

< Weekly Challenge

Challenge #73: Plinko Probabilities

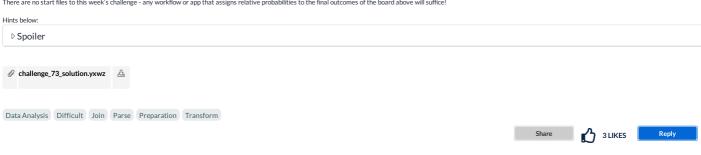


The solution to last week's challenge is $\underline{\mathsf{HERE}}!$



This year at Inspire, our attendees' ability to win games of chance will be tested - and not just because of the Las Vegas venue! The ability to obtain the hottest Alteryx swag will be decided by a round of Plinko at the Community hub. Can you use Alteryx to break down the probabilities of our board and ensure your odds are the best possible?

There are no start files to this week's challenge - any workflow or app that assigns relative probabilities to the final outcomes of the board above will suffice!



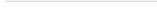
I AGREE

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Spoiler

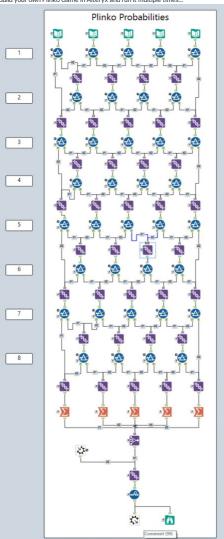
After driving myself crazy trying to build a macro to do this, I finally gave up and took an Old School approach...not my finest Alteryx workflow but I got there in the end...



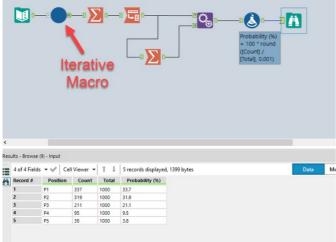


__METHOD 1_ Use the old combinatorial mathematics to workout the number of combinations for each slot and then divide by the total number of possible routes (2^8) for the probability. If there were no boundary the number of combinations would be 8C4 (=8!/4!/4!) for any slot directly under the placement, 8C3 for the slot eleft of the placement, etc. Taking account of the boundary you need to add the combinations of the slot opposite the current slot if no boundary existed. So, for example, a counter placed in position 1 and landing in slot 1 the total probability would be (8C4 + 8C3)/2^8 and for position 1 and slot 2 the probability is (8C5 + 8C2)/2^8... Unfortunately I found it tricky to generalise for all cases. So I resorted to Method 2...

 $_{\rm METHOD~2}_$ Build your own Plinko Game in Alteryx and run it multiple times.



I simulate the 50/50 probability of the ball falling one way or the other using a filter tool with the expression rand() < 0.5 and just union it all together in the right places. I set it as an iterative macro to run 1000 times and run in this workflow (see below) to get...



This method is numerical so results are approximate!



