## Intel Data Center



**INTRODUCTION:** Intel, the semiconductor manufacturing powerhouse, is planning on building a new data center. Energy availability and usage are some of the key considerations in deciding on a location of the data center. For example, which regions produce a surplus of energy, and are therefore more likely to provide energy at cheaper prices? Which regions rely more on renewable energy sources?

In this project, co-designed with Intel's Sustainability Team, you'll write SQL queries that will power your analysis and create visualizations that will help the Intel team select the best location for the new data center.

**HOW IT WORKS:** Follow the prompts in the questions below to investigate your data. Post your answers in the provided boxes: the **yellow boxes** for the queries you write, **purple boxes** for visualizations and **blue boxes** for text-based answers. When you're done, export your document as a pdf file and submit it on the Milestone page – see instructions for creating a PDF at the end of the Milestone.

**RESOURCES:** If you need hints on the Milestone or are feeling stuck, there are multiple ways of getting help. Attend Drop-In Hours to work on these problems with your peers, or reach out to the HelpHub if you have questions. Good luck!

**SQL App**: Here's that link to our specialized SQL app, where you'll write your SQL queries and interact with the data.

#### Data Set Descriptions

In this project you'll query 3 datasets as well as write a query to generate a new dataset that you will use in your tableau visualizations. The intel.energy\_data
dataset will be the main dataset you'll be working with. The intel.energy\_by\_plant
and intel.power\_plants
datasets will be joined for an in-depth analysis of energy production at the power plant level.

Read below to learn more about the datasets and their features.

**intel.energy\_data:** Contains information about daily energy production and consumption for different regions in the United States.

- balancing\_authority A Balancing Authority is responsible for maintaining the electricity balance within its region. This is a company that makes sure electricity is being exchanged between electric providers and regions so that no region runs out of electricity due to high demand.
- date The date the energy was produced.
- region The electric service area within a geographic area of the USA. e.g. California, Midwest, etc.
- time\_at\_end\_of\_hour The time and date after energy was generated, .e.g., energy generated between 1pm-2pm will show up as 2pm in this field.
- demand The energy demand in megawatts (MW) on the grid (what the houses/business are using).
- net\_generation The energy produced in MW in the region by all sources e.g., wind, coal, nuclear, etc.
- all\_petroleum\_products The energy produced in MW by petroleum products.
- coal The energy produced in MW by all coal products
- hydropower\_and\_pumped\_storage The energy produced in MW by water power and pumped heat sources.
- natural\_gas The energy produced in MW by natural gas sources
- nuclear The energy produced in MW from nuclear fuel sources
- solar The energy produced in MW by solar panels and other solar energy capturing methods.
- wind The energy produced in MW from wind turbines and other wind sources.

intel.power\_plants: Contains general information about power plants in the United States.

- plant\_name The name of the power plant.
- plant\_code The unique identifier of the plant.
- region The region in the US where the power plant is located. Matches the regions in the intel.energy\_data
- state The state where the power plant is located.
- primary\_technology The primary technology used to generate electricity at the power plant.

**intel.energy\_by\_plant:** Contains total energy production information at the plant for the year 2022.

- plant\_name The name of the power plant.
- plant\_code The unique identifier of the plant.
- energy\_type The kind of energy generated by the power plant. Either renewable energy or fossil fuel.
- energy\_generated\_mw The total energy generated, in MegaWatts, at the plant for the year 2022.

# - Task 1: Energy Generation

Let's first identify regions that are net energy producers. Not all regions generate enough energy to meet the local demand. Some regions purchase power from other regions, while others sell their surplus to regions in need.

**A.** Write a query using the <a href="intel.energy\_data">intel.energy\_data</a> table that calculates the sum total of energy produced, grouped by each region. Sort the output by highest total energy. Which region has the highest positive total energy?

**HINT:** Total energy is equal to the difference between net\_generation and demand.

SELECT region,

```
SUM(net_generation - demand) AS total_energy
FROM
    intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
    region
HAVING
    SUM(net_generation - demand) > 0
ORDER BY
    total_energy DESC;
```

The Mid-Atlantic has the most total energy coming in at 31,693,087 MW

**B.** Intel is interested in regions that generate a large amount of energy from renewable sources. Renewable energy is defined as any energy generated from hydropower\_and\_pumped\_storage, wind, and solar sources.

Write a query that calculates the sum total of renewable energy by region. Sort the output by the region with the highest renewable energy. What are the top two regions for total renewable energy production?

**HINT:** You need to add the 3 energy sources together in one line before doing your group by: SUM(col1 + col2 + col3) AS new\_column

```
SELECT
region,
SUM(solar + wind + hydropower_and_pumped_storage) AS
Renewable_total
FROM
```

```
intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
    region
HAVING
    SUM(solar + wind + hydropower_and_pumped_storage) > 0
ORDER BY
    Renewable_total DESC;
```

The top two regions with the most renewable energy is the Northwest: 199266574 MW and Texas: 131367234 MW

**C.** Modify your query slightly so that it calculates the **percentage** of renewable energy by region.

**HINT:** Divide the amount of renewable energy by the sum total of net\_generation, and then multiply the result by 100.

```
SELECT
    region,
    SUM(solar + wind + hydropower_and_pumped_storage) AS
Renewable_total,
    ROUND(SUM(solar + wind +
hydropower_and_pumped_storage)/ NULLIF(SUM(net_generation),
0) * 100, 2) AS renewable_percent
FROM
    intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
    region
HAVING
    SUM(net_generation) > 0
ORDER BY
    renewable_percent DESC;
```

**D.** Which regions change from the top 3 when looking at total renewable energy vs percentage of renewable energy?

Texas gets moved down to 4th place being over taken by Central :41.01 percent and California at 37.45 percent being from renewable energy The Northwest still in 1st at 52.25 percent coming from renewable

#### - Task 2: Generating New Data by Energy Type

Intel would like to know how renewable energy and fossil fuels trend over time. In order to do this, you will first need to generate a new table using your SQL knowledge and the <a href="intel.energy\_data">intel.energy\_data</a> table before visualizing trends in Tableau Cloud.

**A.** Write a query that calculates the renewable energy generated for each row. Return only the date, region, and energy\_generated\_mw columns.

**Note:** energy\_generated\_mw is the alias for hydropower\_and\_pumped\_storage + wind + solar.

```
SELECT

date,
region,
(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
energy_generated_mw
FROM
intel.energy_data;
```

After showing the result of the query to your manager, she tells you that she wants it to be clear that the energy\_generated\_mw column is referring to renewable energy

types. She asks you to create a new column called energy\_type that has the value 'renewable energy' for each row.

A colleague teaches you a simple method to do this. When writing your query, add an additional column after your select statement. Here is an example:

```
SELECT

*, -- any relevant fields to the query

'renewable energy' AS energy_type

FROM intel.energy_data
```

**B.** Modify your query from Part **A.** to include the energy\_type column.

```
SELECT

date,
region,
(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
energy_generated_mw,
'renewable energy' AS energy_type
FROM
intel.energy_data;
```

C. Next, write a **new** query that calculates the fossil fuel energy generated for each row. As in Part A., return only the date, region, and energy\_generated\_mw columns, where energy\_generated\_mw is now the alias for all\_petroleum\_products + coal + natural\_gas + nuclear + other\_fuel\_sources.

```
SELECT
date,
region,
```

```
(all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear
+ other_fuel_sources) AS energy_generated_mw,
    'Fossil Fuel' AS energy_type
FROM
   intel.energy_data;
```

**D.** Modify your query in Part **C.** to include the energy\_type column. This column should have the value 'fossil fuel' for each row.

**HINT:** This is very similar to Part **B**.!

```
SELECT

date,
region,
(all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear
+ other_fuel_sources) AS energy_generated_mw,
'Fossil Fuel' AS energy_type
FROM
intel.energy_data;
```

**E.** Your queries from Parts **B.** and **D.** should both have the columns date, region, energy\_generated, and energy\_type. Write one final query that UNIONs these two together.

```
SELECT

date,
region,
(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
energy_generated_mw,
'renewable' AS energy_type
FROM
```

## Task 3: Aggregating Power Plant Data

Intel has provided you with additional data in order to reach the best conclusion about the location of its next data center. In this task you will be working with two tables intel.power\_plants and intel.energy\_by\_power\_plant. You will need to join these tables before you can aggregate them to help the Intel team with their analysis.

**A.** Join the intel.power\_plants and intel.energy\_by\_power\_plant data on the plant\_code. This joined table will form the basis for the rest of the task.

If done correctly, your output will have 2,504 rows.

```
SELECT

pp.*, -- just the plants
```

```
ebpp.* --energy by plant
FROM
    intel.power_plants pp
INNER JOIN
    intel.energy_by_plant ebpp
ON
    pp.plant_code = ebpp.plant_code;
```

**Note:** It is recommended to use the **WITH** keyword for the remainder of this Task to simplify your queries. For a refresher, rewatch " The **WITH** Keyword" in SkillBuilder 6.

**B.** Write a query that returns the total number of **renewable energy** power plants for each region. Which region has the most renewable power plants?

```
WITH RenewablePlants AS (
  SELECT
      region,
      plant_code
  FROM
      intel.power_plants
  WHERE
      fuel_types IN ('SUN', 'WND', 'WAT')
SELECT
  region,
  COUNT(plant_code) AS total_renewable_plants
FROM
  RenewablePlants
GROUP BY
  region
ORDER BY
```

```
total_renewable_plants DESC;
```

The Midwest is first when looking at renewable energy it could have something to do with the fluctuation of weather that happens in those areas not extreme but changing a lot can harness alot

C. Next, write a query that returns both the total number of power plants and the total energy generated, specifically from plants that use "Solar Photovoltaic" technology, grouped by each region.

```
WITH SolarPlants AS (
     SELECT
     pp.region,
     pp.plant_code,
      ebp.energy_generated_mw -- Column from the
energy_by_power_plant table
     FROM
      intel.power_plants AS pp
     INNER JOIN
      intel.energy_by_plant AS ebp
     ON
     pp.plant_code = ebp.plant_code
     WHERE
      pp.primary_technology = 'Solar Photovoltaic' -- Filter
for Solar Photovoltaic technology
)
SELECT
      region,
     COUNT(plant_code) AS total_power_plants,
     SUM(energy_generated_mw) AS total_energy_generated
FROM
```

```
SolarPlants

GROUP BY
region

ORDER BY
total_power_plants DESC; -- Optionally order by total
power plants
```

**D.** Modify your query in part **C** to only show regions having at least 50 power plants that use "Solar Photovoltaic" technology. What can you infer about the efficiency (or size) of the power plants in the Midwest region relative to the other regions in your output?

```
WITH SolarPlants AS (
      SELECT
      pp.region,
      pp.plant_code,
      ebp.energy_generated_mw
      FROM
      intel.power_plants AS pp
      INNER JOIN
      intel.energy_by_plant AS ebp
      pp.plant_code = ebp.plant_code
      WHERE
      pp.primary_technology = 'Solar Photovoltaic'
)
SELECT
      region,
      COUNT(plant_code) AS total_power_plants,
      SUM(energy_generated_mw) AS total_energy_generated
FROM
```

```
SolarPlants

GROUP BY
region

HAVING
COUNT(plant_code) >= 50

ORDER BY
total_power_plants DESC;
```

Solar seems to be the only source of power the midwest is falling behind it gets moved down to 3rd maybe because of the forests in a lot of the areas or the cloud cover that happens a lot throughout the year

**Note:** There is more Tableau work up ahead! If you want to skip the LevelUp jump straight to **Task 4** below!

# - LevelUp: Hourly Trends in Renewable Energy

Before moving on to your Tableau Visualizations, let's investigate how renewable energy generation fluctuates with the time of day.

**A.** Write a query that calculates the total **renewable** energy generated in each region for each hour of the day.

**HINT:** You'll need to use the date\_part function to get the hour from the time\_at\_end\_of\_hour column. Your result should only have the values 0-23 for that new column.

(paste your query here)

**B.** Modify your query to filter to the 'California' and 'Northwest' regions only.

(paste your query here)

**C.** Use the built-in visualizer in the SQL app to plot a line graph of the energy generated for each hour of the day and colored by the region. If done correctly you should have two lines in your visualization.

(paste your visualization here)

**D.** What can you say about the renewable energy generation between California (CAL) and the Pacific Northwest (NW)?

(write your answer here)

## - Task 4: Visualizing and Analyzing Using Tableau

Phew! Now that you've gotten the queries out of the way, you're ready to dive into investigating the best regions for Intel to put its next data center. The remaining Tasks will be completed in Tableau, and will focus on visualizing and analyzing your results. Click this link to navigate to the workbook you'll use to complete the remainder of this Project.

Once you've published your Tableau Workbook, paste the Share Link in the box below.

**Note:** Your share link <u>must</u> begin with:

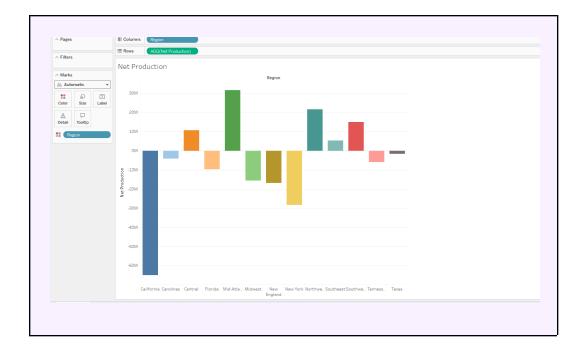
https://prod-useast-b.online.tableau.com/#/site/globaltech/workbooks/...

https://prod-useast-b.online.tableau.com/#/site/globaltech/workbooks/2094743?:origin=card\_share\_link

# Continue to post your answers in the provided boxes: purple boxes for your visualizations, and blue boxes for text-based answers.

A. On the "Net Production" sheet, create a bar chart of net production, by region. Sort the chart in descending order, from tallest to smallest.

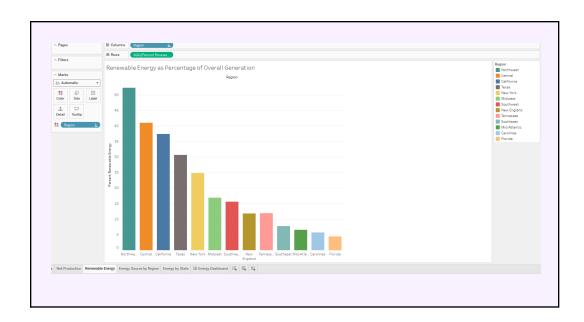
The net energy produced is calculated by subtracting the total energy demand from the total energy generation. This is already created in the field called Net Production.



B. Next, on the "Renewable Energy" sheet, create a bar chart illustrating which regions generate the greatest percentage of renewable energy.

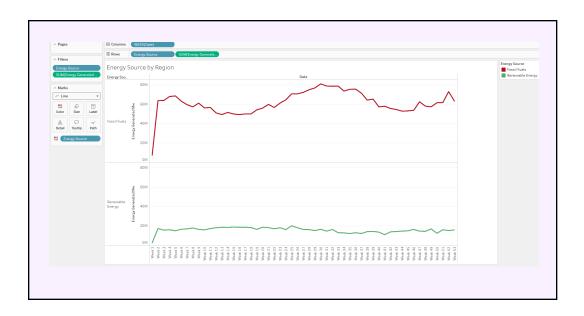
**HINT:** In Tableau, you have a field called Percent Renewable Energy

Create a bar chart in descending order of regions with the most renewable energy percentage.



C. On the "Energy Source by Region" sheet, create a line chart of the energy generated for each energy source (fossil fuels & renewable energy) at the weekly date level. Add a filter for the region to your chart.

For this chart, you will use the energy\_by\_source dataset loaded into your Tableau workbook.



**D.** On the "Energy by State" sheet create a bar chart of the total energy generated by each state and energy type. Color the bars by energy type.

Include a region filter in your chart to reduce the amount of bars shown.

For this chart you will use the power\_plant\_energy dataset that you created. You can select the data source in the upper left hand column in Tableau.



#### - Task 5: Communicating Results

Your manager wants you to share the visualizations you created in Task 3 with the Sustainability team for visibility. She has created a dashboard with your visualizations (see the "Dashboard" sheet in Tableau) and has asked you to write a short paragraph explaining which region you recommend that the next data center be built.

**A.** In 1–2 paragraphs, summarize what can be gleaned from your visualizations. What **region** and **state** do you think is best and why?

For a data center of the required size, only a few regions currently produce enough power to support it effectively—Texas, Florida, Pennsylvania, and Illinois. However, the majority of energy in these areas is generated from various fossil fuel sources. Texas

stands out as the top producer of renewable energy, generating nearly 100 million MW, far surpassing other states like Florida, which produces only 1 million MW from renewables. Based on this data, Texas is the most suitable choice for the new data center, offering substantial renewable energy resources to support sustainability goals.

That's it! Submit your final project for evaluation, and go celebrate your achievement! You just completed a rich, complex data analysis project representing real-world level work. You've gained some impressive skills! Well done, and never stop learning  $\bigcirc$ 

#### - Submission

Great work completing your Portfolio Project!! To submit your completed project file, you will need to download / export this document as a PDF and then upload it to the Milestone submission page. You can find the option to download as a PDF from the File menu in the upper-left corner of the Google Doc interface. Triple check the link to your Tableau workbook.

#### - Evaluation Rubric

Unlike your Milestones that were evaluated largely based on your effort, the evaluation of your Portfolio Project will follow traditional evaluation methods, with tasks assessed for correctness and assigned point values accordingly.

Partial credit will be given where parts of this task are correct, even if other parts are incorrect or incomplete.

Task	Task title	Max points
1	Energy Generation	50
2	Generating a New Table by Energy Type	55

3	Aggregating Power Plant Data	35	
4	Visualizing Using Tableau	40	
5	Communicating Results	20	
TOTAL POINTS:		200	
LevelUp			
		20	
1	Hourly Trends in Renewable Energy		