```
1. What will be the output?
   #include<stdio.h>
   void mysteryFun(char str[])
      char *p1, *p2;
      char temp;
      p1 = str;
      p2 = str + 9;
      while (p2 > p1)
      {
        temp = *p1;
        *p1 = *p2;
        *p2 = temp;
        p1 = p1 + 2;
        p2 = p2 - 2;
     }
      printf("%s\n", str);
   }
   int main(void)
   {
      char str[] =
      {
        'a','l','p','h','a','b','e'
        ,'t','i','c'
     };
      mysteryFun(str);
      return 0;
```

}

## Answer: clthbaepia

```
2. What will be the output?
   #include<stdio.h>
   void mysteryFun(char str[])
     char *p1, *p2;
      char temp;
      p1 = str;
      p2 = str + 9;
     while (p2 > p1)
     {
        temp = *p1;
        *p1 = *p2;
        *p2 = temp;
        p1 = p1 + 2;
        p2 = p2 - 2;
     }
     printf("%s\n", str);
   }
   int main(void)
   {
     char str[] = "alphabetic";
     mysteryFun(str);
     return 0;
   }
```

Answer: clthbaepia

```
char socsec[12] = "123-456-789";
       char ssnshort[7], ssn1[4], ssn2[3], ssn3[5];
       Write statements to accomplish the following:
       1. store in ssnshort as much of socsec will fit.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main (]) {
 char socsec[12] = "123-456-789";
 char ssnshort[7];
 strncpy(ssnshort,socsec, 6);
 printf("%s\n", ssnshort);
 return 0;
}
       2. store in ssn1 the first three characters of socsec.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main () {
 char socsec[12] = "123-456-789";
 char ssn1[4];
 strncpy(ssn1, socsec, 3);
 printf("%s\n", ssn1);
 return 0;
```

3. store in ssn2 the middle three-digit portion of socsec.

Trying to store the middle three-digit portion of socmec to ssn2 is not possible. Because ssn2 has only been given the size of 3, meaning the variable

can only store 2 characters inside the strings to make space for the null terminating character '\0'. To make the operation work. The ssn2 should be given the size of 4.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main () {
 char socsec[12] = "123-456-789";
 char ssn2[4];
 strncpy(ssn2, &socsec[4],3);
 printf("%s\n", ssn2);
 return 0;
       4. store in ssn3 the final four digits of socsec.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main () {
 char socsec[12] = "123-456-789";
 char ssn3[5];
 strncpy(ssn3, &socsec[7],4);
 printf("%s\n", ssn3);
 return 0;
```

The output of the following program is "Programming in C is a game." Fill in the most appropriate set of instructions to fill in for the numbered steps in the program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
        char s1[] = "Programming in C", s2[5],
        s3[5];
        1. strncpy(s2,&s1[3],1);
        s2[1] = '\0';
        2. strncpy(s3, &s1[5],2);
        s3[2] = '\0';
        3. strcat(s2, strcat(s3,"e"));
        printf ("%s is a %s\n", s1, s2);
}
```