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Issue #27714: For IDLE's test_textview, backport 3.x subclass with mocks instead of overriding methods with mocks in original class and module. This makes the 2.7 test_textview nearly identical to the 3.5/.6 test. [#27714]

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date Wed, 10 Aug 2016 19:41:39 -0400 (27 hours ago)
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```
line source line wrap: on
1  """Filename globbing utility."""
2
3  import sys
4  import os
5  import re
6  import fnmatch
7
8  try:
9      _unicode = unicode
10 except NameError:
11     # If Python is built without Unicode support, the unicode type
12     # will not exist. Fake one.
13     class _unicode(object):
14         pass
15
16 __all__ = ["glob", "iglob"]
17
18 def glob(pathname):
19     """Return a list of paths matching a pathname pattern.
20
21     The pattern may contain simple shell-style wildcards a la
22     fnmatch. However, unlike fnmatch, filenames starting with a
23     dot are special cases that are not matched by '*' and '?'
24     patterns.
25
26     """
27     return list(iglob(pathname))
28
29 def iglob(pathname):
30     """Return an iterator which yields the paths matching a pathname pattern.
31
32     The pattern may contain simple shell-style wildcards a la
33     fnmatch. However, unlike fnmatch, filenames starting with a
34     dot are special cases that are not matched by '*' and '?'
35     patterns.
36
37     """
38     dirname, basename = os.path.split(pathname)
39     if not has_magic(pathname):
40         if basename:
41             if os.path.lexists(pathname):
42                 yield pathname
43         else:
44             # Patterns ending with a slash should match only directories
```

```

45         if os.path.isdir(dirname):
46             yield pathname
47     return
48 if not dirname:
49     for name in glob1(os.curdir, basename):
50         yield name
51     return
52 # `os.path.split()` returns the argument itself as a dirname if it is a
53 # drive or UNC path. Prevent an infinite recursion if a drive or UNC path
54 # contains magic characters (i.e. r'\\?\C:').
55 if dirname != pathname and has_magic(dirname):
56     dirs = iglob(dirname)
57 else:
58     dirs = [dirname]
59 if has_magic(basename):
60     glob_in_dir = glob1
61 else:
62     glob_in_dir = glob0
63 for dirname in dirs:
64     for name in glob_in_dir(dirname, basename):
65         yield os.path.join(dirname, name)
66
67 # These 2 helper functions non-recursively glob inside a literal directory.
68 # They return a list of basenames. `glob1` accepts a pattern while `glob0`
69 # takes a literal basename (so it only has to check for its existence).
70
71 def glob1(dirname, pattern):
72     if not dirname:
73         dirname = os.curdir
74     if isinstance(pattern, _unicode) and not isinstance(dirname, unicode):
75         dirname = unicode(dirname, sys.getfilesystemencoding() or
76                             sys.getdefaultencoding())
77     try:
78         names = os.listdir(dirname)
79     except os.error:
80         return []
81     if pattern[0] != '.':
82         names = filter(lambda x: x[0] != '.', names)
83     return fnmatch.filter(names, pattern)
84
85 def glob0(dirname, basename):
86     if basename == '':
87         # `os.path.split()` returns an empty basename for paths ending with a
88         # directory separator. 'q*x/' should match only directories.
89         if os.path.isdir(dirname):
90             return [basename]
91     else:
92         if os.path.lexists(os.path.join(dirname, basename)):
93             return [basename]
94     return []
95
96
97 magic_check = re.compile('[*?[]')
98
99 def has_magic(s):
100     return magic_check.search(s) is not None

```
