1. What "super power" does a function have that a regular JavaScript object does not?  
   They can be called/invoked
2. What is the default return value of a function that does not have a return keyword?  
   undefined
3. What is a block?  
   a section of code (‘{‘ to ‘}’)
4. Define scope  
   The availability of one (or more) thing from a specific “location” in a program
5. Declaring a variable with let or const at the top level of the <script> tag (outside of any other blocks or functions) gives it what kind of scope?

Global/Script-Scope (available throughout)

1. Declaring a variable with let or const inside of a function gives it what kind of scope?  
   Local to the Function/Block-Scoped
2. Declaring a variable with let or const inside of a for loop gives it what kind of scope?  
   Local to the Loop/ Block-Scoped
3. Declaring a variable with let or const inside of a if(){...} statement gives it what kind of scope?  
   Local to the if statement/ Block-Scoped
4. Declaring a variable with var inside of an if(){...} statement inside of a function gives it what kind of scope?  
   Nearest Enclosing Function/Somewhat “Local” (Not block-scoped)
5. Declaring a variable with var at the top level of the <script> tag (outside of any other blocks or functions) gives it what kind of scope?  
   Global/Script-Scope
6. What does D.R.Y. stand for and mean? (see next section below)  
   Don’t Repeat Yourself; Code that is used more than once and can be put into a method/function should be.
7. Write an ES6 arrow function named addThem() that takes 2 arguments, and returns their sum. The default value of these arguments (if no value is passed in) will be 0.  
   let addThem4 = ( num1 = 0, num2 = 0 ) => num1 + num2;
8. X = 2

Y = undefined  
Z = Reference Error (z was never defined)