

研究動機

我們組內討論過後,決定在原本太鼓達人三機版作業的基礎上,再加上額外的功能,作為這次期末的專題。我們將運用I2C連線作為連接三個Arduino板的方法,因為我們覺得相比UART,I2C較便於使用。

各Arduino板連接裝置

- Master Arduino :
 - 一個LCD板、兩個按鈕(選歌、開始遊戲)
- Slave Arduino 1 :
 - 一個LCD板、兩個按鈕(左右打擊)、一個蜂鳴器
- Slave Arduino 2 :
 - 一個LCD板、兩個按鈕(左右打擊)、一個蜂鳴器

主要功能

- ●雙人同時遊玩
- ●選歌時試聽
- ●隨機譜面
- ●計算combo數
- ●雙機即時分數更新
- ●勝負判斷
- ●重複遊玩

選歌時試聽

```
184
     ISR(TIMER1 COMPA vect)
185 🗸 {
       TCNT1 = 0; // 重製計時器
186
       if(now song == 1 && is song select == 0) //當目前是第一首歌且還沒選歌時
187
       { //播小蜜蜂
188 🗸
         tone(speakerPin, frequencies[melody bee[play song++]], 125); //彈奏音符
189
         if(play song == scoreLen bee) play song = 0; //當播完小蜜蜂時,重新播放(重製play song)
190
191
       else if(now song == 2 && is song select == 0) //當目前是第二首歌且還沒選歌時
192
       { //播小星星
193 🗸
194
         tone(speakerPin, frequencies[melody star[play song++]], 125); //彈奏音符
         if(play song == scoreLen star) play song = 0; //當播完小星星時,重新播放(重製play song)
195
196
       else if(now song == 3 && is song select == 0) //當目前是第三首歌且還沒選歌時
197
        { //播火車快飛
198 🗸
         tone(speakerPin, frequencies[melody train[play song++]], 125); //彈奏音符
199
         if(play_song == scoreLen_train) play song = 0; //當播完火車快飛時,重新播放(重製play_song)
200
201
202
```

Master 按鈕1-選歌

```
void press right() //右按鈕硬體中斷,選歌
216
217
       unsigned long currentTime = millis(); //目前時間
218
219
       // 防彈跳 和 顯示目前是在第幾首(顯示白點在歌曲前)
220
       if (currentTime - lastDebounceTime > debounceDelay)
221
222
         if(digitalRead(right button pin) == LOW) // 檢查按鈕是否仍然處於按下狀態
223
224
          tft.fillCircle(10, 30 + 80 * (now song - 1), 3, ILI9341 BLACK); //清除原本的歌
225
          now song += 1; //歌曲目+1
226
          if (now song == 4) now song = 1; //因為沒有第四首,所以當now song為4時,讓他變成第1首
227
          tft.fillCircle(10, 30 + 80 * (now song - 1), 3, ILI9341 WHITE); //顯示目前的歌
228
229
          lastDebounceTime = millis(); // 儲存按下按鈕的時間
230
231
232
       play song = 0; //重新播放新的音樂
233
234
```

Master 按鈕2-開始遊戲

```
void press left() //左按鈕硬體中斷,確定歌
236
237
       unsigned long currentTime = millis(); //目前時間
238
239
       // 防彈跳
240
       if (currentTime - lastDebounceTime > debounceDelay)
241
242
         if(digitalRead(left button pin) == LOW) // 檢查按鈕是否仍然處於按下狀態
243
244
           is_song_select = 1;
245
           tft.fillScreen(ILI9341_BLACK); //螢幕變黑
246
           if(now song == 1) //選第一首
247
248 >
257
           else if(now song == 2) //選第二首
258
259 >
268
           else if(now song == 3) //選第三首
269
270 >
279
           can send = 1; //讓master可以傳給slave
280
           lastDebounceTime = millis(); // 儲存按下按鈕的時間
281
282
283
```

Master-傳送訊號(I2C)

```
if(is song select == 1 && can send == 1) //當選歌了,且master可以傳送給slave1
104
105
106
          Wire.beginTransmission(slave1 address);
          if(now song == 1) Wire.write('1');
107
         if(now song == 2) Wire.write('2');
108
         if(now song == 3) Wire.write('3');
109
         Wire.endTransmission();
110
111
112
        if(is song select == 1 && can send == 1) //當選歌了,且master可以傳送給slave2
113
114
          Wire.beginTransmission(slave2_address);
115
          if(now song == 1) Wire.write('1');
116
          if(now song == 2) Wire.write('2');
117
          if(now song == 3) Wire.write('3');
118
          Wire.endTransmission();
119
          can send = 0; //停止傳送
120
121
```

Master-接收訊號(I2C)

```
if(is song select == 1 && can request 1 == 1) //當選歌了,且可以接受slave1傳來的訊息
123
124
         Wire.requestFrom(slave1 address, 2); //跟slave1要數據
125
         while(Wire.available())
126
127
           int score = Wire.read(); //讀取分數
128
           int combo = Wire.read(); //讀取combo
129
           int pre score; //儲存上個分數
130
           if(score == 70) //當分數70時,代表遊戲結束
131
132
             String text = "Song Complete";
133
             int text_length = text.length() * 6 * 2; // "Song Complete"長度
134
             int x = (tft width - text length) / 2; //文字置中
135
             can request 1 = 0; //停止要求slave1
136
             tft.setTextSize(2);
137
             tft.setCursor(x,220);
138
             tft.setTextColor(ILI9341 WHITE);
139
             tft.print("Song Complete");
140
141
           else if(score != pre_score) //當分數有變化時
142
143
             show p1 score(score-1); //印出分數
144
             pre score = score; //儲存分數
145
             score1 = score; //儲存分數
146
147
           if(pre combo 1 != combo) //當combo有變化時
148
             show p1 combo(combo); //印出combo
149
150
151
```

Slave-接收訊號(I2C)

```
void receiveEvent(int bytes) //接受到master傳來的訊息時執行
▶ 197 ∨ {
        reset(); //因為可以重玩,所以每次近來都要重置
 198
        tft.setTextSize(2); //設定文字大小
 199
        tft.setCursor(10,140); //設定文字位置
 200
        tft.setTextColor(ILI9341 WHITE); //設定文字顏色
 201
        tft.print("Score 0"); //印出初始分數
 202
 203
        tft.setTextSize(3); //設定文字大小
 204
        now song = Wire.read(); //讀取master傳來的訊息
 205
        if(now song == '1') //當收到 '1' 時,代表為小蜜蜂
 206
 207
          tft.setCursor(70, 15);
 208
          tft.println("Little bee");
 209
 210
        else if(now song == '2') //當收到 '2' 時,代表為小星星
 211
 212
 213
          tft.setCursor(61, 15);
          tft.println("Little star");
 214
 215
        else if(now song == '3') //當收到 '3' 時,代表為火車快飛
 216
 217
 218
          tft.setCursor(115, 15);
          tft.println("Train");
 219
 220
        set drum(); //設定音符顏色
 221
 222
        //繪製箭頭
 223
        tft.drawLine(15, 70, 15, 85, ILI9341 WHITE);
 224
        tft.fillTriangle(12, 85, 18, 85, 15, 90, ILI9341_WHITE);
 225
 226
```

Slave-Time Interrupt

```
ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect) //硬體中斷
112
       TCNT1 = 0; // 重製計時器
113
114
       if(now song == '1' || now song == '2' || now song == '3') count ++; //計算目前播放到哪
       for(int i = 15; i <= tft width; i += 40) //重製音符
115
116
         tft.drawCircle(i, 120, 15, ILI9341 BLACK);
117
118
        for(int i=0 ; i<song len ; i++){</pre>
119
         if(now song == '1') //小蜜蜂
120
121
             if(cir position bee[i] != 0 && cir position bee[i] <= tft width) //顯示音符在LCD範圍(0 ~ 320)
122
123
               if(cir_position_bee[i] == 15) //當出現在要彈奏的位置
124
125
                 tone(speakerPin, frequencies[melody bee[i]], 125); //彈奏音符
126
                 now color = drum color bee[i]; //同步該音符顏色
127
                 if(appear bee[i]) is there note = 1; //判斷是否有音符(用以計算分數和combo)
128
                 else is there note = 0;
129
130
                count combo(); //計算combo
131
               if(appear bee[i]) //如果有音符(frequencies = 0)則繪製音符
132
133
136
137
             if(cir position bee[i] > 15) //遞減每個為彈奏過的音符
138
139
               cir_position_bee[i] -= 40;
140
141
             else cir_position_bee[i] = 0;
142
143
144
         if(now_song == '2'){ ...
166
167
         if(now song == '3') //火車快飛
```

Slave-硬體中斷

```
void press_right() //硬體中斷,當按下右鍵執行
250
251
       if(now color == 1 && is there note == 1) //顏色為紅色時(正確)
252
253
        show score(); //更新分數
254
        now_color = -1; //當+1分後,馬上讓目前顏色變-1,以免分數重複計算
255
        strike = 1; //打擊正確時strike為1
256
257
258
259
     void press left() //硬體中斷,當按下左鍵執行
260
261
       if(now color == 0 && is there note == 1) //顏色為藍色時(正確)
262
263
        show score(); //更新分數
264
        now_color = -1; //當+1分後,馬上讓目前顏色變-1,以免分數重複計算
265
        strike = 1; //打擊正確時strike為1
266
267
268
```

Slave-隨機譜面

```
277
       int now = 15; //音符初始位置
278
       for(int i=0 ; i<song len ; i++)</pre>
279
         int drum color = random(0, 6); //取亂數,奇數為紅色,偶數為藍色
280
         now += 40; //音符的間隔
281
         if(now song == '1') //小蜜蜂
282
283
           cir position bee[i] = now; //音符位置設定
284
           if(melody bee[i] == 0) appear bee[i] = false; //當為frequencies = 0,不顯示音符(設appear為false)
285
           else appear bee[i] = true; //其他要顯示(設appear為true)
286
           if(drum color % 2 == 0) drum color bee[i] = 0; //當drum color為偶數時,音符為藍色
287
           else drum color bee[i] = 1; //當drum color為奇數時,音符為紅色
288
289
         else if(now song == '2') //小星星
290
291 >
         { ...
297
         else if(now song == '3') //火車快飛
298
299
         { …
305
306
307
```

Slave-計算combo

```
void count_combo() //計算combo數
328
329
        if(is there note == 1) //如果有音符
330
331
          if(strike == 1) //有打到
332
333
            pre_combo = combo;
334
           combo += 1;
335
336
337
          else if(strike == 0) //沒打到
338
            pre combo = combo;
339
            combo = 0;
340
341
          else combo = combo;
342
          strike = 0; //重置strike
343
          print_combo(combo); //印出combo數
344
345
346
```

Slave-傳送訊號(I2C)

```
void requestEvent() //接受到master要求的訊息時執行
229
       //當歌曲播放完畢時
230
       if( (count==scoreLen bee+2 && now song == '1') || (count==scoreLen star+2 && now song == '2') || (count==scoreLen train+2 && now song == '3'))
231
232
         Wire.write(70); //寫70給master(因為每首歌曲長度不超過70,所以分數<=70,當master收到70代表結束)
233
         Wire.write(combo); //寫combo數給master
234
235
         tft.setTextSize(2);
         String text = "Song Complete";
236
         int text_length = text.length() * 6 * 2; // "Song Complete"長度
237
         int x = (tft_width - text_length) / 2; //文字置中
238
         tft.setCursor(x,220);
239
         tft.setTextColor(ILI9341 WHITE);
240
         tft.print("Song Complete");
241
242
       else //當歌曲還未播放完畢時,同步score和combo給master
243
244
         Wire.write(score);
245
         Wire.write(combo);
246
247
248
```

Master-決定勝負

```
void pk() //決定勝負
381
       if(score1 > score2) //p1分數大於p2
382
383
         String text = "Player 1 win !"; //p1贏
384
         int text length = text.length() * 6 * 2; // "Little bee"長度
385
         int x = (tft width - text length) / 2; //文字置中
386
         tft.setCursor(x, 40);
387
         tft.print("Player 1 win !");
388
389
       else if(score1 < score2) //p1分數小於p2
390
391
         String text = "Player 2 win !"; //p2贏
392
         int text length = text.length() * 6 * 2; // "Little bee"長度
393
         int x = (tft_width - text_length) / 2; //文字置中
394
         tft.setCursor(x, 40);
395
         tft.print("Player 2 win !");
396
397
       else//p1分數等於p2
398
399
         String text = "Draw!"; //平手
400
         int text_length = text.length() * 6 * 2; // "Little bee"長度
401
         int x = (tft width - text length) / 2; //文字置中
402
         tft.setCursor(x, 40);
403
         tft.print("Draw !");
404
405
       delay(3000);
406
       reset(); //重置,可重玩
407
408
```

重置-master & slave

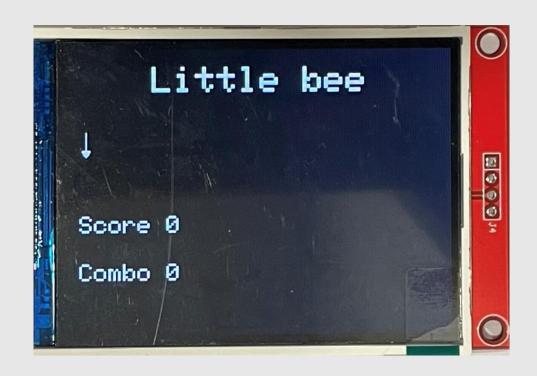
```
void reset() //重置
410
411
       tft.fillScreen(ILI9341 BLACK); //螢幕變黑
412
       show song(); //顯示歌曲
413
       tft.fillCircle(10, 30, 3, ILI9341 WHITE); //初始選歌為第一首
414
       is_song_select = 0; //是否選歌(0還沒選,1選了)
415
       can request 1 = 1, can request 2 = 1;
416
       now song = 1; //目前選歌曲目(共3首)
417
       can_send = 0; //是否可傳送信號給slave(0不行 1可以);
418
       play song = 0; //重置目前播放到第幾個音
419
420
```

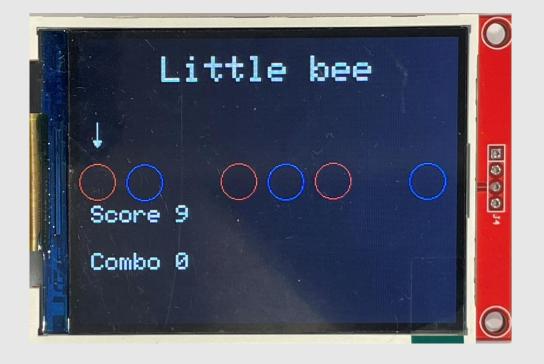
```
void reset() //重置
365
366
       tft.fillScreen(ILI9341 BLACK); //螢幕變黑
367
       score = 0; //分數歸0
368
       combo = 0; //combo歸0
369
       strike = 0; //打擊歸0
370
       count = 0; //記數歸0
371
       now song = '0'; //回到沒選歌狀態
372
373
```

Master Arduino-初始畫面



Slave Arduino-遊戲畫面





▲ 起始畫面

▲ 遊戲中畫面

Slave Arduino-結束畫面



▲ Slave 1



▲ Slave 2

Master Arduino-結算畫面



分工表

姓名	工作內容	占比
\$1154007 賴宥瑋	歌曲畫面顯示(master和slave,包括選歌,播放音樂)	25%
S1154009 林銘宇	I2C傳輸及顯示譜面並讓譜面隨機	25%
\$1154010 楊琇閔	硬體中斷(分數及combo數)	25%
S1154021 曾唯承	勝負判斷及重新整理畫面(讓整個遊戲可以進一直進行下去)	25%