

Thermal Management System: Core Principles

For Heating Demands (e.g., Cabin or Battery Heating)

- **Objective:** Select the most efficient heat source available.
- **Key Metric:** $\Delta T = \text{target_temp} - \text{source_temp}$
- **Selection:** Choose the hottest available source (the smallest delta T), minimizing energy needed for heating.
- **Available Sources:**
 - **Powertrain:** Always available (constant heat generation).
 - **Battery:** Available if not too cold.
 - **Ambient:** Always available.

For Cooling Demands (e.g., Powertrain, Battery, or Cabin Cooling)

- **Objective:** Select the most efficient heat sink available.
- **Key Metric:** $\Delta T = \text{target_temp} - \text{sink_temp}$
- **Selection:** Choose the coldest available sink (the largest delta T), maximizing the temperature gap for efficient heat rejection.
- **Available Sinks:**
 - **Cabin:** Available if it needs heating.
 - **Battery:** Available if not too hot.
 - **Ambient:** Always available.

Selection Logic

- **Heating:** Pick the hottest source (smallest delta T, minimizing the work for the heat pump).
- **Cooling:** Pick the coldest sink (largest delta T, maximizing the temperature gap for efficient heat rejection).

Example Scenarios

Heating the Cabin

- **Sources:** Powertrain (30°C), Battery (15°C, if available), Ambient (5°C).
- **Target:** Cabin at 20°C.
- **Delta T:** Powertrain = $20 - 30 = -10^\circ\text{C}$, Battery = $20 - 15 = 5^\circ\text{C}$, Ambient = $20 - 5 = 15^\circ\text{C}$.
- **Choice:** Powertrain (smallest delta T, -10°C , hottest source).

Cooling the Powertrain

- **Sinks:** Cabin (20°C, if available), Battery (10°C, if available), Ambient (25°C).
- **Target:** Powertrain at 35°C.
- **Delta T:** Cabin = $35 - 20 = 15^\circ\text{C}$, Battery = $35 - 10 = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Ambient = $35 - 25 = 10^\circ\text{C}$.
- **Choice:** Battery (largest delta T, 25°C , coldest sink).