

```

from google.colab import drive
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from keras.utils import np_utils
from keras.wrappers.scikit_learn import KerasClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Flatten
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
from tensorflow.keras import regularizers
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

```

```

drive.mount("/content/drive")
path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Capstone/exercise_datasetV2.csv"
df = pd.read_csv(path)
print(df.head())
banyak_kategori = len(df.index)

```

```

Mounted at /content/drive
Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour) Intensity Description \
0      Cycling, mountain bike, bmx      NaN
1  Cycling, <10 mph, leisure bicycling      NaN
2      Cycling, >20 mph, racing      NaN
3      Cycling, 10-11.9 mph, light      NaN
4      Cycling, 12-13.9 mph, moderate      NaN

```

```

Duration (minutes)  Calories per kg
0                   60          1.750730
1                   60          0.823236
2                   60          3.294974
3                   60          1.234853
4                   60          1.647825

```

```

list_berat = []
for i in range(len(df.index)):
    list_berat.append(1)

df['berat'] = list_berat
dict_df = {'Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour)': [], 'Duration (minutes)': [], 'Calories per kg': [], 'berat': []}
df_new = df
for index, row in df.iterrows():
    print(index)
    menit = row['Duration (minutes)']
    activity = row['Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour)']
    calories = row['Calories per kg']
    for i in range(1,menit):
        for j in range(2,101):
            new_calories = calories*1.0/60*i*j
            list_activity = dict_df.get('Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour)')
            list_duration = dict_df.get('Duration (minutes)')
            list_calories = dict_df.get('Calories per kg')
            list_berat = dict_df.get('berat')
            list_activity.append(activity)
            list_duration.append(i)
            list_calories.append(new_calories)
            list_berat.append(j)
        #new_row = pd.DataFrame({'Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour)': [activity], 'Duration (minutes)': [i], 'Calories per k
df_curr = pd.DataFrame(dict_df)
df_new = pd.concat([df_curr, df_new.loc[:]]).reset_index(drop=True)
#df2 = pd.concat([new_row,df.loc[:]].reset_index(drop=True)
print(df_new.head())
print(df_new.tail())

```

```
6/5/23, 11:53 AM model_exercise_3.ipynb - Colaboratory

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Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour) Duration (minutes) Calories per kg \
0 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.058358
1 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.087536
2 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.116715
3 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.145894
4 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.175073

berat Intensity Description
0 2 NaN
1 3 NaN
2 4 NaN
3 5 NaN
4 6 NaN

Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour) Duration (minutes) \
1448811 General cleaning 60
1448812 Cleaning, dusting 60
1448813 Taking out trash 60
1448814 Walking, pushing a wheelchair 60
1448815 Teach physical education,exercise class 60

Calories per kg berat Intensity Description
1448811 0.721008 1 NaN
1448812 0.515199 1 NaN
1448813 0.617427 1 NaN
1448814 0.823236 1 NaN
1448815 0.823236 1 NaN

print(len(df_new.index))
print(df_new.describe())
print(df_new.dtypes)
df_new.rename(columns = {'Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour)': 'activity', 'Duration (minutes)': 'durasi' , 'Calories per kg
print(df_new.head())

1448816
Duration (minutes) Calories per kg berat
count 1.448816e+06 1.448816e+06 1.448816e+06
mean 3.000514e+01 3.467251e+01 5.099144e+01
std 1.703246e+01 3.748635e+01 2.858243e+01
min 1.000000e+00 1.033558e-02 1.000000e+00
25% 1.500000e+01 8.237434e+00 2.600000e+01
50% 3.000000e+01 2.219663e+01 5.100000e+01
75% 4.500000e+01 4.774767e+01 7.600000e+01
max 6.000000e+01 3.644815e+02 1.000000e+02
Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour) object
Duration (minutes) int64
Calories per kg float64
berat int64
Intensity Description object
dtype: object

activity durasi calories berat Intensity Description
0 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.058358 2 NaN
1 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.087536 3 NaN
2 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.116715 4 NaN
3 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.145894 5 NaN
4 Cycling, mountain bike, bmx 1 0.175073 6 NaN

target = df['Activity, Exercise or Sport (1 hour)']
print(df_new.head())
numeric_feature_names = ['durasi', 'calories', 'berat']
numeric_features = df_new[numeric_feature_names]
numeric_features.head()
```

	activity	durasi	calories	berat	Intensity	Description
0	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.058358	2		NaN
1	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.087536	3		NaN
2	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.116715	4		NaN
3	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.145894	5		NaN
4	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.175073	6		NaN

	durasi	calories	berat
0	1	0.058358	2
1	1	0.087536	3
2	1	0.116715	4
3	1	0.145894	5

```

"""
def get_base_model():
    model = tf.keras.Sequential([
        normalizer,
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='relu'),
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='relu'),
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(banyak_kategori, activation = 'softmax')
    ])

    model.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=2e-3),
                  loss='categorical_crossentropy',
                  metrics=['accuracy'])

    return model
"""

'\ndef get_base_model():\n model = tf.keras.Sequential([\n    normalizer,\n    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='rel\nse(10, activation='relu'),\n    tf.keras.layers.Dense(banyak_kategori, activation = 'softmax')\n ])\n\n model.compile(c\nAdam(learning_rate=2e-3),\n    loss='categorical_crossentropy',\n    metrics=['accuracy'])\n ret

"""
y = df_new['activity']
encoder = LabelEncoder()
encoder.fit(y)
encoded_Y = encoder.transform(y)
# convert integers to dummy variables (i.e. one hot encoded)
dummy_y = np_utils.to_categorical(encoded_Y)
"""

'\nny = df_new['activity']\nencoder = LabelEncoder()\nencoder.fit(y)\nencoded_Y = encoder.transform(y)\n# convert integers\nhot encoded)\ndummy_y = np_utils.to_categorical(encoded_Y)\n'

#est = KerasClassifier(build_fn= get_base_model, epochs=200, batch_size=5, verbose=0)

#kfold = KFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True)

"""
x = df_new[numeric_feature_names]

results = cross_val_score(est, x, dummy_y, cv=kfold)
print("Baseline: %.2f%% (%.2f%%)" % (results.mean()*100, results.std()*100))
"""

'\nx = df_new[numeric_feature_names]\n\nresults = cross_val_score(est, x, dummy_y, cv=kfold)\nprint("Baseline: %.2f%% (%.\nresults.std()*100))\n'

"""
https://machinelearningmastery.com/multi-class-classification-tutorial-keras-deep-learning-library/\nhttps://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/load_data/pandas_dataframe\nhttps://regenerativetoday.com/a-step-by-step-tutorial-to-develop-a-multi-output-model-in-tensorflow/\n
"""

'\nhttps://machinelearningmastery.com/multi-class-classification-tutorial-keras-deep-learning-library/\nhttps://www.tensc\na/pandas_dataframe\nhttps://regenerativetoday.com/a-step-by-step-tutorial-to-develop-a-multi-output-model-in-tensorflow/'

jumlah_class = len(df_new['activity'].value_counts())
print(jumlah_class)

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```
df_new['activity'] = df_new['activity'].astype('category')
df_new['activity_category'] = df_new['activity'].cat.codes.astype('category')
print(df_new.head())
```

	activity	durasi	calories	berat	Intensity	Description	\
0	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.058358	2			NaN
1	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.087536	3			NaN
2	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.116715	4			NaN
3	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.145894	5			NaN
4	Cycling, mountain bike, bmx	1	0.175073	6			NaN

	activity_category
0	61
1	61
2	61
3	61
4	61

```
df_new_2 = df_new.drop(columns = ['activity', 'Intensity Description'])
sc = StandardScaler()
x = pd.DataFrame(sc.fit_transform(df_new_2))
```

```
df_new_2['durasi'] = MinMaxScaler().fit_transform(np.array(df_new_2['durasi']).reshape(-1,1))
df_new_2['calories'] = MinMaxScaler().fit_transform(np.array(df_new_2['calories']).reshape(-1,1))
df_new_2['berat'] = MinMaxScaler().fit_transform(np.array(df_new_2['berat']).reshape(-1,1))
```

```
y = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(df_new['activity_category'].values, num_classes=jumlah_class)
```

```
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x.values, y, test_size=0.2)
```

```
print(x_train)
print(y_train)
print(x_test)
print(y_test)
```

```
[[ 1.64361927  0.04188652  0.03528598 -0.70539739]
 [ 0.11712142  0.21761024  0.31517831 -1.52952504]
 [ 1.58490781  1.28834922  0.07027252 -0.45396862]
 ...
 [ 1.11521616  0.24530705  1.2598149  -1.5853981 ]
 [ 0.46939015  0.32766061 -0.52449867 -0.27238117]
 [ 1.35006199  0.21030979 -0.87436408 -0.77523872]]
[[0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 ...
 [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]]
[[-0.05901295 -0.37253129 -0.87436408 -1.23619147]
 [ 0.11712142 -0.09042097  1.53970723  1.48762025]
 [-1.35066498 -0.81918047 -0.62945829 -1.06857229]
 ...
 [ 0.52810161  0.96034546 -0.24460634 -1.33396933]
 [-0.35257023 -0.0394629  0.38515139 -1.72508076]
 [-0.23514732 -0.12555849  0.17523214  1.06857229]]
[[0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 ...
 [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 [1. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]]
```

```
from keras.engine import sequential
def get_model():
    model = tf.keras.Sequential([
        Dense(50, activation='relu'),
        Dense(50, activation='relu'),
        Dense(60, activation='relu'),
        Dense(70, activation='relu'),
        Dense(80, activation='relu'),
        Dense(90, activation='relu'),
        Dense(100, activation='relu'),
        Dense(banyak_kategori, activation='softmax')
    ])

    model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                  loss='categorical_crossentropy',
```

```

        metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

#x_train=np.asarray(x_train).astype(np.int)

#y_train=np.asarray(y_train).astype(np.int)

my_callbacks = [
    tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(patience=2),
    tf.keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(filepath='model_{epoch:02d}-{val_loss:.2f}.h5'),
    tf.keras.callbacks.TensorBoard(log_dir='./logs'),
]

model = get_model()

model_fit = model.fit(x_train,
                      y_train,
                      epochs = 20,
                      validation_data = (x_test, y_test))

Epoch 1/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 227s 6ms/step - loss: 0.7989 - accuracy: 0.7052 - val_loss: 0.4410 - val_
Epoch 2/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 216s 6ms/step - loss: 0.4102 - accuracy: 0.8300 - val_loss: 0.6178 - val_
Epoch 3/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 217s 6ms/step - loss: 0.3284 - accuracy: 0.8643 - val_loss: 0.2626 - val_
Epoch 4/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 219s 6ms/step - loss: 0.2790 - accuracy: 0.8859 - val_loss: 0.3022 - val_
Epoch 5/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 219s 6ms/step - loss: 0.2469 - accuracy: 0.9008 - val_loss: 0.1742 - val_
Epoch 6/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 200s 6ms/step - loss: 0.2244 - accuracy: 0.9109 - val_loss: 0.2278 - val_
Epoch 7/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 217s 6ms/step - loss: 0.2057 - accuracy: 0.9194 - val_loss: 0.1362 - val_
Epoch 8/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 201s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1897 - accuracy: 0.9267 - val_loss: 0.1166 - val_
Epoch 9/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 199s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1767 - accuracy: 0.9328 - val_loss: 0.0837 - val_
Epoch 10/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 202s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1653 - accuracy: 0.9379 - val_loss: 0.1411 - val_
Epoch 11/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 200s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1580 - accuracy: 0.9417 - val_loss: 0.0567 - val_
Epoch 12/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 196s 5ms/step - loss: 0.1491 - accuracy: 0.9455 - val_loss: 0.1597 - val_
Epoch 13/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 197s 5ms/step - loss: 0.1444 - accuracy: 0.9472 - val_loss: 0.2047 - val_
Epoch 14/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 204s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1388 - accuracy: 0.9498 - val_loss: 0.1480 - val_
Epoch 15/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 204s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1347 - accuracy: 0.9518 - val_loss: 0.0778 - val_
Epoch 16/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 263s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1325 - accuracy: 0.9537 - val_loss: 0.0754 - val_
Epoch 17/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 220s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1271 - accuracy: 0.9558 - val_loss: 0.0767 - val_
Epoch 18/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 218s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1246 - accuracy: 0.9565 - val_loss: 0.0887 - val_
Epoch 19/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 200s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1215 - accuracy: 0.9584 - val_loss: 0.0926 - val_
Epoch 20/20
36221/36221 [=====] - 218s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1173 - accuracy: 0.9595 - val_loss: 0.0564 - val_

def plot_accuracy(history):

    plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'],label='train accuracy')
    plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'],label='validation accuracy')
    plt.title('Model accuracy')
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.legend(loc='best')
    plt.savefig('Accuracy_v1_model_inceptionv3')
    plt.show()

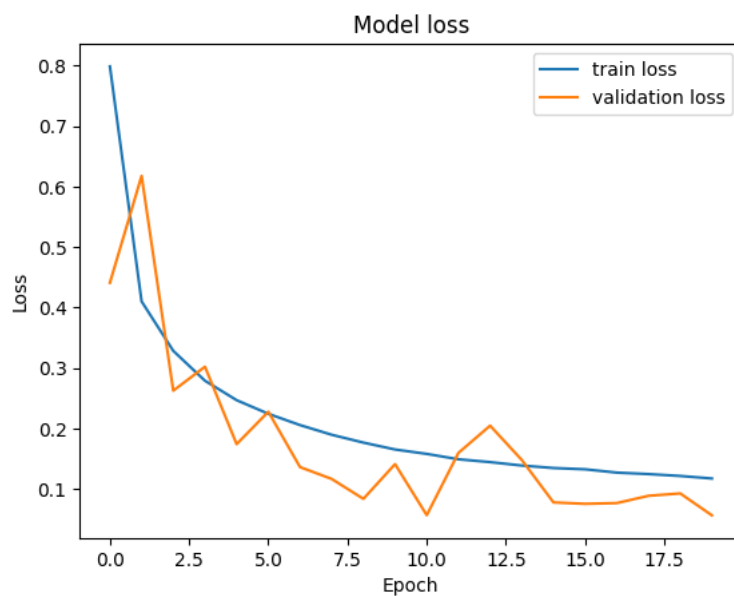
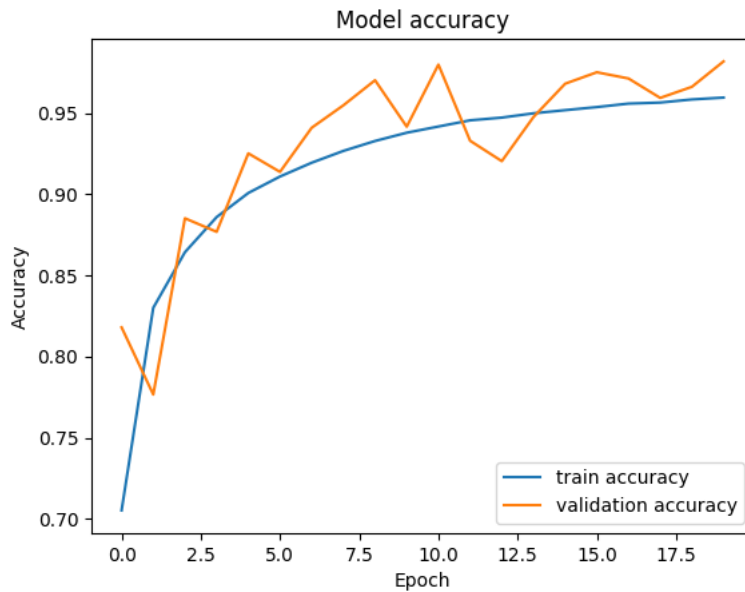
def plot_loss(history):

    plt.plot(history.history['loss'],label="train loss")
    plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'],label="validation loss")
    plt.title('Model loss')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.legend(loc='best')
    plt.savefig('Loss_v1_model_inceptionv3')

```

```
plt.show()

plot_accuracy(model_fit)
plot_loss(model_fit)
```



```
model.save('/content/drive/MyDrive/Capstone/model_exercise.h5')
# Convert the model.
converter = tf.lite.TFLiteConverter.from_keras_model(model)
tflite_model = converter.convert()

# Save the model.
with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Capstone/model_exercise.tflite', 'wb') as f:
    f.write(tflite_model)

WARNING:absl:Found untraced functions such as _update_step_xla while saving (showing 1 of 1). These functions will not be

predict_x = model.predict(x_test)
classes_x = np.argmax(predict_x,axis=1)
#y_pred_class = model.predict_classes(x_test)

y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
y_test_class = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)
confusion_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test_class, classes_x)

9056/9056 [=====] - 17s 2ms/step
9056/9056 [=====] - 16s 2ms/step

print(classification_report(y_test_class, classes_x))
```

195	0.99	1.00	0.99	1166
196	1.00	0.97	0.98	1167
197	1.00	0.76	0.86	1190
198	0.78	1.00	0.88	1124
199	1.00	0.99	0.99	1182
200	0.99	1.00	0.99	1184
201	1.00	0.78	0.88	1185
202	0.80	1.00	0.89	1136
203	1.00	0.98	0.99	1170
204	1.00	1.00	1.00	1180
205	0.99	1.00	0.99	1196
206	0.99	0.99	0.99	1133
207	1.00	0.99	1.00	1209
208	1.00	0.99	1.00	1145
209	0.99	1.00	1.00	1121
210	1.00	0.99	1.00	1196
211	1.00	1.00	1.00	1131
212	1.00	1.00	1.00	1160
213	1.00	1.00	1.00	1175
214	1.00	0.98	0.99	1208
215	0.97	1.00	0.99	1155
216	0.98	1.00	0.99	1172
217	1.00	0.98	0.99	1159
218	1.00	1.00	1.00	1198
219	1.00	1.00	1.00	1151
220	1.00	1.00	1.00	1148
221	1.00	1.00	1.00	1211
222	1.00	0.97	0.98	1191
223	0.96	1.00	0.98	1184
224	0.99	0.99	0.99	1151
225	1.00	1.00	1.00	1149
226	0.99	1.00	1.00	1228
227	0.99	0.99	0.99	1114
228	1.00	0.98	0.99	1172
229	0.98	0.84	0.91	1202
230	0.85	1.00	0.92	1205
231	1.00	0.97	0.99	1175
232	0.99	1.00	1.00	1145
233	0.99	1.00	1.00	1169
234	1.00	0.99	1.00	1190
235	1.00	1.00	1.00	1177
236	0.97	1.00	0.98	1144
237	1.00	0.97	0.98	1156
238	0.98	1.00	0.99	1139
239	1.00	0.98	0.99	1177
240	0.99	1.00	0.99	1070
241	1.00	0.99	1.00	1176
242	1.00	1.00	1.00	1160
243	1.00	1.00	1.00	1122
244	1.00	1.00	1.00	1184
245	1.00	1.00	1.00	1098
246	1.00	1.00	1.00	1178
247	1.00	1.00	1.00	1166
accuracy				0.98 289764
macro avg				0.98 0.98 0.98 289764
weighted avg				0.98 0.98 0.98 289764

```
report = classification_report(y_test_class, classes_x, output_dict=True, zero_division=0)
```

```
# Extract the metrics
precision = report['macro avg']['precision']
recall = report['macro avg']['recall']
f1_score = report['macro avg']['f1-score']
support = report['macro avg']['support']
accuracy = report['accuracy']
```

```
print("accuracy:", accuracy)
print("Precision:", precision)
print("Recall:", recall)
print("F1-score:", f1_score)
print("support" , support)
```

```
accuracy: 0.9818472964205354
Precision: 0.9831678996834177
Recall: 0.9819389461042477
F1-score: 0.9818066971646372
support 289764
```

```
def plot_confusion_matrix(matrix, labels, title='Confusion matrix'):
    fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    ax.set_xticks([x for x in range(len(labels))])
    ax.set_yticks([y for y in range(len(labels))])
```

```

# Place labels on minor ticks
ax.set_xticks([x + 0.5 for x in range(len(labels))], minor=True)
ax.set_xticklabels(labels, rotation='90', fontsize=10, minor=True)
ax.set_yticks([y + 0.5 for y in range(len(labels))], minor=True)
ax.set_yticklabels(labels[::1], fontsize=10, minor=True)
# Hide major tick labels
ax.tick_params(which='major', labelbottom='off', labelleft='off')
# Finally, hide minor tick marks
ax.tick_params(which='minor', width=0)

# Plot heat map
proportions = [1. * row / sum(row) for row in matrix]
ax.pcolor(np.array(proportions[::1]), cmap=plt.cm.Blues)

# Plot counts as text
for row in range(len(matrix)):
    for col in range(len(matrix[row])):
        confusion = matrix[::1][row][col]
        if confusion != 0:
            ax.text(col + 0.5, row + 0.5, confusion, fontsize=9,
                    horizontalalignment='center',
                    verticalalignment='center')

# Add finishing touches
ax.grid(True, linestyle=':')
ax.set_title(title)
fig.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```

```

print(type(confusion_matrix(y_test_class, classes_x)))
print(y_test_class)
print(y_test)
print(len(y_test_class))

```

```

-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-28-fa9251af7942> in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 print(type(confusion_matrix(y_test_class, classes_x)))
      2 print(y_test_class)
      3 print(y_test)
      4 print(len(y_test_class))

```

TypeError: 'numpy.ndarray' object is not callable

SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW

```

dict_activity = dict(enumerate(df_new['activity'].cat.categories))
df_new['activity_code'] = df_new['activity'].cat.codes
print(df_new['activity_code'])
print(dict_activity)
df_new['activity_reversed'] = df_new['activity_code'].map(dict_activity)
df_y_test_class = pd.DataFrame(y_test_class, columns = ['activity_class'])
df_y_test_class['activity_class_reversed'] = df_y_test_class['activity_class'].map(dict_activity)
print(df_y_test_class)

```

```

cm_display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix = confusion_matrix)
cm_display.plot()
plt.show()

```

```

import seaborn as sns
sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix, figsize=(200,200), annot=True)

```

```

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline

```

```

df_cm = pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(y_test_class, classes_x), columns=np.unique(y_test_class), index=np.unique(classes_x))
df_cm.index.name = 'Actual'
df_cm.columns.name = 'Predicted'

```

```

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(100, 100))
cmap = sns.cubehelix_palette(light=1, as_cmap=True)

sns.heatmap(df_cm, cbar=False, annot=True, cmap=cmap, square=True, fmt='.0f',
            annot_kws={'size': 10})
plt.title('Actuals vs Predicted')

```



```
plt.show()
```

