



LABORATORY MANUAL

CE/CZ4013 Distributed Systems

**Free Access:
Software Project Lab (Location: N4-B1b-11)**

*Course Project: Design and Implementation of
A Distributed Facility Booking System*

**SESSION 2020/2021
SEMESTER 2
COMPUTER ENGINEERING / COMPUTER SCIENCE COURSE**

**SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
NANYANG TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

Design and Implementation of A Distributed Facility Booking System

1. **OBJECTIVE**

This project consolidates the basic knowledge about interprocess communication and remote invocation. Through this project, the students will gain hands-on experience in constructing client and server programs that use UDP as the transport protocol.

2. **LABORATORY**

Non-scheduled lab, free access: Software Project Lab (N4-B1b-11).

3 **EQUIPMENT**

PCs with Windows OS.

4. **INTRODUCTION**

This project is to be done in groups of **at most three students (the responsibility should be clearly divided among group members)**. The objective of the project is to design and implement a distributed facility booking system. This manual describes the desired functions of the system. You should consult the lecture notes and/or the textbook while doing the project. You are required to demonstrate working programs and to submit a lab report and well-commented source code at the end of the project.

5. **EXPERIMENT**

5.1 Preliminaries

The program you are asked to write for this project uses UDP (not TCP) sockets. In addition to the lecture notes, you may also refer to the online notes on socket programming in the NTULearn course site.

5.2 System Description

In this project, you are asked to design and implement a distributed facility booking system based on client-server architecture. The server stores the information of all facilities (e.g., meeting rooms, lecture theatres), including the name of each facility (a variable-length string), the availability of the facility over seven days of a week (the time is to be represented in the form of day/hour/minute, where day is of enumerated type with possible values from Monday to Sunday, and hour and minute are integers), and the bookings made by users. Each facility requires exclusive use. The server program implements a set of services on the facilities for remote access by clients. Meanwhile, the client program provides an interface for users to invoke these services. On receiving a request input from the user, the client sends the request to the server. The server performs the requested service and returns the result to the client. The client then presents the result on the console to the user. The client-server communication is carried out using UDP.

The services to be implemented by the server program and made available to the users through the client program include:

1. A service that allows a user to query the availability of a facility on a selection of one or multiple days by specifying the facility name and the days. If there does

not exist any facility with the specified name, an error message should be returned.

2. A service that allows a user to book a facility for a period of time by specifying the facility name and the start and end times of the booking. On successful booking, a unique confirmation ID is returned to the client and the availability of the facility should be updated at the server. In case of incorrect user input (e.g., non-existing facility name or the facility is completely or partially unavailable during the requested period due to existing bookings), a proper error message should be returned.
3. A service that allows a user to change its booking by specifying the confirmation ID of the booking and an offset for changing (e.g., to advance the booking by 1 hour or to postpone the booking by 30 minutes). The change does not modify the length of the time period booked. On successful change, an acknowledgement is returned to the client and the availability of the facility should be updated at the server. In case of incorrect user input (e.g., non-existing confirmation ID or the facility is completely or partially unavailable during the new requested period due to existing bookings), a proper error message should be returned.
4. A service that allows a user to monitor the availability of a facility over the week through callback from the server for a designated time period called monitor interval. To register, the client provides the facility name and the length of monitor interval to the server. After registration, the Internet address and the port number of the client are recorded by the server. During the monitoring interval, every time a booking or an update is made by any client to the facility, the updated availability of the facility over the week is sent by the server to the registered client(s) through callback. After the expiration of the monitor interval, the client record is removed from the server which will no longer deliver the availability updates to the client. For simplicity, you may assume that the user that has issued a register request for monitoring is blocked from inputting any new request until the monitor interval expires, i.e., the client simply waits for the updates from the server during the monitoring interval. As a result, you do not have to use multiple threads at a client. However, your implementation should allow multiple clients to monitor the availability of a facility concurrently.

In addition to the above services, you are required design and implement two more operations on the availability of facilities through client-server communication. One of them should be idempotent and the other should be non-idempotent. Describe your design in the report.

5.3 Requirements and Hints

In this project, you are expected to design request/reply message formats, fully implement marshalling/unmarshalling and the fault-tolerance measures by yourself. You may use a byte array to store the marshaled data. Do NOT use any existing RMI, RPC, CORBA, Java object serialization facilities and input/output stream classes in Java.

You are required to write a server program and a client program using the system calls in UDP socket programming. To enable the client to communicate with the server, you can assume that the server address and port number are known to the client (e.g., the server address and port number may be specified as arguments in the command that starts the client). The IP address of the computer can be obtained with the "ipconfig" command in Command Prompt. On the other hand, the server does not know the client address in advance. The client address is obtained by the server when it receives a request from a client. There can be multiple clients running concurrently on different computers in the system. For simplicity, you may assume that the requests made by the clients are well separated in time so that before finishing processing a request, the server will not receive any new request from any

client. As a result, you do not have to create a new thread at the server to serve each request received.

The client provides an interface that repeatedly asks the user to enter a request and sends the request to the server. Each reply or error message returned from the server should be printed on the screen. The interface provided by the client should include an option for the user to terminate the client. For simplicity, you may design a text-based interface on the console, i.e., a graphical user interface is not necessary.

The server repeatedly receives requests from the client, performs the service and replies to the client. The received requests and the produced replies should be printed on the screen. Persistent storage of facility information on disks is not compulsory. The minimum requirement is to maintain the facility information in the memory during the execution of the server program.

Based on the above system description, **you are required to design the structures for request and reply messages, and describe your design in the report.** Note that different operations may need different types of arguments and return different types of results. All messages transmitted between the server and the clients must be in the form of a sequence of bytes. Therefore, **you must marshal the integer values, strings etc. before transmission and unmarshal them upon receipt.** Note that the strings (e.g., the facility names) need to be marshaled because their lengths are not fixed and may vary from request to request. You may consider adding the length information of the string in marshaled messages. The following functions in C are useful in marshalling and unmarshalling:

```
#include <netinet/in.h>
uint32_t htonl(uint32_t hostlong);
uint32_t ntohl(uint32_t netlong);
```

The `htonl()` function converts the unsigned integer `hostlong` from host byte order to network byte order. The `ntohl()` function converts the unsigned integer `netlong` from network byte order to host byte order. The network byte order, as used in the Internet, is Most Significant Byte first, whereas the host byte order depends on the specific architecture of the host.

You are required to implement the system with two different invocation semantics: at-least-once and at-most-once. To do so, you will need to implement techniques like timeouts, filtering duplicate request messages, and maintaining histories. You can consult the textbook and the lecture notes for the details of invocation semantics and associated techniques. Which semantics to use can be specified as an argument in the command that starts the client/server. You can assign a request identifier to each request for detecting duplicate requests. **As part of this project, you should simulate the loss of request and reply messages in your program, and design experiments to compare the two invocation semantics.** Show that at-least-once invocation semantics can lead to wrong results for non-idempotent operations, while at-most-once invocation semantics work correctly for all operations. **Describe your experiments and discuss the results in the report.**

The basic requirement of this project is to write both the client and server programs in either C/C++, Java, or any other language supporting inter-process communication. An additional but optional requirement is to implement the client and the server in different programming languages – for example, one in C/C++ and one in Java. In this case, you may need to take care of different data representations in different programming languages.

You may work on your own laptops and use your laptops for demonstration at the end of the project. If you work on the Windows platform of the PCs in Software Project Lab, please use port number 2222 only for interprocess communication. This is because due to the security measures and firewall

configurations of the lab computers, messages transmitted between computers at other ports may be blocked.

For the remaining design and implementation details, make your own reasonable assumptions and decisions.

6. **REPORT AND DEMONSTRATION**

You are required to submit a lab report and well-commented source code at the end of the project. The submission deadline is 5pm, April 1, 2021 (Thursday). Late submission will not be accepted.

The source code should be submitted electronically through the assignment module on the course website in NTULearn. Please take note of the following important notices: (1) the assignment module accepts one file only, so you will need to pack all your source programs; (2) the assignment module does not allow resubmission, so please submit the source code only when the final version is ready. In case you submitted an unintended version, please use the second item in the assignment module to submit a correct updated version; (3) for each group, only one representative of the group members needs to submit the source code (please do NOT submit a copy of the source code from each member in the group); (4) in case there is any unexpected problem in the NTULearn system, please try submission again after a while. **Please avoid submission at the last minute to prevent overloading the NTULearn server.**

A lab report, limited to a maximum of 12 pages excluding the cover, is required from each group. On the cover of your report, please indicate the names of all group members (as on your matriculation cards) and the percentage of work each member did in the project. In the report, clearly explain your design and implementation strategies. **The report should also be submitted electronically through the assignment module on the course website in NTULearn.**

You will be required to demonstrate working programs where the client and server run on different computers. To demonstrate the callback, besides the server, you will need to run two clients on two different computers, among which one client performs facility bookings and the other client monitors the availability of the facility. The demonstration schedule will be arranged later.

7. **OTHER INFORMATION**

Important Notice: Please be reminded that PLAGIARISM (copying part of or complete programs) is strictly prohibited. You will get zero mark for the course project if you copy the programs from others or give your programs to others for copy.

The computers in the labs are installed with Java (JDK) and Netbeans. **If you do the course project with your own computer and plan to show your demonstration with the lab computers for assessment, you are advised to install the same version of JDK as that installed in the labs to avoid compatibility problems. Please do not install any other JDK version on the lab computers.**

The opening hours of the lab are: Monday to Thursday: 8:30am to 5:45pm and Friday: 8:30am to 5:15pm. Please check with Software Project Lab (N4-B1b-11) for time slots available for free access. Your Windows account is your CITS account.