# Will's Way to Java

By William Brown and other teams I stole slides from :)

#### **Programming Software**

- Java and C++ are both coded in an software called VS Code.
- Vscode is and IDE or Integrated Development Environment.
- Vscode allows us to import libraries and develop code with the added bonus of "spellchecking" code like Word does your homework.
- Just like Spellcheck it can "correct" your code into the wrong thing



#### **Programming Software**

You can install VScode with the FRC plugin by following the instructions here

https://docs.wpilib.org/en/stable/docs/zero-to-robot/step-2/wpilib-setup.html

Third Party Libraries (CAN-Devices, Advanced Sensors, etc.):

https://docs.wpilib.org/en/stable/docs/software/vscode-overview/3rd-party-libraries.html

**CTRE Phoenix Framework Downloads:** 

http://www.ctr-electronics.com/hro.html#product\_tabs\_technical\_resources

**CTRE Phoenix Framework Documentation:** 

https://phoenix-documentation.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html

REV SPARK MAX Software (Docs/Downloads): <a href="http://www.revrobotics.com/sparkmax-software/">http://www.revrobotics.com/sparkmax-software/</a>

PhotonVision PhotonLib Docs: <a href="https://docs.photonvision.org/en/latest/">https://docs.photonvision.org/en/latest/</a>

#### How to Java Repository

Here is a link to many teams training resources that another mentor has accumulated. The teams have been teaching this for years there is great material here.

#### Repository link:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1jcBLAyJ3iTbsYSnWMVWqHaK8uywGTaTj F98eY\_xxpl0/edit?usp=sharing

#### INTRO TO JAVA

To be honest I believe that the greatest skill of an engineer is "stealing" from the best and inventing the rest. In that Spirit this is a link to Team Spectrums intro to java slides and training videos that they have used to training their own team and others through the years

Intro To java Team Spectrum Slide
Intro to Java Team Spectrum Video

## Key Concepts of Java

- Basic Syntax
- Data Types
- Basic math
- Boolen Opperators
- If Statements
- For loop
- While Loops
- Command based Programming
  - Subsystems
  - Commands
  - Triggers

- Vision
  - Limelight
  - Photon Vision
  - Pixy Cam
  - RoboRio native
- PathePlanner
- GitHub

#### **Basic Syntax**

- Java is case sensitive
- Variables naming rules
  - Names can contain letters, digits, underscores, and dollar signs
  - Names must begin with a letter
  - Names should start with a lowercase letter, and cannot contain whitespace
  - Names can also begin with \$ and \_\_
  - Names are case-sensitive ("myVar" and "myvar" are different variables)
  - Reserved words (like Java keywords, such as int or boolean) cannot be used as names
- It's Recommended that you use CamelCase when naming objects in Java
  - UpperCaseCamelCase starts the name with a uppercase letter to indicate it is a Class or Interface
  - lowerCaseCamelCase starts the name with a lowercase letter to indicate Methods and Variables

#### **Basic Syntax**

- All uppercase variable names should be used to indicate constant values declared in the program and should have words in the name separated but an underscore
  - Ex: the constant max speed would be MAX\_SPEED
- All Statements must end with a semicolon (;)
  - Ex : Double myDouble = 2.0;
  - Output = myDouble/10;
- All though it is not required it is highly recommended that you indent each level of your code
  - EX:

```
public void myMethod()
      {
          Int i= 0;
      }
```

## Basic Syntax Pop Quiz

What symbol should all statements be ended with

```
a. :)
```

- b. ;
- c. ?
- d. Statements don't need to be ended with a symbol

#### Basic Syntax Pop Quiz

What is the recommended way to capitalize names in java?

- a. WillsWay
- b. Follow the rules of the English language
- c. CamelCase
- d. ju57 d0 wh473v32

# Basic Syntax Pop Quiz

Which of these is a valid variable name?

- a. myBot1
- b. Mybot1
- c. MYBOT1
- d. My\_bot

- 1. byte
- 2. short
- 3. Int
- 4. double
- 5. float
- 6. long
- 7. Char
- 8. boolean

#### Most Common in FRC

- int
- double
- boolean

`

# Integer Types:

An integer is a positive or negative whole number, including 0.

# Decimal Types:

A decimal is a number that consists of a whole and a fractional part. Decimal numbers lie between integers and represent numerical value for quantities that are whole plus some part of a whole.

# Integer type:Byte

- Minimum value is -128 Maximum value is 127
- Default value is 0
- Byte data type is used to save space in large arrays, mainly in place of integers, since a byte is four times smaller than an int.

# Integer type:Short

- Minimum value is -32,768 Maximum value is 32,767
- Short data type can also be used to save memory as byte data type. A short is 2 times smaller than an int
- Default value is 0.

# Integer type: Int

- Minvalue is 2,147,483,648 Maxvalue is 2,147,483,647
- Int is generally used as the default data type for integral values unless there is a concern about memory.
- The default value is 0.

Integer Data Types: Long

Minimum value is -9,223,372,036,854,775,808.(-2^63) Maximum value is 9,223,372,036,854,775,807 (inclusive). (2^63 -1)

This type is used when a wider range than int is needed.

Default value is 0

Decimal Data Types: Float Minimum value is -9,223,372,036,854,775,808.(-2^63) Maximum value is 9,223,372,036,854,775,807 (inclusive). (2^63 -1)

This type is used when a wider range than int is needed. Default value is 0L.

Decimal Data Types: Double

- This data type is generally used as the default data type for decimal values, generally the default choice.
- Double data type should never be used for precise values such as currency. BigDecimal class should be used.
- Default value is 0.0d.

Boolean Data Type

boolean data type represents one bit of information.

There are only two possible values: true and false.

This data type is used for simple flags that track true/false conditions.

Default value is false.

Example: boolean one = true

Char data type

char data type is a single 16-bit Unicode character.

Minimum value is '\u0000' (or 0).

Maximum value is '\uffff' (or 65,535 inclusive).

Char data type is used to store any character.

Example: char letterA ='A'

How to Declare common types:

- Integer public int myInt= 0;
- Double public double myDouble = 1.2;
- Boolean public boolean myBoolean= true;

#### **Basic Math**

Doing math in java is the exact same as doing math in real life

2+2 = 4 is exactly the same in math and java

You can also do math with variables

public int int1=7; public int int2=2;

public int int3=int1+int2;

What is value of int3?

#### **Basic Math**

#### Other math functions are:

- subtraction:-
- Multiplication: \*
- division:/
- Modulus: %
- Increment: ++
- Decrement: -

# **Boolean Operators**

- And &&
- Or ||
- XOR ^
- Not -!

#### If Statement

- If statements are how you make a single decision.
- Can be combine with else if and else statements to check multiple conditions and make complex decisions
- If you can phrase the the decision as an if then statement the you can code it.

#### If Statement

```
Example of IF statements in code
if(x>y)
Output =y;
Is the same as this except one thing,
If (x>y)
output= y;
```

#### For Loop

Used to repeat a set of statements as for a certain amount times.

#### EX:

```
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    System.out.println(i);
}</pre>
```

# While Loops

Used to repeat a set of statements until a certain condition is met.

```
EX:
While (x<5)
X++;
do{
X++;
while(x<5);
```

#### **Command and Control**

https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/e/2PACX-1vR-730U1Q2f0C9cJMM9ZtX 12QNSbEe2apapZbLYKaGS0XfJnP8J3QAU7D-1nZo5ITMpi3DTCwoR9Yh5/pub?st art=false&loop=false&delayms=3000&slide=id.p

#### Vision

#### **Common Vision Systems**

- <u>Photonvision</u>
- Limelight
- RoboRio

#### Vision

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#### Vision

#### You can use vision to:

- Find objects of a certain color
- Track location using april tags
- Auto aim on a target
- Use custom trained models to find specific game pieces in realtime.