Write a statement that asks the user to type three integer and another statement that stores the user responses into first, second, third.

printf("The first integer you give is %d \nThe second one is %d \nAnd
the third one is %d \n", firstNumber, secondNumber, thirdNumber);

- List 3 standard data types of C.Int, Char, Double.
- 3. The average pH of citrus fruits is 2.2, and this value has been stored in the variable avg\_citrus\_pH Provide a statement to display this information in a readable way.

```
double avg_citrus_pH = 2.2;
printf("The average pH of citrus fruit is %f", avg_citrus_ph);
```

4. Write an algorithm that allows for the input of an integer value, doubles it, subtracts 10, and displays the result.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main () {
    int num1;
    int result;

    printf("This programm will double the integer input and subtract it with ten then displays the result \nPlease input an integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &num1);

    result = (num1 * 2) - 10;
    printf("The result is %d", result);
    return 0;
}
```

5. Given the following declarations:

```
#define PI 3.14159
#define MAX_I 1000
double x, y;
int a, b, i;
```

Indicate which of the following statements are valid, and find the value stored by each

valid statement. Also indicate which are invalid and why. Assume that a is 3, b is 4,

and y is -1.0:

a. 
$$i = a \% b$$
;

// Invalid, the program is tasked to get the remainder of the division of "a" and "b". But the problem was "a" < "b" which result into a rational number or a fraction of a number, and the computer spits out the numerator of the fraction as the result of the operation; i = a or i = 3.

//Valid, x = 0;

```
g. x = a \% (a / b);
```

//Invalid, for "a / b" as an integer is equals to 0, any number divided by zero is invalid.

h. 
$$i = b / 0$$
;

//Invalid, any number divided by 0 is invalid.

I. 
$$i = a \% (990 - MAX_I);$$

// Invalid, the program is tasked to get the remainder of the division of "a" and "(990 - MAX\_I)". But the problem was "990 - MAX\_I" is equals to "-10" which results into a rational number or a fraction of a number, and the computer spits out the numerator of the fraction as the result of the operation; i = a or i = 3.

```
//Invalid, any number divided by 0 is invalid.
   q. i = a \% (MAX_I - 990);
     // Invalid, the program is tasked to get the remainder of the
division of "a" and "(MAX_I - 990)". But the problem is that "MAX_I -
990" is equals to "10" which results into a rational number or a fraction
of a number, and the computer spits out the numerator of the fraction
as the result of the operation; i = a or i = 3.
6. An algorithm that gets three data values x, y, and z as input and
outputs the
                                        those
                                                  three
                 average
                             of
                                                             values.
//Variables
                                            Ζ,
double
                                                             average;
                  Χ,
                          у,
//Getting the input
//First input
   printf("Please enter the first value: ");
   scanf("%lf", &x);
     //Second input
   printf("Enter the second value: ");
   scanf("%lf", &y);
//Third input
   printf("Enter the third value: ");
   scanf("%lf", &z);
//Get the average value
     average = (x + y + z) / 3;
//Display the average value
   printf("The average value is %f", average);
```

p. i = a % 0;

7. An algorithm that gets the amount of electricity used in kilowatt-hours and the cost of electricity per kilowatt hour. Its output is the total amount of the electric bill, including an 8% sales tax.

```
//Constants
KW_PER_HOUR_RATE = 9.5458
SALES_TAX = 0.08

//Variable
double KW_per_hour_used;

//Getting the Input
    printf("Please enter your consumed electricity per killowatt-hour:
");
    scanf("%lf", &KW_per_hour_used);

//Display the electricity bill
    printf("Your electricity bill is %f Pesos", (KW_per_hour_used * KW_PER_HOUR_RATE) * SALES_TAX);
```

8. An algorithm that is given three numbers corresponding to the number of times a race car driver has finished first, second, and third. The algorithm computes and displays how many points that driver has earned given 5 points for a first, 3 points for a second, and 1 point for a third place finish.

```
//Constants
FIRST_PLACE_POINTS = 5
SECOND_PLACE_POINTS = 3
THIRD_PLACE_POINTS = 1
//Variables
int num1, num2, num3, totalPoints;
```

```
// Getting inputs
//First input
    printf("Enter the number of times he placed first: ");
    scanf("%d",
                                                               &num1);
//Second input
    printf("Enter the number of times he placed second: ");
    scanf("%d", &num2);
     //Third input
    printf("Enter the number of times he placed third: ");
    scanf("%d", &num3);
     //Gettin the total points
    totalPoints = (num1 * FIRST_PLACE_POINTS) + (num2 *
SECOND_PLACE_POINTS) + (num3 * THIRD_PLACE_POINTS);
     //Display the total points
    printf("The drivers total points is %d", totalPoints);
```