



Hands-on Lab : Creating and Configuring Visualizations in Reports with Looker Studio

Estimated time needed: 60 minutes

In this lab, you will learn how to include more pages in a report, and how to join multiple data rows from multiple tables to create a blended data source. Then you will learn how to add controls and filters to your visualizations to enhance a report's interactivity, and how to add different types of chart visualizations to your reports.

Software Used in this Lab

Like the videos in the course, for the hands-on labs we will be using Google's **Looker Studio** as this is available at no charge.

Dataset Used in this Lab

The dataset used in this lab comes from the VM designed to showcase IBM Cognos Analytics. This dataset is published by IBM. You can download the dataset file directly from here: [CustomerLoyaltyProgram.csv](#)

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

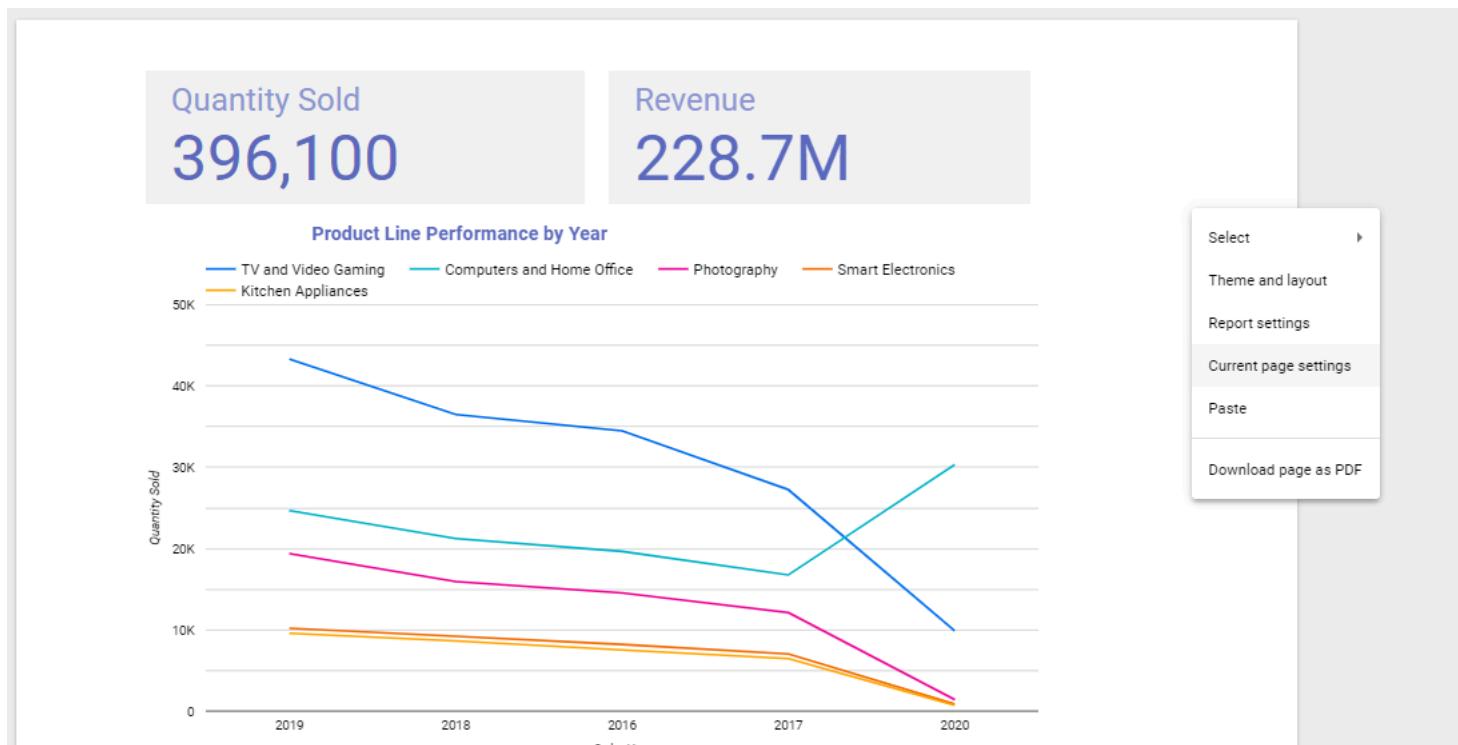
- Configure page settings and add new pages
- Blend data from multiple tables and create a bar chart
- Add a drop-down list control and filters to a visualization
- Add a bubble map, a heatmap, and a treemap

Exercise 1: Configure page settings and add new pages

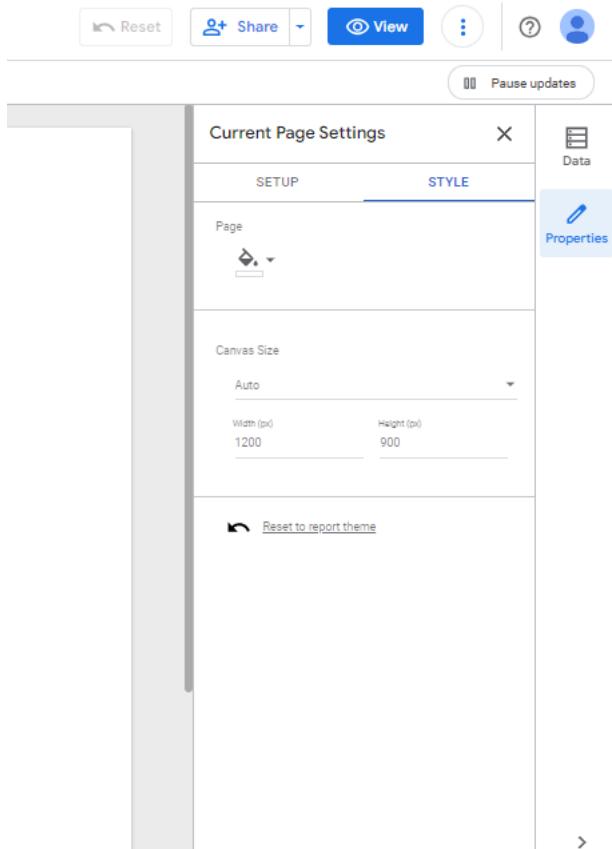
Task 1: Configure page settings

In this exercise, you will learn how to change the page settings and add new pages to your report.

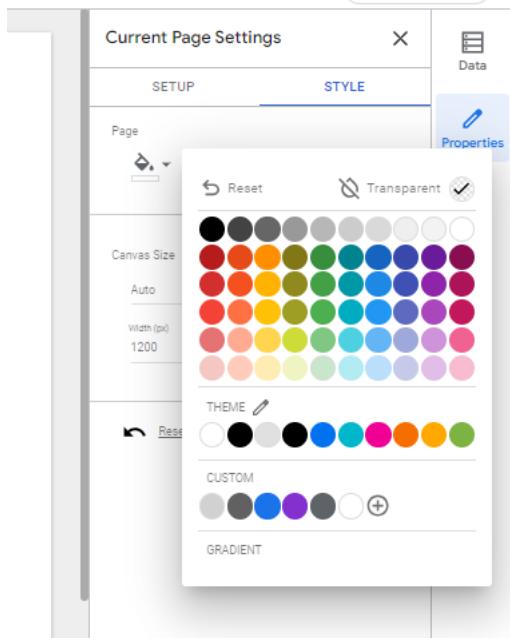
1. Right click on the canvas and click **Current Page Settings**.



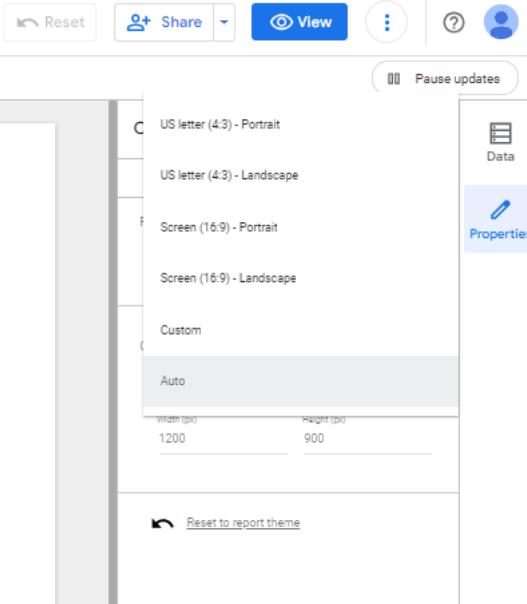
You will see that the properties for the page are displayed in the **Current Page Settings** tab in the right panel.



2. Click the **STYLE** tab, select the **Page background** drop-down arrow and select a **pale blue** background color. From here, you can also choose a specific Theme color, or choose a custom gradient color.



3. Under **Canvas Size**, click the drop-down arrow and select **Screen (16:9) - Landscape**. Note the width and height dimensions change.
4. Click the drop-down arrow again and select **Auto** to change it back to the original default size.



Task 2: Add new pages

1. In the toolbar, click **Add page** to add a new page to your report.

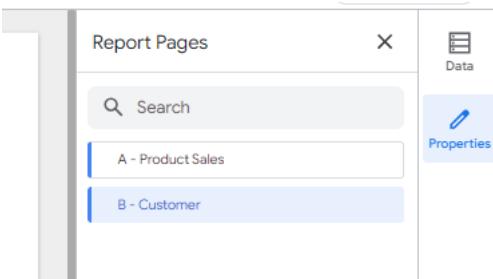
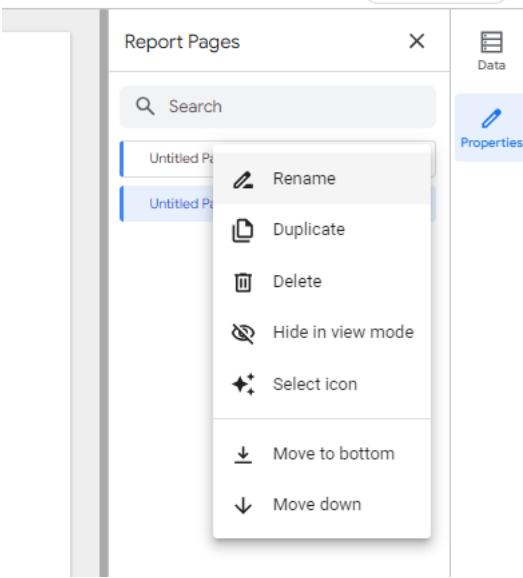
A new page will be displayed and on the left side panel.

2. You can switch between the pages by clicking on the page numbers in the left pane. Click page **1**, then click page **2**.
3. Click the toolbar button that says **Page 2 of 2**. This is the **Manage pages** option.

Notice that the **Report Pages** properties panel opens and shows both pages, and in this case note that neither of these pages is titled.

Let's update the page titles for both of the pages as *A - Product Sales* and *B - Customer* respectively.

4. To do this, click on the ellipsis button next to each one (the vertical three dots) and click **Rename**.



You can also toggle between pages from here as well.

Exercise 2: Blend data from multiple tables and create a bar chart

In most cases the data you want to visualize is not available in one table. Instead it is available in multiple tables. In such cases you will need to relate these tables and fetch relevant data for creating your reports and dashboards.

In this case let's consider you have two tables - one with customer details such as *name*, *full name*, *gender*, *loyalty number* and *customer ID* and another table with details on the customer loyalty program, such as *cust_ID*, *Income*, *Order Year*, *Quarter*, *MonthsAsMember*, *LoyaltyStatus*, *Product Line*, *Quantity Sold*, *Unit Sale Price*, *Unit Cost*, *Revenue*, and *Customer Lifetime Value*.

Now if you want to find out **Total quantity sold for Males and Females**, you will need to use both the tables. You can easily perform this task using the blending data functionality.

Blending data in Looker Studio involves creating relationships between different datasets and then using those relationships to create combined queries and reports.

NOTE: Two subdatasets have been created from the CustomerLoyaltyProgram.csv to perform this exercise. You can download them from here:

[cust_loyalty_table.csv](#)

[cust_table.csv](#)

1. In the toolbar, click **Add data**.
2. On the **Connect to data** page, select the **CSV File Upload** connector.
3. Click **Create dataset** and name it **cust_loyalty_dataset**.
4. Click **Add file** and browse to the folder where the files are located, select [cust_loyalty_table.csv](#) and click **Open**.
5. Once the *Status* updates to **Uploaded** for the first file, click **Add**, and then click **ADD TO REPORT**.
6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 to upload and add the [cust_table.csv](#) file also.

The screenshot shows the Data pane of a reporting tool. On the left, there's a search bar and a dropdown menu. Below it, three CSV files are listed: "CustomerLoyaltyProgram.csv", "cust_loyalty_table.csv", and "cust_table.csv". The "cust_loyalty_table.csv" and "cust_table.csv" entries are highlighted with an orange box.

7. In the toolbar, click **Resource**, and then click **Manage added data sources**.

The screenshot shows the toolbar of a dashboard application. The "Resource" button is highlighted with an orange box. A dropdown menu is open, showing several options: "Manage added data sources" (which is also highlighted with an orange box), "Manage blends", "Manage segments", "Manage filters", "Manage dimension value colors", "Manage report URL parameters", and "Manage community visualizations".

Here you can edit the data source and verify or modify the type of data attributes in the data if required.

8. Click **EDIT** for the **cust_table.csv** data source.

Simple Dashboard

File Edit View Insert Page Arrange Resource Help

Data sources

Name	Connector Type	Type	Used in report	Status	Actions
CustomerLoyaltyProgram.csv	File Upload	Reusable	3 charts	Working	EDIT DUPLICATE REMOVE
cust_loyalty_table.csv	File Upload	Embedded	0 charts	Working	EDIT DUPLICATE REMOVE
cust_table.csv	File Upload	Embedded	1 chart	Working	EDIT DUPLICATE REMOVE

[ADD A DATA SOURCE](#)

Simple Dashboard

File Edit View Insert Page Arrange Resource Help

cust_loy_table.csv

Scope: Embedded Data credentials: P P Data freshness: 12 hours Community

[EDIT CONNECTION](#) | [FILTER BY EMAIL](#) [ADD A](#)

Field	Type	Default Aggregation	Description
Cust_ID	123 Number	Sum	
Customer Name	RBC Text	None	
Education	RBC Text	None	
First Name	RBC Text	None	
Gender	RBC Text	None	
Last Name	RBC Text	None	
Loyalty#	123 Number	Sum	

9. You don't need to make any modifications in this case, so click **DONE** to close the window, then close the **Data sources** window.

Let's now add a bar chart to display the quantity sold by gender.

10. In the left pane, ensure that page **2** is selected.

11. Click **Add a chart**, in the **Bar** section, select the **Vertical bar** and position it on the canvas at the top left and left-click to place it there.

Looker Studio has picked the data table automatically, which you can ignore for now.

12. In the **Chart** properties pane, click **BLEND DATA**, and close the pop-up window that opens.

Notice that Table 1 is picked automatically by Looker Studio, but you will change it.

The screenshot shows the Tableau Data Blending interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'File', 'Edit', 'View', 'Insert', 'Page', 'Arrange', 'Resource', and 'Help' options. To the right are 'Reset' and 'Share' buttons. Below the navigation is a toolbar with icons for back, forward, search, and various data operations like 'Add data', 'Add a chart', and 'Add a control'. The main workspace contains a bar chart titled 'Record Count' with values decreasing from approximately 52 to 15. To the left of the chart is a vertical column labeled '1' and '2'. On the right side of the chart, there's a large orange arrow pointing right, labeled '1'. Below the chart is a section titled 'Blend Data' with a question mark icon. The bottom half of the screen features a 'Table 1 (Table Name)' pane containing 'Dimensions' (with 'First Name' selected, labeled '2') and 'Metrics' (with 'Record Count' selected, labeled '4'). To the right of this is an 'Available Fields' pane with a search bar ('Type to search') and a list of fields: 'Cust_ID', 'Customer Name', 'Education', 'First Name', 'Gender', and 'Last Name'. A small box labeled '5' is positioned near the '+' button in the Available Fields pane. On the far right, there's a sidebar titled 'Data sources' with sections for 'Blended data', 'Included data', and 'Available data'. The 'Available data' section lists 'RBC First Name' and '123 Record Count'.

13. In the *Table 1 (Table Name)* drop-down menu, select *cust_loyalty_table.csv*, drag **Cust_ID** to the **Dimension** field, drag **Quantity Sold** to the **Metric** field to replace *Record Count*, and then click **Join another table**.

The screenshot shows a dashboard builder interface with a top navigation bar for File, Edit, View, Insert, Page, Arrange, Resource, and Help. On the right, there are buttons for Reset, Share, and a dropdown menu. Below the navigation is a toolbar with icons for back, forward, search, add data, add a chart, and add a control. The main workspace displays two tables, Table 1 and Table 2, which are being joined.

Table 1 (cust_loyalty_table.csv):

- Dimensions:** Cust_ID (highlighted with an orange box).
- Metrics:** SUM Quantity Sold (highlighted with an orange box).

Table 2 (cust_table.csv):

- Dimensions:** Cust_ID (highlighted with an orange box), Gender.
- Metrics:** None.

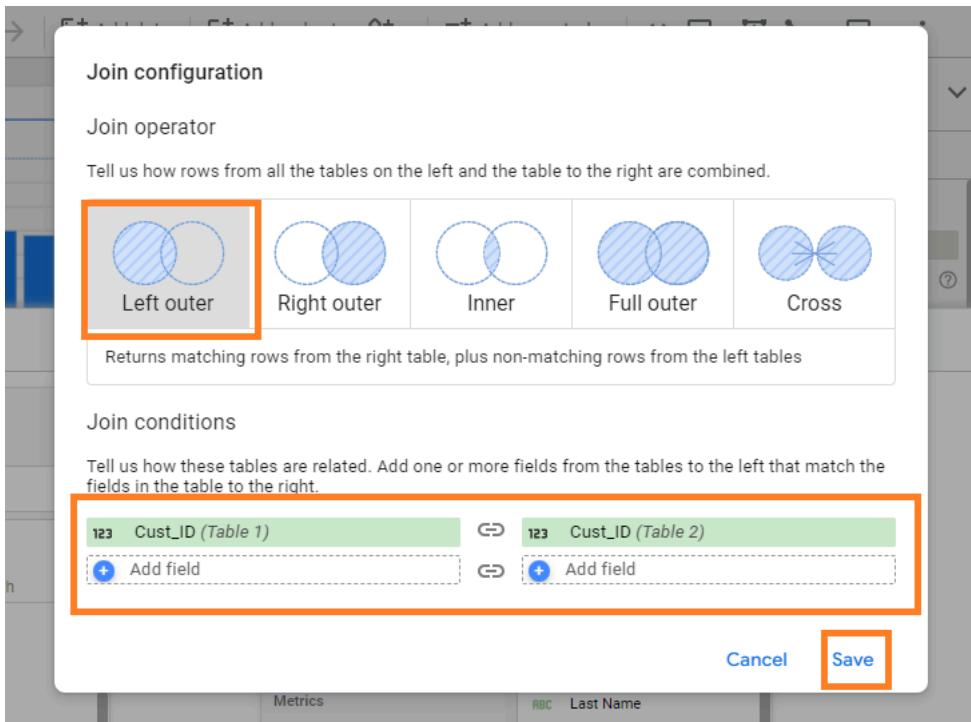
A large orange arrow points from the Cust_ID dimension in Table 1 to the Cust_ID dimension in Table 2, indicating the join operation. The right sidebar shows the joined data source as "Blended" and lists included dimensions: Cust_ID, Gender, Order Year, Product Line, and Record Count.

14. For the second table select **cust** **table.csv** as the table name for Table 2, and **Cust ID** should already be in the first **Dimension** field.

15. Drag **Gender** to the *Add dimension* field under **Dimension**. So, you should now have both **Cust ID** and **Gender** listed under **Dimension**.

16. Click **Configure join**.

17. In the **Join configuration** window that opens, select the **Left outer** join, accept **Cust_ID** as the default join condition, and then click **Save**.



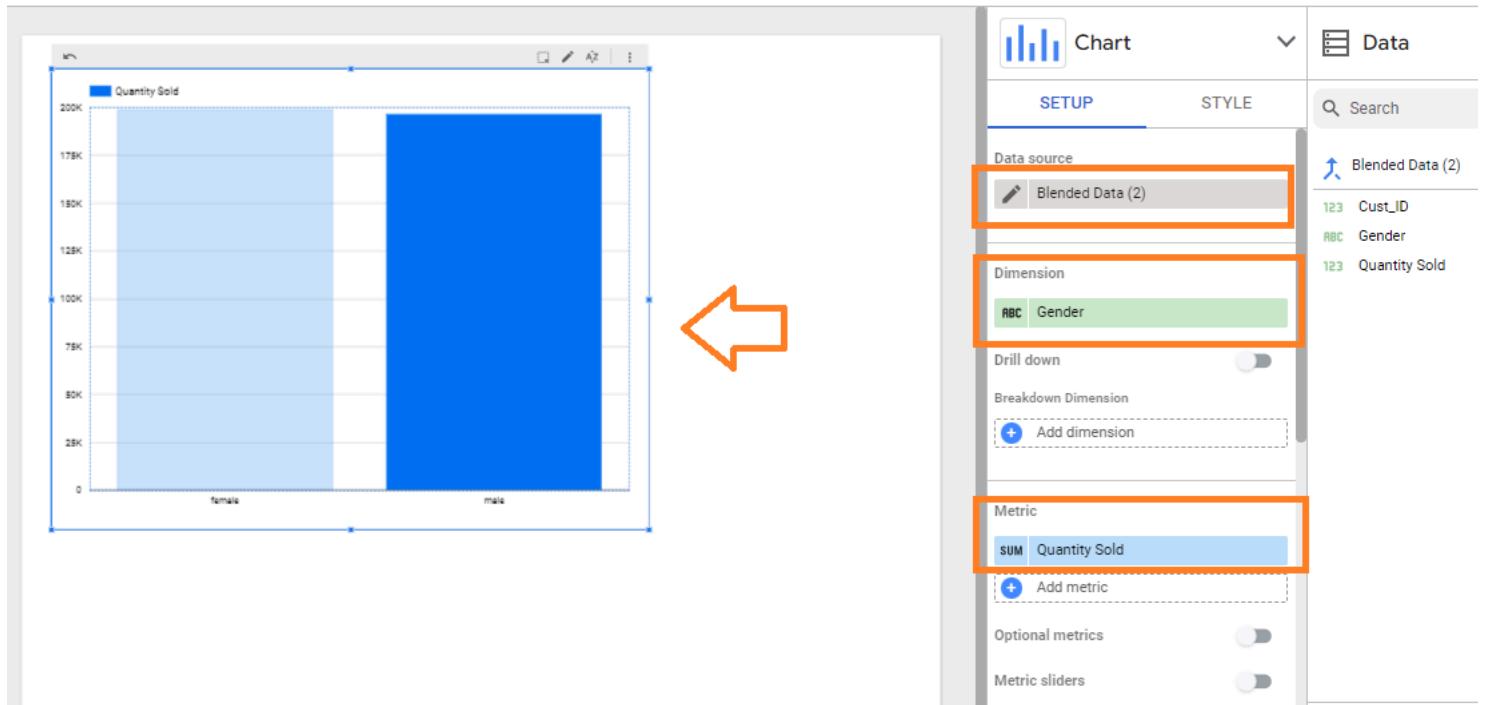
18. Once the join is configured, click **SAVE**.

19. Once the data has been blended, select the updated chart on page 2 to open the **Chart** properties pane.

20. From the **Data** pane on the right, drag **Gender** to **Dimension** in the **Chart** properties pane, to replace *Quantity Sold*.

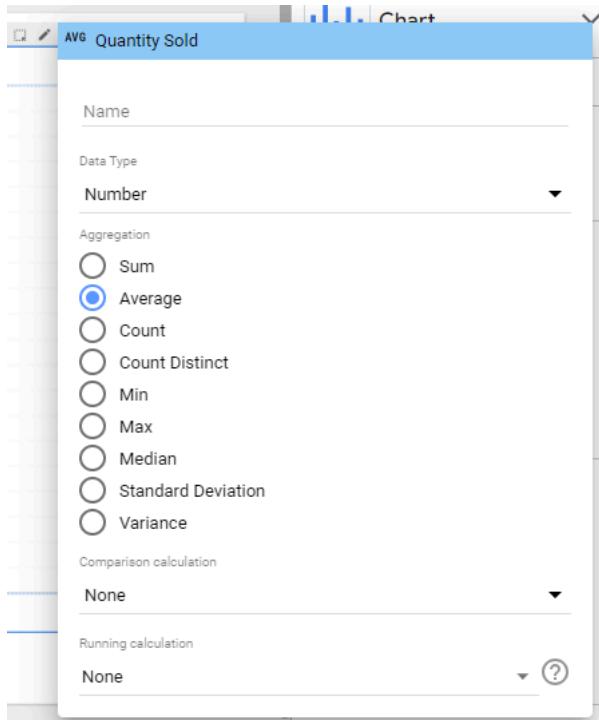
21. Leave **Quantity Sold** in the **Metric** and **Sort** fields, and your bar chart will update.

Once your chart has finished updating, it should look similar to the image below.



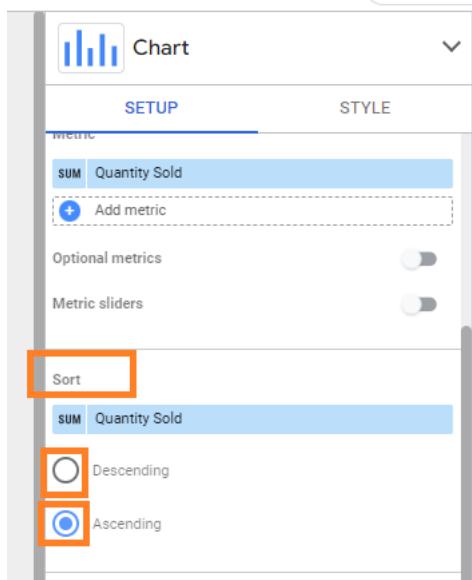
By default, Looker Studio will pick **SUM** as the metric for **Quantity Sold**, but you can change it if required.

22. Under **Metric**, click **SUM** next to **Quantity Sold**, and select **Average** from the list. The chart will update accordingly.



You can also display the metric sorted in ascending or descending order by selecting the relevant radio button under the **Sort** section of the **SETUP** tab in the **Chart** properties pane.

23. Under **Sort**, select **Ascending** and the chart will update accordingly to display *male* before *female*.



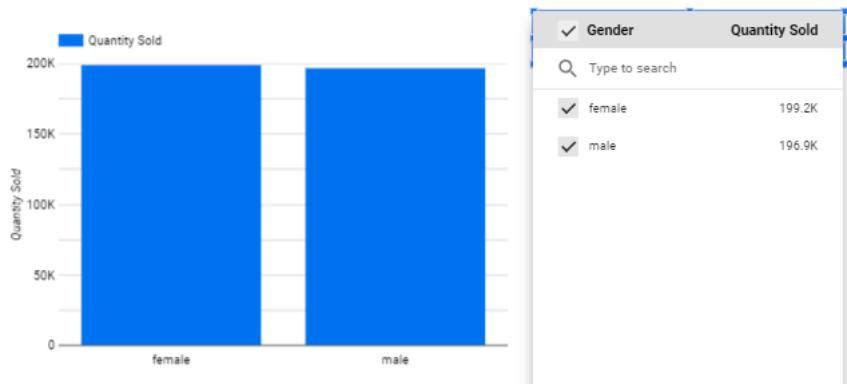
Exercise 3: Add a drop-down list control and filters to a visualization

Task 1: Add a drop-down list control

For the bar chart you created in exercise 2, you will now include a drop-down control to enable users to choose the gender from to display the quantity sold.

1. In the toolbar, click **Add control** and select **Drop-down list**.
2. Place it on the right of the chart.

3. Once the control has updated, click on it to see its appearance.



Task 2: Add filters

1. In the main menu, click **Page**, and then click **New page**.

2. In the toolbar, click **Add a chart**, then from the **Line** section, select the **Combo chart** and place it on the top left of the canvas.
3. In the **SETUP** tab of the **Chart** properties pane, remove the existing data source, and then click **Select Data Source**.
4. Select **CustomerLoyaltyProgram.csv** as the data source.

The screenshot shows a dashboard canvas with a new page component (labeled 1) and a chart component (labeled 2). The chart component has a 'Missing data source' error message. The properties pane for the chart (labeled 3) shows the 'Data source' section with 'CustomerLoyaltyProgram.csv' selected.

5. From the data pane, drag **City** to **Dimension** to replace *Gender*.
6. From the data pane, drag **Unit Sale Price** and **Revenue** to **Metric** to replace *Record Count* and *Quantity Sold*.
7. From the data pane, drag **City** to **Sort** to replace *Unit Sale Price*.

The screenshot shows the Chart properties pane with the following sections highlighted:

- Data source:** 'CustomerLoyaltyProgram.csv'
- Dimension:** 'City'
- Metric:** 'Unit Sale Price', 'Revenue'

Now you'll add a filter to this chart. First you will add a filter for the order year.

8. Select the chart on the canvas and from the **Filter** section of the **Chart** properties pane, click **ADD A FILTER**.
9. In the **Select a field** drop-down list, select **Order Year**, in the **Select a condition** drop-down list, select **Equal to (=)**, then in the **example 1** drop-down list, enter **2016**.

Simple Dashboard

File Edit View Insert Page Arrange Resource Help

← Reset Share

Add data Add a chart Add a control

Filter picker Order Year filter

Create Filter

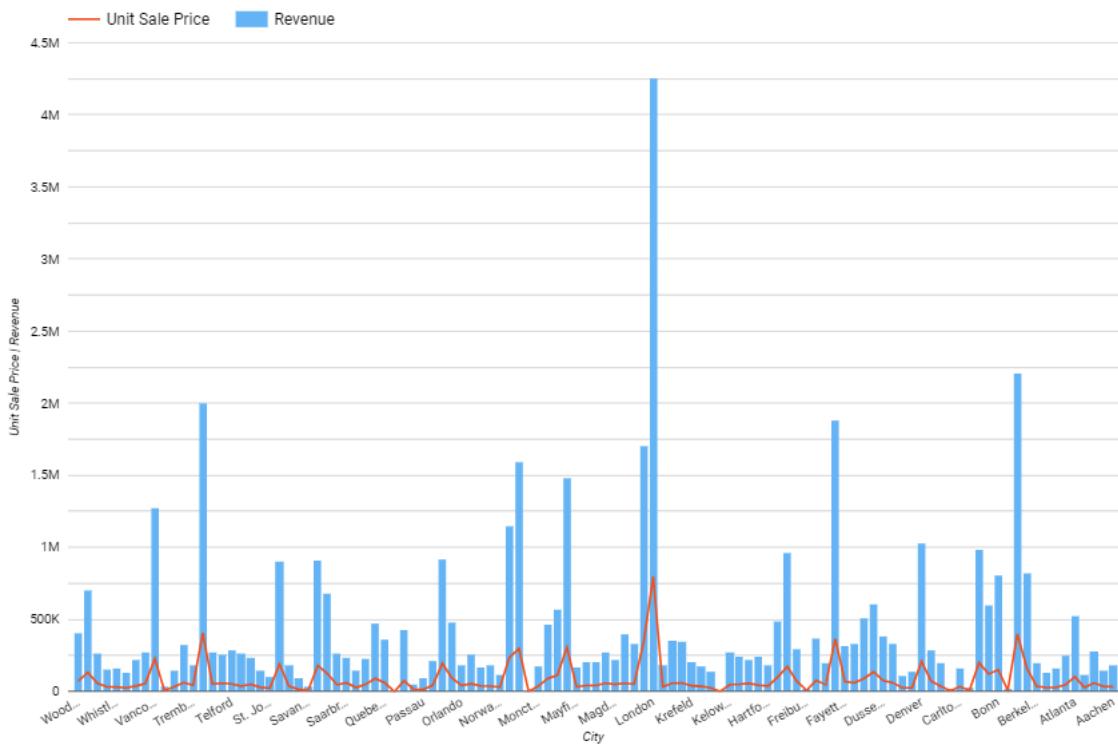
Name CustomerLoyaltyProgram.csv

Include Order Year Equal to (=) 2016

AND

10. Click **SAVE**.

When your chart updates, it should look similar to the image below.



Now you'll exclude a country from the visualization by using a filter.

11. Select the chart on the canvas and from the **Chart** properties pane, click **ADD A FILTER**, and then click **CREATE A FILTER**.

12. In the **Include** drop-down list, select **Exclude** instead, in the **Select a field** drop-down list, select **Country**, in the **Select a condition** drop-down list, select **Equal to (=)**, then in the **example: value** drop-down list, enter **Canada**.

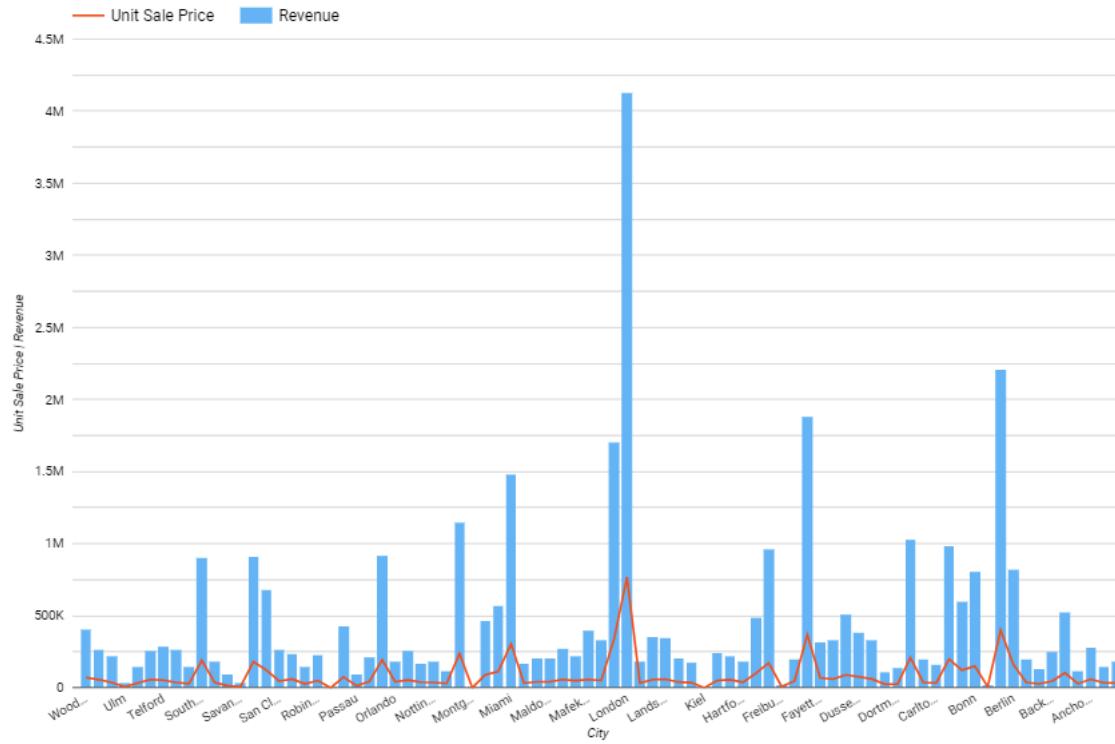
[Create Filter](#)

Name ...

Exclude Country Equal to (=) Canada

AND

13. Click **SAVE**.



Note: These filters can be used by the report maker and are not visible to the user.

Now you will provide a control to the report viewer, so that they can select the product line for this chart.

14. In the toolbar, click **Add a control**, select **Fixed-size list** and place it above the combo chart.

15. In the **Control** properties pane on the right, from the **Data** field, drag **Product Line** to **Control field** and drag **Revenue** to **Metric**.

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop interface. On the left, there is a bar chart with two data series: 'Unit Sale Price' (red line) and 'Revenue' (blue bars). The x-axis lists various cities. On the right, there is a control panel for a 'Product Line' control. The control panel includes a search bar, a list of product categories with checkboxes (TV and Video Gaming, Smart Electronics, Photography, Kitchen Appliances, Computers and Home O...), and a summary table for 'Revenue'.

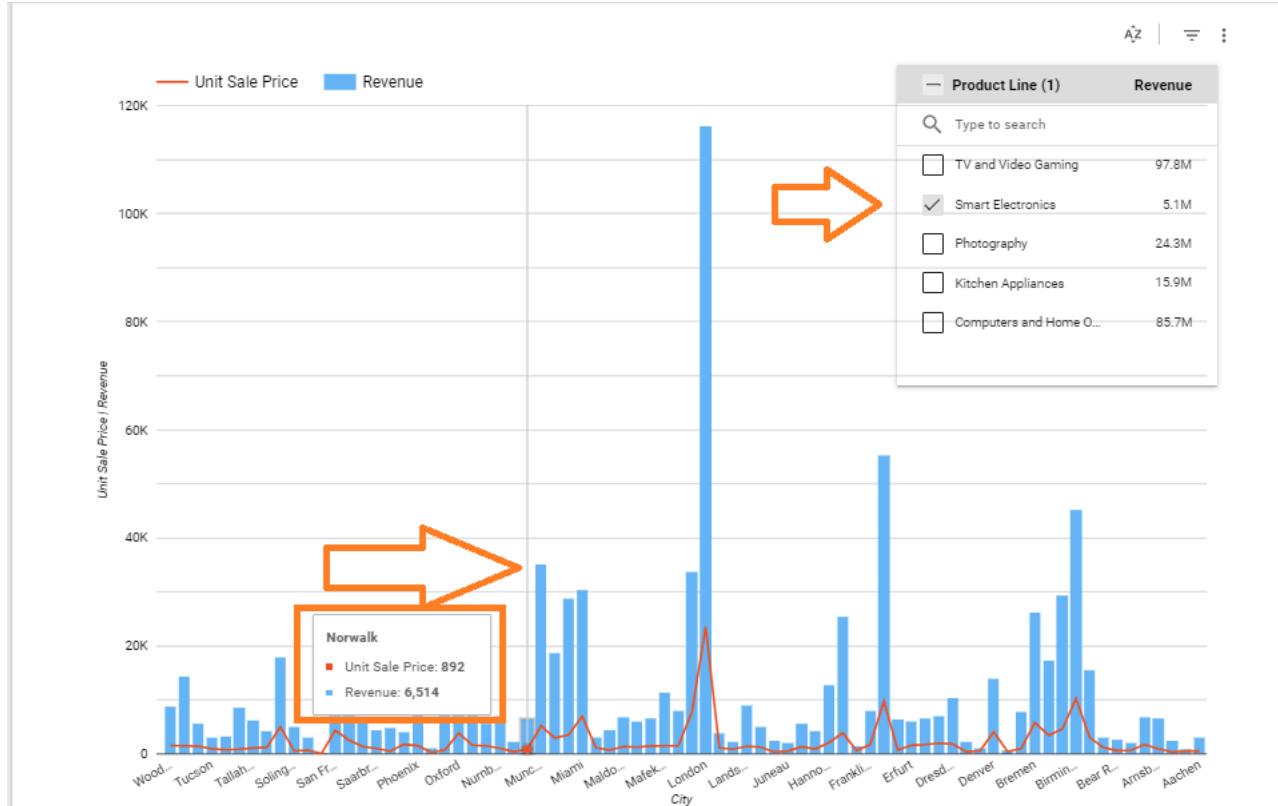
Product Line	Revenue
TV and Video Gaming	97.8M
Smart Electronics	5.1M
Photography	24.3M
Kitchen Appliances	15.9M
Computers and Home O...	85.7M

The 'Control' tab is selected in the top navigation bar. The 'Data' tab is also visible. The 'Properties' tab is highlighted in blue.

Now the user can easily find out unit cost and revenue based on different product line categories by City.

16. In the top right of the page, click **View** to see how this control will appear for the end user.

17. In the control, select the checkbox for **Smart Electronics** only, then hover over the chart to view the different values for different cities. In the image below, the values of unit sale price and revenue are shown for the city of *Norwalk*.



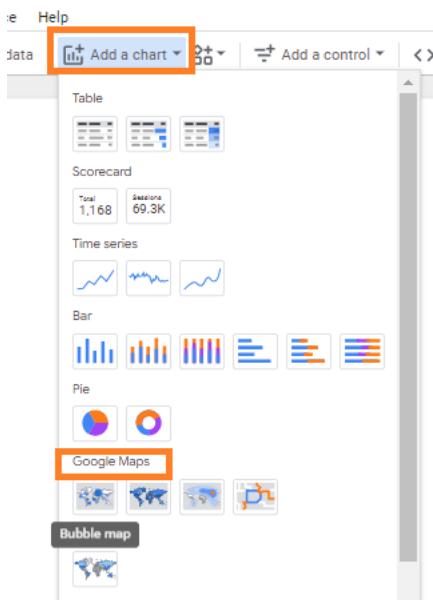
Feel free to create different charts and include more controls.

Exercise 4: Add a bubble map, a heatmap, and a treemap

Task 1: Add a bubble map

You can display the quantity sold per country with a Google Maps chart.

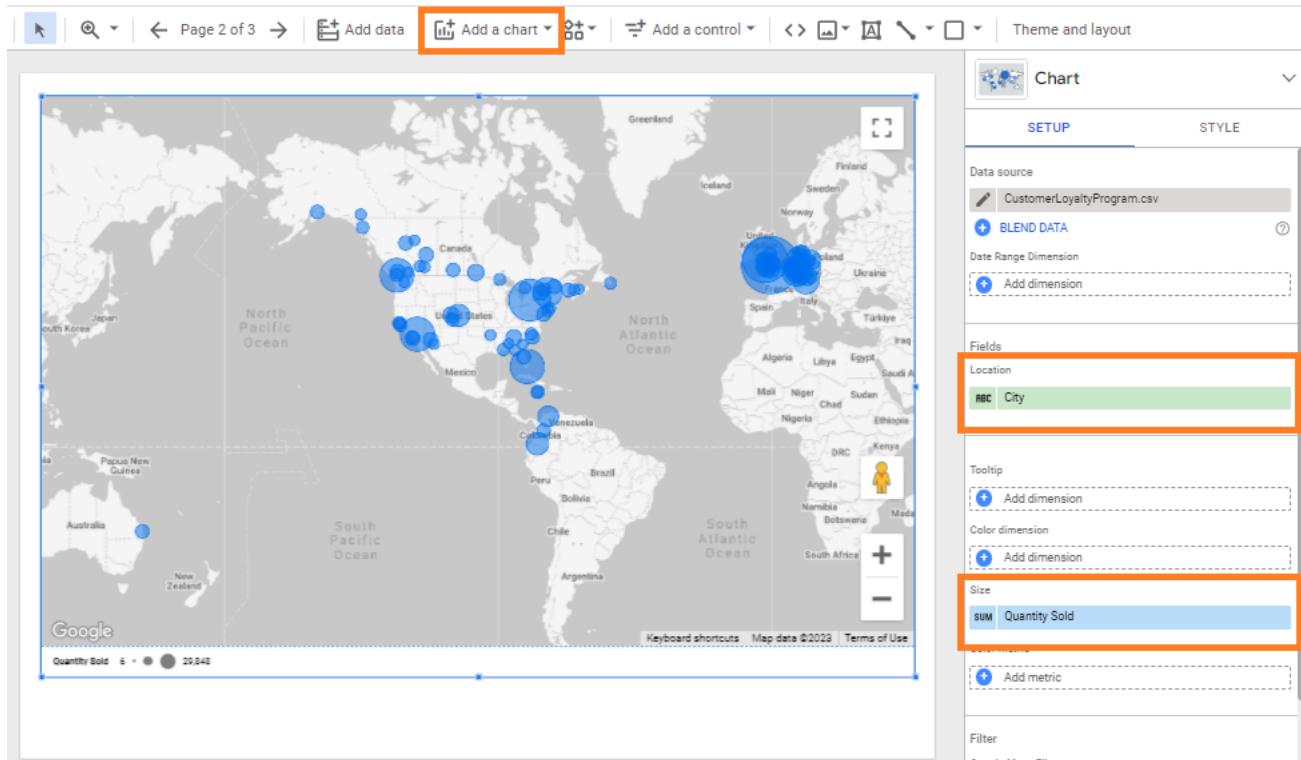
1. In the main menu, click **Page**, and then click **New page**.
2. On page 4, in the toolbar, click **Add a chart**, in the **Google Maps** section, select **Bubble map** and position it on the canvas.



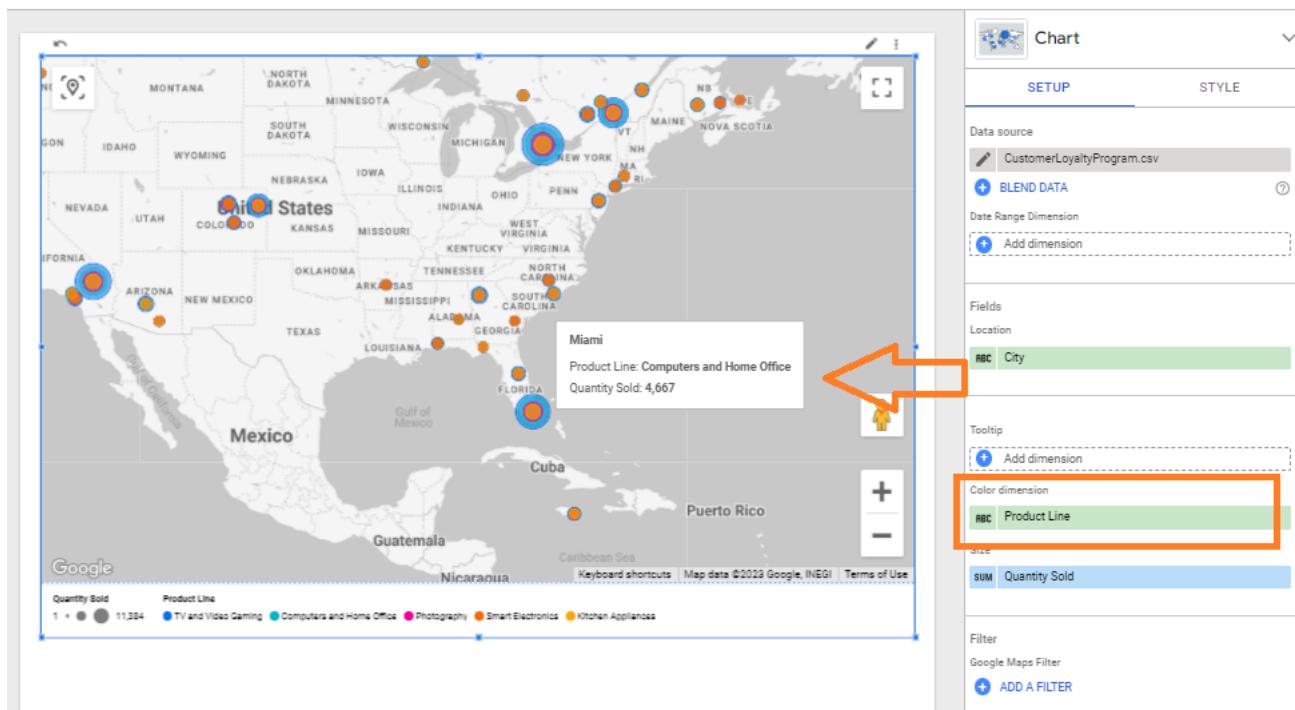
Looker Studio will automatically pick **Country** as the **Location**.

3. From the data pane, drag **City** to **Location** to replace **Country**.
4. From the data pane, drag **Quantity Sold** to the **Size** metric.

Your bubble chart should look similar to the image below.



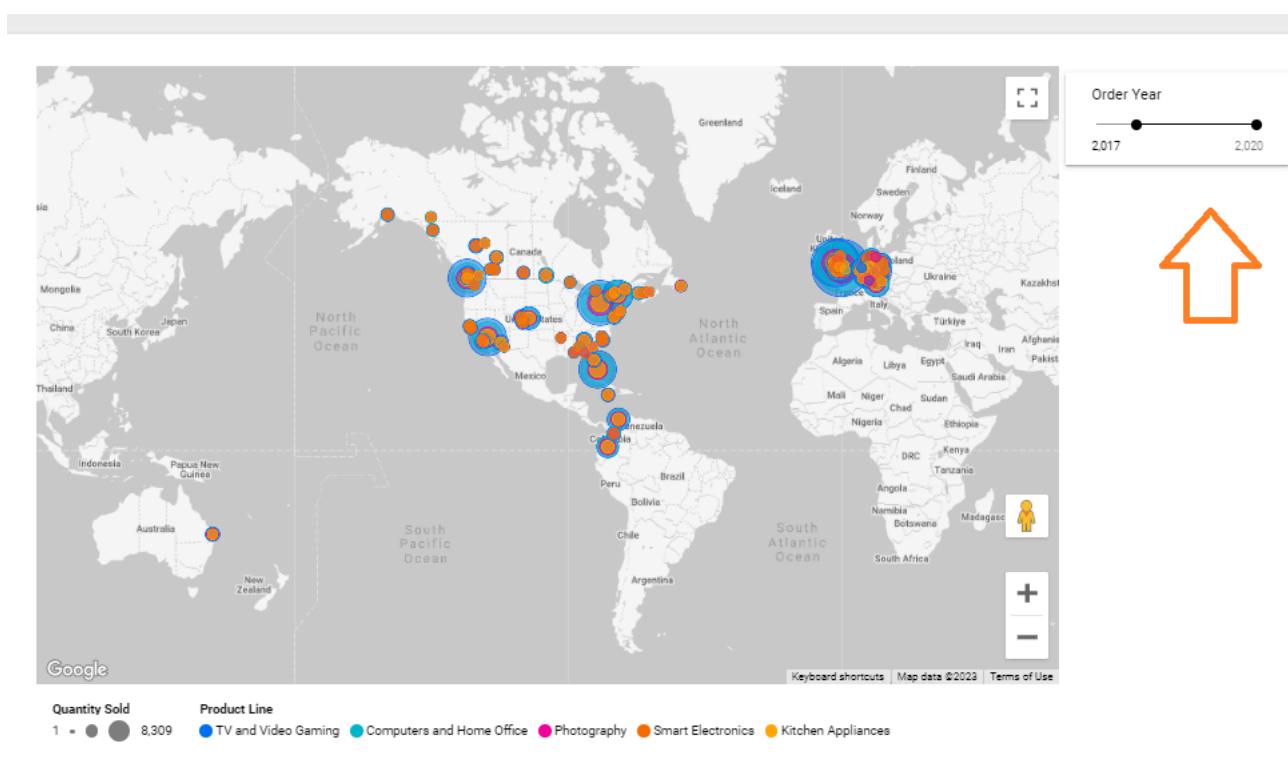
5. From the data pane, drag **Product Line** to **Color dimension** and notice the change in the bubbles in your chart.
6. In the bubble chart, either use your mouse wheel or the + button to zoom in towards **Florida**, and hover over the blue outside ring on **Miami** and see the value for the *Computers and Home Office* product line. Then hover over the central orange circle and see the value for the *Kitchen Appliances* product line.



7. Zoom back out.

Now you will add a control to the map as a slider to display the *Order Year*.

8. In the toolbar, click **Add a control**, select **Slider** and position it to the right of the bubble map chart.
9. Select the new control and from the **Data** pane, drag **Order Year** to **Control field** in the **Control properties** pane on the right to replace *Loyalty*.
10. In the top right of the page, click **View** to see how this control will appear for the end user. Users will be able to choose a year range on the slider to see the quantity sold in various cities.
11. In the **Order Year** slider control, drag the left end of the slider to the right to show only from **2017** up to **2020**.



12. In the top right of the page, click **Edit** to revert to edit mode.

Task 2: Add a Heatmap

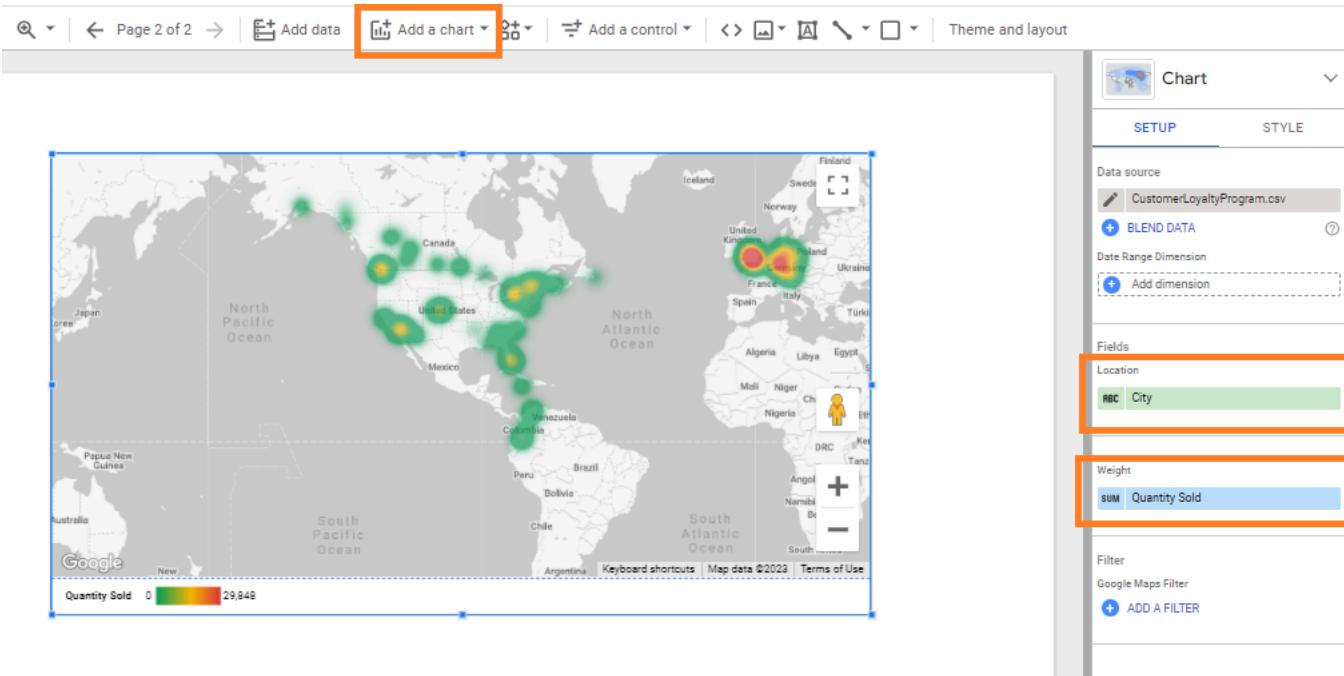
1. In the toolbar, click **Add a chart**, in the **Google Maps** section, select **Heatmap**, and position it under the bubble map chart.

Looker Studio will automatically select **Country** as the **Location**, but you will change it.

- From the data pane, drag **City** to **Location** to replace **Country**.

- From the data pane, drag **Quantity Sold** to the **Weight** metric.

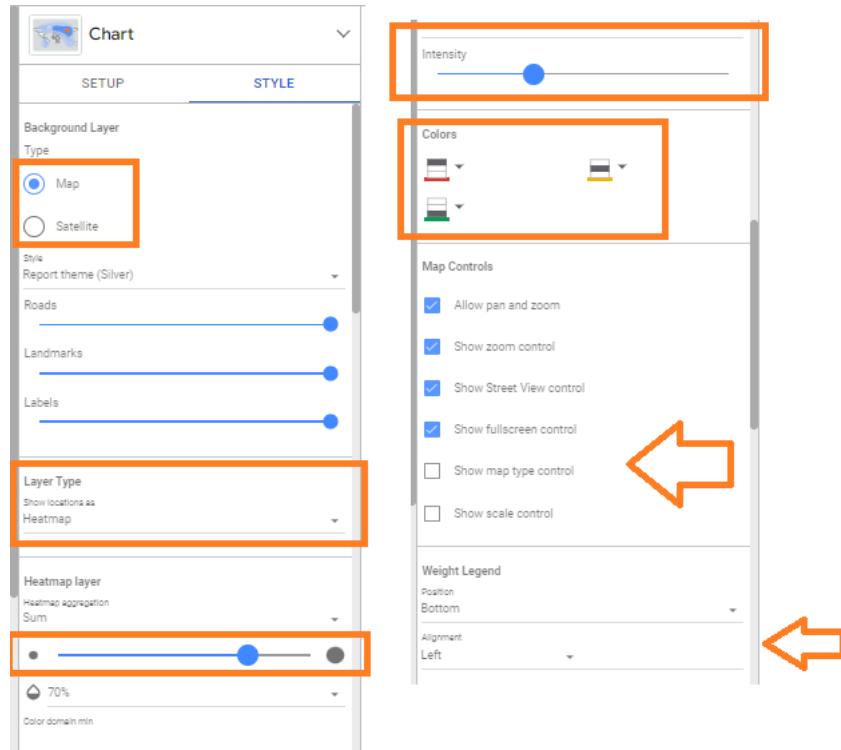
Your heatmap should look similar to the image below.



- Click the **SETUP** tab.

- Under **Background Layer**, select **Satellite**.

Here you could also modify other aspects of the heatmap's appearance, such as layer type (Heatmap is selected for this map), heatmap layer aggregation, intensity, colors, map controls, and the legend parameters.



- In the top right of the page, click **View** to see how this control will appear for the end user. Users will be able to zoom in and out on the map.

- Use the + and - buttons, or your mouse wheel, to zoom in and out on the heatmap.

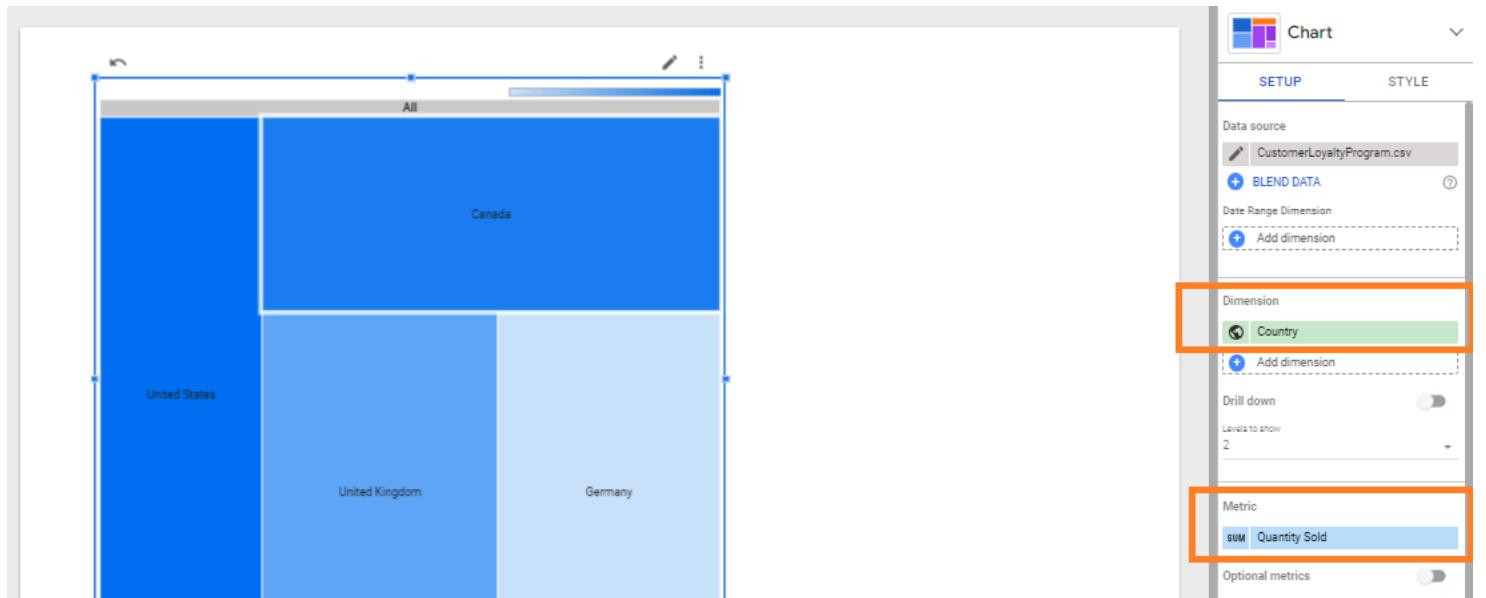


8. In the top right of the page, click **Edit** to revert to edit mode.

NOTE: Here we used a geographical Google Maps chart as a heatmap, but there are also options in Looker Studio to create tables and pivot tables with a heatmap, so you could try using them as well.

Task 3: Add a Treemap

1. In the toolbar, click **Add a chart**, scroll down and select **Treemap**, and position it to the right of the heatmap.
2. Ensure that **Country** is selected as the **Dimension** and **Quantity Sold** is configured as the **Metric**. If they are not, then drag the relevant data fields to those locations in the **Chart properties** pane.

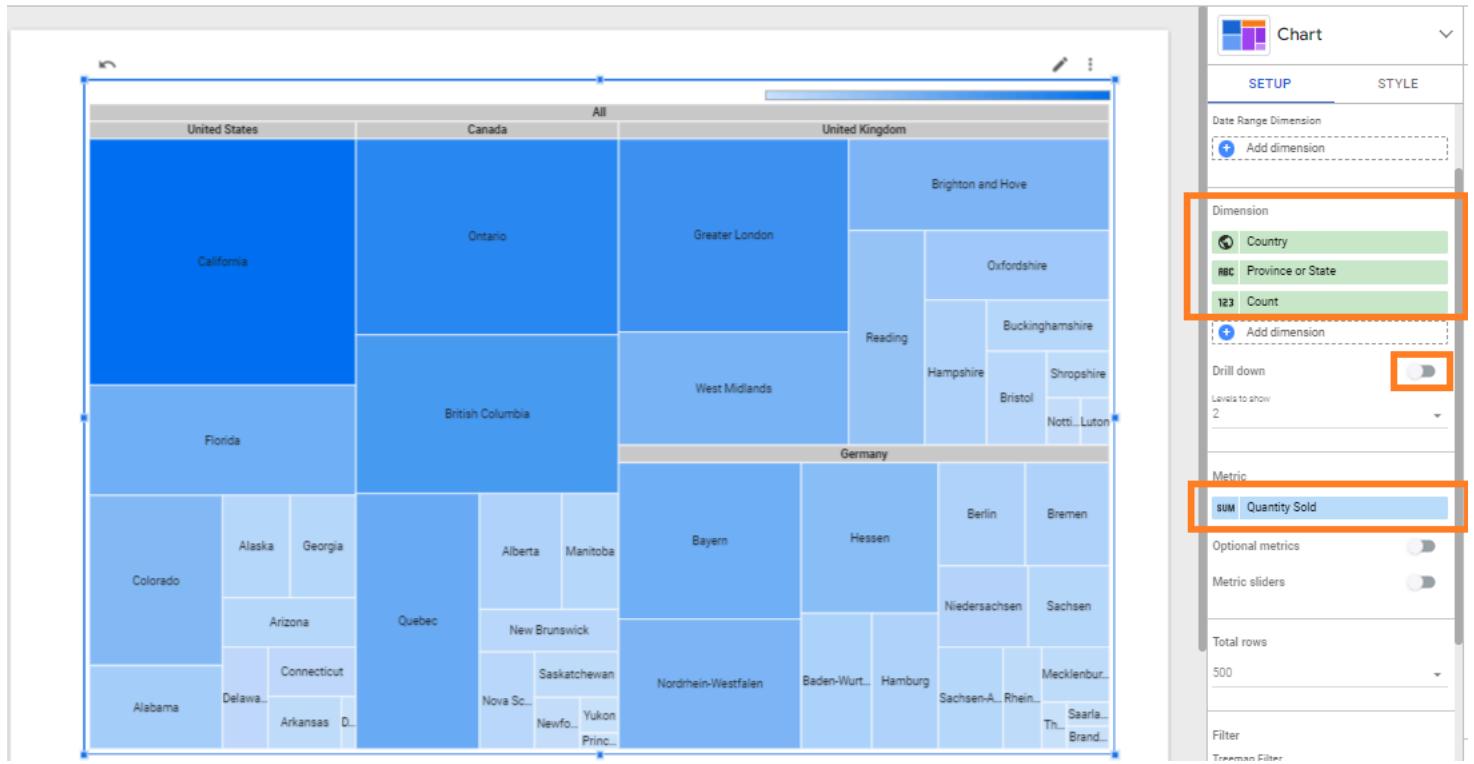


Now you will add some more dimensions to represent hierarchy in the treemap.

3. From the data pane, drag **Province or State** to **Dimension** under *Country*.

4. From the data pane, drag **City** to **Dimension** under *Province or State*.

You can toggle the **Drill down** button to show the country, province, or city levels.



You can also add an optional metric to the treemap chart.

5. In the **Chart** properties pane, under **Metric**, select the **Optional metrics** toggle switch.

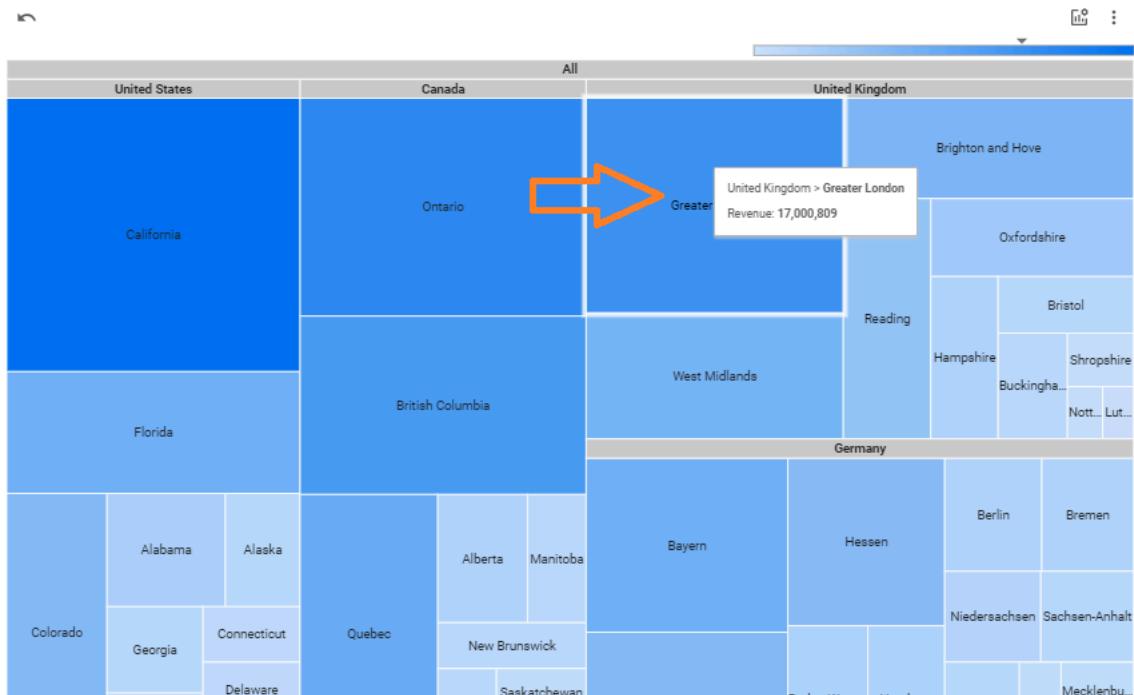
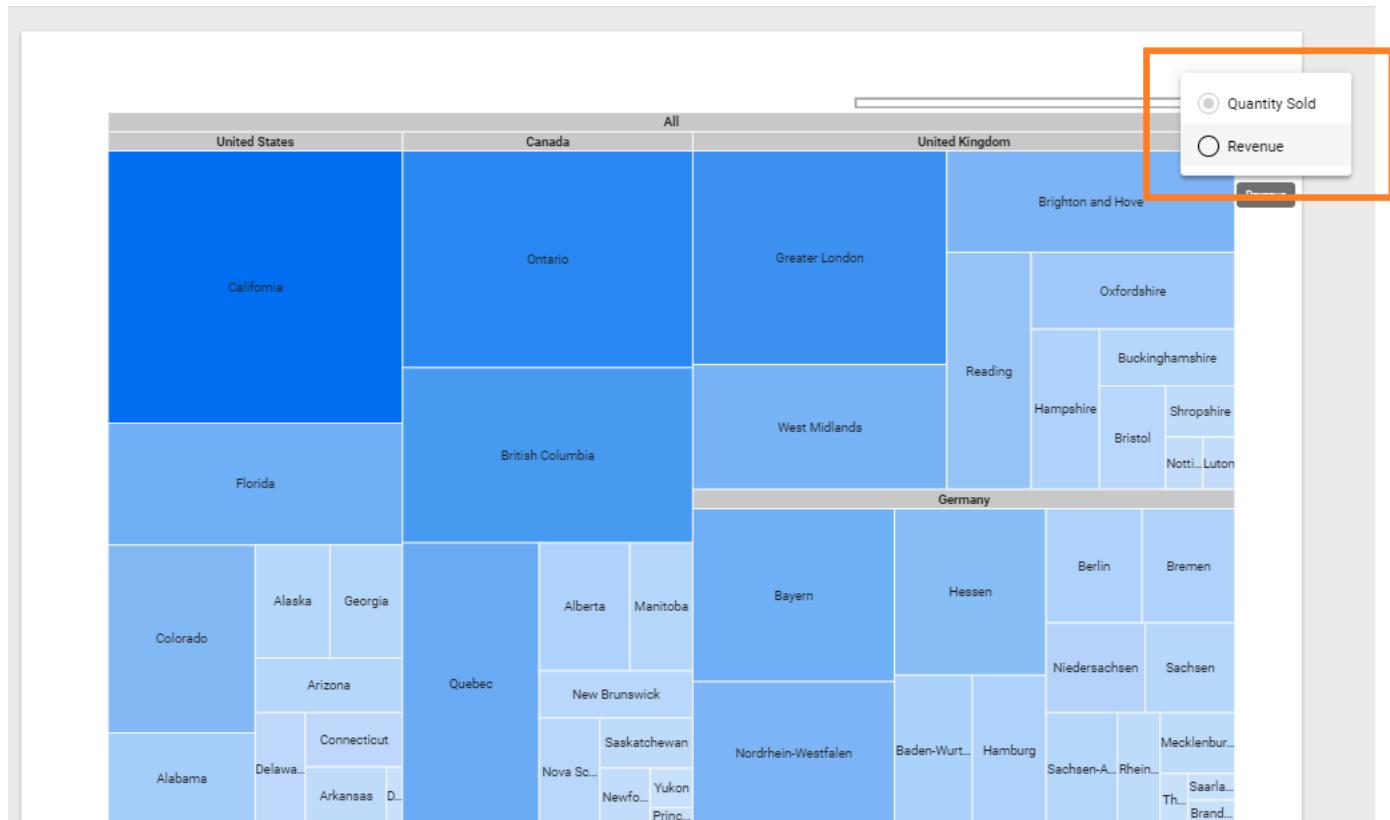
6. From the **Data** pane, drag **Revenue** to **Optional metrics**.

The menu above the chart will show the options to be selected by the user to display the relevant metric.

7. In the top right of the page, click **View** to see how this control will appear for the end user. Users will be able to view the optional metrics in the treemap.

8. Above the treemap, click the **Optional metrics** icon, then select **Revenue**.

9. Hover over the treemap to view the revenue values for each province.



Congratulations! You have completed this Hands-on Lab

For more help, you can refer to the [Tutorial on Looker Studio by Google](#)

Author(s)

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