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Contents and Objectives



Contents

- Introduction to WebSocket
- WebSocket Programming Model
- WebSocket Samples

Objectives

- 能够根据系统需求,分析前后端之间适用于异步通信机制的业务场景,并设计并实现基于WebSocket的实现方案

WebSocket



- WebSocket is an application protocol that provides full-duplex communications between two peers over the TCP protocol.
 - In the traditional request-response model used in HTTP, the client requests resources and the server provides responses.
 - The exchange is always initiated by the client; the server cannot send any data without the client requesting it first.
 - The WebSocket protocol provides a full-duplex communication channel between the client and the server.
 - Combined with other client technologies, such as JavaScript and HTML5, WebSocket enables web applications to deliver a richer user experience.



- In a WebSocket application, the server publishes a WebSocket endpoint and the client uses the endpoint's URI to connect to the server.
 - The WebSocket protocol is symmetrical after the connection has been established:
 - The client and the server can send messages to each other at any time while the connection is open, and they can close the connection at any time.
 - Clients usually connect only to one server, and servers accept connections from multiple clients.
- The WebSocket protocol has two parts:
 - handshake and data transfer.



- The client initiates the handshake by sending a request to a WebSocket endpoint using its URI.
 - The handshake is compatible with existing HTTP-based infrastructure:
 - web servers interpret it as an HTTP connection upgrade request.
 - An example handshake from a client looks like this:

```
GET /path/to/websocket/endpoint HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost
Upgrade: websocket
Connection: Upgrade
Sec-WebSocket-Key: xqBt3ImNzJbYqRINxEFlkg==
Origin: http://localhost
Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13
```



- The client initiates the handshake by sending a request to a WebSocket endpoint using its URI.
 - The handshake is compatible with existing HTTP-based infrastructure:
 - web servers interpret it as an HTTP connection upgrade request.
 - An example handshake from the **server** in response to the client looks like this:

```
HTTP/1.1 101 Switching Protocols
```

Upgrade: websocket

Connection: Upgrade

Sec-WebSocket-Accept: K7DJLdLooIwIG/MOpvWFB3y3FE8=



- The server applies a known operation to
 - the value of the Sec-WebSocket-Key header to generate the value of the Sec-WebSocket-Accept header.
- The client applies the same operation to
 - the value of the Sec-WebSocket-Key header, and the connection is established successfully if the result matches the value received from the server.
- The client and the server can send messages to each other after a successful handshake.



- WebSocket endpoints are represented by URIs that have the following form:
 - ws://host:port/path?query
 wss://host:port/path?query
 - The ws scheme represents an unencrypted WebSocket connection, and
 - the wss scheme represents an encrypted connection.
 - The port component is optional;
 - the default port number is 80 for unencrypted connections and
 - 443 for encrypted connections.
 - The path component indicates the location of an endpoint within a server.
 - The query component is optional.

Creating WebSocket Applications



- The Java API for WebSocket consists of the following packages:
 - The javax.websocket.server package contains annotations, classes, and interfaces to create and configure server endpoints.
 - The javax.websocket package contains annotations, classes, interfaces, and exceptions that are common to client and server endpoints.
- WebSocket endpoints are instances of the javax.websocket.Endpoint class.
 - The Java API for WebSocket enables you to create two kinds of endpoints: programmatic endpoints and annotated endpoints.
 - To create a programmatic endpoint, you extend the Endpoint class and override its lifecycle methods.
 - To create an annotated endpoint, you decorate a Java class and some of its methods with the annotations provided by the packages above.
 - After you have created an endpoint, you deploy it to an specific URI in the application so remote clients can connect to it.

Creating and Deploying a WebSocket Endpoint



- The process for creating and deploying a WebSocket endpoint:
 - 1. Create an endpoint class.
 - 2. Implement the lifecycle methods of the endpoint.
 - 3. Add your business logic to the endpoint.
 - 4. Deploy the endpoint inside a web application.
- The process is slightly different for programmatic endpoints and annotated endpoints

Programmatic Endpoints



EchoEndpoint

```
public class EchoEndpoint extends Endpoint {
@Override
public void onOpen(final Session session,
                           EndpointConfig config)
    session.addMessageHandler(
      new MessageHandler.Whole<String>() {
        @Override
        public void onMessage(String msg) {
          try {
            session.getBasicRemote().sendText(msg);
          } catch (IOException e) { ... }
      });
```

Programmatic Endpoints



 To deploy this programmatic endpoint, use the following code in your Java EE application:

```
ServerEndpointConfig.Builder.create(EchoEndpoint.class, "/echo").build();
```

- When you deploy your application, the endpoint is available at ws://<host>:<port>/<application>/echo;
 - for example, ws://localhost:8080/echoapp/echo.

Annotated Endpoints



EchoEndpoint

```
@ServerEndpoint("/echo")
public class EchoEndpoint {
   @OnMessage
  public void onMessage(Session session, String msg) {
    try {
      session.getBasicRemote().sendText(msg);
    } catch (IOException e) { ... }
  }
}
```

Annotated Endpoints



Annotation	Event	Example
OnOpen	Connection opened.	@OnOpen public void open(Session session,
OnMessage	Message received.	@OnMessage public void message (Session session, String msg) { }
OnError	Connection error.	@OnError public void error(Session session, Throwable error) { }
OnClose	Connection closed.	@OnClose public void close(Session session,

Sending Messages to All Peers Connected to an Endpoint In Secretary Secretar

Send messages

```
@ServerEndpoint("/echoall")
public class EchoAllEndpoint {
  @OnMessage
  public void onMessage(Session session, String msg)
    try {
      for (Session sess : session.getOpenSessions()) {
         if (sess.isOpen())
           sess.getBasicRemote().sendText(msg);
    } catch (IOException e) { ... }
```

Receiving Messages



Receive messages

```
@ServerEndpoint("/receive")
public class ReceiveEndpoint {
@OnMessage
 public void textMessage(Session session, String msg)
 { System.out.println("Text message: " + msg); }
 @OnMessage
 public void binaryMessage(Session session, ByteBuffer msg)
 { System.out.println("Binary message: " + msg.toString()); }
 @OnMessage
 public void pongMessage(Session session, PongMessage msg)
    System.out.println("Pong message: " +
              msg.getApplicationData().toString());
```



ETFEndPoint.java

```
@ServerEndpoint("/dukeetf")
public class ETFEndpoint {
    private static final Logger logger =
                          Logger.getLogger("ETFEndpoint");
    static Queue<Session> queue = new ConcurrentLinkedQueue<>();
    public static void send(double price, int volume) {
        String msg = String.format("%.2f, %d", price, volume);
        try {
            for (Session session : queue) {
                session.getBasicRemote().sendText(msg);
                logger.log(Level.INFO, "Sent: {0}", msg);
        } catch (IOException e) {
            logger.log(Level.INFO, e.toString());
```



ETFEndPoint.java

```
@OnOpen
public void openConnection(Session session) {
    queue.add(session);
    logger.log(Level.INFO, "Connection opened.");
@OnClose
public void closedConnection(Session session) {
    queue.remove(session);
    logger.log(Level.INFO, "Connection closed.");
@OnError
public void error(Session session, Throwable t) {
    queue.remove(session);
    logger.log(Level.INFO, t.toString());
    logger.log(Level.INFO, "Connection error.");
```



ETFListener.java

```
@WebListener
public class ETFListener implements ServletContextListener {
    private Timer timer = null;
    public void contextInitialized(ServletContextEvent event) {
           timer = new Timer(true);
            event.getServletContext().log("The Timer is started");
           timer.schedule(new ReportBean(event.getServletContext()),
                           0, 1000);
           event.getServletContext().log("The task is added");
```



ReportBean.java

```
public class ReportBean extends TimerTask {
  private ServletContext context = null;
  private Random random = new Random();
  private double price = 100.0;
  private int volume = 300000;
 public ReportBean(ServletContext context)
 { this.context = context; }
 public void run() {
    context.log("Task started");
    price += 1.0*(random.nextInt(100)-50)/100.0;
    volume += random.nextInt(5000) - 2500;
    ETFEndpoint.send(price, volume);
    context.log("Task ended");
```



Index.html

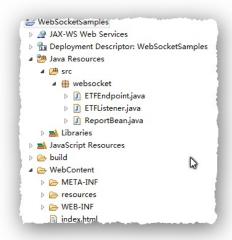
```
<html>
<head>
 <title>Duke's WebSocket ETF</title>
  <script type="text/javascript">
      var wsocket;
      function connect() {
          wsocket = new WebSocket
                   ("ws://localhost:8080/WebSocketSamples/dukeetf");
          wsocket.onmessage = onMessage;
      function onMessage(evt) {
          var arraypv = evt.data.split(",");
          document.getElementById("price").innerHTML = arraypv[0];
          document.getElementById("volume").innerHTML = arraypv[1];
      window.addEventListener("load", connect, false);
 </script>
</head>
```

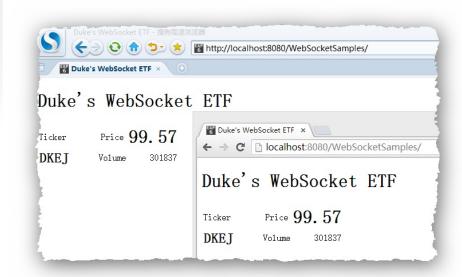


Index.html

```
<body>
  <h1>Duke's WebSocket ETF</h1>
  Ticker
       Price
       <td id="price"
         style="font-size:24pt;font-weight:bold;">--.-
    >
       <td style="font-size:18pt;font-weight:bold;"
         width="100">DKEJ
       Volume
       --
    </body>
</html>
```







Using Encoders and Decoders



- The Java API for WebSocket provides
 - support for converting between WebSocket messages and custom Java types using encoders and decoders.
 - An encoder takes a Java object and produces a representation that can be transmitted as a WebSocket message;
 - for example, encoders typically produce JSON, XML, or binary representations.
 - A decoder performs the reverse function: it reads a WebSocket message and creates a Java object.
 - This mechanism simplifies WebSocket applications, because it decouples the business logic from the serialization and deserialization of objects.

Encoders



- Implement one of the following interfaces:
 - Encoder.Text<T> for text messages
 - Encoder.Binary<T> for binary messages

```
public class MessageATextEncoder implements Encoder.Text<MessageA> {
@Override
public void init(EndpointConfig ec) { }
@Override
public void destroy() { }
@Override
public String encode(MessageA msgA) throws EncodeException {
   // Access msgA's properties and convert to JSON text...
   return msgAJsonString;
```

Encoders



Then, add the encoders parameter to the ServerEndpoint annotation as follows:

```
@ServerEndpoint(
    value = "/myendpoint",
    encoders = {
        MessageATextEncoder.class,
        MessageBTextEncoder.class } )
public class EncEndpoint { ... }
```

 Now you can send MessageA and MessageB objects as WebSocket messages using the sendObject method as follows:

```
MessageA msgA = new MessageA(...);
MessageB msgB = new MessageB(...);
session.getBasicRemote.sendObject(msgA);
session.getBasicRemote.sendObject(msgB);
```

Decoders



- Implement one of the following interfaces:
 - Decoder.Text<T> for text messages
 - Decoder.Binary<T> for binary messages

```
public class MessageTextDecoder implements Decoder.Text<Message> {
@Override
 public void init(EndpointConfig ec) { }
@Override
 public void destroy() { }
@Override
 public Message decode(String string) throws DecodeException {
  // Read message...
  if ( /* message is an A message */ ) return new MessageA(...);
   else if ( /* message is a B message */ ) return new MessageB(...);
@Override
 public boolean willDecode(String string) {
 // Determine if the message can be converted into either a
 // MessageA object or a MessageB object...
 return canDecode;
```

Decoders



Then, add the decoders parameter to the ServerEndpoint annotation as follows:

```
@ServerEndpoint(
    value = "/myendpoint",
    encoders = {
        MessageATextEncoder.class,
        MessageBTextEncoder.class }
    decoders = { MessageTextDecoder.class }
)
public class EncEndpoint { ... }
```

Now define a method in the endpoint class that receives MessageA and MessageB objects as follows:

```
@OnMessage public void message(Session session, Message msg) {
  if (msg instanceof MessageA) {
    // We received a MessageA object...
  else if (msg instanceof MessageB) {
    // We received a MessageB object... }
}
```

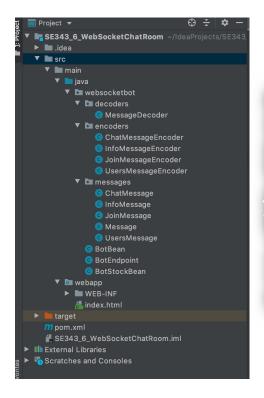
Handling Errors

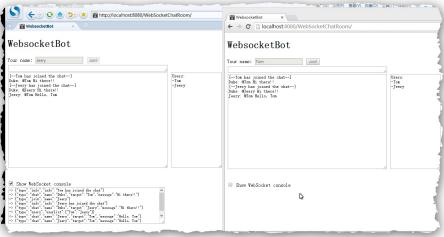


• To designate a method that handles errors in an annotated WebSocket endpoint, decorate it with @OnError:

```
@ServerEndpoint("/testendpoint")
public class TestEndpoint {
    ...
    @OnError
    public void error(Session session, Throwable t)
    {
        t.printStackTrace();
        ...
    }
}
```









```
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
 <title>WebsocketBot</title>
 <script type="text/javascript">
     var wsocket; // Websocket connection
     var userName; // User's name
     var textarea; // Chat area
     var wsconsole; // Websocket console area
     var userlist; // User list area
     function connect() {
         textarea = document.getElementById("textarea");
         wsconsole = document.getElementById("wsconsole");
         userlist = document.getElementById("userlist");
         wsocket = new WebSocket(
                   "ws://localhost:8080/WebSocketChatRoom/websocketbot");
         wsocket.onmessage = onMessage;
         document.getElementById("name").focus();
         document.getElementById("consolediv").style.visibility ='hidden';
```



```
function onMessage(evt) {
    var line = "";
    var msg = JSON.parse(evt.data);
    if (msg.type === "chat") {
        line = msg.name + ": ";
        if (msg.target.length > 0)
            line += "@" + msg.target + " ";
        line += msg.message + "\n";
        textarea.value += "" + line;
    } else if (msg.type === "info") {
        line = "[--" + msg.info + "--]\n";
        textarea.value += "" + line;
    } else if (msg.type === "users") {
        line = "Users:\n";
        for (var i=0; i < msg.userlist.length; i++)</pre>
            line += "-" + msg.userlist[i] + "\n";
        userlist.value = line;
    textarea.scrollTop = 999999;
    wsconsole.value += "-> " + evt.data + "\n";
    wsconsole.scrollTop = 999999;
```



```
function sendJoin() {
    var input = document.getElementById("input");
    var name = document.getElementById("name");
    var join = document.getElementById("join");
    var isonstr;
    if (name.value.length > 0) {
        var joinMsg = {};
        joinMsg.type = "join";
        joinMsg.name = name.value;
        jsonstr = JSON.stringify(joinMsg);
        wsocket.send(jsonstr);
        name.disabled = true;
        join.disabled = true;
        input.disabled = false;
        userName = name.value;
        wsconsole.value += "<- " + jsonstr + "\n";</pre>
        wsconsole.scrollTop = 999999;
```



```
function sendMessage(evt) {
    var input = document.getElementById("input");
    var jsonstr;
    var msgstr;
    if (evt.keyCode === 13 && input.value.length > 0) {
        var chatMsg = {};
        chatMsg.type = "chat";
        chatMsg.name = userName;
        msgstr = input.value;
        chatMsg.target = getTarget(msgstr.replace(/,/g, ""));
        chatMsg.message = cleanTarget(msgstr);
        chatMsg.message =
               chatMsg.message.replace(/(\r\n|\n|\r)/gm,"");
        jsonstr = JSON.stringify(chatMsg);
        wsocket.send(jsonstr);
        input.value = "";
        wsconsole.value += "<- " + jsonstr + "\n";</pre>
        wsconsole.scrollTop = 999999;
```



```
function checkJoin(evt) {
    var name = document.getElementById("name");
   var input = document.getElementById("input");
    if (evt.keyCode === 13 && name.value.length > 0) {
        sendJoin();
        input.focus();
function getTarget(str) {
    var arr = str.split(" ");
   var target = "";
    for (var i=0; i<arr.length; i++) {</pre>
        if (arr[i].charAt(0) === '@') {
            target = arr[i].substring(1,arr[i].length);
            target = target.replace(/(\r\n|\n|\r)/gm,"");
    return target;
```



```
function cleanTarget(str) {
          var arr = str.split(" ");
          var cleanstr = "";
          for (var i=0; i<arr.length; i++) {</pre>
              if (arr[i].charAt(0) !== '@')
                  cleanstr += arr[i] + " ";
          return cleanstr.substring(0,cleanstr.length-1);
      function showHideConsole() {
          var chkbox = document.getElementById("showhideconsole");
          var consolediv = document.getElementById("consolediv");
          if (chkbox.checked)
              consolediv.style.visibility = 'visible';
          else
              consolediv.style.visibility = 'hidden';
     window.addEventListener("load", connect, false);
 </script>
</head>
```



index.html

```
<body>
    <h1>WebsocketBot</h1>
    Your name: <input id="name" type="text" size="20" maxlength="20"
                 onkeyup="checkJoin(event);"/>
    <input type="submit" id="join" value="Join!"</pre>
           onclick="sendJoin();"/><br/>
    <textarea id="input" cols="70" rows="1" disabled="true"</pre>
              onkeyup="sendMessage(event);"></textarea><br/>
    <textarea id="textarea" cols="70" rows="20"</pre>
              readonly="true"></textarea>
    <textarea id="userlist" cols="20" rows="20"</pre>
              readonly="true"></textarea>
    <br/><br/><br/><br/>
    <input id="showhideconsole" type="checkbox"</pre>
           onclick="showHideConsole();"/>
    Show WebSocket console<br/>
    <div id="consolediv"><textarea id="wsconsole" cols="80" rows="8"</pre>
         readonly="true" style="font-size:8pt;"></textarea></div>
</body>
</html>
```





```
@OnMessage
public void message(final Session session, Message msg) {
    if (msg instanceof JoinMessage) {
        JoinMessage jmsg = (JoinMessage) msg;
        session.getUserProperties().put("name", jmsg.getName());
        session.getUserProperties().put("active", true);
        logger.log(Level.INFO, "Received: {0}", jmsg.toString());
        sendAll(session, new InfoMessage(jmsg.getName() + " has
                joined the chat"));
        sendAll(session, new ChatMessage("Duke", jmsg.getName(),
                "Hi there!!"));
        sendAll(session, new UsersMessage(this.getUserList(session)));
    } else if (msg instanceof ChatMessage) {
        final ChatMessage cmsg = (ChatMessage) msg;
        logger.log(Level.INFO, "Received: {0}", cmsg.toString());
        sendAll(session, cmsg);
```



```
@OnClose
public void closedConnection(Session session) {
    session.getUserProperties().put("active", false);
    if (session.getUserProperties().containsKey("name")) {
        String name =
            session.getUserProperties().get("name").toString();
        sendAll(session, new InfoMessage(name +
                " has left the chat"));
        sendAll(session, new UsersMessage(this.getUserList(session)));
    logger.log(Level.INFO, "Connection closed.");
@OnError
public void error(Session session, Throwable t) {
    logger.log(Level.INFO, "Connection error ({0})", t.toString());
```



```
public synchronized void sendAll(Session session, Object msg) {
    try {
       for (Session s : session.getOpenSessions()) {
            if (s.isOpen()) {
                s.getBasicRemote().sendObject(msg);
                logger.log(Level.INFO, "Sent: {0}", msg.toString());
    } catch (IOException | EncodeException e) {
        logger.log(Level.INFO, e.toString());
public List<String> getUserList(Session session) {
    List<String> users = new ArrayList<>();
    for (Session s : session.getOpenSessions()) {
        if (s.isOpen()&&(boolean) s.getUserProperties().get("active"))
            users.add(s.getUserProperties().get("name").toString());
    return users;
```



Message.java public class Message {} ChatMessage.java public class ChatMessage extends Message { private String name; private String target; private String message; public ChatMessage(String name, String target, String message) { this.name = name; this.target = target; this.message = message; public String getMessage() { return message; } public void setMessage(String message) { this.message = message; }



UserMessage.java public class Message {} public class UsersMessage extends Message { private List<String> userlist; public UsersMessage(List<String> userlist) { this.userlist = userlist; public List<String> getUserList() { return userlist; } JoinMessage.java public class JoinMessage extends Message { private String name; public JoinMessage(String name) { this.name = name; } public String getName() { return name; }



InfoMessage.java public class InfoMessage extends Message { private String info; public InfoMessage(String info) { this.info = info; public String getInfo() { return info; /* For logging purposes */ @Override public String toString() { return "[InfoMessage] " + info;



ChatMessageEncoder.java

```
public class ChatMessageEncoder implements Encoder.Text<ChatMessage> {
    @Override
    public void init(EndpointConfig ec) { }
    @Override
    public void destroy() { }
    @Override
    public String encode(ChatMessage chatMessage) throws EncodeException
        StringWriter swriter = new StringWriter();
        try (JsonGenerator jsonGen = Json.createGenerator(swriter)) {
             isonGen.writeStartObject()
                 .write("type", "chat")
                 .write("name", chatMessage.getName())
.write("target", chatMessage.getTarget())
                 .write("message", chatMessage.getMessage())
             .writeEnd();
        return swriter.toString();
```



JoinMessageEncoder.java

```
public class JoinMessageEncoder implements Encoder.Text<JoinMessage> {
    @Override
    public void init(EndpointConfig ec) { }
    @Override
    public void destroy() { }
    @Override
    public String encode(JoinMessage joinMessage) throws EncodeException
        StringWriter swriter = new StringWriter();
        try (JsonGenerator jsonGen = Json.createGenerator(swriter)) {
            jsonGen.writeStartObject()
                .write("type", "join")
                .write("name", joinMessage.getName())
            .writeEnd();
        return swriter.toString();
```



InfoMessageEncoder.java

```
public class InfoMessageEncoder implements Encoder.Text<InfoMessage> {
    @Override
    public void init(EndpointConfig ec) { }
    @Override
    public void destroy() { }
    @Override
    public String encode(InfoMessage joinMessage) throws EncodeException
        StringWriter swriter = new StringWriter();
        try (JsonGenerator jsonGen = Json.createGenerator(swriter)) {
            isonGen.writeStartObject()
                .write("type", "info")
                .write("info", joinMessage.getInfo())
            .writeEnd();
        return swriter.toString();
```



UsersMessageEncoder.java

```
public class UsersMessageEncoder implements Encoder.Text<UsersMessage> {
    @Override
    public void init(EndpointConfig ec) { }
    @Override
    public void destroy() { }
    @Override
    public String encode(UsersMessage usersMessage) throws
              EncodeException {
        StringWriter swriter = new StringWriter();
        try (JsonGenerator jsonGen = Json.createGenerator(swriter)) {
            isonGen.writeStartObject()
                .write("type", "users")
                .writeStartArray("userlist");
            for (String user : usersMessage.getUserList())
                isonGen.write(user);
            jsonGen.writeEnd().writeEnd();
        return swriter.toString();
```



MessageDecoder.java

```
public class MessageDecoder implements Decoder.Text<Message> {
    private Map<String,String> messageMap;
    @Override
    public void init(EndpointConfig ec) { }
    @Override
    public void destroy() { }
    /* Create a new Message object if the message can be decoded */
    @Override
    public Message decode(String string) throws DecodeException {
        Message msg = null;
        if (willDecode(string)) {
            switch (messageMap.get("type")) {
                 case "join":
                     msg = new JoinMessage(messageMap.get("name"));
                     break;
                 case "chat":
                     msg = new ChatMessage(messageMap.get("name"),
                                            messageMap.get("target"),
messageMap.get("message"));
        } else {
            throw new DecodeException(string, "[Message] Can't decode.");
        return msg;
```



MessageDecoder.java

```
@Override
public boolean willDecode(String string) {
    boolean decodes = false:
    messageMap = new HashMap<>();
    JsonParser parser = Json.createParser(new StringReader(string));
    while (parser.hasNext()) {
        if `(parser.next() `== JsonParser.Event.KEY NAME) {
            String key = parser.getString();
            parser.next();
            String value = parser.getString();
            messageMap.put(key, value);
    Set keys = messageMap.keySet();
    if (keys.contains("type")) {
        switch (messageMap.gét("type")) {
            case "join":
                if (keys.contains("name"))
                    decodes = true;
                break;
            case "chat":
                String[] chatMsgKeys = {"name", "target", "message"};
                if (keys.containsAll(Arrays.asList(chatMsgKeys)))
                    decodes = true;
                break:
    return decodes;
```



```
@ServerEndpoint(
         value = `"/websocketbot",
         decoders = { MessageDecoder.class },
         encoders = { JoinMessageEncoder.class, ChatMessageEncoder.class,
                       InfoMessageEncoder.class. UsersMessageEncoder.class }
public class BotEndpoint {
    @OnOpen
    public void openConnection(Session session) {
         logger.log(Level.INFO, "Connection opened.");
    @OnMessage
    public void message(final Session session, Message msg) {
         logger.log(Level.INFO, "Received: {0}", msg.toString());
         if (msg instanceof JoinMessage) {
              JoinMessage jmsg = (JoinMessage) msg;
              session.getUserProperties().put("name", jmsg.getName());
              session.getUserProperties().put("active", true);
              logger.log(Level.INFO, "Rèceived: {0}", jmsg.toString());
             sendAll(session, new InfoMessage(jmsg.getName() + " has joined the chat"));
sendAll(session, new ChatMessage("Duke", jmsg.getName(), "Hi there!!"));
              sendAll(session, new UsersMessage(this.getUserList(session)));
         } else if (msg instanceof ChatMessage) {
             final ChatMessage cmsg = (ChatMessage) msg;
logger.log(Level.INFO, "Received: {0}", cmsg.toString());
              sendAll(session, cmsg);
```



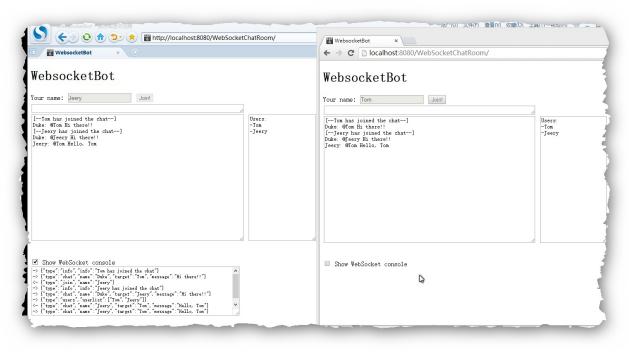
```
@OnClose
public void closedConnection(Session session) {
    session.getUserProperties().put("active", false);
    if (session.getUserProperties().containsKey("name")) {
        String name = session.getUserProperties().get("name").toString();
sendAll(session, new InfoMessage(name + " has left the chat"));
        sendAll(session, new UsersMessage(this.getUserList(session)));
    logger.log(Level.INFO, "Connection closed.");
@OnError
public void error(Session session, Throwable t) {
    logger.log(Level.INFO, "Connection error ({0})", t.toString());
public synchronized void sendAll(Session session, Object msg) {
    try
        for (Session s : session.getOpenSessions()) {
             if (s.isOpen()) {
                 s.getBasićŘemote().sendObject(msg);
                 logger.log(Level.INFO, "Sent: {0}", msg.toString());
    } catch (IOException | EncodeException e) {
        logger.log(Level.INFO, e.toString());
```



```
public List<String> getUserList(Session session) {
    List<String> users = new ArrayList<>();
    for (Session s : session.getOpenSessions()) {
        if (s.isOpen() && (boolean) s.getUserProperties().get("active"))
            users.add(s.getUserProperties().get("name").toString());
    }
    return users;
}
```







作业二(第一部分)



- 请你在大二开发的E-Book系统的基础上,完成下列任务:
 - 1. 编写一个WebSocket聊天室,用于用户在线聊天,具体功能参考上课案例。
 - 你应该将上述功能集成到你的E-Book系统中,如果你无法将上述2项任务集成到你的E-Book系统中,可以单独建立工程实现,但是会适当扣分。
 - 请将你编写的相关代码整体压缩后上传,请勿压缩整个工程提交。
- 评分标准:
 - 1. 聊天室代码运行正常,且能够集成到E-Book中 (3分)

References



- The Java EE 8 Tutorial
 - https://javaee.github.io/tutorial/toc.html
- Java API for WebSocket
 - https://javaee.github.io/tutorial/websocket.html#GKJIQ5



Thank You!