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双流体方程组

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial n_\alpha}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (n_\alpha \vec{v}_\alpha) &= 0 \\ m_\alpha n_\alpha \frac{d\vec{v}_\alpha}{dt} &= -\nabla p_\alpha + n_\alpha \vec{F}_\alpha + \vec{R}_\alpha \\ \frac{3}{2} n_\alpha \frac{dT}{dt} &= -p_\alpha \nabla \cdot \vec{v}_\alpha + Q_\alpha \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{E}_1 &= \frac{\sum q_\alpha n_\alpha}{\epsilon_0} \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{B}_1 &= 0 \\ \nabla \times \vec{E}_1 &= -\frac{\partial \vec{B}_1}{\partial t} \\ \nabla \times \vec{B}_1 &= \mu_0 \sum n_\alpha q_\alpha \vec{v}_\alpha\end{aligned}$$

摩擦项 \vec{R}_α 写成Braginski形式:

$$\vec{R}_e = -\nu_{ei} n_e m_e (\vec{v}_e - \vec{v}_i) = -\eta e^2 n^2 (\vec{v}_e - \vec{v}_i) = \eta e n \vec{j}$$

碰撞造成的能量交换 Q_α :

$$Q_e = \frac{3e^2 n_e^2}{m_i} (T_i - T_e) \eta$$

归一化

以 $x = x_0 x'$, $\vec{B} = B_0 \vec{B}'$, $n = n_0 n'$, $q = eq'$, $m = m_0 m'$, $v = v_0 v'$ 为基础, 表示其他归一化物理量, 其中 $v_0 = v_A = B_0 / \sqrt{\mu_0 \rho_0}$

$$\begin{aligned}t_0 &= \frac{x_0}{v_0} = \frac{x_0 \sqrt{\mu_0 \rho_0}}{B_0} \\ E_0 &= v_0 B_0 = \frac{B_0^2}{\sqrt{\mu_0 \rho_0}} \\ j_0 &= \frac{B_0}{\mu_0 x_0} \\ \eta_0 &= \frac{E_0}{j_0} = x_0 B_0 \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\rho_0}} \\ p_0 &= e n_0 E_0 x_0 = e n_0 x_0 \frac{B_0^2}{\sqrt{\mu_0 \rho_0}} \\ T_0 &= \frac{p_0}{n_0} = e x_0 \frac{B_0^2}{\sqrt{\mu_0 \rho_0}}\end{aligned}$$

归一化后的方程为

$$\frac{\partial n_{\alpha}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (n_{\alpha} \vec{v}_{\alpha}) = 0$$

$$m_{\alpha} n_{\alpha} \frac{d\vec{v}_{\alpha}}{dt} = \frac{ex_0 \sqrt{\mu_0 \rho_0}}{m_0} [-\nabla p_{\alpha} + n_{\alpha} \vec{F}_{\alpha} + \vec{R}_{\alpha}]$$

$$\frac{3}{2} n_{\alpha} \frac{dT}{dt} = -p_{\alpha} \nabla \cdot \vec{v}_{\alpha} + \frac{\mu_0 e^2 n_0 x_0^2}{m_0} Q_{\alpha}$$

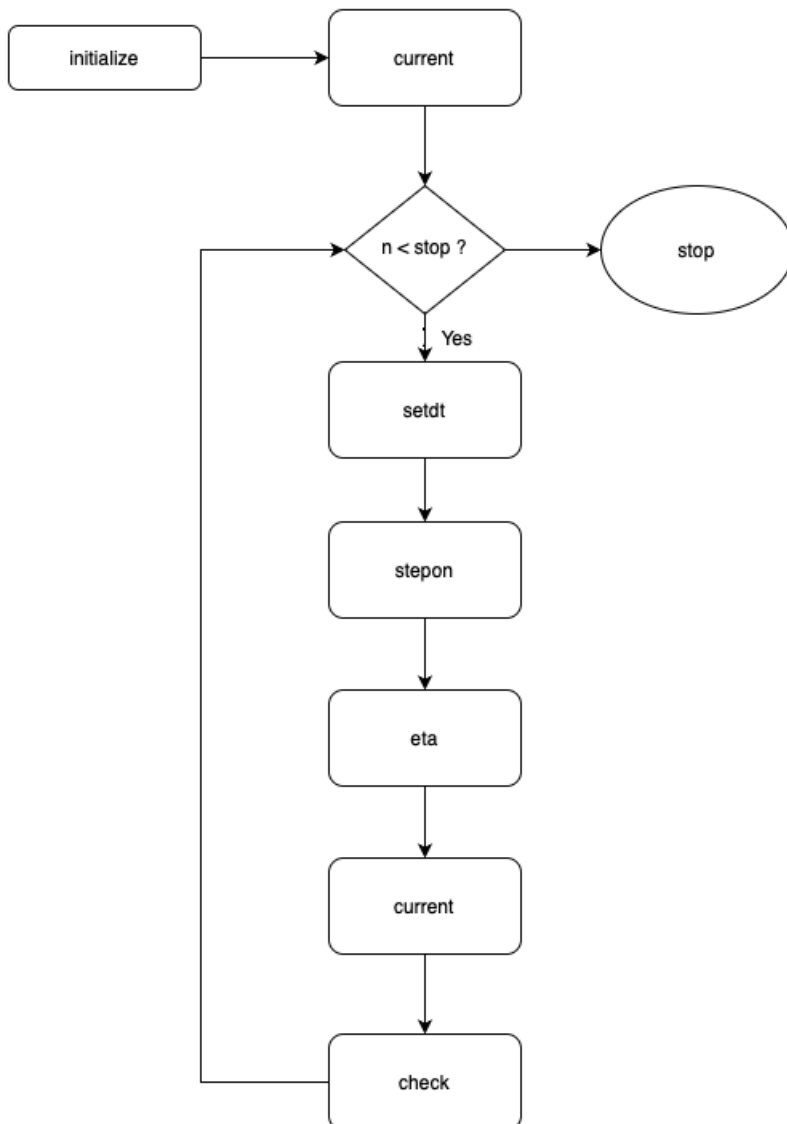
$$\nabla \cdot \vec{E}_1 = \frac{en_0 x_0 \sqrt{\mu_0 \rho_0}}{B_0^2} \frac{\sum q_{\alpha} n_{\alpha}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{B}_1 = 0$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{E}_1 = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}_1}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{B}_1 = \mu_0 \sum n_{\alpha} q_{\alpha} \vec{v}_{\alpha}$$

程序流程图



子程序

```
subroutine initialize
  ! set and initialize variables
  implicit none
  integer :: i

  ! grid
  xmax = 10
  ymax = 10
  zmax = 10
  xmin = -xmax
  ymin = -ymax
  zmin = -zmax
  Nx = 101
  Ny = 101
  Nz = 101

  ! time steps
  n = 0
  nmax = 10000
  time_step_file = 40.0
  nmax_file = 20

  ! density
  ne = 1
  ni = 1

  ! velocity
  vex = 0
  vey = 0
  vez = 0
  vix = 0
  viy = 0
  viz = 0

  ! temperature
  Te = 1
  Ti = 1

  ! eta
  eta = 0.0
  is_foreta = .false.

  ! R_alpha
  Rex = 0
  Rey = 0
  Rez = 0
  Rix = -Rex
```

```

    Riy = -Rey
    Riz = -Rez
    is_R = .true.

    ! Q_alpha
    Qe = 0
    Qi = -Qe
    is_Q = .true.

    ! self-consistent EM field
    Bsx = 0
    Bsy = 0
    Bsz = 0
    Esx = 0
    Esy = 0
    Esz = 0

    ! external EM field
    Bex = 0
    Bey = 0
    Bez = 0
    Eex = 0
    Eey = 0
    Eez = 0

    ! derived parameter
    dx = (xmax-xmin)/(Nx-1.0)
    dy = (ymax-ymin)/(Ny-1.0)
    dz = (zmax-zmin)/(Nz-1.0)
    xgrid = [(xmin+i*dx, i = 0, Nx-1)]
    ygrid = [(ymin+i*dy, i = 0, Ny-1)]
    zgrid = [(zmin+i*dz, i = 0, Nz-1)]
end subroutine

```

```

subroutine total_EM_field
    implicit none
    Bx = Bsx + Bex
    By = Bsy + Bey
    Bz = Bsz + Bez
    Ex = Esx + Eex
    Ey = Esy + Eey
    Ez = Esz + Eez
end subroutine

```

```

subroutine current
    implicit none
    !借用Hall MHD代码
end subroutine

```

```

subroutine setdt
    implicit none
    !借用Hall MHD代码
end subroutine

```

```

subroutine stepon
    implicit none
    !采用两步Lax-Wendroff格式, 主体借用Hall MHD代码
end subroutine

```

```

subroutine foreta
    implicit none
    if(.not. is_foreta) return
    !借用Hall MHD代码
end subroutine

```

```

subroutine check
    ! check if the code is in good running
    implicit none
    real(kind=8) :: divB = 0.0d0, temp = 0.0d0
    integer :: i, j, k

    do k = 1, Nz-1
        do j = 1, Ny-1
            do i = 1, Nx-1
                temp = (Bs(i+1,j,k)-Bs(i,j,k))/dx+(Bs(i,j+1,k)-
Bs(i,j,k))/dy+(Bs(i,j,k+1)-Bs(i,j,k))/dz
                divB = max(temp, divB)
            end do
        end do
    end do

    print *, "divB = ", divB
end subroutine

```

```

subroutine R_alpha
    implicit none

    if(.not. is_R) return
    Rex = eta*e*ne*jx
    Rey = eta*e*ne*jy
    Rez = eta*e*ne*jz
    Rix = -Rex
    Riy = -Rey
    Riz = -Rez
end subroutine

```

```
subroutine Q_alpha
  implicit none

  if(.not. is_Q) return
  Qe = 3 * e**2 * ne**2 * eta * (Ti-Te) / mi
  Qi = -Qe
end subroutine
```