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heap.h
           Fri Oct 08 21:24:48 2021
// heap.h
// a binary min heap
#ifndef HEAP_H
#define HEAP_H
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
const int DEFAULT SIZE = 100;
template <class KeyType>
class MinHeap
 public:
   MinHeap(int n = DEFAULT_SIZE);
                                       // default constructor
   MinHeap(KeyType initA[], int n);
                                       // construct heap from array
   MinHeap(const MinHeap<KeyType>& heap); // copy constructor
   ~MinHeap();
                                        // destructor
   void heapSort(KeyType sorted[]); // heapsort, return result in sorted
   MinHeap<KeyType>& operator=(const MinHeap<KeyType>& heap); // assignment operator
   std::string toString() const; // return string representation
   // Unit tests
   friend void testDefaultConstructor();
   friend void testSwap();
   friend void testInitConstructor();
   friend void testHeapify();
   friend void testBuildHeap();
   friend void testParentChilds();
 private:
   KeyType *A;
                 // array containing the heap
   int heapSize; // size of the heap
   int capacity; // size of A
   void buildHeap();
                                 // build heap
   int leftChild(int index) { return 2 * index + 1; } // return index of left child
   int rightChild(int index) { return 2 * index + 2; } // return index of right child
   int parent(int index) { return (index - 1) / 2; } // return index of parent
   void heapifyR(int index);
                                          // recursive heapify
   void heapifyI(int index);
                                          // iterative heapify
   void swap(int index1, int index2);
                                          // swap elements in A
   // deallocate heap
   void destroy();
};
template <class KeyType>
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& stream, const MinHeap<KeyType>& heap);
#include "heap.cpp"
```

#endif

```
Fri Oct 08 15:40:24 2021
heap.cpp
Class: CS 271, Fall 2021
Professor: Jessen Havill
Name: Tung Luu, Wilson Le
Date: October 4, 2021
Purpose: Answers to project 3
// heap.cpp
#include <sstream>
The default constructor. Allocate the array A of the heap with size n, set heapSize = 0 and
capacity to n.
Preconditions: the parameter n is either missing, or n must be a non-negative integer.
Postconditions: Return a new instance of MinHeap whose heapSize is 0 and capacity is either
n or DEFAULT_SIZE if no parameter n is provided
*/
template <class KeyType>
MinHeap<KeyType>::MinHeap(int n) {
    A = new KeyType[n];
    heapSize = 0;
    capacity = n;
Allocate new array A of the heap, copy the content from initA to A and the call buildHeap t
o build a correct heap from A.
Preconditions: n must be a non-negative integer
Postconditions: Return a new instance of MinHeap whose internal array is the same as initA
and capacity is n.
*/
template <class KeyType>
MinHeap<KeyType>::MinHeap(KeyType initA[], int n) {
    A = new KeyType[n];
    capacity = n;
    for (int i = 0; i < capacity; i++) {
        A[i] = initA[i];
    buildHeap();
}
Copy constructor
Preconditions: The parameter heap is a correct min heap
Postconditions: Return a new instance of MinHeap which is a copy of the parameter heap
template <class KeyType>
MinHeap<KeyType>::MinHeap(const MinHeap<KeyType>& heap) {
    // Set A = nullptr so that copy method doesn't delete[] A
    A = nullptr;
    copy (heap);
}
Destructor
Preconditions: None
Postconditions: Completely remove this min heap from memory.
template <class KeyType>
MinHeap<KeyType>::~MinHeap() {
    destroy();
}
Perform heapsort, return result in the sorted array
```

Preconditions: This heap is a correct min heap.

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Fri Oct 08 15:40:24 2021
heap.cpp
Postconditions: The array sorted is sorted
*/
template < class KeyType >
void MinHeap<KeyType>::heapSort(KeyType sorted[]) {
    int initialHeapSize = heapSize;
    for(int i = heapSize - 1; i >= 1; i--) {
        swap(0, i);
        heapSize--;
        heapify(0);
    }
    // Change the heapSize back into its initial value
    heapSize = initialHeapSize;
    // Now A is sorted in reverse order. We just need copy A to sorted in reverse order.
    for(int i = 0; i < heapSize; i++) {</pre>
        sorted[i] = A[heapSize - i - 1];
    // Reverse A to turn A back into a correct heap
    for(int i = 0; i < heapSize; i++) {</pre>
        A[i] = sorted[i];
}
/*
Heapify subheap rooted at index
Preconditions: Two subtrees at root index are correct min heaps
Post conditions: The tree at root index is a correct min heap.
*/
template < class KeyType >
void MinHeap<KeyType>::heapify(int index) {
    heapifyR(index);
}
/*
Build heap from the array A
Preconditions: None
Postconditions: This heap is a correct min heap.
*/
template <class KeyType>
void MinHeap<KeyType>::buildHeap() {
    heapSize = capacity;
    // Iterate from the node (capacity / 2) - 1 to 0, which is iterating in bottom-up metho
d, and call heapify in each iteration
    for (int i = (capacity / 2) - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        heapify(i);
}
Heapify subheap rooted at index using recursive method
Preconditions: Two subtrees at root index are correct min heaps
Post conditions: The tree at root index is a correct min heap.
template<class KeyType>
void MinHeap<KeyType>::heapifyR(int index) {
    int left = leftChild(index);
    int right = rightChild(index);
    int smallestChild = index;
```

if(left < heapSize && A[left] < A[index]) {</pre>

smallestChild = left;

}

```
if(right < heapSize && A[right] < A[smallestChild]) {</pre>
        smallestChild = right;
    if(smallestChild != index) {
        swap(index, smallestChild);
        heapifyR(smallestChild);
    }
}
/*
Heapify subheap rooted at index using iterative method
Preconditions: Two subtrees at root index are correct min heaps
Post conditions: The tree at root index is a correct min heap.
* /
template < class KeyType >
void MinHeap<KeyType>::heapifyI(int index) {
    while(leftChild(index) < heapSize) {</pre>
        int left = leftChild(index);
        int right = rightChild(index);
        int smallestChild = index;
        if(left < heapSize && A[left] < A[index]) {</pre>
            smallestChild = left;
        if(right < heapSize && A[right] < A[smallestChild]) {</pre>
            smallestChild = right;
        if(smallestChild != index) {
            swap(index, smallestChild);
            index = smallestChild;
        }
        else {
            break;
    }
}
/*
Swap two elements at index1 and index2 in A
Preconditions: index1 and index2 are valid element in the array A
Postconditions: two elements at index1 and index2 are swapped
*/
template <class KeyType>
void MinHeap<KeyType>::swap(int index1, int index2) {
    KeyType temp = A[index1];
    A[index1] = A[index2];
    A[index2] = temp;
}
Copy the parameter heap to this heap
Preconditions: The parameter heap is a correct min heap
Postconditions: This heap becomes a copy of the parameter heap
*/
template <class KeyType>
void MinHeap<KeyType>::copy(const MinHeap<KeyType>& heap) {
    destroy();
    heapSize = heap.heapSize;
    capacity = heap.capacity;
    A = new KeyType[capacity];
    for (int i = 0; i < heapSize; i++) {
        A[i] = heap.A[i];
    }
```

Fri Oct 08 15:40:24 2021

heap.cpp

}

```
/*
Destroy is a function to deallocate this heap.
Preconditions: None.
Postconditions: The array A of this heap is removed from memory and instance variables heap
Size and capacity are set to 0.
template <class KeyType>
void MinHeap<KeyType>::destroy() {
    if(A != nullptr) {
        delete[] A;
    heapSize = 0;
    capacity = 0;
}
/*
Assignment operator.
Preconditions: The parameter heap is a correct min heap.
Postconditions: if this heap and the parameter heap is not the same (having the same addres
s), this heap becomes a copy of the parameter heap
template < class KeyType >
MinHeap<KeyType>& MinHeap<KeyType>::operator=(const MinHeap<KeyType>& heap) {
    if(this != &heap) {
        copy (heap);
    return *this;
}
// Use the following toString() for testing purposes.
template <class KeyType>
std::string MinHeap<KeyType>::toString() const
        std::stringstream ss;
        if (capacity == 0)
                ss << "[ ]";
        else
        {
                ss << "[";
                if (heapSize > 0)
                         for (int index = 0; index < heapSize - 1; index++)</pre>
                                 ss << A[index] << ", ";
                         ss << A[heapSize - 1];
                }
                ss << " | ";
                if (capacity > heapSize)
                         for (int index = heapSize; index < capacity - 1; index++)</pre>
                                 ss << A[index] << ", ";
                         ss << A[capacity - 1];
                ss << "]";
        return ss.str();
}
template <class KeyType>
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& stream, const MinHeap<KeyType>& heap)
{
        return stream << heap.toString();</pre>
}
```

```
Fri Oct 08 21:27:39 2021
test_heap.cpp
Class: CS 271, Fall 2021
Professor: Jessen Havill
Name: Tung Luu, Wilson Le
Date: October 4, 2021
Purpose: Answers to project 3
#include<string>
#include <assert.h>
#include "heap.h"
using namespace std;
void testDefaultConstructor() {
        MinHeap<int> heap1 = MinHeap<int>();
        assert (heap1.capacity == 100);
        assert (heap1.heapSize == 0);
        MinHeap<int> heap2 = MinHeap<int>(50);
        assert(heap2.capacity == 50);
        assert(heap2.heapSize == 0);
        cout << "Default Constructor Passed" << endl;</pre>
}
void testParentChilds() {
        int initA[3] = \{0, 1, 2\};
        MinHeap<int> heap = MinHeap<int>(initA, 3);
        assert(heap.parent(1) == 0);
        assert(heap.parent(2) == 0);
        assert(heap.leftChild(0) == 1);
        assert(heap.rightChild(0) == 2);
        cout << "Test Parent Childs Passed" << endl;</pre>
}
void testSwap() {
        int n = 5;
    int initA[5] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\};
    MinHeap<int> heap = MinHeap<int>(5);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        heap.A[i] = initA[i];
    heap.heapSize = n;
    heap.swap(1,4);
    assert(heap.toString() == "[0, 4, 2, 3, 1 | ]");
    cout << "Test Swap passed" << endl;</pre>
}
void testHeapify(){
        int n = 5;
        int initA[5] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\};
        MinHeap<int> heap = MinHeap<int>(n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        heap.A[i] = initA[i];
    heap.heapSize = n;
    heap.A[0] = 9;
        heap.heapify(0);
        assert(heap.toString() == "[1, 3, 2, 9, 4 | ]");
        cout << "Heapify " << heap.toString() << " Passed" << endl;</pre>
}
```

void testBuildHeap() {
 int n = 5;

int initA[5] = $\{4,3,2,1,0\}$;

for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 heap.A[i] = initA[i];</pre>

heap.buildHeap();

MinHeap<int> heap = MinHeap<int>(initA, n);

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Fri Oct 08 21:27:39 2021
test_heap.cpp
        assert (heap.toString() == "[0, 1, 2, 4, 3]");
        cout << "Build Heap " << heap.toString() << " Passed" << endl;</pre>
}
void testInitConstructor(){
        int initA[5] = \{4,3,2,1,0\};
        MinHeap<int> heap1 = MinHeap<int>(initA, 5);
        assert (heap1.capacity == 5);
        assert(heap1.heapSize == 5);
    assert(heap1.toString() == "[0, 1, 2, 4, 3]");
        cout << "Init Constructor Passed" << endl;</pre>
}
// If this function is correct, then that means the copy function is also correct. Therefor
e, we don't need to test the copy function
void testCopyConstructor(){
        int initA[5] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\};
        MinHeap<int> heap1 = MinHeap<int>(initA, 5);
        MinHeap<int> heap2 = MinHeap<int>(heap1);
        assert(heap1.toString() == heap2.toString());
        cout << "Copy Constructor Passed" << endl;</pre>
void testAssignmentOperator() {
        int initA[5] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\};
        MinHeap<int> heap1 = MinHeap<int>(initA, 5);
        MinHeap<int> heap2 = heap1;
        assert(heap1.toString() == heap2.toString());
        cout << "Assignment Operator Passed" << endl;</pre>
void testHeapSort(){
        int initA[10] = \{10, 8, 9, 1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 7, 6\};
        int n = 10;
        MinHeap<int> heap = MinHeap<int>(initA, n);
        heap.heapSort(initA);
        assert(heap.toString() == "[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 | ]");
        cout << "Heap Sort " << heap.toString() << " Passed" << endl;</pre>
}
int main(){
        testDefaultConstructor();
        testParentChilds();
    testSwap();
        testHeapify();
        testBuildHeap();
        testInitConstructor();
        testCopyConstructor();
        testAssignmentOperator();
        testHeapSort();
        return 0;
```

}