

MATH2040C Homework 3

ZHENG Weijia (William, 1155124322)

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1 Section 2.2, Q3

According to the question, $\beta = \{(1, 0), (0, 1)\}$.

Therefore, $T((1, 0)) = (1, 1, 2)$, $T((0, 1)) = (-1, 0, 1)$.

Then we need to find $[T((1, 0))]_{\gamma} = [(1, 1, 2)]_{\gamma}$ and $[T((0, 1))]_{\gamma} = [(-1, 0, 1)]_{\gamma}$.

By the question, $\gamma = \{(1, 1, 0), (0, 1, 1), (2, 2, 3)\}$.

Note that
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 \\ \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}.$$

Hence $[T((1, 0))]_{\gamma} = [(1, 1, 2)]_{\gamma} = (-\frac{1}{3}, 0, \frac{2}{3})$.

Also note that
$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Therefore, $[T]_{\beta}^{\gamma} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ \frac{2}{3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$

Note that $\alpha = \{(1, 2), (2, 3)\}$. And $T(1, 2) = (-1, 1, 4)$ and $T(2, 3) = (-1, 2, 7)$. Then we will find $[(-1, 1, 4)]_{\gamma}$ and $[(-1, 2, 7)]_{\gamma}$.

Note that
$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{7}{3} \\ 2 \\ \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}.$$

Hence $[T(1, 2)]_{\gamma} = [(-1, 1, 4)]_{\gamma} = (-\frac{7}{3}, 2, \frac{2}{3})$.

Also note that
$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{11}{3} \\ 3 \\ \frac{4}{3} \end{pmatrix}.$$

Hence $[T(2, 3)]_{\gamma} = [(-1, 2, 7)]_{\gamma} = (-\frac{11}{3}, 3, \frac{4}{3})$.

Therefore, $[T]_{\alpha}^{\gamma} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{7}{3} & -\frac{11}{3} \\ 2 & 3 \\ \frac{2}{3} & \frac{4}{3} \end{pmatrix}.$

Done.

2 Section 2.2, Q5