## 2.24练习

## 今日12:00直播讲解,欢迎收看哦~

## 【2020全国新高考I】-难度中等,有几道题确实有区分度

Many people have the hobby of collecting things, e.g. stamps, postcards or antiques. In the 18th and
19th centuries, <u>36</u> (wealth) people travelled and collected plants, historical objects and works of
art. They kept their collection at home until it got too big <u>37</u> until they died, and then it was given
to a museum. The 80,000 objects collected by Sir Hans Sloane, for example, 38 (form) the core
collection of the British Museum <u>39</u> opened in 1759.
The parts of a museum open to the public 40 (call) galleries or rooms. Often, only a small part of
a museum's collection 41 (be) on display. Most of it is stored away or used for research.
Many museums are lively places and they attract a lot of visitors. As well as looking at exhibits,
visitors can play with computer simulations(模拟) and imagine _42 (they) living at a different time
in history or 43 (walk) through a rainforest. At the Jorvik Centre in York, the city's Viking
settlement is recreated, and people experience the sights, sounds and smells of the old town.
Historical 44 (accurate) is important but so is entertainment.
Museums must compete 45 people's spare time and money with other amusements. Most
museums also welcome school groups and arrange special activities for children.

笔记Notes】		

## 【参考答案】

36. wealthy 37. or 38. formed 39. that/which 40. are called 41. is 42. themselves 43. walking 44. accuracy 45. for