

Amortized Analysis

Deadline 2015/12/10 23:59

檔案路徑: [git資料夾]/mini_hw/12.pdf

You have seen the "Binary Counter" example in class.

When it costs 1 to flip a bit.

In a sequence of n increments, the amortized cost per increment is $O(1)$ and the total amortized cost is $O(n)$.

Please think if it costs 2^d to flip the d -th bit.

What are the amortized cost per increment and the total amortized cost?
Give your answer and explain it.