

Project Number: 180028

PID #: 103062

Contract ID: MOT103062

DBE Goal: 7.0%

Montgomery
Airport Access Road
City of Vandalia
E160(476)

FOUR LANE RESURFACING

Work Type Percentage Performed by Prime: 50

**THE 2016 CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATION BOOK IS PART OF THE
BIDDING DOCUMENTS ON THIS PROJECT**

PROPOSAL

STATE OF OHIO

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Jerry Wray, Director

January 11, 2018

Submitted by _____

Bidder Id _____

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PN 019 – 01/20/2016 - PREPARATION OF PROPOSAL

ELECTRONIC BIDDING REQUIREMENTS

The Department uses the Bid Express website (<http://www.bidx.com>) as an official repository for electronic bid submittal. Bidders must prepare their bids electronically using Project Bids and submitted via Bid Express.

The Department will not accept handwritten bids or bids generated electronically from software other than that used and supplied by the Department. All handwritten bids and bids generated electronically from software other than that used and supplied by the Department shall be considered non-responsive and ineligible for award. The Department will only accept and consider bids that have been produced using Project Bids and submitted via Bid Express.

The Department's Office of Contracts will provide planholders with a proposal, plan set and any required addenda. Most addenda will not be provided by hard copy, but will be available on the Office of Contracts website at: <http://contracts.dot.state.oh.us>. Planholders will be notified of all addenda via email. All proposals, plans, Project Bids (EBSX) files and addenda are also available on the Office of Contracts web site.

Electronic bids must comply with all special provisions, the Construction and Material Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and the rules and regulations of the Ohio Department of Transportation regarding bid preparation and bid submittal.

Blank unit prices will be considered an invalid bid EXCEPT in the case of optional designs (projects where the bidder is required to bid on only one design). Unit prices of zero are not permitted at any time.

Addenda and/or amendments must be acknowledged in the Bid Acknowledgement section of the Project Bids (EBSX) file in order for your bid to be considered for award of this project. The section contains the certification of receipt of all hard copy proposals, addenda, amendments, plans, standard specifications and supplemental specifications. Supplemental Questionnaire information regarding the bidder's outstanding ODOT and non-ODOT work have also been included in this section. Bid Express will not accept bids that do not have amendments incorporated. Failure to incorporate changed quantities or items in your Project Bids (EBSX) submissions will result in the rejection of your bid.

Each bidder is required to file with his bid a certified check or cashier's check for an amount equal to five percent (5%) of its bid, but in no event more than fifty thousand dollars, or a bid bond for ten percent (10%) of its bid payable to the "Director of Transportation." Electronic bid bonds will be verified upon submission of bids through Bid Express. Bidders must obtain and verify a Bond ID number from the surety. This Bond ID must be entered in the "Bond ID Number" field in the Bid Bond Section of the Project Bids file.

If the contractor chooses to submit a certified check to guaranty its bid, the Department's Office of Contracts will accept a check up to 72 hours in advance of the letting. The Office of Contracts must receive the certified check by 10:00 a.m. on the day the project sells. All checks must be sent to ODOT, Office of Contracts, Attention: Letting Manager, First Floor, 1980 W. Broad St., Columbus, Ohio 43223.

The successful bidder must furnish a performance bond and a payment bond in an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the awarded contract amount. (Ohio Revised Code Section 5525.16)

Any bid received after 10:00 a.m. on the scheduled day of opening will receive no further consideration for award. The Department will not be responsible for a late bid due to failure of the bidder to allow sufficient time for delivery of the bid.

The Department will ensure that this electronic bid depository is available for a two-hour period prior to the deadline for submission of bids. In the case of disruption of national communications or loss of services by <http://www.bidx.com> during this two-hour period, the Department will delay the deadline for bid submissions to ensure the ability of potential bidders to submit bids. If this occurs, instructions will be communicated to potential bidders.

PN 007 - 10/15/2004 - TRUCK LEASING

The Code of Federal Regulations Title 49, Section 26.55(d)(4)(5)(6) governs trucking operations. This section states that the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract. The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE will receive credit for only the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease agreement. The DBE does not receive credit for the total value of the transportation services provided by the lessee, since these services are not provided by a DBE. The law requires that a lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck for credit to be accorded to the DBE. This does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. Leased trucks must display the name and identification number of the DBE.

In lieu of a truck owner displaying the name and identification number of the DBE, the truck owner shall be required to furnish a photocopy of the lease agreement. Thereby, fulfilling the rule without causing undue hardship on any entity.

Credit for expenditures with DBEs for materials or supplies toward the DBE goal is described as follows:

1. When the materials or supplies are obtained from a DBE manufacturer the prime contractor may receive credit for 100 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward the DBE goal. For purposes of this section, a manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.
2. When the materials or supplies are purchased from a DBE regular dealer or supplier the prime contractor may receive credit for 60 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward the DBE goal. For purposes of this section, a regular dealer or supplier is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business.

For subcontract agreement (C-92) purposes the following definitions will be used:

Install - DBE contractor who obtains goods, materials and supplies and fixes in place, for use, the same goods, materials and supplies. (e.g., DBE contractor obtains and fixes in place re-bar on project site). Must spend 20% or more time on project per day. 100% credit toward prime's DBE goal.

Stockpiling - DBE Contractor/Trucker who delivers materials, goods, or supplies to project site. 60% credit toward prime's DBE goal.

Tailgating - DBE Contractor/Trucker who delivers and installs materials, goods, or supplies to project site. Must spend 20% or more time on project per day. 100% credit toward prime's DBE goal.

PN 033 - 04/18/2008 - AS PER PLAN DESIGNATION - PROPOSAL NOTE

For the last several years the "As Per Plan" designation has been added to some item descriptions in the proposal to assist the Contractors to easily identify standard items that have been altered by plan notes.

The "As Per Plan" designation has proven to be a very useful tool for the Contractors. However, its use was never intended to relieve the Contractors of their responsibility to read, bid and construct all items in accordance with all governing plan notes. Therefore, the absence of an "As Per Plan" designation on some item descriptions in the proposal for which there are clear and controlling plan notes does not relieve the Contractors of the responsibility to read, bid and construct those particular items in accordance with the governing plan notes.

Be advised that the item descriptions in the bidding proposal must be read or interpreted with the governing plan notes and the Ohio Department of Transportation Construction and Materials Specifications. A claim based upon an "order of precedence" basis will be denied. In the event that a conflict, either real or perceived, exists between the item description and the governing plan note, the Contractors are to request clarification through the pre-bid process.

PN 038 - 10/15/2004 - UNRESOLVED FINDING FOR RECOVERY

The Contractor affirmatively represents to the Department that it is not subject to a finding for recovery under Ohio Revised Code §9.24, or that it has taken the appropriate remedial steps required under §9.24 or otherwise qualifies under that section. The Contractor agrees that if this representation is deemed to be false, the contract shall be void ab initio as between the parties to this contract, and any funds paid by the state hereunder shall be immediately repaid to the Department, or an action for recovery may be immediately commenced by the Department for recovery of said funds.

PN 039 - 10/15/2004 - ASSIGNMENT OF ANTITRUST CLAIMS IN STATE CONTRACT LANGUAGE

It is the policy of the Ohio Department of Transportation that ODOT and the Contractor recognize that in actual economic practice, overcharges resulting from antitrust violations are usually borne by ODOT. As consideration for the Award of the Contract and intent to be legally bound, the Contractor acting herein by and through the person signing this contract on behalf of the Contractor as a duly authorized agent, hereby assigns, sells, conveys, and transfers to ODOT any and all right, title and interest to any and all claims and causes of action the Contractor now has or hereafter requires under state or federal antitrust laws provided that the claims or causes of action related to the goods or services that are the subject to the contract. In addition, the Contractor warrants and represents that it will require any and all of its subcontractors and first tier suppliers to assign any and all federal and state antitrust claims and causes of action to ODOT. The provisions of this article shall become effective at the time ODOT executes this contract without further acknowledgment by any of the parties.

All contracting entities shall assign their rights and responsibilities to ODOT for all antitrust claims and causes of action regarding subcontractors.

PN 015 - 07/06/2012 - CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

The required contract provisions for federal-aid construction contracts (contained in Form FHWA 1273 revised May, 2012) are hereby incorporated reference as if rewritten herein.

PN 017 - 10/15/2004 - FEDERALLY REQUIRED EEO CERTIFICATION CLAUSE

The Federally Required EEO Certification is required by the Equal Employment Opportunity Regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1.7 (b) (1)), and must be submitted by bidders and proposed subcontractors only in connection with contracts and subcontractors which are subject to the equal opportunity clause. Contracts and subcontracts which are exempt from the equal opportunity clause are set forth in 41 CFR 60-1.5. (Generally only contracts or subcontracts of \$10,000 or under are exempt.)

Currently, Standard Form 100 (EEO-1) is the only report required by the Executive Orders or their implementing regulations.

Proposed prime contractors and subcontractors who have participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Executive Orders and have not filed the required reports should note that 41 CFR 60-1.7 (b) (1) prevents the award of contracts and subcontracts unless such contractor submits a report covering the delinquent period or such other period specified by the Federal Highway Administration or by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance, U.S. Department of Labor.

PN 020 – 11/21/2011 - NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT OF AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

The Bidder's attention is called to the affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 23 CFR Part 230, 41 CFR Part 60, Executive Order 11246, Section 503, and the affirmative action provisions of Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act (VEVRAA) of 1974.

Utilization goals applicable to the project, expressed in percentages, for minority and female participation for each construction craft can be found on ODOT's website at <http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/ContractAdmin/Contracts/Pages/default.aspx>. These goals are based on 2000 census data and represent the area, per craft, minority and female availability pool.

Minority and female utilization obligations by craft per county (applicable to project):
<http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/ContractAdmin/Contracts/Construction/CountyAvailability-ByTrade.pdf>

Statewide utilization obligations by craft (applicable to the Contractor's statewide workforce):
<http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/ContractAdmin/Contracts/Construction/StatewideAverages-ByTrade.pdf>

The New Hire Definition is as follows:

An individual who has a break in service (not on an employer's payroll) for a period of 12 months or longer and the person affected is not a salaried employee, but belongs to a union craft. Individuals compensated for training or incidental work which does not cause a break in unemployment compensation, i.e., paid by voucher check or petty cash, are considered new hires if the individual's break in service is 12 months or longer.

The time frame for a new hire shall be associated with the first project worked for that contractor regardless of whether it is public or private. When reporting new hires the contractor shall identify that employee as a new hire on that specific project only. Subsequent work, barring a break in service of 12 months or more, would **not** qualify the employee as a new hire for that contractor.

The Contractor's compliance shall be based on the implementation of affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 23 CFR Part 230, and its good faith efforts to meet these obligations. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and females on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the affirmative action obligations shall be a violation of the contract and regulations in 23 CFR Part 230. The good faith efforts put forth by the contractor will be measured against the total work hours performed. Under FHWA, ODOT is the authority tasked with ensuring that the contractor adheres to the aforementioned regulations. In addition to complying with the Required Contract Provisions as outlined in the attached subcontract agreement the Contractor shall provide immediate written notification to the ODOT and the Prime Contractor when referral practices of the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement impede the company's efforts to meet its equal opportunity obligations.

The Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) administers and enforces equal employment opportunity laws that apply to Federal government contractors and subcontractors supplying goods and services, including construction, to the Federal Government under 41 CFR Part 60, Executive Order 11246, Section 503, and the affirmative action provisions of VEVRAA. The OFCCP monitors compliance with these laws primarily through compliance evaluations, during which a compliance officer examines the contractor's affirmative action efforts and employment practices. Under Executive Order 11246, the OFCCP may perform contract compliance reviews on contractors involved with federally funded ODOT projects.

Requirements for affirmative action obligations governing OFCCP contract compliance reviews are those listed in the Federal Register for the Economic Area. <http://www.dol.gov/ofccp/TAguides/consttag.pdf> page E-32

The Department of Administrative Services (DAS), Equal Opportunity Division, is responsible for ensuring state contractors implement and adhere to the State of Ohio's affirmative action program pursuant to [Ohio Administrative Code \(OAC\) 123:2-3-02](#). Specifically, this unit's responsibilities includes the issuance of certificates of compliance under [ORC 9.47](#) and [153.08](#), conducting project site visits and compliance reviews (desk audits) to ensure contractors utilize minorities and women in the construction trades, as well as maintaining a working environment free of discrimination, harassment and intimidation. The DAS may perform contract compliance reviews on contractors involved with state funded ODOT projects. Requirements for affirmative action obligations governing DAS contract compliance reviews are those listed in the O.A.C. for the Metropolitan Statistical Area in which a project is located. http://www.das.ohio.gov/Eod/123_2_3_02.htm

All prime and subcontractors regardless on the number of employees or the state contract amount are required to submit monthly utilization reports (Input Form 29) to Ohio Department of Administrative Services covering the contractor's total workforce within the state of Ohio. The reports must be filed electronically by the 10th of each month, beginning with the contract award and continuing until the contractor or subcontractor completes performance of the state contract.
<http://www.das.ohio.gov/Eod/ccinputform29.htm>

The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, 200 N. High Street, Room 409, Columbus, Ohio 43215, within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor, estimated dollar amount of the subcontract, estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

PN 029 – 10/16/2015– ON THE JOB TRAINING (OJT) PROVISIONS

The requirements of this Training Special Provision supersede subparagraph 7b of the Special Provision entitled Special Employment Opportunity Responsibilities, and implements 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

The following must be included as part of the Contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action training program:

The Contractor must provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journey persons in the type or job classification in which they work.

The Contractor is not required to have a specific number of trainees assigned to this project. The Contractor will endeavor to meet ODOT's annual workforce goal of 7.6% for OJT trainees. The number of trainees will be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the Contractor's needs and the availability of the journey persons in the various classifications. The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him or her who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journey person status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor must make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g., by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and will not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, regardless of whether the applicant is a member of a minority group or not.

No employee will be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he or she has successfully completed a training course leading to journey person status or in which he or she has been employed as a journey person. The Contractor must satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee's application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used, the Contractor's records must document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be established in the training program selected by the Contractor.

No payment by ODOT will be made to the Contractor for providing this training. However, if the Contractor fails to provide adequate training and cannot show good faith efforts on its part to provide adequate training, it will be subject to a formal compliance review to determine the Contractor's efforts in meeting EEO laws and regulations.

Each Contractor shall provide adequate reporting on trainees and their progress. The Contractor shall report all OJT trainees on its payroll submission to the Department via selecting the OJT designation in the labor code for each trainee.

The prime or subcontractor conducting the training must be involved in at least one Federal project per calendar year in order to get FHWA training credit. Participation in the OJT Program is not project or contract specific.

All Contractors are encouraged to participate in the OJT program. Such a program will be considered when examining the Contractor's Good Faith Efforts toward meeting its contractual affirmative action obligations.

All Contractors shall submit their own Training Program or Apprenticeship Certificate, for approval, to the District in which the company's home office is located.

All OJT trainees must have the appropriate certification. Apprenticeship Certificates can be obtained from the State of Ohio, Department of Job and Family Services, Ohio State Apprenticeship Council. The union apprenticeship agreement is not acceptable verification of an apprentice's enrollment in a union-sponsored training program. A copy of the Apprenticeship Certificate along with a statement indicating the number of months/years the employee has been in the apprenticeship program must be submitted to the EEO Coordinator in the company's home district and to the prevailing wage coordinator in the district responsible for the project within 90 days of the apprentice beginning work on the project.

PN 035 - 10/15/2004 - SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY PROGRAM OF MANUAL 6-4-1-2 SPECIFIC EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY RESPONSIBILITIES

1. GENERAL

a. Equal employment opportunity requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal employment opportunity as required by Executive Order 11246 and Executive Order 11375 are set forth in Required Contract Provisions (Form PR- 1273 or 1316, as appropriate) and these Special Provisions which are imposed pursuant to Section 140 of Title 23, U.S.C., as established by Section 22 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1968. The requirements set forth in these Special Provisions shall constitute the specific affirmative action requirements for project activities under this contract and supplement the equal employment opportunity requirements set forth in the Required Contract Provisions.

b. The contractor will work with the State Highway Agencies and the Federal Government in carrying out equal employment opportunity obligations and in their review of his/her activities under the contract.

c. The contractor and all his/her subcontractors holding subcontracts not including material suppliers, of \$10,000 or more, will comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of equal employment opportunity: (The equal Employment Opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as set forth in Volume 6, Chapter 4, Section 1, Subsection I of the Federal-Aid Highway Program Manual, are applicable to material suppliers as well as contractors and subcontractors.) The contractor will include these requirements in every subcontract of \$10,000 or more with such modification of language as is necessary to make them binding on the subcontractor.

2. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY POLICY

The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement which is designed to further the provision of equal employment opportunity to all persons without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, or national origin, and to promote the full realization of equal employment opportunity through a positive continuing program:

It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, or national origin. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training.

3. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY OFFICE

The contractor will designate and make known to the State Highway Agency contracting officers an equal employment opportunity officer (hereinafter referred to as the EEO Officer) who will have the responsibility for and must be capable to effectively administering and promoting an active contractor program of equal employment opportunity and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

4. DISSEMINATION OF POLICY

a. All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's equal employment opportunity policy and contractual responsibilities to provide equal employment opportunity in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

(1) Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's equal employment opportunity policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.

(2) All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official covering all major aspects of the contractor's equal employment opportunity obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

(3) All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer or appropriate company official in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minority group employees.

b. In order to make the contractor's equal employment opportunity policy known to all employees, prospective employees and potential sources of employees, i.e., schools, employment agencies, labor unions (where appropriate), college placement officers, etc., the contractor will take the following actions:

(1) Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's equal employment opportunity policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

(2) The contractor's equal employment opportunity policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

5. RECRUITMENT

a. When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Employment Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be published in newspapers or other publications having a large circulation among minority groups in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

b. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minority group applicants, including, but not limited to, State employment agencies, schools, colleges and minority group organizations. To meet this requirement, the contractor will, through his EEO Officer, identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority group applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, he is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to extent that the systems permits the contractor's compliance with equal employment opportunity contract provisions. (The U.S. Department of Labor has held that where implementation of such agreements have the effect of discriminating against minorities or women or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Executive Order 1 1246, as amended.)

c. The contractor will encourage his present employees to refer minority group applicants for employment by posting appropriate notices or bulletins in areas accessible to all such employees. In addition, information and procedures with regard to referring minority group applicants will be discussed with employees.

6. PERSONNEL ACTIONS

Wages, working conditions and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with his obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of his avenues of appeal.

7. TRAINING AND PROMOTION

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minority group and women employees, and applicants for employment.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. In the event the "Training Special Provisions" are included in this bid proposal, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in said provisions.

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of minority group and women employees and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

8. UNIONS

If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use his/her best efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minority groups and women within the unions, and to effect referrals by such unions of minority and female employees. Actions by the contractor either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use best efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minority group members and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minority group employees and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use best efforts to incorporate an equal employment opportunity clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the State Highway Department and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of minority and women referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex or national origin, making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minority group persons and women. (The U.S. Department of Labor has held that it shall be no excuse that the union with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement providing for exclusive referral failed to refer minority employees.) In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the State highway agency.

9. SUBCONTRACTING

a. The contractor will use his best efforts to solicit bids from and to utilize minority group subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority group and female representation among their employees. Contractors shall obtain lists of minority-owned construction firms from State Highway Agency personnel.

b. The contractor will use his best efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their equal employment opportunity obligations.

10. RECORDS AND REPORTS

a. The contractor will-keep such records as are necessary to determine compliance with the contractor's equal employment opportunity obligations. The records kept by the contractor will be designed to indicate:

(1) the number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project,

(2) the progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women (applicable only to contractors who rely in whole or in part on unions as a source of their work force),

(3) the progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees, and

(4) the progress and efforts being made in securing the services of minority group subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority and female representation among their employees.

b. All such records must be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the State Highway Agency and the Federal Highway Administration.

c. The contractors will submit to the State Highway Agency a monthly report for the first three months after construction begins and every month of July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form PR 139 1. If on-the-job training is being required by "Training Special Provisions," the contractor will be required to furnish Form FHWA 1409.

PN 026 - 10/15/2004 - CERTIFICATION OF NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

(a) A Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities, as required by the May 9, 1967, Order of the Secretary of Labor (32 F.R. 7439, May 19, 1967) on Elimination of Segregated Facilities (is included in the proposal and must be submitted prior to the award of a Federal-aid highway construction contract exceeding \$10,000 which is not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause).

(b) Bidders are cautioned as follows: By signing this bid, the bidder will be deemed to have signed and agreed to the provisions of the "Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities" in this proposal. This certification provides that the bidder does not maintain or provide for his employees facilities which are segregated on a basis of race, creed, color, or national origin, whether such facilities are segregated by directive or on a de facto basis. The certification also provides that the bidder will not maintain such segregated facilities.

(c) Bidders receiving Federal-aid highway construction contract awards exceeding \$10,000 which are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause, will be required to provide for the forwarding of the following notice to prospective subcontractors for construction contracts and material suppliers where the subcontracts or material supply agreements exceed \$10,000 and are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause.

"Notice to Prospective Subcontractors and Material Suppliers of Requirement for Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities" -

(a) A Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities as required by the May 9, 1967, Order of the Secretary of Labor (32 F.R. 7439, May 19, 1967) on Elimination of Segregated Facilities, which is included in the proposal, or attached hereto, must be submitted by each subcontractor and material supplier prior to the award of the subcontract or consummation of a material supply agreement if such subcontract or agreement exceeds \$10,000 and is not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause.

(b) Subcontractors and material suppliers are cautioned as follows: By signing the subcontract or entering into a material supply agreement, the subcontractor or material supplier will be deemed to have signed and agreed to the provisions of the "Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities" in the subcontract or material supply agreement. This certification provides that the subcontractor or material supplier does not maintain or provide for his employees facilities which are segregated on the basis of race, creed, color, or national origin, whether such facilities are segregated by directive or on a de facto basis. The certification also provides that the subcontractor or material supplier will not maintain such segregated facilities.

(c) Subcontractors or material suppliers receiving subcontract awards or material supply agreements exceeding \$10,000 which are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause will be required to provide for the forwarding of this notice to prospective subcontractors for construction contracts and material suppliers where the subcontracts or material supply agreements exceed \$10,000 and are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause.

PN 031 – 02/22/2016 - PROMPT PAYMENT

The Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 49, 26.29 requires that ODOT establish a mechanism to monitor Prompt Payment requirements to all subcontractors.

The Prime Contractor shall notify the Department that it has complied with the Prompt Payment requirements set forth in Construction and Materials Specification 107.21 utilizing the Civil Rights and Labor (CRL) System. The Prime Contractor will enter subcontractor payments within 10 calendar days of payment from ODOT.

CRL Requirements with interactive training guides can be found at <http://transportation.ohio.gov/crl/> under "Ohio DOT Reference Materials"

The affirmation of compliance shall include the following information:

- 1.) The name of the subcontractor or supplier that was paid;
- 2.) The dollar amount of the payment to the subcontractor or supplier;
- 3.) The date the subcontractor/supplier was paid.

Subcontractors or suppliers will affirm the payment was made in the CRL system, on the date and in the amount listed in the affirmation. The Prime Contractor shall include this affirmation requirement in all subcontractor and supplier contracts that it enters into and further require that all subcontractors and suppliers place the same payment obligation in each of their lower tier contracts.

PN 046 - 10/15/2004 - SUBCONTRACT AGREEMENTS

Prime contractors will not be required to submit executed C-92s with their subcontract agreements for Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) subcontractors prior to the execution of the prime contract with ODOT. The prime contractor must only furnish to the Department subcontract agreements from the DBE subcontractors with whom they propose to utilize to fulfill the project goal. Again, this requirement is at the time of contract execution with ODOT.

However, the prime contractor must submit C-92s prior to the DBE commencing work. At the time of submission of the C-92 the DBE subcontractor must have sufficient dollar and work type qualifications to perform the work. The prime contractor will be held accountable to meet the project goal.

PN 013 – 07/21/2017 - DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) UTILIZATION PLAN AND GOOD FAITH EFFORTS

DBE UTILIZATION PLAN

All Bidders shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan at the time of bid setting forth specific information demonstrating how the Bidder will achieve the DBE goal. By submitting a DBE Utilization Plan, the Bidder is affirming that they will be using the DBE firms identified in the Utilization Plan to meet the DBE contract goal. The DBE Utilization Plan shall be submitted with the Project Bids (EBS)/Bid Express Online Submission through the DBE List folder at time of bid submission. Any bids received without electronic submission of the DBE Utilization Plan at or before bid time, will be deemed unresponsive. Bidders shall download the dbe.bin file from <http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/ContractAdmin/Contracts/Construction/dbe-bids.bin>. This file contains the current list of certified DBEs and is updated regularly. The dbe-bids.bin file must be saved in the same directory as the Project Bids (EBS) file.

The DBE Utilization Plan shall include the following information:

- 1) The names and addresses of the certified DBE firm(s) that will be used to meet the DBE goal;
- 2) A description of the work that each DBE will perform. To count toward meeting a goal, each DBE firm must be certified in a NAICS code applicable to the kind of work the firm would perform on the contract;
- 3) Whether the DBE firm(s) being used to meet the goal will be utilized as a subcontractor, regular dealer, manufacturer, consultant or other capacity; and
- 4) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm used to meet the DBE goal.

PROJECTS AWARDED ON ALTERNATES

In the event the project is awarded on alternates which increases or decreases the total dollar amount of the bid, a revision to the DBE Utilization Plan and DBE Affirmation Form(s) shall be submitted and approved by the Office of Small & Disadvantaged Business Enterprise within five (5) calendar days after the notification of the alternates.

DBE AFFIRMATION

The Apparent Low Bidder shall ensure the DBE firms being utilized to meet the DBE goal affirm their participation in the bid within five (5) calendar days after the bid opening to ODOT. The contract dollar amount(s) and/or DBE firm(s) included in the Apparent Low Bidder's DBE Utilization Plan must match the contract dollar amount(s) and/or DBE firm(s) included on the DBE Affirmation Form(s). If the contract dollar amount(s) and/or DBE firm(s) do not match, the Apparent Low Bidder shall utilize the Request to Terminate/Substitute DBE Form located at <http://Transportation.ohio.gov/Divisions/ODI/SDBE/Pages/Resources.aspx> and submit for review and approval by the Office of Small & Disadvantaged Business Enterprise within five (5) calendar days of the bid opening.

The Apparent Low Bidder shall utilize the DBE Affirmation Form located at <http://Transportation.ohio.gov/Divisions/ODI/SDBE/Pages/Resources.aspx>. The DBE Affirmation Form will be utilized as written confirmation from each listed DBE firm that it is participating in the contract in the kind and amount of work provided in the Bidder's DBE Utilization Plan. The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a separate DBE Affirmation Form for each DBE it is utilizing for the DBE goal and their Good Faith Efforts package if they were not able to attain the DBE Goal via DBE participation.

All other Bidders shall submit a DBE Affirmation Form(s) if notified that the information is required in order for ODOT to complete its bid assessment. Bidders shall have five (5) calendar days from the date of notification to submit all required DBE Affirmation Forms to ODOT. Notification will be by phone or email.

In the event a DBE firm fails to confirm the information contained in the DBE Affirmation Form within five (5) calendar days of bid opening, the Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a Request to Terminate/Substitute DBE Form, as set forth herein. The Request to Terminate/Substitute DBE Form shall be submitted within five (5) calendar days after bid opening in order for the Apparent Low Bidder to still be considered for contract award. The Apparent Low Bidder shall include as its reason for termination the DBE firm's failure to provide a timely affirmation and should include all efforts the Apparent Low Bidder made to obtain the affirmation from the DBE firm and shall attach proof of these efforts, if available. If the Apparent Low Bidder intends to replace the DBE Firm, it shall include the replacement firm's information on the form. In the event the Apparent Low Bidder is unable to affirm a DBE firm included in its original DBE Utilization Plan at bid submission and it results in a goal shortfall, Good Faith Efforts (GFE's) must be submitted by the fifth calendar day after bid opening. All GFE documentation submitted for consideration should demonstrate the efforts the Bidder made prior to the time of bid submission to secure sufficient DBE participation on the project to meet the DBE goal although the Bidder was unable to do so. A DBE firm's failure to timely confirm information contained in the DBE Affirmation Form will be considered as good cause to terminate the DBE firm and will also be considered a part of the Apparent Low Bidder's Good Faith Efforts in meeting the goal.

DBE BIDDERS

In the event that the Bidder is also a certified DBE firm, the Bidder is required to complete a DBE Utilization Plan as set forth above. In this instance, however, the certified DBE Bidder would not need to submit a DBE Affirmation Form for the work it is planning to self-perform in order to meet the goal. ODOT will consider the submission of the bid as the certified DBE Bidder's written confirmation that it is participating in the contract. However, a DBE Affirmation Form must be submitted for all other DBE firms that are being utilized toward the DBE goal.

JOINT VENTURES

In the event that the Bidder is a Joint Venture, the Joint Venture will only be considered a Certified DBE firm if the Joint Venture itself has been certified. The Joint Venture may, however, utilize a Certified DBE firm that is also a partner in the Joint Venture as part of its DBE Utilization Plan. The Certified DBE Firm/Joint Venture Partner, however, does not need to submit a DBE Affirmation Form for any work that the Certified DBE Firm/Joint Venture Partner is going to perform to meet the goal. ODOT will consider submission of the Joint Venture's bid as the Certified DBE Firm/Joint Venture Partner's confirmation that it is participating in the contract.

GOOD FAITH EFFORTS (GFE's)

In the event that the DBE contract goal established by ODOT is not met, the Apparent Low Bidder shall demonstrate that it made adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal, even though it did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to do so.

If the Apparent Low Bidder does not meet the goal at bid time, the Apparent Low Bidder shall submit its Good Faith Efforts (GFE's) documentation within five (5) calendar days of the bid opening. Submission of DBE affirmation(s) with additional participation sufficient to meet the DBE contract goal does not cure the Apparent Low Bidder's failure to meet the goal at bid time or eliminate the Apparent Low Bidder's responsibility of submitting GFE's within five (5) calendar days of the bid opening.

The Apparent Low Bidder shall demonstrate its GFE's by submitting the following information within five (5) calendar days after the bid opening:

- (1) All written quotes received from certified DBE firms;
- (2) All written (including email) communications between the Apparent Low Bidder and DBE firms;
- (3) All written solicitations to DBE firms, even if unsuccessful;
- (4) Copies of each non-DBE quote when a non-DBE was selected over a DBE for work on the contract;
- (5) Phone logs of communications with DBE firms.

The Apparent Low Bidder shall utilize the Pre-Bid GFE Template to document their GFE's. This template and supporting documentation shall be sent along with any DBE Affirmation Forms within five (5) calendar days of bid opening. ODOT has provided Good Faith Efforts Guidance located at <http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/ODI/SDBE/DBE%20Goal%20Forms/Contractors%20Good%20Faith%20Efforts%20Guidelines.pdf>

All other Bidders shall submit documentation of GFE's if notified that the information is required in order for ODOT to complete its bid assessment. Bidders shall have five (5) calendar days from the date of notification to submit all required GFE documentation. Notification will be by phone or email.

ODOT shall utilize the guidance set forth in 49 CFR §26.53 Appendix A in determining whether the Bidder has made adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal.

ADMINISTRATIVE RECONSIDERATION

ODOT will review the GFE documentation and issue a written determination on whether adequate GFE's have been demonstrated prior to contract award. In the event that ODOT determines that the Apparent Low Bidder has failed to demonstrate adequate GFE's to meet the goal, the Apparent Low Bidder will have an opportunity for administrative reconsideration prior to the contract being awarded.

As part of this reconsideration, the Apparent Low Bidder may provide written documentation or argument concerning the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate good faith efforts to do so. Such written documentation or argument must be provided to ODOT, attention to the Deputy Director of the Division of Chief Legal Counsel, 1980 West Broad Street, MS 1500, Columbus, Ohio 43223, within two (2) business days of ODOT's written determination that GFE's were not adequately demonstrated. The Apparent Low Bidder may also include in their written documentation a request for an in person meeting to discuss the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate good faith efforts to do so.

ODOT will send the Apparent Low Bidder a written decision on reconsideration explaining the basis for finding that the Apparent Low Bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the United States Department of Transportation.

TERMINATION OR REPLACEMENT OF A DBE

By submitting a DBE Utilization Plan, the Bidder is committing to use the DBE firms identified in the plan. The Apparent Low Bidder/Awarded Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed in the DBE Utilization Plan to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Apparent Low Bidder/Awarded Contractor obtains written consent as provided in this paragraph. In order to request termination or substitution of a DBE firm, the Apparent Low Bidder/Awarded Contractor shall utilize the Request to Terminate/Substitute DBE Form located at <http://Transportation.ohio.gov/Divisions/ODI/SDBE/Pages/Resources.aspx>.

This termination/replacement procedure applies only to DBE firms or the amount of work being utilized to meet the goal.

Without ODOT's written consent to terminate/replace a DBE firm being utilized to meet the goal, the Awarded Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for DBE listed work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE.

GOOD CAUSE

ODOT may provide written consent to terminate a DBE only if it agrees, for reasons stated in a concurrence document, that the Apparent Low Bidder/Awarded Contractor has good cause to terminate the DBE firm.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause to terminate a DBE includes the following circumstances:

- 1) The listed DBE firm fails or refuses to provide the required DBE Affirmation Form or to execute a written contract;
- 2) The listed DBE firm fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a manner consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE firm to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the awarded contractor;
- 3) The listed DBE firm fails or refuses to meet the awarded contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements.
- 4) The listed DBE firm becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- 5) The listed DBE firm is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law;
- 6) ODOT has determined that the listed DBE firm is not a responsible contractor;
- 7) The listed DBE firm voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal;

- 8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- 9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract; and
- 10) Other documented good cause that ODOT determines compels the termination of the DBE firm. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the awarded contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the awarded contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the awarded contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

REPLACEMENT

When a DBE firm is terminated or fails to complete its work on the contract for any reason the Awarded Contractor must make GFEs to find another DBE firm to replace the original DBE. These GFEs shall be directed at finding another DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE that was terminated, to the extent needed to meet the contract goal. The GFEs shall be documented by the Awarded Contractor. If ODOT requests documentation under this provision, the Awarded Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven (7) calendar days, which may be extended for an additional seven (7) calendar days if necessary at the request of the contractor, and ODOT shall provide a written determination to the contractor stating whether or not GFEs have been demonstrated.

In addition to post-award terminations, the provisions of this section apply to pre-award deletions and substitutions of DBE firms put forward by Bidders in the DBE Utilization Plan.

ADDITION

In the event additional DBE participation is required for the project, the Awarded Contractor shall utilize the DBE Affirmation Form located at <http://Transportation.ohio.gov/Divisions/ODI/SDBE/Pages/Resources.aspx>. The DBE Affirmation Form will be utilized as written confirmation from each DBE firm that it is participating in the contract in the kind and amount of work on the project.

WRITTEN NOTICE TO DBE

Before transmitting to ODOT its request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE firm, the Apparent Low Bidder/Awarded Contractor must give notice in writing to the DBE firm, with a copy to ODOT, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason(s) for the request.

The Apparent Low Bidder/Awarded Contractor must give the DBE five (5) calendar days to respond to the notice, advising ODOT and the Apparent Low Bidder/Awarded Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why ODOT should not approve the Apparent Low Bidder/Awarded Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity (e.g., safety), ODOT may provide a response period shorter than five (5) days.

GOAL ATTAINMENT POST AWARD

The Awarded Contractor shall make available upon request a copy of all DBE subcontracts. The Awarded Contractor shall ensure that all subcontracts or agreements with DBEs require that the subcontract and all lower tier subcontractors be performed in accordance with this Proposal Note.

Approval of a DBE Utilization Plan does not ensure approval of C-92 Requests to Sublet nor does approval of a DBE Utilization Plan indicate that the DBE goal has been met. ODOT will monitor goal attainment throughout the life of the project.

It is the responsibility of the Awarded Contractor to advise ODOT of any changes to the DBE Utilization plan throughout the life of the project. The DBE goal of a project is stated as a percentage of the contract. In the event the contract amount increases or decreases, the actual dollar amount of the DBE goal for the project may increase or decrease accordingly.

SANCTIONS AND ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

PRE-BID

Failure by the Apparent Low Bidder to do any of the following shall result in the bid being rejected in accordance with ORC §5525.08:

- 1) Failure to submit a complete DBE Utilization Plan at the time of bid;
- 2) Failure to submit DBE Affirmation Form(s) and/or failure to submit Request to Terminate/Substitute DBE Form(s) as required by this Proposal Note; and
Failure to meet the goal and/or failure to demonstrate GFEs to meet the goal as required by this Proposal Note.

POST-BID

Failure by the Awarded Contractor to carry out the requirements of this Proposal Note, including the submission of adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal for a project, is a material breach of the contract and may result in the issuance of sanctions as follows:

1st Tier: Letter of Reprimand

2nd Tier: Damages equivalent to the DBE shortfall

3rd Tier: If a pattern of paying damages persists or the Contractor has falsified, misrepresented or withheld information, ODOT can pursue other remedies available by law including suspension, revocation, and/or debarment.

Factors to be considered in issuing sanctions may include, but are not limited to the following:

- the magnitude and the type of offense
- the degree of the Contractor's culpability
- any steps taken to rectify
- the Contractor's record of performance on other projects including, but not limited to:
 - annual DBE participation
 - annual DBE participation on projects without goals
 - the number of complaints ODOT has received regarding the Contractor
 - the number of times the Contractor has been previously sanctioned by ODOT

PN 090 - 01/21/2011 - WORK TYPE CODES AND DESCRIPTIONS

The Department will indicate the work type required for each pay item. If the line item does not have a corresponding work type, NR will be shown in the work type column. This proposal note will govern the assignment of work types to pay items.

However, the Contractor may perform incidental work items for which it does not hold the required work type provided the cost of the work does not exceed 5% of the total bid. The Contractor may also perform Work Type 26 (Structural steel painting) without holding the required work type provided the total area to be painted does not exceed 700 SF per structure. The Contractor may perform Work Type 57 (Sealing of Concrete Surfaces with Epoxy or Non-Epoxy Sealers) without holding the required work type provided the total area to be sealed does not exceed 75 SY per project.

Listed below are the work types for this proposal. In accordance with Ohio law, a bidder must possess work types, and perform work equal to the percentage included on the front cover of this proposal. This is a percentage of the total amount of the submitted bid price. The Director may, by insertion of a contract provision, reduce the fifty percent amount.

Work Type Code	Work Type Description	Work Type Code	Work Type Description
1	Clearing & Grubbing	29	Structure Repairs
2	Building Removal	30	Hydrodemolition
3	Gas, Oil, Water Well Abandonments	31	Structural Steel Repairs
4	Roadway Excavation & Embankment Construction	32	Heat Straightening
5	Major Roadway Excavations	33	Tieback Installation
6	Incidental Grading	34	Earth Retaining Structures
7	Soil Stabilization	35	Drainage (Culverts, Misc.)
8	Temporary Soil Erosion & Sediment Control	36	Guardrail / Attenuators
9	Aggregate Bases	37	Fence
10	Flexible Paving	38	Misc. Concrete
11	Apply Bituminous Treatments	39	Maintenance of Traffic
12	Rigid Paving	40	Waterproofing
13	Pavement Planning, Milling, Scarification	41	Raised Pavement Markers
14	Concrete Texturing	42	Signing
15	Sawing	43	Highway Lighting
16	Flexible Replacement	44	Traffic Signals - Standard
17	Rigid Pavement Replacement	45	Pavement Markings
18	Pavement Rubblizing, Breaking, Pulverizing	46	Landscaping
19	Structure Removal	47	Mowing
20	Level 1 Bridge	48	Trucking
21	Level 2 Bridge	49	Herbicide Spraying
22	Level 3 Bridge	50	Railroad Track Construction
23	Reinforcing Steel	51	Micro Tunneling
24	Structural Steel Erection	52	Tunneling
25	Stud Welding	53	Piling
26	Structural Steel Painting	54	Post-Tensioning Bridge Members
27	Expansion & Contraction Joints, Joint sealers, Bearing Devices	55	Fiber Optic Cable Installation, Splicing, Termination and Testing – Traffic Signal System
28	Caissons / Drilled Shafts	56	Fiber Optic Cable Installation, Splicing, Termination and Testing – Intelligent Transportation System
		57	Sealing of Concrete Surfaces with Epoxy or Non-Epoxy Sealers

PN 059 - 10/15/2004 - WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- an existing published wage determination
- a survey underlying a wage determination
- a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response for this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determination
Wage and Hour Division
U. S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (see 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U. S Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requester considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U. S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

PN 061 – 01/20/2016 -WAGE SCALE ON ALL FEDERAL-AID PROJECTS

The wage rates for this project were determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with Federal-Aid requirements.

Contractors shall use only the classifications and wage rates set forth in the United States Department of Labor (USDOL) wage decision found at the website noted below on payrolls submitted to the District Office. Additionally, please note that the wage modification in effect at the time of the project sale date, shall be used by all contractors.

This USDOL wage decision may be viewed, by accessing the United States Department of Labor (USDOL) website at:

<http://www.wdol.gov/wdol/scafiles/archive/davisbacon/2017/oh2.r22>

This contract requires the payment of the total of the basic hourly rates plus the fringe benefits payments for each classification in accordance with the following regulations which by reference are made part of this contract:

- 1) The U.S. Department of Labor Regulations, Title 29, Subtitle A, Part 5, Sections 5.5, 5.31, and 5.32, most recent revision at contract execution.
- 2) Form FHWA-1273 (most recent revision at contract execution) Part IV. Payment of Predetermined Minimum Wage and Part V. Statements and Payrolls.

The failure to pay prevailing wages to all laborers and mechanics employed on this project, shall be considered a breach of contract. Such a failure may result in the termination of the contract and debarment.

The Contractor and all subcontractors shall pay all wages and fringe benefits by company check. All payroll records and canceled pay checks shall be maintained for at least three years after final acceptance as defined in section 109.12 of the Ohio Department of Transportation Construction and Materials Specifications. The Contractor's and all subcontractors payroll records and canceled pay checks shall be made available for inspection by the Department and the U.S. Department of Labor, upon request, anytime during the life of the contract, and for three years thereafter by the U.S. Department of Labor. Additionally, the Contractor and all subcontractors shall permit such representatives to interview any employees during working hours while the employee is on the job.

The wage and fringe rates determined for this project shall be posted by the Contractor in a prominent and accessible place on the project, field office, or equipment yard where they can be easily read by the workers.

The Contractor (both prime and sub) shall submit via the Department Civil Rights & Labor System (CRL), certified payrolls each week beginning three weeks after the start of work. The Department will not accept payrolls not uploaded via CRL (no handwritten payrolls). These payrolls shall include but not limited to the following:

1. Employee name, address, social security number, classification, and hours worked.
2. The basic hourly and overtime rate paid, total pay, and the manner in which fringe benefit payments have been irrevocably made.
3. The contract ID and pay week dates.
4. Signature of an authorized company representative will be done online through CRL.

CRL Requirements with interactive training guides can be found at <http://transportation.ohio.gov/crl/>.

Additionally, a copy of the "Apprentice Certification" obtained from the Ohio State Apprenticeship Council, must accompany all certified payrolls submitted for all apprentices working on this project. Instructions for attaching the apprenticeship certificate can also be found at <http://transportation.ohio.gov/crl/> under Attaching the Apprenticeship Certificate.

Please be aware that it is ultimately the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that all laws relating to prevailing wages in the USDOL Regulations, Title 29, parts 1 and 5, are strictly adhered to by all subcontractors on the project.

If the Contractor or any subcontractor fails to comply with any of the provisions contained in this proposal note, the Department may terminate the contract, debar the Contractor or Subcontractor and/or withhold or suspend pay estimates after written notice and a reasonable opportunity to comply has been provided.

PN 050 - 10/15/2004 - LIMITATION ON USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

1. The prospective bidder certifies, by signing and submitting this bid proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
 - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
 - b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying" in accordance with its instructions.
2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. This certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
3. The prospective bidder also agrees by submitting his or her bid proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such sub-recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

PN 045 - 10/15/2004 - NON - COLLUSION AFFIDAVIT

In accordance with Title 23 United States Code, Section 112 and Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 1331 et. seq; and Sections 2921.11 and 2921.13, the bidder hereby states, under penalty of perjury and under other such penalties as the law provides, that he or his agents or employees have not entered either directly or indirectly into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal. Execution of this proposal on the signature portion thereof shall constitute also signature of this Non-Collusion Affidavit as permitted by title 28 United States Code, Section 1746.

REPORTING BID RIGGING

To report bid rigging activities call:

1-800-424-9071

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

PN 415 – 01/15/2016 - ASPHALT PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINT CONSTRUCTION

Replace the requirements of C&MS Section 401.17 with the following.

401.17 Joints. Place cold wedge joints and cold vertical face joints in a continuous manner. Set up joints at the proper height above the adjacent construction to receive maximum compaction. When the edge of a vertical face joint has been significantly rounded by the action of traffic, trim it to a vertical face before placing the adjacent pavement. When a wedge joint has been significantly rounded or damaged by traffic, or has disintegrated, replace the wedge joint. On projects where traffic is allowed to cross the edge of the new pavement lane, complete the longitudinal joint of the adjacent lane or berm within 24 hours.

Place a hot longitudinal joint where required. A hot longitudinal joint may be used in place of any cold joint unless restricted by the plan. Form hot longitudinal joints using spreading equipment meeting 401.12 operating in contiguous lanes, one just ahead of the other. Do not use a wedge joint for a hot longitudinal joint. Maintain the distance between spreading equipment in adjacent lanes such that it does not exceed the distance that a normal size load of mixture will cover. Alternate loads of mixture between the spreading equipment. Do not allow rollers performing the initial rolling operation in one lane closer than 12 inches (0.3 m) to the hot longitudinal joint until the adjacent lane is placed.

Instead of hot joint construction using multiple spreading equipment, the Contractor may use full width construction with a single unit unless restricted by the plan.

For mixes other than 446, compact all cold longitudinal joints on intermediate and surface courses using a three-wheel roller.

For surface courses, form or cut all transverse construction joints to a vertical face. Unless a hot joint is constructed or full width construction is used, place a wedge joint in surface and intermediate courses where no confinement of the course's first pass at the cold joint exists. Do not place a wedge joint at ramps and other tight areas of slow production as designated by the Engineer. Instead provide a vertical face joint. Do not use a wedge joint for any course thickness less than 1.25 inch (32 mm). Provide a 0.5 to 0.7 inch (12 to 18 mm) vertical face notch at the upper portion of the wedge after compaction. Allow a notch at the lower wedge toe of height equal to the nominal maximum aggregate size of the asphalt concrete mixture. Provide a sloped wedge with a width of no more than 6.0 inches (152mm) and an angle of no more than 10 degrees from horizontal for surface courses up to 1.75 inches (45 mm) lift thickness. Provide a sloped wedge with a width of no more than 10.0 inches (250 mm) and an angle of no more than 15 degrees from horizontal for courses over 1.75 inches (45 mm) lift thickness.

The lane width is determined from the upper notch of the wedge. When constructing the wedge joint maintain the asphalt material head the same as or greater than the head of asphalt material in front of the spreading equipment screed. Remove any loose asphalt material at the lower wedge toe or any material that is not part of the wedge slope face before overlaying. When the adjacent lane top portion of the wedge joint is placed over the bottom portion of the first lane wedge joint use the same equipment required for constructing wedge joints at 0 degrees wedge taper to achieve precompaction of the top portion of the wedge joint.

Construct the wedge joint using equipment meeting the following requirements. The wedge joint device will be attached to the spreading equipment in all wedge joint operations. The wedge joint device will pre-compact, rather than strike off, the asphalt concrete by means of a longitudinal, uniformly decreasing material height of the asphalt concrete forced under the wedge joint device as the spreading equipment moves forward. The angle of pre-compaction thru the device will be 25 to 35 degrees. The length of travel of material under the device will be a minimum of 10 inches (250 mm). Provide additional compaction on the wedge and after the wedge joint device as desired but do not distort the wedge and notch configuration. The wedge joint device will have a variable angle adjustment from 0 degrees (horizontal) to the taper angle necessary to complete the wedge height required as well as creating the required notch. The wedge joint device will be constructed to allow at least the same head of asphalt material in front of the device as is in front of the spreading equipment screed. The wedge joint device will be constructed to not allow any asphalt material to bypass wedge joint precompaction.

Obtain approval of the above wedge joint equipment before use by contacting the Laboratory at least two weeks in advance of use to demonstrate the wedge joint device meets the requirements above. Do not use wedge joint equipment unless it has been approved by the Laboratory and meets the above requirements.

Seal all cold longitudinal construction joints by coating the entire face of the cold joint with a certified PG binder to provide 100% coverage of the joint and overlap the joint edges by at least 0.5 inch (12.5mm). Seal all cold transverse construction joints with a certified PG binder to provide 100% coverage of the joint or with an asphalt material applied at a rate of 0.25 gallon per square yard (1 L/m²).
Asphalt Engineer of the Office of Materials Management.

PN 420 - 10/21/2016 - SURFACE SMOOTHNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR PAVEMENTS

DESCRIPTION: The surface tolerance specification requirements are modified as follows for all pavements of constant width with at least 1 centerline mile (1.6 km) of continuous paving. Short breaks in paving such as bridge decks, intersections, etc. are not considered breaks in continuous paving. Also included is pavement for ramps, acceleration lanes, and deceleration lanes greater than 0.5 miles (0.8 km) in length. Do not include pavement for turn lanes including center turn lanes, shoulders, crossovers, approach slabs, and bridge decks.

Roads with less than 1 centerline mile (1.6 km) of paving; ramps, acceleration lanes, and deceleration lanes less than 0.5 miles (0.8 km); and sections of undivided highways, as defined in this note, within corporation limits with posted speed limits less than 40 miles per hour require smoothness measurement and corrective action for all areas of localized roughness with an IRI in excess of 250 inches per mile (3.95 m/km) in 25 feet (7.6 m) only. Do not include pavement for turn lanes including center turn lanes, shoulders, crossovers, approach slabs, and bridge decks.

Areas not part of this specification are subject to the requirements of the original item(s) specified.

If the pavement surface is Rubberized Open Graded Asphalt Friction Course (Supplemental Specification 803), this specification applies to the surface of the course immediately below and references to the number of courses placed do not include the SS803 course.

MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT: Provide smoothness measuring equipment conforming to Supplement 1058. Furnish the Department's approval letter of the profiler and the operator to the Engineer. The Engineer will verify the smoothness measuring equipment conforms to Supplement 1058. The Engineer will complete the Smoothness Profiler Verification Report found in Supplement 1058, Appendix A, to document profiler calibration prior to measurement. The Engineer will verify the profile operator's certification against the operator list posted on the Office of Technical Services webpage. Furnish equipment meeting the requirements of C&MS 257.02 for performing corrective diamond grinding.

SMOOTHNESS MEASUREMENT: Measure the pavement surface smoothness in both wheel paths. Wheel paths are located parallel to the centerline or baseline of the roadway or ramp and approximately 3.0 feet (1.0 m) from the centerline of the lane or ramp, measured transversely in both directions. Ensure the path of the profiler is parallel to the lane centerline at all times. Measure the entire length of pavement, event marking the profile runs such that profile data can later be identified when the profile sensor(s) is within 1.0 foot (0.3 m) of any existing pavement not constructed on the project, pressure relief joint, approach slab, or other non pavement features (i.e. manholes, valve boxes). Remove any objects such as dirt, debris, curing covers, etc., prior to performing the surface smoothness measurements. Replace any curing covers after the measurements are taken. Repair any membrane curing damaged during the measurements.

Do not perform any surface smoothness measurements until the pavement has cured sufficiently to allow measuring without damaging the pavement. When the pavement will not support the profiler on the next working day, notify the Engineer and inform the Engineer when the measurements will be taken. Provide the Engineer at least 24 hours' notice prior to performing any measurements. Do not take measurements until project site verification is demonstrated to the Engineer according to Supplement 1058.

Develop an International Roughness Index (IRI) according to ASTM E 1926 for each 0.1-mile (0.16 km) section. Submit two copies of the summary report from ProVAL conforming to Supplement 1110 and two electronic copies of all longitudinal pavement profiles in ProVAL compatible format to the Engineer. The Engineer will submit one copy of the summary report and one electronic copy of the profiles to the Office of Technical Services.

Provide necessary traffic control and survey stationing for all surface smoothness measurements.

MANDATORY CORRECTIVE ACTION: Perform corrective action for the applicable surface type as required. Do not include pavement within 40 feet (12.2 m) of a bridge deck or approach slab in any 0.1-mile (0.16 km) section evaluated for pay adjustment. Measure and evaluate these 40 foot (12.2 m) sections for localized roughness corrections. Provide a list of all mandatory corrective action locations, with station, lane, and proposed corrections to the Engineer for approval. Do not perform any corrective actions without approval of the Engineer.

Asphalt Concrete Surface: Classify asphalt pavement areas into one of the following types based on the work performed as part of the Project.

Type A: Asphalt pavement specified as at least two uniform courses with the total thickness placed greater than or equal to 3 inches (75 mm).

Type B: Asphalt pavement specified as either: a) at least one uniform course with the total thickness placed less than 3 inches (75 mm) and including Item 254 or SS897 planing prior to resurfacing, or b) at least two uniform courses with the total thickness less than 3 inches (75 mm) without including Item 254 or SS897 planing prior to resurfacing.

Type C: Asphalt pavement specified as a single uniform course not meeting the criteria of Type B. The uniform course may be placed on a non-uniform leveling course.

TABLE 420-1 ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT CLASS CRITERIA				
	Divided Highways*		Undivided Highways*	
Pavement Class	Corrective Action	Pay Adjustment Schedule (Table 420-3)	Corrective Action	Pay Adjustment Schedule (Table 420-3)
Type A [\geq 3in. + 2-course]	[1],[5]	A	[2],[5]	A
Type B [$<$ 3in. + Milling] or [$<$ 3in. + 2-course]	[1],[5]	A	[3],[5]	A
Type C [$<$ 3in. + 1-course]	[2],[5]	A	[4]	B

* Divided highways have physical separation such as a grass median, raised concrete median, guardrail, or barrier between the two directions of travel. Highways with continuous two way left turn lanes are considered undivided. Undivided highways with short sections, less than 1000 feet (300 m), of physical separation are considered undivided for the entire length.

Corrective Action:

- [1] Correct all areas of localized roughness having deviations, high or low points, with an IRI in excess of 160 inches per mile (2.53 m/km) in 25 feet (7.6 m).
- [2] Correct all areas of localized roughness having deviations, high or low points, with an IRI in excess of 200 inches per mile (3.16 m/km) in 25 feet (7.6 m).
- [3] Correct all areas of localized roughness having deviations, high or low points, with an IRI in excess of 225 inches per mile (3.55 m/km) in 25 feet (7.6 m).
- [4] Correct all areas of localized roughness having deviations, high or low points, with an IRI in excess of 250 inches per mile (3.95 m/km) in 25 feet (7.6 m).
- [5] Correct any 0.1-mile (0.16 km) sections having an IRI greater than 90 inches per mile (1.42 m/km).

Perform corrective action as required in Table 420-1 by removing and replacing to the depth necessary to correct the deviations or by diamond grinding. Use asphalt concrete meeting the contract requirements for the replacement work. Apply Item 407 Tack Coat prior to placing the surface course. The total amount of grinding is limited to no more than 5% by longitudinal length of the lane-miles (lane-km) eligible for a pay adjustment.

Re-measure each 0.1-mile (0.16 km) section where corrective action was performed to ensure compliance with Table 420-1.

If the final surface course is Item 803, seal any diamond ground areas with material meeting the requirements of 702.04 prior to placing the Item 803.

Portland Cement Concrete Surface: Classify pavement areas into one of the following types based on the work performed as part of the Project.

Type A: Concrete pavement with the total specified thickness greater than or equal to 8 inches (200 mm).

Type B: Concrete pavement with the total specified thickness greater than 6 inches (150 mm) and less than 8 inches (200 mm).

Type C: Concrete pavement with the total specified thickness less than or equal to 6 inches (150 mm).

TABLE 420-2 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT CLASS CRITERIA				
Pavement Class	Divided Highways*		Undivided Highways*	
	Corrective Action	Pay Adjustment Schedule (Table 420-3)	Corrective Action	Pay Adjustment Schedule (Table 420-3)
Type A [≥ 8 in.]	[1],[5]	A	[1],[5]	A
Type B [> 6 in. & < 8 in.]	[1],[5]	A	[2],[5]	A
Type C [≤ 6 in.]	[2],[5]	A	[3]	B

* Divided highways have physical separation such as a grass median, raised concrete median, guardrail, or barrier between the two directions of travel. Highways with continuous two way left turn lanes are considered undivided. Undivided highways with short sections, less than 1000 feet (300 m), of physical separation are considered undivided for the entire length.

Corrective action:

[1] Correct all areas of localized roughness having deviations, high or low points, with an IRI in excess of 160 inches per mile (2.53 m/km) in 25 feet (7.6 m).

[2] Correct all areas of localized roughness having deviations, high or low points, with an IRI in excess of 200 inches per mile (3.16 m/km) in 25 feet (7.6 m).

[3] Correct all areas of localized roughness having deviations, high or low points, with an IRI in excess of 225 inches per mile (3.55 m/km) in 25 feet (7.6 m).

[5] Correct any 0.1-mile (0.16 km) sections having an IRI greater than 90 inches per mile (1.42 m/km).

Perform corrective action as required in Table 420-2 by diamond grinding or removing and replacing. Use Portland cement concrete meeting the contract requirements for the replacement work.

Re-measure each 0.1-mile (0.16 km) section where corrective action was performed to ensure compliance with Table 420-2.

Complete all corrective action prior to determination of pavement thickness. If corrective action is required, the surface texture after diamond grinding is acceptable and no additional texturing is required.

Asphalt and Portland Cement Concrete Surfaces: If corrective action is required, develop a corrective action plan at least 7 days before beginning corrective action. Include in the plan identification and detailed location descriptions of all localized and lot violations and proposed corrective action. Do not begin corrective action until receiving the Engineer's acceptance of the corrective action plan. The corrective action plan is limited to grinding, pavement removal and replacement or a combination of the two. Upon completion of the corrective action, re-measure surface smoothness according to this specification. In the event the Contractor is not able to correct the surface smoothness to meet the Specification, the DCA may establish a deduction to the Contract in accordance with section 105.03 of the C&MS.

EXEMPTED CORRECTIONS: Required corrective action resulting from contract requirements for maintaining traffic and construction joints placed at the beginning and end of each work period are considered exempted corrections. The contractor will identify and define all exempted correction locations. Exempted corrections for maintaining traffic occur primarily at ramps or other access points where paving must be suspended. Required corrective action due to material availability, weather, or any other reason not listed above, is not considered an exempted correction. No exempted corrections for maintaining traffic exist on projects where the maintenance of traffic plan does not interfere with paving operations. Perform exempted corrections according to the requirements for mandatory corrective action.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: Determine the IRI for each lane for each 0.1-mile (0.16 km) section of paving. The IRI for a 0.1-mile (0.16 km) section is the average of the IRI of the two wheel paths.

PAY ADJUSTMENTS: A lump sum pay adjustment will be made according to the following schedule and calculations for each lane for each 0.1-mile (0.16 km) section. Payment will be based on a 12 foot (3.7 m) lane width, regardless of lane width. Pay adjustments are based on the weighted average bid unit cost per square yard for the section multiplied by the pay factor as determined in Table 420-3. Pavement thickness is the total thickness of asphalt concrete, Portland cement concrete, or both placed as part of the contract and does not include any SS803 course, free draining base, aggregate base, stabilized subgrade, etc.

TABLE 420-3 PAY SCHEDULE			
SCHEDULE A		SCHEDULE B	
IRI	PAY ADJUSTMENT	IRI	PAY ADJUSTMENT
Inches per mile per 0.1 mile section (m/km per 0.16 km section)	Percentage of Unit Cost (PUC) (%)	Inches per mile per 0.1 mile section (m/km per 0.16 km section)	Percentage of Unit Cost (PUC) (%)
35 (0.55) or less	4	45 (0.71) or less	4
Over 35 to 50 (0.55 to 0.79)	$(50 - \text{IRI}) * \left(\frac{4}{15}\right)$	Over 45 to 60 (0.71 to 0.95)	$(60 - \text{IRI}) * \left(\frac{4}{15}\right)$
Over 50 to 70 (0.79 to 1.10)	0	Over 60 (0.95)	0
Over 70 to 90 (1.10 to 1.42)	$-(\text{IRI} - 70) * \left(\frac{6}{20}\right)$		
Over 90 (1.42)	(1)		

(1) Corrective action required

Asphalt Pavements:

$$WUC = \frac{(t_1 \times u_1) + (t_2 \times u_2) + (t_3 \times u_3) \dots}{36}$$

Where: *WUC* = weighted unit cost (\$/SY).

t = lift thickness (in.).

u = bid unit cost (\$/CY).

Concrete Pavements:

$$WUC = \text{bid unit cost (\$/SY)}$$

Pay Adjustment (*PA*):

$$PA = WUC \times 704 \times PUC$$

Where: *WUC* = weighted unit cost (\$/SY).

PUC = percentage of unit cost from Table 420-3, expressed as a decimal.

Pay adjustments will be based on the measured IRI after any mandatory corrective action however no incentive will be paid for any 0.1-mile (0.16 km) section where mandatory corrective action was performed regardless of the resulting IRI.

One-tenth mile (0.16 km) sections with exempted corrections only are eligible for incentive pay based on IRI measurements taken after completion of the exempted corrections.

At the Contractor's option, corrective action may be performed on any section with an IRI greater than 70 inches per mile (1.10 m/km) to reduce or eliminate the negative pay adjustment however, no incentive will be paid regardless of the resulting IRI. As an option the Department may allow corrective action, in the form of diamond grinding, Item 254, or SS897 pavement planing, to improve the profile on any course prior to the surface course. If the final course is Item 803 do not perform corrective action on the Item 803. Only diamond grinding may be performed on the course immediately below Item 803.

Negative pay adjustments apply to sections with mandatory corrective action and exempted corrections.

No payment will be made for any 0.1-mile (0.16 km) section subject to Schedule A that has an IRI greater than 90 inches per mile (1.42 m/km) until corrective action has been completed and the IRI has been reduced to less than 90 inches per mile (1.42 m/km).

BASIS OF PAYMENT: Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials necessary to meet this specification in the contract unit or lump sum price for the applicable pavement items.

PN 520 09/09/2015 - FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT

General: This Fuel Price Adjustment (Fpa) provision is intended to minimize risk to the Contractor or Design Build Team, (DBT) due to fuel price fluctuations that may occur during the Contract. This provision is not designed to estimate actual quantities of fuel used in construction operations, but to provide a reasonable basis for calculating a fuel price adjustment based on average conditions.

The Department determines adjustments under the provisions of this Proposal Note, and presumes that the Contractor/(DBT) has relied on these provisions when determining unit bid prices. The monthly application range for percent change (Mbp/Cbp) will not exceed 50% for a Fuel Price Adjustment increase or decrease as outlined in Section B, Calculation of Fuel Price Adjustment.

A. Price Adjustment Criteria: These requirements provide for a price adjustment, positive or negative, to payments due the Contractor/(DBT) for fluctuations in the cost of fuel consumed in the performance of certain items of work. These price adjustment provisions apply only to those items in the contract as grouped by category and identified in Table A-1. All adjustments will be made based on fuel consumption indicated by Table A-1, and no changes will be made for actual consumption rates.

Category descriptions and the fuel usage factors which are applicable to each are as follows:

Fuel Adjustment Categories, Table A-1				
Category	Basis of Calculation and Threshold Quantity	Eligible Items	Units	Fuel Usage Factor
Earthwork	Apply only to the greater of the sum of all Excavation quantities or the sum of all Borrow and Embankment quantities. Threshold Quantity* = 30,000 c.y. (22,936 c.m.)	203, 204	Gallons per cubic yard (Gallons per cubic meter)	0.50 (0.65)
Aggregate Bases	Apply to quantity calculated based on the Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment. Threshold Quantity* = 2,500 c.y. (1,912 c.m.)	304, 307	Gallons per cubic yard (Gallons per cubic meter)	0.75 (0.98)
Select Granular Backfill	Apply to quantity calculated based on the Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment. Threshold Quantity* = 2,000 c.y. (1,529 c.m.)	840	Gallons per cubic yard (Gallons per cubic meter)	0.75 (0.98)
Flexible Bases and Pavements	Apply to quantity calculated based on the Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment. Threshold Quantity* = 1,200 c.y. (917 c.m.)	301, 302, 424, 441, 442, 443, 446, 448, 803, 826, 851, 857, 880	Gallons per cubic yard (Gallons per cubic meter)	1.70 (2.22)
Rigid Bases and Pavements	Apply to quantity calculated based on the Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment. Threshold Quantity* = 1,200 c.y. (917 c.m.)	305, 306, 451, 452, 526, 884,	Gallons per cubic yard (Gallons per cubic meter)	1.00 (1.31)
Structural Concrete	Apply to quantity calculated based on the Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment. Threshold Quantity* = 350 c.y. (268 c.m.)	511, 524, 842, 892	Gallons per cubic yard (Gallons per cubic meter)	4.00 (5.23)

* A Fuel Price Adjustment will only apply when the sum of all **original** contract quantities or for Design Build Projects all completed in-place accepted final quantities for the category meet or exceed the specified Threshold Quantity. When a Fuel Price Adjustment applies, calculate the Fuel Price Adjustment for the sum of all quantities for the category per this proposal note.

B. Calculation of Fuel Price Adjustment: Fuel Price Adjustments may be either positive or negative. A positive Fuel Price Adjustment will result in a payment to the Contractor/(DBT) while a negative Fuel Price Adjustment will result in a deduction.

The Department will calculate a Monthly Base Price (Mbp) for fuel for each month of each calendar year beginning with January 2001. The method for calculating the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) will be on file in the Division of Construction Management. The Monthly Base Price (Mbp) will be used to calculate all Fuel Price Adjustments. The Contract Base Price (Cbp) will be the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) for the month the contract was bid. All Monthly Base Price (Mbp) values will be posted on the Division of Construction Management, Office of Construction Administration website at: <http://www.dot.state.oh.us/Divisions/ConstructionMgt/Admin/Pages/PriceIndexes.aspx>

During each month of the contract the Engineer will select the applicable Monthly Base Price (Mbp) and calculate the ratio of the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) divided by the Contract Base Price (Cbp). The formulas below allow for a variation in fuel prices without recognizing cost increases/ decreases within the range of 90% to 110% of the Contract Base Price (Cbp).

When, and only when, the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) divided by the Contract Base Price (Cbp) is less than 0.90 or greater than 1.10 will the Engineer calculate a Fuel Price Adjustment (Fpa).

Cost increases in excess of 150% of the Contract Base Price (Cbp) will not be recognized. When, the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) divided by the Contract Base Price (Cbp) is greater than 1.50, the Fpa shall be calculated using a Cbp/Mbp ratio of 1.50.

Cost decreases in excess of 50% of the Contract Base Price (CBP) will not be recognized. When, the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) divided by the Contract Base Price (Cbp) is less than 0.50, the Fpa shall be calculated using a Cbp/Mbp ratio of 0.50.

For a Price Increase:

$$Fpa = [(Mbp/Cbp) - 1.10] \times Cbp \times Q$$

For a Price Decrease:

$$Fpa = [(Mbp/Cbp) - 0.90] \times Cbp \times Q$$

Where:

Fpa = Fuel Price Adjustment

Mbp = Monthly Base Price

Cbp = Contract Base Price

Q = The number of gallons of fuel used in the placement of items identified in Table A-1 during that month at the specified Fuel Usage Factor. Q will be determined by the Engineer for each category by multiplying the applicable Fuel Usage Factor by the sum of quantities of completed and accepted work for the specified items.

The total Monthly Fuel Price Adjustment will be the algebraic sum of the Fuel Price Adjustments for materials placed during the month for each applicable category identified in Table A-1. The Total Fuel Price Adjustment for the project will be the algebraic sum of all Monthly Fuel Price Adjustments. The

Department will calculate the Monthly and Total Fuel Price Adjustment on a monthly basis and make contract modifications as provided in Section C, Payment/Deduction.

C. Payment/Deduction: The Fuel Price Adjustment will be paid, or deducted, upon approval of a change order prepared after completion of all work. Contractor/(DBT) markups are not permitted. Partial payments or deductions will be processed prior to total completion when the unpaid accrued Total Fuel Price Adjustment exceeds \$10,000 or once every 12 months.

D. Expiration of Contract Time: When eligible items of work grouped by category and identified in Table A-1 are performed after expiration of contract time and liquidated damages are chargeable, the value of Monthly Base Price (Mbp) used to compute the price adjustment will be either the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) at the time of actual performance or the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) at the time contract time expired, whichever is less.

E. Extra Work: When eligible items of work grouped by category and identified in Table A-1 are added to the contract as Extra Work and for which a unit price is negotiated the Contractor/(DBT) must use the appropriate price for fuel when preparing required backup data for the negotiated price. No Fuel Price Adjustment will be made for fuel consumed in the performance of eligible work added to the contract as Extra Work at a negotiated price when the work commences within 90 days of the approval of the change order authorizing said extra work. If the eligible work at a negotiated price commences more than 90 days after the approval of the change order authorizing said extra work a Fuel Price Adjustment will be made if said extra work quantities exceed the applicable threshold quantity in Table A-1. The Fuel Price Adjustment will be calculated using the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) value for the month the change order authorizing said extra work was approved as the value for its Contract Base Price (Cbp).

When Extra Work is added to the contract as a Force Account operating costs for equipment used in the performance of this work will be paid in accordance with C&MS 109.05.C.4 with no further adjustment.

F. Final Quantities: Upon completion of the work and determination of final pay quantities a change order will be prepared to reconcile any difference between estimated quantities previously paid and the final quantities. In this situation, the value for the Monthly Base Price (Mbp) used in the price adjustment formula will be the average of all Monthly Base Price (Mbp) values previously used for computing price adjustments.

PN 534- 04/17/2015 - ASPHALT BINDER PRICE ADJUSTMENT

A. Eligibility

If the Department's asphalt binder index has increased or decreased in excess of 10%, asphalt concrete may be eligible for a price adjustment. The total price adjustment must be more than \$800.

B. Price Adjustment Criteria and Conditions:

The Department will establish and publish the asphalt binder Bidding Index (BI) and Placing Index (PI) for each month of each calendar year. The asphalt binder indexes will be posted on the Department's website.

The Department will establish the asphalt binder indexes based on the data provided in the Poten & Partners, Inc., Asphalt Weekly Monitor® (AWM) (<http://www.poten.com/copyright.asp>).

The Department will use the selling price for PG 64-22 paving grade asphalt from the Midwest/Mid-continent Markets of Illinois/Michigan/Ohio/Indiana/Kentucky for the Ohio cities/areas listed. The Department will average the Ohio cities/areas low and high selling prices as published in the last weekly publishing period of each month that includes the last Friday of the month to calculate the BI and PI. The calculated asphalt binder BI will be posted by the Department as the index for the following month. The calculated asphalt binder PI will be posted by the Department as the index for the current month.

The Director will determine the asphalt binder indexes in the event data from the AWM is unavailable for any reason.

C. Price Adjustment Calculations

If the ratio of the PI to the BI is greater than 1.10 or less than 0.90, the Department will adjust the compensation the contractor receives for eligible quantities of asphalt concrete. The adjustment is based on the bid month and the month of asphalt concrete placement. The adjustment will apply to the price for asphalt binder used in eligible asphalt concrete quantities according to the following formula:

For a price increase:

$$PA = \left(\frac{PI}{BI} - 1.10 \right) \times C \times Q$$

For a price decrease:

$$PA = \left(\frac{PI}{BI} - 0.90 \right) \times C \times Q$$

Where:

PA = Price Adjustment

BI = Bidding Index, the asphalt binder index for the month the project is bid

PI = Placing Index, the asphalt binder index for the month the asphalt concrete is placed

C = BI x percent virgin asphalt binder / 100

Q = Eligible quantity of asphalt concrete in tons (metric tons)

The percent of virgin asphalt binder used to calculate C is determined from the approved Job Mix Formula (JMF).

The eligible quantity of asphalt concrete, Q, is the complete, in-place, and accepted quantity in tons (metric tons) placed in the month being considered for price adjustment. If the quantity is paid in cubic yards (cubic meters), the Department will convert the volume into tons (metric tons) using the conversion factor established according to the Department's Construction and Material Specifications Item 401.21.

If eligible asphalt concrete is placed beyond an approved Contract Completion Date, the Department will base price adjustments on either the PI for the last month of the approved Contract Completion Date, or the PI for the actual month of placing, using whichever PI is less.

At a minimum, the Department will calculate and apply price adjustments at the end of each construction season and as soon as practical after the completion of the project.

D. Extra Work/Force Account:

When new asphalt concrete pay items are added to the contract as Extra Work, in accordance with the provisions of C&MS Section 109.05, no price adjustments will be made.

PN 555 -10/20/17 – SURFACE SMOOTHNESS FOR BRIDGES AND APPROACHES

DESCRIPTION

This Surface smoothness requirements of C&MS 451.13 are modified as follows for bridge encounters; defined as 25 feet (7.6 m) of entry pavement, entry approach slab, bridge deck, exit approach slab and 25 feet (7.6 m) of exit pavement including all joints, in addition to and pavement transitions.

MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

Provide smoothness measuring equipment conforming to Supplement 1058. Furnish the Department's approval letter of the profiler and the operator to the Engineer prior to commencing work. The Engineer will verify the smoothness measuring equipment conforms to Supplement 1058. The Engineer will verify the profile operator's certification against the operator list posted on the Office of Technical Services webpage. Furnish equipment meeting the requirements of C&MS 257.02 for performing corrective diamond grinding. The Engineer will complete the Smoothness Profiler Verification Report in Supplement 1058.

SMOOTHNESS MEASUREMENT

Collect surface smoothness measurements for both wheelpaths in each proposed travel lane during one continuous pass. The wheelpaths are located parallel to the centerline or baseline of the roadway or ramp and approximately 3.0 feet (1.0 m) from the centerline of the lane, measured transversely in both directions. Start the profile measurement approximately 250 feet (76 m) before the approach slab/pavement interface at the entry end and continue to approximately 250 feet (76 m) after the approach slab/pavement interface at the exit end.

Notify the engineer a minimum of 24 hours prior to surface smoothness measurements. Do not perform any measurements until all final wearing courses are in place within the bridge encounter lanes being measured and all concrete surfaces have reached specified curing and loading requirements. Remove all dirt and debris from the surface of the travel lanes prior to performing the surface smoothness measurements. Provide permanent or temporary pavement markings for all travel lanes that are of sufficient size to be visible during surface smoothness measurements. Ensure the path of the profiler is parallel to the lane centerline at all times during data collection.

Develop an International Roughness Index (IRI) according to ASTM E 1926 for the bridge encounter using a continuous 25 foot (7.6 m) base length analysis for each wheelpath and calculate the Mean IRI (MRI) for each travel lane. The MRI is the average of the IRI values for the right and left wheelpaths in each travel lane. Submit two copies of the summary report from ProVAL conforming to Supplement 1112 and two electronic copies of all bridge encounter profiles in ProVAL compatible format to the Engineer, of which one copy of the summary report and one electronic copy of the profiles will be submitted to the Office of Technical Services.

Provide necessary traffic control and survey stationing for all surface smoothness measurements.

MANDATORY CORRECTIVE ACTION

For bridge encounters exceeding 265 feet (80 m) in length, corrective action is required for each travel lane with an MRI above 130 inches per mile (2.05 m/km). Perform corrective action to reduce the MRI for each corrected lane to 100 inches per mile (1.58 m/km) or less. The MRI threshold does not apply to bridge encounters less than 265 feet (80 m) in length.

Corrective action is required where the IRI in any 25 foot (7.6 m) segment of the bridge encounter exceeds 250 inches per mile (3.94 m/km), except in segments that include a steel armored expansion joint system where corrective action is required when the IRI exceeds 350 inches per mile (5.52 m/km). Perform corrective action to reduce the IRI for each corrected lane to 250 inches per mile (3.16 m/km) or less for any 25 foot (7.6 m) segment. For any 25 foot (7.6 m) segment that includes a steel armored expansion joint system, perform corrective action to reduce the IRI at the steel armor for each corrected lane to 350 inches per mile (5.52 m/km) or less. Do not perform corrective diamond grinding within 1.5 feet (0.45 m) of a steel armored expansion joint system installed prior to the corrective action. Do not exceed 0.5 inches (13 mm) of material removed by corrective diamond grinding without approval of the Engineer. If proposing diamond grinding exceeding 0.5 inches (13mm), use a pachometer or equivalent, capable of locating the nearest reinforcement, (i.e. size and location), accurate to within ± 0.1 inches (2.5 mm). Provide cover readings within 6 inches (150 mm) of grinding locations exceeding 0.5 inches (13 mm) of removal depth.

Anytime PN 420 is used in conjunction with PN 555, the localized roughness criteria for the pavement beyond one foot of the approach slab will be governed by the criteria in PN 420 [IRI in any 25 foot (7.6 m) segment not to exceed 160 inches per mile (3.94 m/km)].

If corrective action is required, develop a corrective action plan in accordance with Supplement 1112. Submit the corrective action plan to the Engineer at least 7 days before beginning corrective action. Do not begin corrective action until receiving the Engineer's acceptance of the corrective action plan. The corrective action plan may include but is not limited to grinding, pavement removal and replacement or a combination of the two. Upon completion of the corrective action, re-measure surface smoothness according to this specification. In the event the Contractor is not able to correct the surface smoothness to the Specification, the DCA may establish a deduction to the Contract in accordance with section 105.03 of the Construction and Materials Specification. Feather areas adjacent to ground areas to provide a smooth surface. Re-groove diamond ground surfaces according to 511.17 if the existing grooves are less than 0.08 inches (2 mm) deep at no additional cost to the Department. Replace pavement markings and raised pavement markers according to the plans.

Project Number: 180028

To the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation: The undersigned, having full knowledge of the site, plans and specifications for the following improvement and the conditions of this proposal, hereby agrees to furnish all services, labor, materials, and equipment necessary to complete the entire project, according to the plans, specifications and completion dates, and to accept the unit prices specified below for each item as full compensation for the work in this proposal.

Date Set for Completion: **6/30/2018**

Unit Price Contract

FOR IMPROVING A SECTION IN THE CITY OF VANDALIA, IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, OHIO, IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS BY RESURFACING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, WIDENING RAMPS, APPLYING PAVEMENT MARKINGS, AND PERFORMING STRUCTURE REPAIRS.

Project Length: 1.53 Miles

Work Length: 1.53 Miles

Pavement Width: 36 Feet

Project Number: 180028

Section 0001 ROADWAY

Line	Alt	Item Code	Item Description	WT	Unit	Quantity
0001		201E11000	CLEARING AND GRUBBING (WT: 01)	01	LS	1.000
0002		202E23010	PAVEMENT REMOVED, ASPHALT (WT: NR)	NR	SY	255.000
0003		203E10000	EXCAVATION (WT: 06)	06	CY	345.000
0004		203E20000	EMBANKMENT (WT: 06)	06	CY	80.000
0005		204E10000	SUBGRADE COMPACTION (WT: 06)	06	SY	1,144.000

Section 0002 EROSION CONTROL

Line	Alt	Item Code	Item Description	WT	Unit	Quantity
0006		659E00300	TOPSOIL (WT: 46)	46	CY	135.000
0007		659E10000	SEEDING AND MULCHING (WT: 46)	46	SY	1,210.000
0008		659E14000	REPAIR SEEDING AND MULCHING (WT: 46)	46	SY	61.000
0009		659E15000	INTER-SEEDING (WT: 46)	46	SY	61.000
0010		659E20000	COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER (WT: 46)	46	TON	0.170
0011		659E31000	LIME (WT: 46)	46	ACRE	0.250
0012		659E35000	WATER (WT: 46)	46	MGAL	7.000
0013		832E30000	EROSION CONTROL (WT: 08)	08	EACH	20,000.000

Section 0003 PAVEMENT

Line	Alt	Item Code	Item Description	WT	Unit	Quantity
0014		254E01000	PAVEMENT PLANING, ASPHALT CONCRETE (T=1-1/2") (WT: 13)	13	SY	76,293.000
0015		301E46020	ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE, PG70-22M (WT: 10)	10	CY	71.000
0016		304E20000	AGGREGATE BASE (WT: 09)	09	CY	231.000
0017		407E10000	TACK COAT (WT: 10)	10	GAL	6,145.000
0018		441E50100	ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE 1, (448), PG70-22M (WT: 10)	10	CY	3,206.000
0019		441E50300	ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 2, (448) (WT: 10)	10	CY	43.000

Section 0004 TRAFFIC CONTROL

Line	Alt	Item Code	Item Description	WT	Unit	Quantity
0020		618E40600	RUMBLE STRIPS, (ASPHALT CONCRETE) (WT: NR)	NR	MILE	3.000
0021		621E00100	RPM (WT: 41)	41	EACH	193.000
0022		626E00102	BARRIER REFLECTOR, TYPE 1 1WAY (WT: NR)	NR	EACH	18.000
0023		626E00112	BARRIER REFLECTOR, TYPE 3 (BIDIRECTIONAL) (WT: NR)	NR	EACH	18.000

Project Number: 180028

0024		626E00112	BARRIER REFLECTOR, TYPE 3 1WAY (WT: NR)	NR	EACH	27.000
0025		644E00104	EDGE LINE, 6" (WT: 45)	45	MILE	6.910
0026		644E00204	LANE LINE, 6" (WT: 45)	45	MILE	2.990
0027		644E00404	CHANNELIZING LINE, 12" (WT: 45)	45	FT	1,313.000
0028		644E00500	STOP LINE (WT: 45)	45	FT	46.000
0029		644E00720	CHEVRON MARKING (WT: 45)	45	FT	58.000
0030		644E01300	LANE ARROW (WT: 45)	45	EACH	6.000
0031		644E01510	DOTTED LINE, 6" (WT: 45)	45	FT	1,393.000
0032		644E30000	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING (WT: 45)	45	FT	195.000
0033		646E10010	EDGE LINE, 6" (WT: 45)	45	MILE	0.160
0034		646E10110	LANE LINE, 6" (WT: 45)	45	MILE	0.080

Section 0005 TRAFFIC SIGNALS

Line	Alt	Item Code	Item Description	WT	Unit	Quantity
0035		632E26500	DETECTOR LOOP (WT: 44)	44	EACH	4.000
0036		632E27200	LOOP DETECTOR TIE IN (WT: 44)	44	EACH	3.000

Section 0006 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

Line	Alt	Item Code	Item Description	WT	Unit	Quantity
0037		614E11110	LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WITH PATROL CAR FOR ASSISTANCE (WT: 39)	39	HOUR	32.000
0038		614E12336	WORK ZONE IMPACT ATTENUATOR (UNIDIRECTIONAL) (WT: 39)	39	EACH	2.000
0039		614E12420	DETOUR SIGNING (WT: 39)	39	LS	1.000
0040		614E13000	ASPHALT CONCRETE FOR MAINTAINING TRAFFIC (WT: 39)	39	CY	5.000
0041		614E13310	BARRIER REFLECTOR, TYPE 1 (ONE-WAY) (WT: NR)	NR	EACH	40.000
0042		614E13350	OBJECT MARKER, ONE WAY (WT: NR)	NR	EACH	40.000
0043		614E18601	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN, AS PER PLAN (WT: 39)	39	SNMT	3.000
0044		614E20550	WORK ZONE LANE LINE, CLASS III, 4", 642 PAINT (WT: 39)	39	MILE	2.990
0045		614E22350	WORK ZONE EDGE LINE, CLASS III, 4", 642 PAINT (WT: 39)	39	MILE	6.910
0046		614E23680	WORK ZONE CHANNELIZING LINE, CLASS III, 8", 642 PAINT (WT: 39)	39	FT	1,313.000
0047		616E10000	WATER (WT: NR)	NR	MGAL	10.000
0048		622E41000	PORTABLE BARRIER, 32" (WT: 39)	39	FT	2,000.000

Project Number: 180028

Section 0007 STRUCTURE REPAIR (MOT-MO705-0106)

Line	Alt	Item Code	Item Description	WT	Unit	Quantity
0049		512E10101	SEALING OF CONCRETE SURFACES (EPOXY-URETHANE), AS PER PLAN (WT: 57)	57	SY	250.000
0050		512E10300	SEALING CONCRETE BRIDGE DECKS WITH HMWM RESIN (WT: 57)	57	SY	23.000
0051		512E74000	REMOVAL OF EXISTING COATINGS FROM CONCRETE SURFACES (WT: NR)	NR	SY	250.000
0052		516E10000	PREFORMED ELASTOMERIC COMPRESSION JOINT SEAL (WT: 27)	27	FT	92.000
0053		519E11101	PATCHING CONCRETE STRUCTURE, AS PER PLAN (WT: 29)	29	SF	40.000
0054		848E10200	SUPERPLASTICIZED DENSE CONCRETE OVERLAY USING HYDRODEMOLITION (1 3/4" THICK) (WT: 29)	29	SY	860.000
0055		848E20001	SURFACE PREPARATION USING HYDRODEMOLITION, AS PER PLAN (D = 3/4") (WT: 30)	30	SY	860.000
0056		848E30200	SUPERPLASTICIZED DENSE CONCRETE OVERLAY (VARIABLE THICKNESS), MATERIAL ONLY (WT: 29)	29	CY	2.000
0057		848E50000	HAND CHIPPING (WT: 29)	29	SY	2.000
0058		848E50100	TEST SLAB (WT: 29)	29	LS	1.000
0059		848E50200	FULL-DEPTH REPAIR (WT: 29)	29	CY	14.000

Section 0008 INCIDENTALS

Line	Alt	Item Code	Item Description	WT	Unit	Quantity
0060		103E05000	PREMIUM FOR CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND AND FOR PAYMENT BOND (WT: NR)	NR	LS	1.000
0061		614E11000	MAINTAINING TRAFFIC (WT: 39)	39	LS	1.000
0062		623E10000	CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT STAKES AND SURVEYING (WT: NR)	NR	LS	1.000
0063		624E10000	MOBILIZATION (WT: NR)	NR	LS	1.000