

# CS5487 Machine Learning

Semester B 2021/22

Online Midterm

Time: 2 hours

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1. The midterm has 5 pages including this page, consisting of 3 questions.
  2. The following resources are allowed on the midterm:
    - You are allowed a cheat sheet that is **one** A4 page (**single-sided only**) handwritten with pen or pencil.
  3. All other resources are not allowed, e.g., internet searches, classmates, textbooks.
  4. Answer the questions on physical paper using pen or pencil.
    - Answer **ALL** questions.
    - Remember to write your **name, EID, and student number** at the top of each answer paper.
  5. You should stay on Zoom during the entire exam time.
    - If you have any questions, use the private chat function in Zoom to message Antoni.
  6. Midterm submission
    - Take pictures of your answer paper and submit it to the “Midterm Quiz” Canvas assignment. You may submit it as jpg/png/pdf.
    - *It is the student’s responsibility to make sure that the captured images are legible. Illegible images will be graded as is, similar to illegible handwriting.*
    - If you have problems submitting to Canvas, then email your answer paper to Antoni (abchan@cityu.edu.hk).
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# Statement of Academic Honesty

Below is a **Statement of Academic Honesty**. Please read it.

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I pledge that the answers in this exam are my own and that I will not seek or obtain an unfair advantage in producing these answers. Specifically,

- I will not plagiarize (copy without citation) from any source;
- I will not communicate or attempt to communicate with any other person during the exam; neither will I give or attempt to give assistance to another student taking the exam; and
- I will use only approved devices (e.g., calculators) and/or approved device models.
- I understand that any act of academic dishonesty can lead to disciplinary action.

I pledge to follow the Rules on Academic Honesty and understand that violations may led to severe penalties.

Name:

EID:

Student ID:

Signature:

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- (a) If you have not already, *copy the entire above statement of academic honesty to your answer sheet*. Fill in your name, EID, and student ID, and sign your signature to show that you agree with the statement and will follow its terms.

### Problem 1 MLE for Exponential distribution [30 marks]

In this problem you will consider the maximum likelihood estimate (MLE) of the parameters of a *Exponential Distribution*.

The exponential distribution is a distribution of the time interval between consecutive events occurring in a Poisson process. A Poisson process is a process where events occur continuously at some constant average rate. For example, if we model a telephone switch as a Poisson process, then the time between incoming calls can be modeled as an exponential distribution.

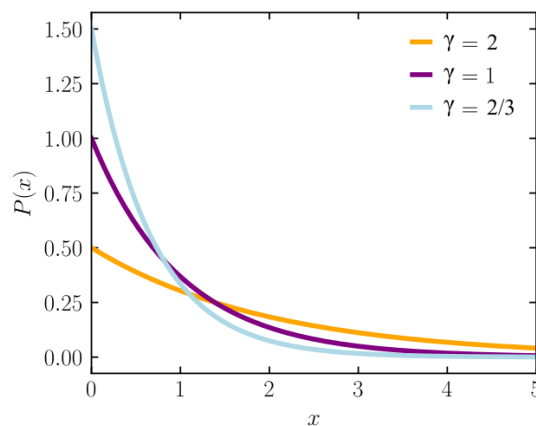
Formally, the exponential distribution is:

$$p(x|\gamma) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\gamma}e^{-x/\gamma}, & x \geq 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

where  $\gamma > 0$  is the scale parameter or average interval length. The mean and variance of the exponential distribution are

$$E[x] = \gamma, \quad \text{var}(x) = \gamma^2. \quad (2)$$

Here is a plot of the exponential distribution for different values of  $\gamma$ :



Suppose we have a set of  $N$  samples of time intervals,  $\mathcal{D} = \{x_1, \dots, x_N\}$  with  $x_i \geq 0$ .

- (a) [5 marks] Write down the log-likelihood of the data  $\mathcal{D}$ , i.e.,  $\log p(\mathcal{D}|\gamma)$ .
- (b) [5 marks] Write down optimization problem for maximum-likelihood estimation of the parameter  $\gamma$ .
- (c) [15 marks] Derive the MLE for the parameter  $\gamma$ .
- (d) [5 marks] What is the intuitive interpretation of the derived MLE for  $\gamma$ .

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## Problem 2 MAP for Exponential distribution [35 marks]

In this problem you will compute the MAP estimate for exponential distribution in Problem 1. Let the prior distribution of  $\gamma$  be an Inverse Gamma distribution,

$$p(\gamma) = \text{InvGamma}(\gamma|\alpha, \beta) = \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} (1/\gamma)^{\alpha+1} e^{-\beta/\gamma} \quad (3)$$

where  $\alpha > 0$  and  $\beta > 0$  are the shape and scale parameters of the Inverse Gamma prior (i.e., *hyperparameters*).  $\Gamma(z)$  is the gamma function, which is an extension of factorial to positive real numbers, defined by

$$\Gamma(z) = \int_0^\infty u^{z-1} e^{-u} du. \quad (4)$$

The Gamma function obeys the relation  $\Gamma(z+1) = z\Gamma(z)$ . Furthermore,  $\Gamma(1) = 1$ , and  $\Gamma(z+1) = z!$  when  $z$  is a non-negative integer.

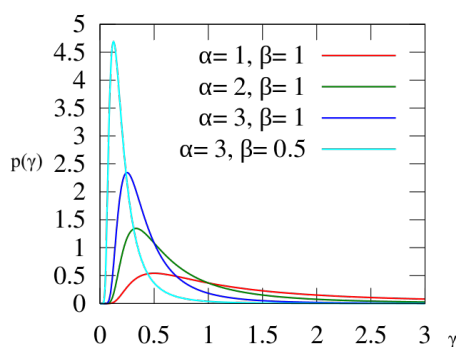
The mean, variance, and mode of  $\text{InvGamma}(\alpha, \beta)$  are:

$$E[\gamma] = \frac{\beta}{\alpha - 1} \text{ for } \alpha > 1, \quad (5)$$

$$\text{var}(\gamma) = \frac{\beta^2}{(\alpha - 1)^2(\alpha - 2)} \text{ for } \alpha > 2, \quad (6)$$

$$\text{mode}(\gamma) = \frac{\beta}{\alpha + 1}. \quad (7)$$

The following plot shows some examples of the Inverse Gamma distribution for different parameters  $(\alpha, \beta)$ :



- [5 marks] Write down the optimization problem for MAP estimation of  $\gamma$  using an Inverse Gamma prior with known hyperparameters  $(\alpha, \beta)$ .
- [15 marks] Derive the MAP estimator for the parameter  $\gamma$  using the Inverse Gamma prior.
- [10 marks] Compare this MAP estimator with the ML estimator derived in Problem 1. What is the intuitive interpretation of the MAP solution with regards to the ML solution?
- [5 marks] What is the intuitive effect on the MAP estimate as the number of samples  $N$  increases?

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### Problem 3 Bayesian estimation for Exponential distribution [35 marks]

In this problem you will derive the Bayesian estimate for the Exponential distribution with Inverse Gamma prior, using the same setup as Problems 1 and 2.

- (a) [5 marks] Write down the posterior distribution of the parameters,  $p(\gamma|\mathcal{D})$ , in terms of the prior and likelihood function.
- (b) [15 marks] Derive the form of the posterior distribution  $p(\gamma|\mathcal{D})$  in terms of the hyperparameters  $(\alpha, \beta)$  and data  $\mathcal{D}$ .
- (c) [5 marks] What is the intuitive interpretation of the derived Bayesian estimate in Problem 3(b), e.g., the mean of the posterior?
- (d) [10 marks] What happens to the posterior distribution as the number of samples  $N$  increases?

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— End of Midterm —