

Data Cleaning

```
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.6      v purrr 0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.8       v dplyr 1.0.9
## v tidyr 1.2.0        v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 2.1.2        v forcats 0.5.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()      masks stats::lag()

library(readxl)
cities <- read_csv("C:/Users/willi/Downloads/CITIES_26072022091653320.csv")

## Rows: 39320 Columns: 15
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (7): METRO_ID, Metropolitan areas, VAR, Variables, Unit Code, Unit, Powe...
## dbl (4): TIME, Year, PowerCode Code, Value
## lgl (4): Reference Period Code, Reference Period, Flag Codes, Flags
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.

cities = select(cities, METRO_ID, `Metropolitan areas`, VAR, Year, Value)

convert_country = function(x){
  recode(x, US="United States", FR="France", IE="Ireland",
    DE="Germany", ME="Mexico", JP="Japan", CL="Chile", EE="Estonia",
    UK="United Kingdom", PL="Poland", PT="Portugal", IT="Italy", KO="Korea",
    ES="Spain", NL="Netherlands", LT="Lithuania", BE="Belgium", CA="Canada",
    CO="Colombia", AU="Australia", FI="Finland", NO="Norway", SE="Sweden",
    AT="Austria", CZ="Czechia", HU="Hungary", DK="Denmark", LU="Luxembourg",
    SI="Slovenia", CH="Switzerland", EL="Greece", LV="Latvia", SK="Slovakia",
    BG="Bulgaria", HR="Croatia", MT="Malta", NZ="New Zealand", RO="Romania",
    TR="Turkey", DN="Denmark", GR="Greece", IR="Ireland", PO="Poland",
    PR="Portugal", SW="Sweden", SV="Slovenia", GB="United Kingdom", TU="Turkey",
    ML="Malta")
}

cities = cities %>%
  mutate(Country = convert_country(substr(METRO_ID, 1, 2))) %>%
  mutate(VAR = recode(VAR, GDP_REAL_PPP = "GDP", T_T = "Population",
    GDP_PC_REAL_PPP = "GDP_per_capita"))
names(cities) = c("ID", "Metro", "Var", "Year", "Value", "Country")
```

```
wider = cities %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = Year, values_from = Value)

from_to = function(wider, from = "2002", to = "2018"){
  wider[[to]]/wider[[from]]*100
}

wider$`2019_2001` = from_to(wider, from = "2001", to = "2019")
Countries_20192001 = c("Australia", "Canada", "Germany", "Poland", "United Kingdom", "United States")
```

```
Population_Growth = wider %>%
  filter(Var == "Population" & Country %in% Countries_20192001) %>%
  filter(Metro != "Austria") %>%
  select(Country, Metro, `2019_2001`, `2010`)
GDP_2002 = wider %>%
  filter(Var == "GDP_per_capita" & Country %in% Countries_20192001) %>%
  filter(Metro != "Austria") %>%
  select(Country, Metro, `2001`)
test = left_join(Population_Growth, GDP_2002, by = c("Country", "Metro"))
names(test) = c("Country", "Metro", "PopulationGrowth", "Population", "GDP")

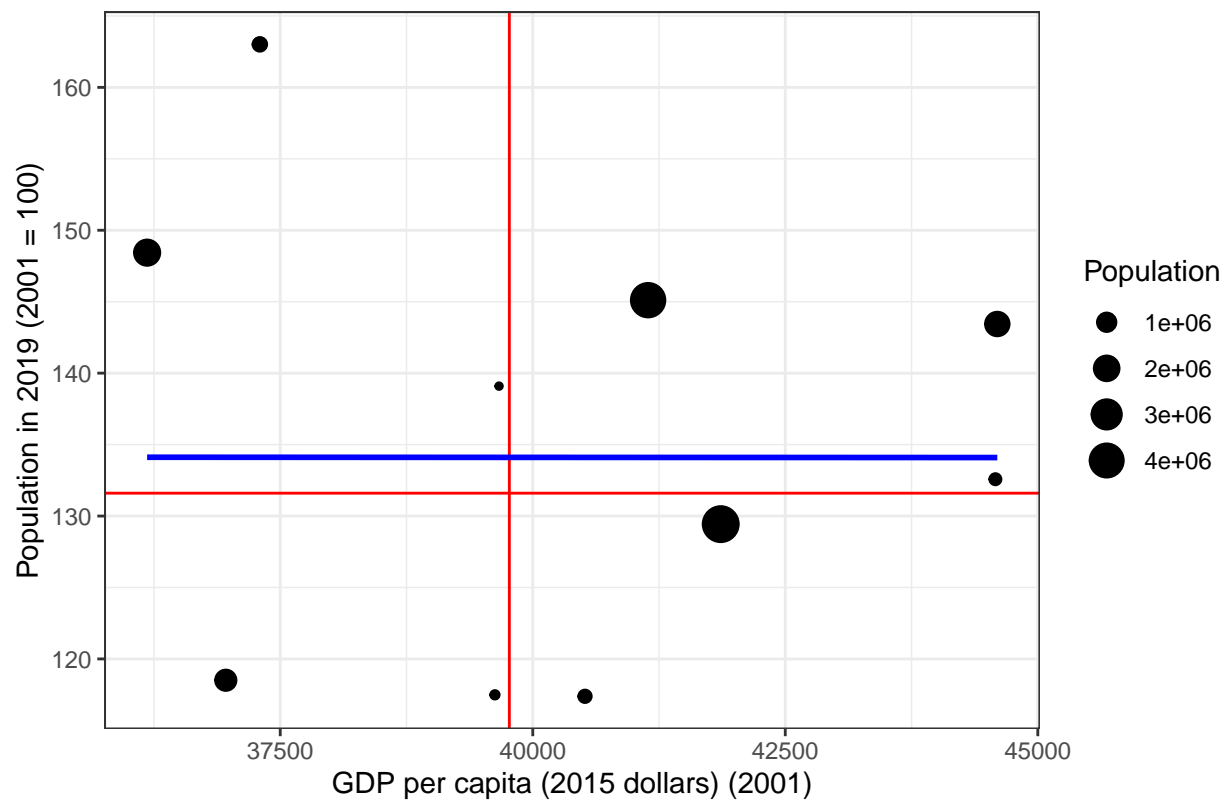
plots = test %>%
  drop_na() %>%
  group_by(Country) %>%
  do(plot = ggplot(data = ., aes(x = GDP, y = PopulationGrowth, size = Population)) +
      scale_size() + theme_bw() +
      geom_point(data = . %>% filter(Country != Metro)) +
      geom_vline(aes(xintercept = GDP),
        data = . %>% filter(Country == Metro), color = "red") +
      geom_hline(aes(yintercept = PopulationGrowth),
        data = . %>% filter(Country == Metro), color = "red") +
      xlab("GDP per capita (2015 dollars) (2001)") + ylab("Population in 2019 (2001 = 100)") +
      ggtitle(paste0("GDP per capita in 2001 and Population Growth (2001-2019) for ", .$Country)) +
      geom_smooth(method = "lm", mapping = aes(weight = Population),
        color = "blue", show.legend = FALSE, se = FALSE))
```

```
plots[[2]]
```

```
## [[1]]
```

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

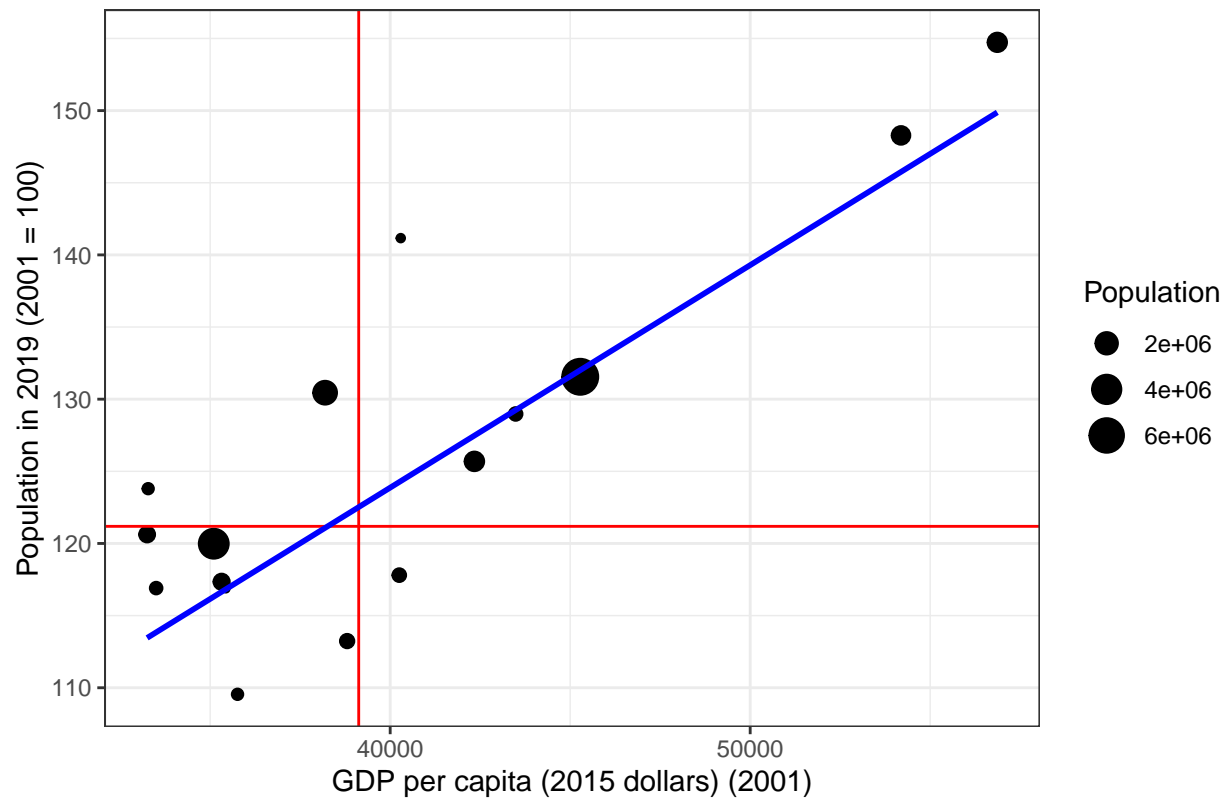
GDP per capita in 2001 and Population Growth (2001–2019) for Australia



```
##
## [[2]]

## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

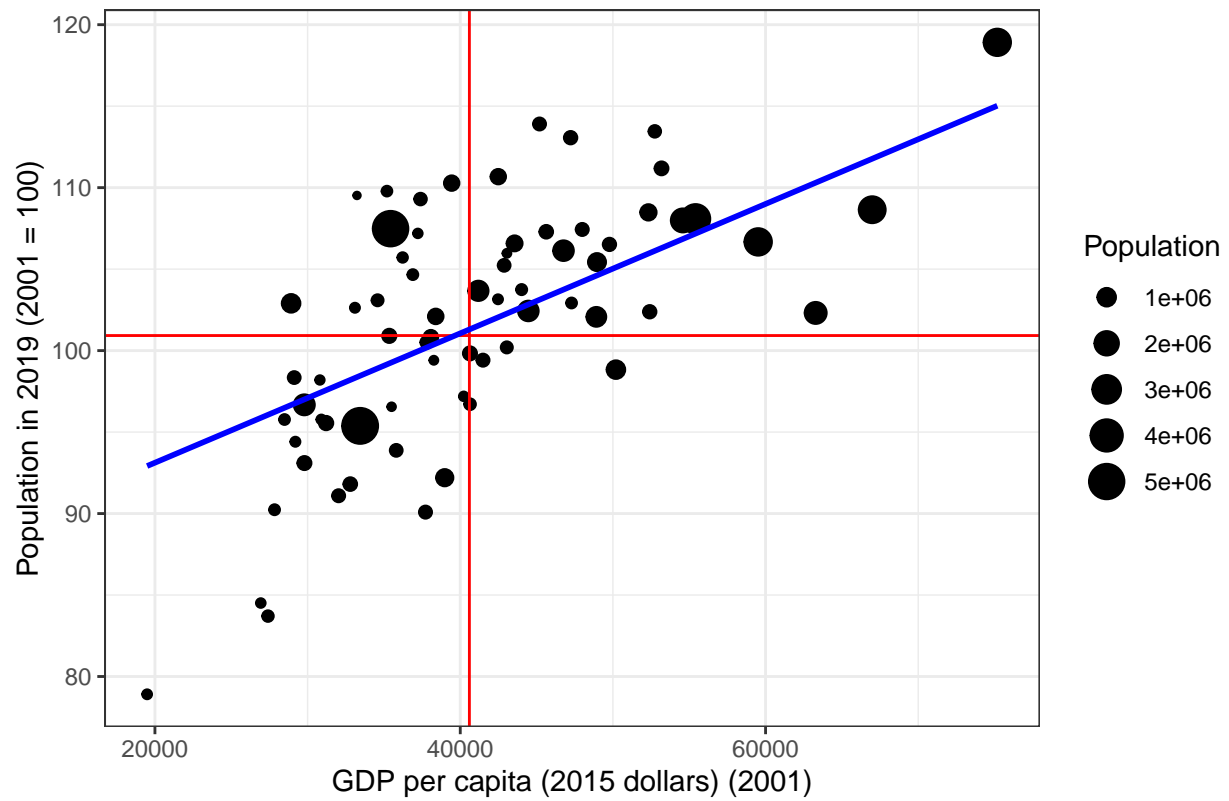
GDP per capita in 2001 and Population Growth (2001–2019) for Canada



```
##
## [[3]]

## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

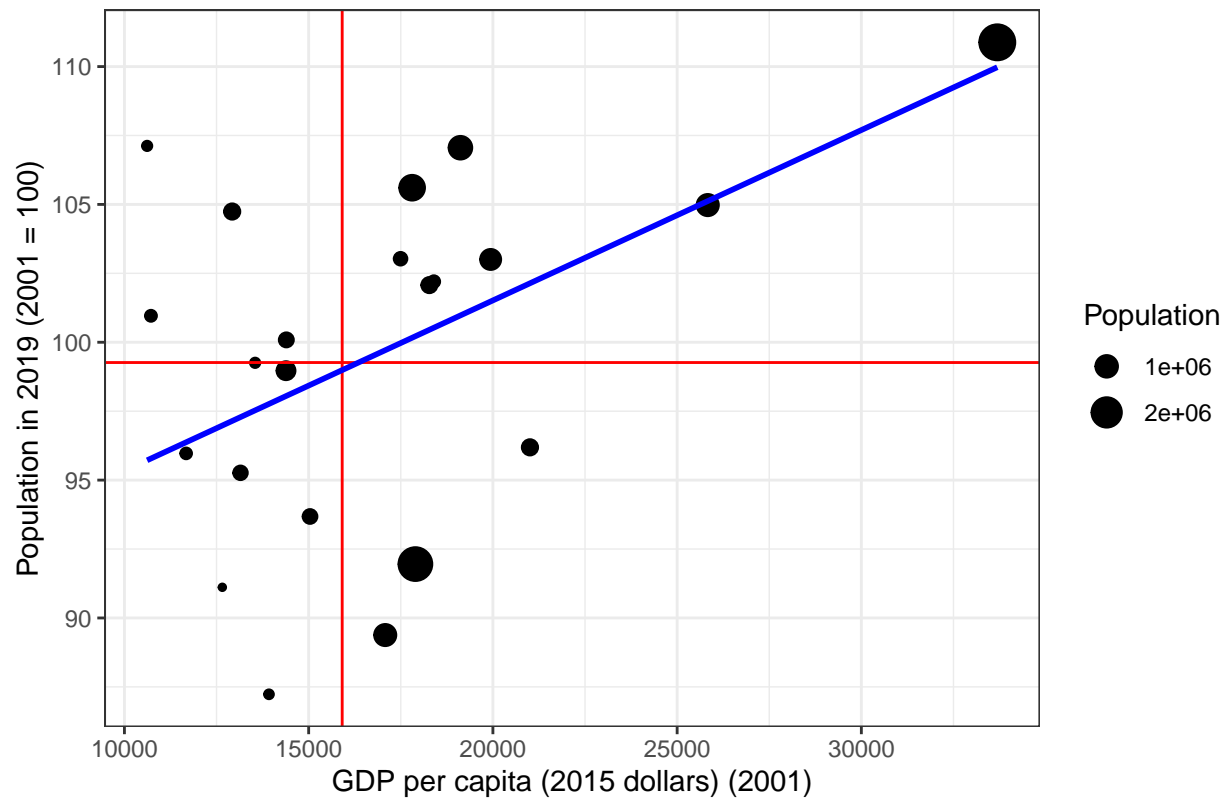
GDP per capita in 2001 and Population Growth (2001–2019) for Germany



```
##
## [[4]]

## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

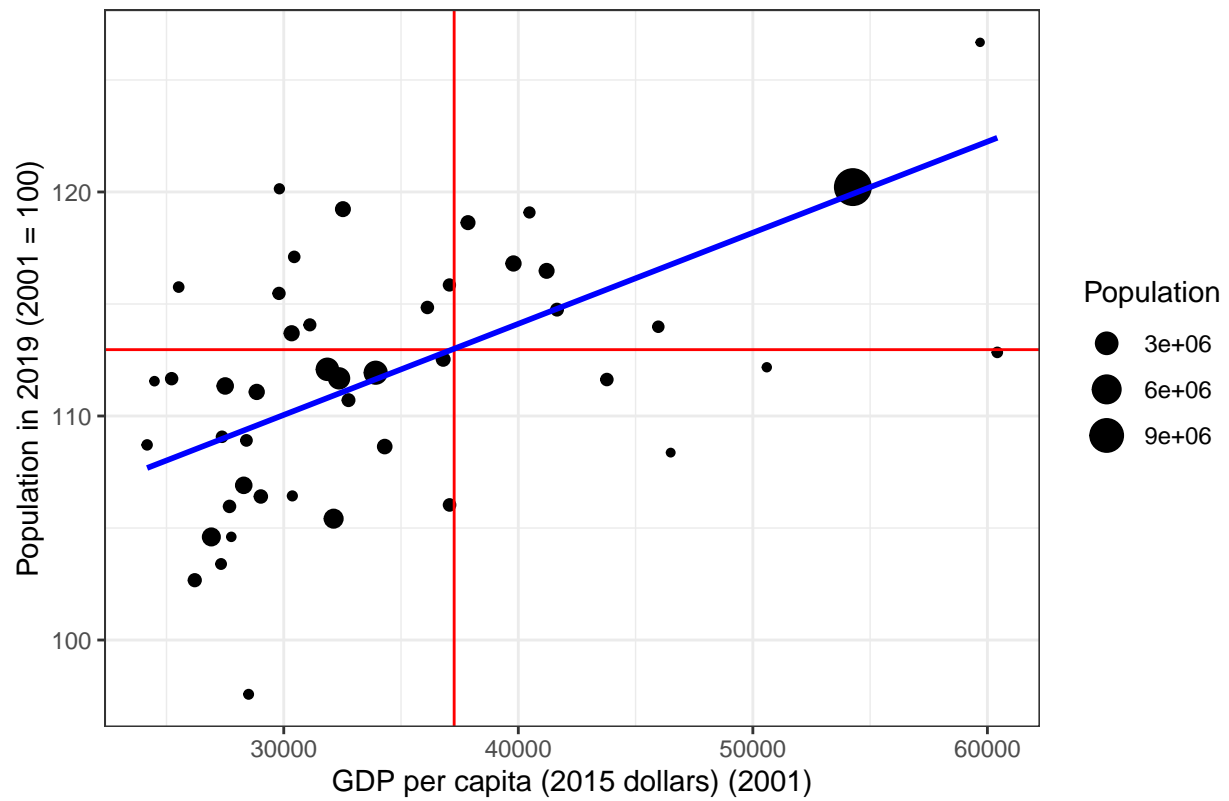
GDP per capita in 2001 and Population Growth (2001–2019) for Poland



```
##
## [[5]]

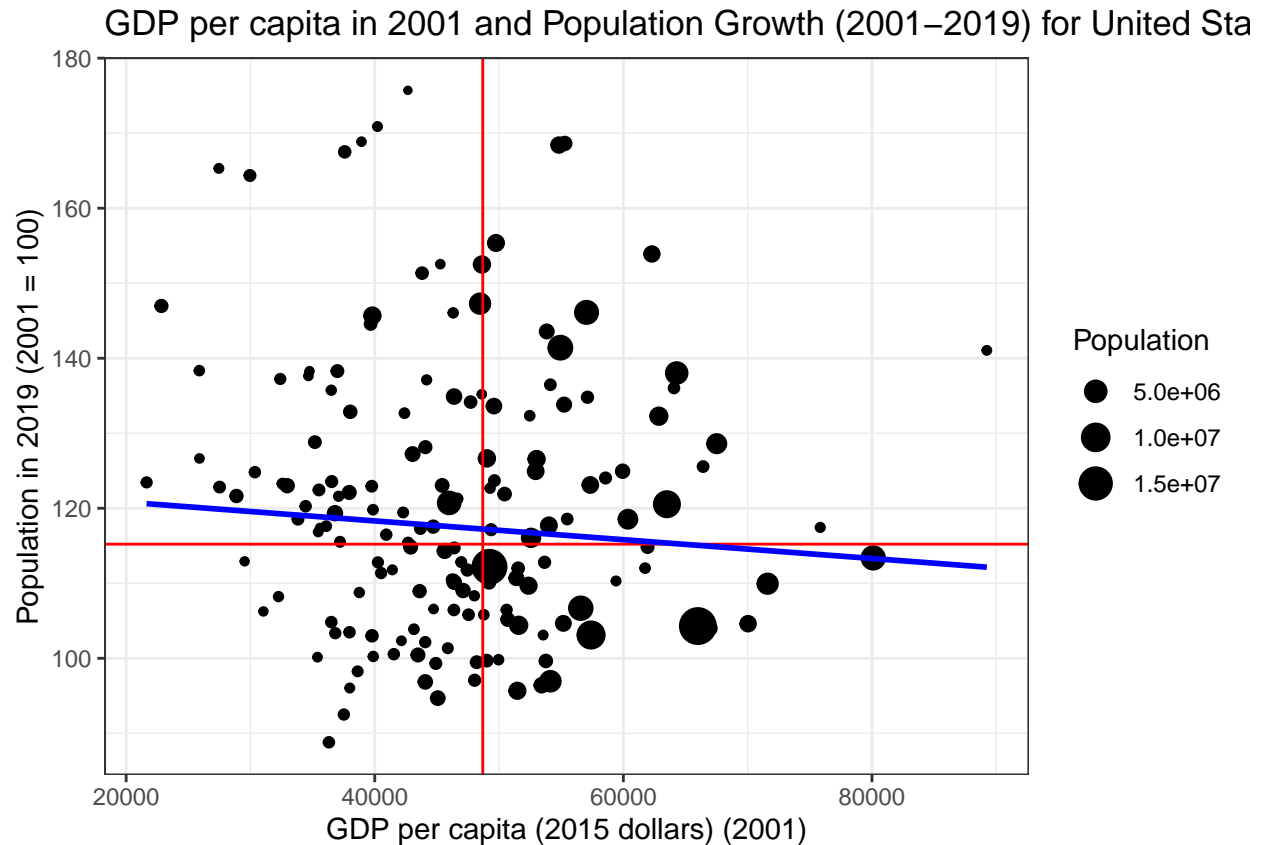
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

GDP per capita in 2001 and Population Growth (2001–2019) for United Kin



```
##
## [[6]]

## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```



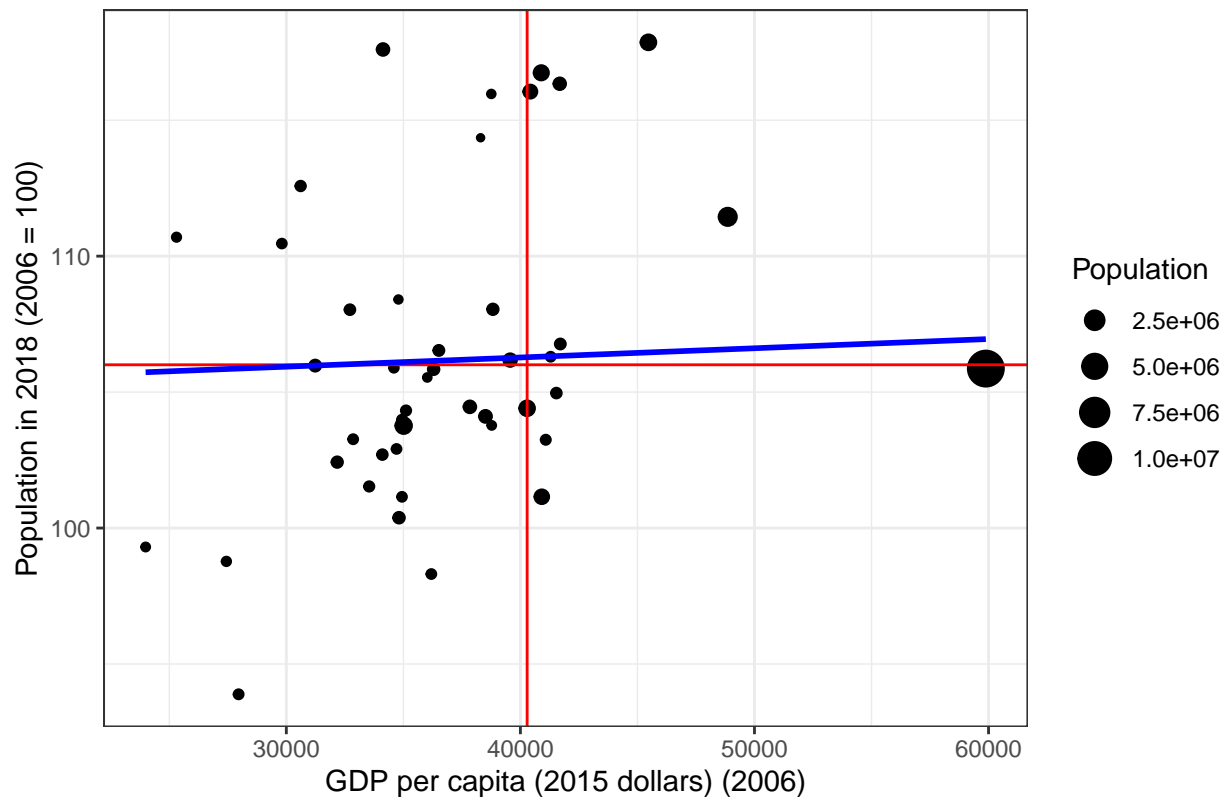
```
wider$`2018_2006` = from_to(wider, from = "2006", to = "2018")
Population_Growth = wider %>%
  filter(Var == "Population" & Country == "France") %>%
  select(Country, Metro, `2018_2006`, `2010`)
GDP_2002 = wider %>%
  filter(Var == "GDP_per_capita" & Country == "France") %>%
  select(Country, Metro, `2006`)
test2 = left_join(Population_Growth, GDP_2002, by = c("Country", "Metro"))
names(test2) = c("Country", "Metro", "PopulationGrowth", "Population", "GDP")

plot2 = ggplot(data = test2, aes(x = GDP, y = PopulationGrowth, size = Population)) +
  scale_size() + theme_bw() +
  geom_point(data = . %>% filter(Country != Metro)) +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept = GDP),
    data = . %>% filter(Country == Metro), color = "red") +
  geom_hline(aes(yintercept = PopulationGrowth),
    data = . %>% filter(Country == Metro), color = "red") +
  xlab("GDP per capita (2015 dollars) (2006)") + ylab("Population in 2018 (2006 = 100)")
ggtitle(paste0("GDP per capita in 2006 and Population Growth (2006-2018) for France"))
geom_smooth(method = "lm", mapping = aes(weight = Population),
  color = "blue", show.legend = FALSE, se = FALSE)

plot2
```

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```


GDP per capita in 2006 and Population Growth (2006–2018) for France



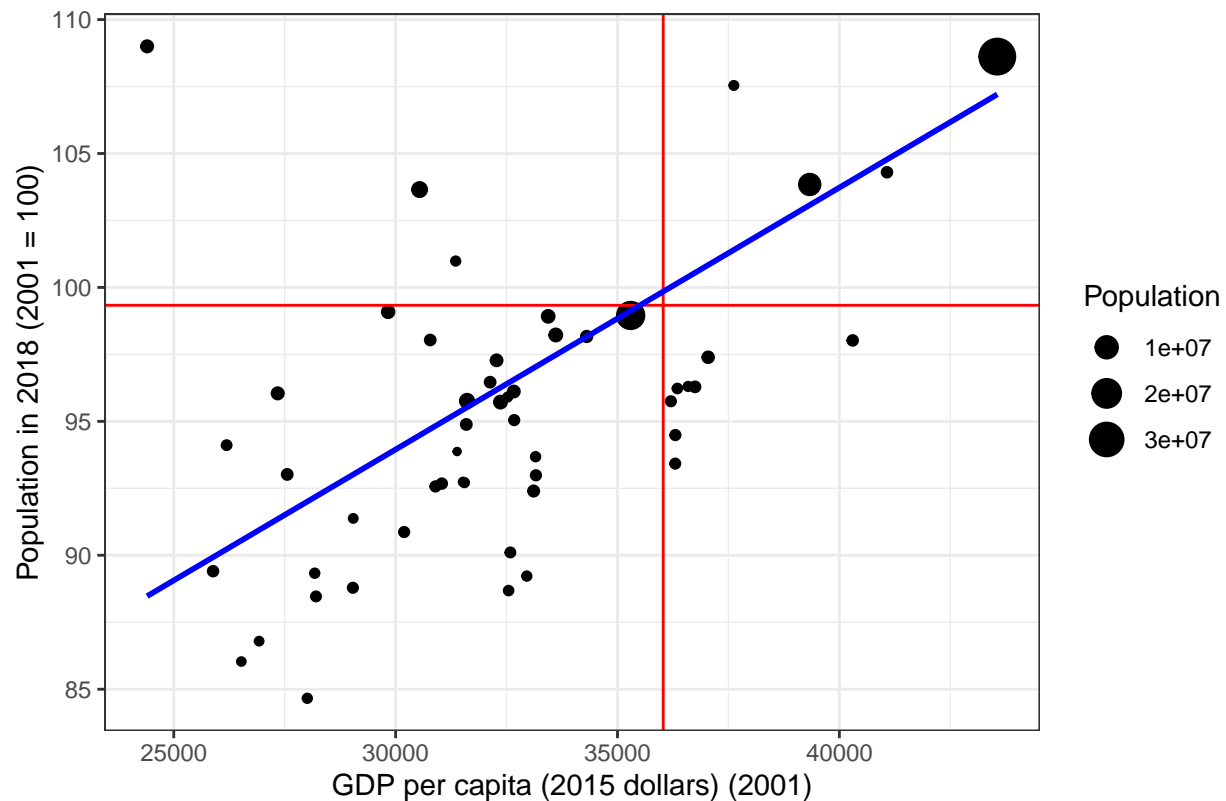
```
wider$`2018_2001` = from_to(wider, from = "2001", to = "2018")
Population_Growth = wider %>%
  filter(Var == "Population" & Country == "Japan") %>%
  select(Country, Metro, `2018_2001`, `2010`)
GDP_2002 = wider %>%
  filter(Var == "GDP_per_capita" & Country == "Japan") %>%
  select(Country, Metro, `2001`)
test3 = left_join(Population_Growth, GDP_2002, by = c("Country", "Metro"))
names(test3) = c("Country", "Metro", "PopulationGrowth", "Population", "GDP")

plot3 = ggplot(data = test3, aes(x = GDP, y = PopulationGrowth, size = Population)) +
  scale_size() + theme_bw() +
  geom_point(data = . %>% filter(Country != Metro)) +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept = GDP),
    data = . %>% filter(Country == Metro), color = "red") +
  geom_hline(aes(yintercept = PopulationGrowth),
    data = . %>% filter(Country == Metro), color = "red") +
  xlab("GDP per capita (2015 dollars) (2001)") + ylab("Population in 2018 (2001 = 100)")
ggtitle(paste0("GDP per capita in 2001 and Population Growth (2001-2018) for Japan"))
geom_smooth(method = "lm", mapping = aes(weight = Population),
  color = "blue", show.legend = FALSE, se = FALSE)

plot3
```

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

GDP per capita in 2001 and Population Growth (2001–2018) for Japan



```
percent = rep(0, 427)
result = rbind(test, test2, test3)
aggregates = result %>% filter(Country == Metro)

result$Percent = result$Population/left_join(result, select(aggregates, Country, Population), by = "Country")

result = result %>% filter(Country != Metro)

write.csv(result, file = "data.csv")
write.csv(aggregates, file = "aggregates.csv")
lines = result %>%
  group_by(Country) %>%
  do(A = lm(PopulationGrowth ~ GDP, data = ., weights = Population))
lines2 = sapply(lines[[2]], function(x){
  R2 = summary(x)$r.squared
  Pval = summary(x)$coefficients["GDP", "Pr(>|t|)"]
  Inter = coef(x)[1]
  Slope = coef(x)[2]
  return(c(R2 = R2, Pval = Pval, Inter, Slope))
})

lines3 = t(lines2)
lines4 = data.frame(Country = lines[[1]], lines3)
names(lines4) = c("Country", "R2", "Pval", "Intercept", "Slope")
write.csv(lines4, file = "regression_lines.csv")
```