TABLE OF INTEGRALS

Substitution Rule

$$\int f(g(x))g'(x) dx = \int f(u) du \quad (u = g(x))$$

$$\int_a^b f(g(x))g'(x) dx = \int_{g(a)}^{g(b)} f(u) du$$

Integration by Parts

$$\int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du$$

$$\int_{a}^{b} uv' dx = uv \Big|_{a}^{b} - \int_{a}^{b} vu' dx$$

Basic Integrals

1.
$$\int x^n dx = \frac{1}{n+1} x^{n+1} + C; \ n \neq -1$$

$$3. \quad \int \cos ax \, dx = \frac{1}{a} \sin ax + C$$

$$5. \quad \int \tan x \, dx = \ln|\sec x| + C$$

7.
$$\int \sec x \, dx = \ln |\sec x + \tan x| + C$$

9.
$$\int e^{ax} dx = \frac{1}{a} e^{ax} + C$$

$$11. \quad \int \ln x \, dx = x \ln x - x + C$$

13.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 + a^2} = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C$$

15.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = \frac{1}{a} \sec^{-1} \left| \frac{x}{a} \right| + C, a > 0$$

17.
$$\int \cos^{-1} x \, dx = x \cos^{-1} x - \sqrt{1 - x^2} + C$$

19.
$$\int \sec^{-1} x \, dx = x \sec^{-1} x - \ln \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right) + C$$

$$21. \quad \int \cosh x \, dx = \sinh x + C$$

$$23. \quad \int \operatorname{csch}^2 x \, dx = -\coth x + C$$

$$25. \quad \int \operatorname{csch} x \operatorname{coth} x \, dx = -\operatorname{csch} x + C$$

$$27. \quad \int \coth x \, dx = \ln |\sinh x| + C$$

29.
$$\int \operatorname{csch} x \, dx = \ln |\tanh (x/2)| + C$$

$$2. \qquad \int \frac{dx}{x} = \ln|x| + C$$

$$4. \quad \int \sin ax \, dx = -\frac{1}{a} \cos ax + C$$

$$\mathbf{6.} \quad \int \cot x \, dx = \ln|\sin x| + C$$

8.
$$\int \csc x \, dx = -\ln|\csc x + \cot x| + C$$

10.
$$\int b^{ax} dx = \frac{1}{a \ln b} b^{ax} + C; \ b > 0, b \neq 1$$

12.
$$\int \log_b x \, dx = \frac{1}{\ln b} (x \ln x - x) + C$$

14.
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C, a > 0$$

16.
$$\int \sin^{-1} x \, dx = x \sin^{-1} x + \sqrt{1 - x^2} + C$$

18.
$$\int \tan^{-1} x \, dx = x \tan^{-1} x - \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(1 + x^2 \right) + C$$

$$20. \quad \int \sinh x \, dx = \cosh x + C$$

$$22. \quad \int \operatorname{sech}^2 x \, dx = \tanh x + C$$

24.
$$\int \operatorname{sech} x \tanh x \, dx = -\operatorname{sech} x + C$$

$$26. \quad \int \tanh x \, dx = \ln \cosh x + C$$

28.
$$\int \operatorname{sech} x \, dx = \tan^{-1} \sinh x + C = \sin^{-1} \tanh x + C$$

Trigonometric Integrals

30.
$$\int \cos^2 x \, dx = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin 2x}{4} + C$$

$$32. \quad \int \sec^2 ax \, dx = \frac{1}{a} \tan ax + C$$

$$34. \quad \int \tan^2 x \, dx = \tan x - x + C$$

36.
$$\int \cos^3 x \, dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sin^3 x + \sin x + C$$

31.
$$\int \sin^2 x \, dx = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{\sin 2x}{4} + C$$

$$33. \quad \int \csc^2 ax \, dx = -\frac{1}{a} \cot ax + C$$

$$35. \quad \int \cot^2 x \, dx = -\cot x - x + C$$

37.
$$\int \sin^3 x \, dx = \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x - \cos x + C$$

38.
$$\int \sec^3 x \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \sec x \tan x + \frac{1}{2} \ln|\sec x + \tan x| + C$$

39.
$$\int \csc^3 x \, dx = -\frac{1}{2} \csc x \cot x - \frac{1}{2} \ln|\csc x + \cot x| + C$$

40.
$$\int \tan^3 x \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \tan^2 x - \ln|\sec x| + C$$

41.
$$\int \cot^3 x \, dx = -\frac{1}{2} \cot^2 x - \ln|\sin x| + C$$

42.
$$\int \sec^n ax \tan ax \, dx = \frac{1}{na} \sec^n ax + C; \ n \neq 0$$

43.
$$\int \csc^n ax \cot ax \, dx = -\frac{1}{na} \csc^n ax + C; \ n \neq 0$$

44.
$$\int \frac{dx}{1 + \sin ax} = -\frac{1}{a} \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{ax}{2} \right) + C$$

45.
$$\int \frac{dx}{1 - \sin ax} = \frac{1}{a} \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{ax}{2} \right) + C$$

$$46. \quad \int \frac{dx}{1 + \cos ax} = \frac{1}{a} \tan \frac{ax}{2} + C$$

$$47. \quad \int \frac{dx}{1-\cos ax} = -\frac{1}{a}\cot\frac{ax}{2} + C$$

48.
$$\int \sin mx \cos nx \, dx = -\frac{\cos (m+n)x}{2(m+n)} - \frac{\cos (m-n)x}{2(m-n)} + C; m^2$$

$$\int 1 - \cos ax \qquad a$$

48.
$$\int \sin mx \cos nx \, dx = -\frac{\cos (m+n)x}{2(m+n)} - \frac{\cos (m-n)x}{2(m-n)} + C; \ m^2 \neq n^2$$
49.
$$\int \sin mx \sin nx \, dx = \frac{\sin (m-n)x}{2(m-n)} - \frac{\sin (m+n)x}{2(m+n)} + C; \ m^2 \neq n^2$$

50.
$$\int \cos mx \cos nx \, dx = \frac{\sin (m-n)x}{2(m-n)} + \frac{\sin (m+n)x}{2(m+n)} + C; \ m^2 \neq n^2$$

Reduction Formulas for Trigonometric Functions

51.
$$\int \cos^n x \, dx = \frac{1}{n} \cos^{n-1} x \sin x + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \cos^{n-2} x \, dx$$

52.
$$\int \sin^n x \, dx = -\frac{1}{n} \sin^{n-1} x \cos x + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \sin^{n-2} x \, dx$$

53.
$$\int \tan^n x \, dx = \frac{\tan^{n-1} x}{n-1} - \int \tan^{n-2} x \, dx; \ n \neq 1$$

54.
$$\int \cot^n x \, dx = -\frac{\cot^{n-1} x}{n-1} - \int \cot^{n-2} x \, dx; \ n \neq 1$$

55.
$$\int \sec^n x \, dx = \frac{\sec^{n-2} x \tan x}{n-1} + \frac{n-2}{n-1} \int \sec^{n-2} x \, dx; \ n \neq \infty$$

55.
$$\int \sec^n x \, dx = \frac{\sec^{n-2} x \tan x}{n-1} + \frac{n-2}{n-1} \int \sec^{n-2} x \, dx; \ n \neq 1$$
56.
$$\int \csc^n x \, dx = -\frac{\csc^{n-2} x \cot x}{n-1} + \frac{n-2}{n-1} \int \csc^{n-2} x \, dx; \ n \neq 1$$

57.
$$\int \sin^m x \cos^n x \, dx = -\frac{\sin^{m-1} x \cos^{n+1} x}{m+n} + \frac{m-1}{m+n} \int \sin^{m-2} x \cos^n x \, dx; \ m \neq -n$$

58.
$$\int \sin^m x \cos^n x \, dx = \frac{\sin^{m+1} x \cos^{n-1} x}{m+n} + \frac{n-1}{m+n} \int \sin^m x \cos^{n-2} x \, dx; \ m \neq -n$$

59.
$$\int x^n \sin ax \, dx = -\frac{x^n \cos ax}{a} + \frac{n}{a} \int x^{n-1} \cos ax \, dx; \ a \neq 0$$

60.
$$\int x^n \cos ax \, dx = \frac{x^n \sin ax}{a} - \frac{n}{a} \int x^{n-1} \sin ax \, dx; \ a \neq 0$$

Integrals Involving $a^2 - x^2$; a > 0

61.
$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \, dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C$$

62.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} = -\frac{1}{a} \ln \left| \frac{a+\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}{x} \right| + C$$

63.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{a^2 x} + C$$

64.
$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \, dx = \frac{x}{8} (2x^2 - a^2) \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^4}{8} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C$$

65.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} - \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C$$

66.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = -\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C$$

67.
$$\int \frac{dx}{a^2 - x^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left| \frac{x + a}{x - a} \right| + C$$

Integrals Involving $x^2 - a^2$; a > 0

68.
$$\int \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} \, dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} - \frac{a^2}{2} \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}| + C$$

69.
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}| + C$$

70.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{a^2 x} + C$$

71.
$$\int x^2 \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} \, dx = \frac{x}{8} (2x^2 - a^2) \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} - \frac{a^4}{8} \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}| + C$$

72.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{x^2} dx = \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}| - \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{x} + C$$

73.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} dx = \frac{a^2}{2} \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}| + \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} + C$$

74.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - a^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left| \frac{x - a}{x + a} \right| + C$$

75.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x(x^2 - a^2)} = \frac{1}{2a^2} \ln \left| \frac{x^2 - a^2}{x^2} \right| + C$$

Integrals Involving $a^2 + x^2$; a > 0

76.
$$\int \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \, dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \ln \left(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \right) + C$$
 77.
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} = \ln \left(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \right) + C$$

77.
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} = \ln\left(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}\right) + C$$

78.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} = \frac{1}{a} \ln \left| \frac{a - \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{x} \right| + C$$

79.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{a^2 x} + C$$

80.
$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \, dx = \frac{x}{8} \left(a^2 + 2x^2 \right) \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} - \frac{a^4}{8} \ln \left(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \right) + C$$

81.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{x^2} dx = \ln|x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}| - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{x} + C$$

82.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2} \ln \left(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{2} + C$$

83.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} - a \ln \left| \frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{x} \right| + C$$

84.
$$\int \frac{dx}{(a^2 + x^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{x}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} + C$$

85.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x(a^2 + x^2)} = \frac{1}{2a^2} \ln \left(\frac{x^2}{a^2 + x^2} \right) + C$$

Integrals Involving $ax \pm b$; $a \neq 0, b > 0$

86.
$$\int (ax+b)^n dx = \frac{(ax+b)^{n+1}}{a(n+1)} + C; \ n \neq -1$$

87.
$$\int (\sqrt{ax+b})^n dx = \frac{2}{a} \frac{(\sqrt{ax+b})^{n+2}}{n+2} + C; \ n \neq -2$$

88.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{ax-b}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{b}} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{ax-b}{b}} + C$$

89.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{ax+b}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{ax+b} - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{b}} \right| + C$$

90.
$$\int \frac{x}{ax+b} dx = \frac{x}{a} - \frac{b}{a^2} \ln|ax+b| + C$$

91.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{ax+b} dx = \frac{1}{2a^3} \left((ax+b)^2 - 4b(ax+b) + 2b^2 \ln|ax+b| \right) + C$$

92.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2(ax+b)} = -\frac{1}{bx} + \frac{a}{b^2} \ln \left| \frac{ax+b}{x} \right| + C$$

93.
$$\int x\sqrt{ax+b}\,dx = \frac{2}{15a^2}(3ax-2b)(ax+b)^{3/2} + C$$

94.
$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{ax+b}} dx = \frac{2}{3a^2} (ax-2b) \sqrt{ax+b} + C$$

95.
$$\int x(ax+b)^n dx = \frac{(ax+b)^{n+1}}{a^2} \left(\frac{ax+b}{n+2} - \frac{b}{n+1} \right) + C; \ n \neq -1, -2$$

96.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x(ax+b)} = \frac{1}{b} \ln \left| \frac{x}{ax+b} \right| + C$$

Integrals with Exponential and Trigonometric Functions

97.
$$\int e^{ax} \sin bx \, dx = \frac{e^{ax} \left(a \sin bx - b \cos bx \right)}{a^2 + b^2} + C$$

98.
$$\int e^{ax} \cos bx \, dx = \frac{e^{ax} (a \cos bx + b \sin bx)}{a^2 + b^2} + C$$

Integrals with Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

99.
$$\int \frac{dx}{x \ln x} = \ln |\ln x| + C$$

100.
$$\int x^n \ln x \, dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \left(\ln x - \frac{1}{n+1} \right) + C; \ n \neq -1$$

101.
$$\int xe^x \, dx = xe^x - e^x + C$$

102.
$$\int x^n e^{ax} dx = \frac{1}{a} x^n e^{ax} - \frac{n}{a} \int x^{n-1} e^{ax} dx$$
; $a \neq 0$

103.
$$\int \ln^n x \, dx = x \ln^n x - n \int \ln^{n-1} x \, dx$$

Miscellaneous Formulas

104.
$$\int x^n \cos^{-1} x \, dx = \frac{1}{n+1} \left(x^{n+1} \cos^{-1} x + \int \frac{x^{n+1} dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right); \ n \neq -1$$

105.
$$\int x^n \sin^{-1} x \, dx = \frac{1}{n+1} \left(x^{n+1} \sin^{-1} x - \int \frac{x^{n+1} \, dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right); \ n \neq -1$$

105.
$$\int x^n \sin^{-1} x \, dx = \frac{1}{n+1} \left(x^{n+1} \sin^{-1} x - \int \frac{x^{n+1} \, dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right); \ n \neq -1$$
 106. $\int x^n \tan^{-1} x \, dx = \frac{1}{n+1} \left(x^{n+1} \tan^{-1} x - \int \frac{x^{n+1} \, dx}{x^2+1} \right); \ n \neq -1$

107.
$$\int \sqrt{2ax - x^2} \, dx = \frac{x - a}{2} \sqrt{2ax - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x - a}{a} \right) + C; \ a > 0$$

108.
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2ax-x^2}} = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-a}{a}\right) + C; \ a > 0$$