u> InputDebugCharacter <u>OutputDebugCharacter</u> **GetClockTime** <u>Services</u> InputKeyboardCharacter **Description:** Parameters: N/A Return: <u>IsKeyboardCharacterAvailable</u> Description <u>Parameters</u> Return Status: <u>InputDebugCharacter</u> **Description** Parameters **Return Status:** <u>IsDebugCharacterAvailable</u> **Description** Parameters Return Status: <u>OutputDebugCharacter</u> Description <u>Parameters</u> **Return Status:** <u>IsDebugPortBusy</u> **Description** <u>Parameters</u> **Return Status:** <u>GetSystemTickCount</u> Description <u>Parameters</u> **Return Status:** GetGlobalDataAddress

Description
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Return Status:
GetClockTime
Description
Parameters
Return Status:

# **Project**

## **Directory Layout**

- /RTOS4 Root directory for project
  - o /milestone4 Contains the Visual 68k simulation code
  - o /RTOS4 Static library project and solution file
  - /RTOS4\_Test Test application project

## **Build Files**

milestone4/globals.c -This file houses the operating system's global variables milestone4/globals.h - This file houses the operating system's global variables

milestone4/osinit.c - This file provides RTOS initialization support from the C programming

perspective

milestone4/rtos.h -Global declarations specific to the OS

milestone4/service.c -This file will implement support for OS service calling. According to requirements, we must support Basic Atari System Services (BASS) as well as Graphical Atari System Services (GASS)

milestone4/shared.h - Public service call definitions

milestone4/stack.c - This file reserves user accessable memory for application stacks.

Needed for OS initialization

milestone4/stdlib.h -Standard library defintions

milestone4/support.c -Additional C based support routines for RTOS

milestone4/task1.c - GetGlobalDataAddress test application milestone4/task2.c - GetSystemTickCount test application

milestone4/timer.c - Ipl6 timer handler

RTOS4/rtos.h -Global declarations specific to the OS

RTOS4/service.cpp -This file will implement support for OS service calling. According to requirements, we must support Basic Atari System Services (BASS) as well as Graphical Atari System Services (GASS)

<sup>\*</sup> Note: although, the files below have \*.cpp extensions, this is merely to allow linking with C++ applications and does not mean they're \*.cpp files.

RTOS4/globals.cpp -This file houses the operating system's global variables RTOS4/globals.h - This file houses the operating system's global variables

RTOS4/osinit.cpp - This file provides RTOS initialization support from the C programming

perspective

RTOS4/stdlib.h -Standard library defintions

RTOS4/support.cpp - Additional C based support routines for RTOS

RTOS4/task1.cpp - Mock application RTOS4/task2.cpp - Mock application

RTOS4\_Test/draw.cpp - Supporting functions for drawing RTOS4\_Test/draw.h - Supporting functions for drawing RTOS4\_Test/global\_const.cpp - Globals, constants and definitions - Globals, constants and definitions

RTOS4\_Test/main.cpp - Mainline of the application. Most of the work is done here

## **Building**

The RTOS 4 milestone is split into two projects. One is built for the Visual 68k simulator, the other is built for simulation and testing on Windows.

#### Visual 68k

The compiling of the milestone4 for the Visual 68k requires the installation of:

- The 68000 Cross Development System. This is freely downloadable
- The Visual 68k emulator (for 68000 simulation). This is also freely downloadable

The <u>68000 Cross Development System</u> is a 16bit application and hence requires an operating system that is backwards compatible. If you are running at 64bit version of Windows, you will need to run the development system under DosBox. This is outside the scope of this tutorial.

To use the compiler, one has to open the command prompt (Winkey + R and type cmd). Enter the directory where the 68000 Cross Development System was installed, then execute the setpath.bat batch file. Afterwards, using that same command prompt, enter the directory of the RTOS4/milestone4 project and type make. The project should successfully make.

#### **Visual Studio 2010**

The Windows portion of the RTOS 4 milestone is comprised of two applications. One is a statically linked library and is direct port the needed RTOS source. Though the files have their extensions renamed to \*.cpp an effort is made to not perform non-C compatible operations. The renaming to \*.cpp is merely done to ensure linking with the Windows based test application. The test application produces a graphical executable to perform test functions on the RTOS code.

To build the solution it is rather simple. One merely requires to open the RTOS4.sln found in

the RTOS4/ directory and click Build->Build Solution from the menu bar. The project files were made under Visual Studio 2010.

# **TRAPS**

## 1. BASS

```
Enter these into RegD0 call Trap #1
```

```
ie.
MOVE.L
             #3, D0
TRAP
             #1
/*!
* Get a keyboard character
                                        3
#define BASS_GET_KEYBOARD
/*!
* Is there available information in keyboard buffer
#define BASS_KEYBOARD_STATUS
                                        4
/*!
* Get a debug character
                                        5
#define BASS_GET_DEBUG
/*!
* Is there available information in debug buffer
*/
#define BASS_DEBUG_IN_STATUS
                                        6
/*!
* Write provided character to debug port
* D1 - Character to write
*/
                                        7
#define BASS_WRITE_DEBUG
/*!
* Is the debug port busy
#define BASS_DEBUG_BUSY
                                        8
```

```
/*!

* Retreive system tick count

*/

#define BASS_TICK_COUNT

9

/*!

* Retrieve task global memory address

*/

#define BASS_GLOBAL_ADDRESS

10

/*!

* Get tick count formated into time

* D1 - Time struct

*/

#define BASS_GETCLOCKTIME

11
```

# **Examples**

# InputKeyboardCharacter

```
/* Read in a string from the keyboard. */
short input[5];
int i;
for( i = 0; i < 5; ++i )
{
    input[i] = InputKeyboardCharacter();
}</pre>
```

# InputDebugCharacter

```
/* Read in a string from the debugging device. */
short input[5];
int i;
for( i = 0; i < 5; ++i )
{
    input[i] = InputDebugCharacter();
}</pre>
```

# OutputDebugCharacter

```
/* Output a string to the debugging device. */
short* output = "debug output"
```

```
int i = 0;
for( i = 0; output[i] != '\0'; ++i )
{
    OutputDebugCharacter( output[i] );
}
```

## **GetClockTime**

```
struct systemtime time;
GetClockTime( &time );
```

# **Services**

# InputKeyboardCharacter

## **Description**

Read the next available keyboard character from the system's internal keyboard buffer. This call blocks a process until a key is available.

## **Parameters**

None

#### Return

Next available character as short.

# **IsKeyboardCharacterAvailable**

## Description

Checks if there are any characters in the keyboard buffer

#### **Parameters**

None

#### Return

TRUE - 1 or more characters are in the buffer FALSE - No characters are in the buffer

# InputDebugCharacter

## **Description**

Read the next available character from the system's debugger buffer. This call blocks a process

until a character is available.

#### **Parameters**

None

#### Return

Next available character as short.

# **IsDebugCharacterAvailable**

## **Description**

Checks if there are any characters currently in the debug input bugger

#### **Parameters**

None

#### Return

TRUE - 1 or more characters are in the buffer

FALSE - 0 characters are in the buffer

# OutputDebugCharacter

## Description

Output a short to the system's current debugging console.

#### **Parameters**

Short - WORD to output to debugger through serial port

#### Return

None

# **IsDebugPortBusy**

## **Description**

Checks if system's debugging device port is busy and returns TRUE or FALSE depending on the status.

#### **Parameters**

None

#### Return

TRUE - if system's debugging device port is busy

FALSE - otherwise

## GetSystemTickCount

## **Description**

Retrieves the number of timer interrupts that have occurred since the system booted

## **Parameters**

None

#### Return

Unsigned Long - number of timer interrupts

## **GetGlobalDataAddress**

## Description

Retrieves a pointer to the calling tasks global data

#### **Parameters**

None

#### Return

Unsigned Long - address to the tasks global data

## **GetClockTime**

#### **Description**

Returns the number of seconds since boot formatted into hours, minutes, and seconds

#### **Parameters**

Pointer to a struct systemtime

## Return

None

# GetSystemTickCount

## **Description**

Return the number of ticks since the operating system has booted up. Each tick is specified by the scheduler's interruption cycle

# **Parameters**

None

# Return

Current operating system tick count as unsigned long