

This review is **not** intended to be exhaustive! It only includes a few problems that I think are interesting or highlight a topic I wish to emphasize. There may be topics/problems on the exam which are not covered here. I strongly advise you to also review the previous year's exam, as well as our homework and quiz solutions. Good luck!

1. Let R be the region $R = \{(x, y) \mid 1 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 4, 0 \leq y \leq x\}$. Evaluate the double integral

$$\iint_R \arctan(y/x) \, dA.$$

2. Evaluate the integral $\iiint_E x \, dV$ where E is the solid region bounded $z = x^2 + y^2$ and $z = 1$.

3. [6 pts] Express the triple integral using cylindrical coordinates:

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-z^2}} \int_z^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} x^2 y \, dx \, dy \, dz$$

4. Let V be the portion of the ball $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1$ between the planes $z = 0$ and $z = -1/2$. Compute the volume of V .

5. Consider the double integral

$$\mathbf{I} = \int_1^2 \int_{1/y}^y (x^2 + y^2) dx dy + \int_2^4 \int_{y/4}^{4/y} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$$

- (a) [4 pts] Define \mathbf{T} to be the transformation

$$\mathbf{T} = \begin{cases} x = \frac{u}{v} \\ y = uv \end{cases}$$

Sketch the region of integration R in the xy -plane. Also, sketch the region of integration S in the uv -plane which maps onto the region R under the transformation \mathbf{T} .

- (b) [3 pts] Compute the Jacobian of the transformation \mathbf{T} .

- (c) [4 pts] Set up, but do **not** evaluate, an expression for \mathbf{I} as an iterated integral in terms of the variables u and v .

6. Compute the work done by the vector field

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle x, \sin(\sin y), \cos(\cos z) \rangle$$

along the curve parametrized by $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, \sin t, \sin t \rangle$ as $0 \leq t \leq \pi$.

7. Consider the curve $C = \{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 1\}$ starting at $(0, 1)$ and ending at $(1, 0)$. Evaluate

$$\int_C ydx - xdy.$$

8. Let D be the region

$$D = \{(x, y) \mid 1 \leq x^2 + y^2, \quad x^2 + 4y^2 \leq 16\}$$

Sketch the region D . State how Green's theorem applies to the region D .

9. Let D be the square with vertices $(0, 1)$, $(1, 0)$, $(0, -1)$, and $(-1, 0)$. Evaluate

$$I = \iint_D e^{x+y}(x-y)^{2022} dA.$$

10. Find the area of the part of the surface $z = xy$ that lies within the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

11. Evaluate $\int_C y^3 dx - x^3 dy$ where C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ oriented *clockwise*.