

Basic Proof Methods

Direct Proof: To prove an implication $P \Rightarrow Q$, assume P and derive Q .

Assume	Goal
P	Q

Proof by Cases: To prove $(P \text{ or } Q) \Rightarrow R$, prove $P \Rightarrow R$ and $Q \Rightarrow R$.

case 1:

Assume	Goal
P	R

case 2:

Assume	Goal
Q	R

Proving “and” statements: To prove $P \Rightarrow (Q \text{ and } R)$, prove $P \Rightarrow Q$ and $P \Rightarrow R$.

Assume	Goal
P	Q

Assume	Goal
P	R

Proving the Contrapositive: To prove $P \Rightarrow Q$, it is equivalent to prove the contrapositive $((\text{not } Q) \Rightarrow (\text{not } P))$.

Assume	Goal
$\text{not } Q$	$\text{not } P$

Proof by Contradiction: To prove P , assume $\text{not } P$ and prove any contradiction (Q and $(\text{not } Q)$).

Assume	Goal
$\text{not } P$	contradiction

Proving “or” statements: To prove $P \Rightarrow (Q \text{ or } R)$, proceed by contradiction. Assume P , $\text{not } Q$ and $\text{not } R$ and derive a contradiction.

Assume	Goal
$P, \text{ not } Q, \text{ not } R$	contradiction

Proofs of “if and only if”s: To prove $P \Leftrightarrow Q$. Prove both $P \Rightarrow Q$ and $Q \Rightarrow P$.

Assume	Goal
P	Q

Assume	Goal
Q	P