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main.erl

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```

-module(main).
-export([start/0]).

start() ->
    % start all processes
    display:start(),
    tempConv:start(),
    clock:start(),
    sensor:start(celsiusSensor, fahrenheit2celsius),
    sensor:start(fahrenheitSensor, celsius2fahrenheit),

    % add the functions and sensors
    tempConv:add_new_fun(fahrenheit2celsius, fun(X) -> (X-32)*5/9 end),
    tempConv:add_new_fun(celsius2fahrenheit, fun(X) -> (X*9/5)+32 end),
    clock:add_new_sensor(celsiusSensor),
    clock:add_new_sensor(fahrenheitSensor).

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clock.erl

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```

-module(clock).
-export([start/0, restarter/0, loop/1, add_new_sensor/1]).
-define (CLOCK_PERIOD_MS, 1000).

% clock spawner
start() ->
    spawn(?MODULE, restarter, []).

% the restarter makes sure that except when we explicitly
% killed the process, it will restart itself
restarter() ->
    process_flag(trap_exit, true),
    Pid = spawn_link(?MODULE, loop, [[]]),
    register(clock, Pid),
    receive
        {'EXIT', _Pid, normal} ->
            io:format("[clock] terminated normally~n");
        {'EXIT', _Pid, shutdown} ->
            io:format("[clock] manually terminated~n");
        {'EXIT', _Pid, _} ->
            io:format("[clock] something went wrong,
                so I'll just restart~n"),
            restarter()
    end.

% main loop:
% responsible for calling all sensors to send their
% readings every CLOCK_PERIOD_MS ms,
% also receives new sensors and add them to the
% sensor list 'L'
loop(L) ->
    receive
        {new_sensor, A} ->
            loop([A|L])
    after ?CLOCK_PERIOD_MS ->
        io:format("[clock] tick~n"),
        NL = tick_all(L),
        loop(NL)
    end.

% send a 'tick' message to all processes in the input list,
% if an atom in the list represents a dead process the said
% atom will be removed from the list
tick_all([H|L]) ->
    Pid = whereis(H),
    if
        Pid == undefined -> tick_all(L);
        true -> Pid ! tick, [H|tick_all(L)]
    end;
end.

tick_all([]) -> [].

% encapsulated message to add a new sensor 'S'
add_new_sensor(S) ->
    clock ! {new_sensor, S}.

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display.erl

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-module(display).
-export([start/0, restarter/0, loop/0]).

% display spawner
start() -> spawn(?MODULE, restarter, []).

% the restarter makes sure that except when we explicitly
% killed the process, it will restart itself
restarter() ->
    process_flag(trap_exit, true),
    Pid = spawn_link(?MODULE, loop, []),
    register(display, Pid),
    receive
        {'EXIT', _Pid, normal} ->
            io:format("[display] terminated normally~n");
        {'EXIT', _Pid, shutdown} ->
            io:format("[display] manually terminated~n");
        {'EXIT', _Pid, _} ->
            io:format("[display] something went wrong,
                so I'll just restart~n"),
            restarter()
    end.

% main loop:
% responsible for receiving the temperature messages and
% displaying them.
loop() ->
    receive
        {S, T} ->
            io:format("[display] temp from sensor
                ~s: ~w~n", [atom_to_list(S), T])
    end,
    loop().

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sensor.erl

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```

-module(sensor).
-export([start/2, restarter/2, loop/2]).

% sensor spawner
start(S, F) ->
    spawn(?MODULE, restarter, [S, F]).

% the restarter makes sure that except when we explicitly
% killed the process, it will restart itself
restarter(S, F) ->
    process_flag(trap_exit, true),
    Pid = spawn_link(?MODULE, loop, [S, F]),
    register(S, Pid),
    receive
        {'EXIT', _Pid, normal} ->
            io:format("[sensor ~s] terminated normally~n",
                [atom_to_list(S)]);
        {'EXIT', _Pid, shutdown} ->
            io:format("[sensor ~s] manually terminated~n",
                [atom_to_list(S)]);
        {'EXIT', _Pid, _} ->
            io:format("[sensor ~s] something went wrong,
                so I'll just restart~n", [atom_to_list(S)]),
            restarter(S, F)
    end.

% main loop:
% responsible for requesting a temperature conversion every
% 'tick' message and sending the output to 'display'
loop(S, F) ->
    receive
        tick ->
            io:format("[sensor ~s] requesting temp
                conversion~n", [atom_to_list(S)]),
            % get a random reading between 1 and 100
            T = random:uniform(100),
            tempConv:convert_temp(self(), F, T);
        {converted, T} ->
            io:format("[sensor ~s] temp converted.
                sending to be displayed~n", [atom_to_list(S)]),
            display ! {S, T}
    end,
    loop(S, F).

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tempConv.erl

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```

-module(tempConv).
-export([start/0, restarter/0, loop/1,
        convert_temp/3, add_new_fun/2]).

% converter spawner
start() -> spawn(?MODULE, restarter, []).

% the restarter makes sure that except when we explicitly
% killed the process, it will restart itself
restarter() ->
    process_flag(trap_exit, true),
    Pid = spawn_link(?MODULE, loop, [[]]),
    register(tempConv, Pid),
    receive
        {'EXIT', _Pid, normal} ->
            io:format("[converter] terminated normally~n");
        {'EXIT', _Pid, shutdown} ->
            io:format("[converter] manually terminated~n");
        {'EXIT', _Pid, _} ->
            io:format("[converter] something went wrong,
                        so I'll just restart~n"),
            restarter()
    end.

% main loop:
% responsible for receiving convert requests and responding
% with the converted temperature given the requested function,
% (that is inside its function list 'Fs'),
% can also receive new functions and add them to 'Fs'
loop(Fs) ->
    receive
        {PidSender, convert, F, T} ->
            NewTFun = get_fun(Fs, F),
            NewT = NewTFun(T),
            io:format("[converter] converting:
                        ~s~n", [atom_to_list(F)]),
            PidSender ! {converted, NewT},
            loop(Fs);
        {loadNewConvFun, F} ->
            loop([F|Fs])
    end.

% return the function mached by its atom name 'F'
get_fun([{_F, Fun}|_], _F) -> Fun;
get_fun([{_F, _}|Fs], F) -> get_fun(Fs, F);
get_fun([], _) -> [].

% encapsulated message to convert the temperature 'T'
% using function 'F' and return the result to process 'Pid'
convert_temp(Pid, F, T) ->
    tempConv ! {Pid, convert, F, T}.

% encapsulated message to add a new function 'F' with
% the atom name 'N'
add_new_fun(N, F) ->
    tempConv ! {loadNewConvFun, {N, F}}.

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