

WIMOTO – BLE SMART DEVICE HLD – VER 0.3.0



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1 Overview

Wimoto is developing a smart device which integrates many sensors for BLE Climate profile (temperature, humidity and light level), Grow profile (light, soil temperature, soil moisture) Sentry profile (light, temperature, humidity), Thermo profile (probe (NT) C temperature, thermopile temperature) and Water Profile (water presence, water level) on Nordic semiconductor nRF51822 based hardware platform. This device can be configured and managed by corresponding app on mobile devices like iPhone, Android and a proprietary gateway.

This release contains both the Climate profile and Grow profile and the driver codes for TMP102, TMP006, ISL29023, HTU21D, MMA7660FC and an Analogue Soil moisture sensor.

2 Application Control Flow

The application implements the functionality to advertise data in each profile as enhanced broadcast data and creates an alarm framework. The application flow first enters the alarm service (Connectable) mode and advertises the alarm service continuously, it advertises the alarm characteristics as specified by the profiles. During this time an iPhone/ Android device can connect to the device. Grow profile

Temperature alarm characteristics

Alarm low value

Alarm high value

Alarm set

Light alarm characteristics

Alarm low value

Alarm high value

Alarm set

Humidity alarm characteristics

Alarm low value

Alarm high value

Alarm set

Climate profile

Soil temperature alarm characteristics

Alarm low value

Alarm high value

Alarm set

Light alarm characteristics

Alarm low value

Alarm high value

Alarm set

• Soil moisture characteristics

Alarm low value

Alarm high value

Alarm set



Water profile

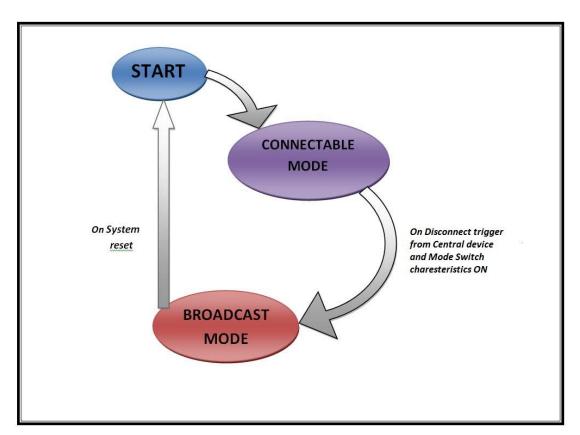
- Water level alarm characteristics
 Alarm low value
 Alarm high value
 Alarm set
- Water presence characteristics
 Alarm set

In the Connectable state the user can update the alarm low/ high level values and set alarm and receive notifications.

There is an additional characteristic provided in alarm service, for mode switching, i.e. to switch from Connectable mode to Broadcast mode. Once this mode switch is set and the iPhone/ Android device is disconnected from the Wimoto device and the embedded application enters into Broadcast mode.

Then embedded application flow then enters Broadcast mode and broadcasts the services provided by the profile. The application remains in the Broadcast mode until a system reset/power on reset is incurred to the device or to the application flow.

The State Diagram of the control flow is shown below.





3 Generic Profile Architecture

In the profiles the service defines characteristics and functions for exposing the data read from a sensor device and for setting an alarm frame work for alarm enabled sensor output data. The main application integrates the broadcast application and the alarm service application.

An overview of the code flow is given below.

At start up, the execution start from the main() in main.c. The flag BROADCAST_MODE will be false at start up. Then the execution enters the connectable_mode() in connect.c. It will advertise the sensor data alarm service. If a central device connects, the characteristics of the service are displayed to the user who can monitor and modify the values. It will remain in connected state till the user disconnects from the central device. Data are periodically read from the corresponding sensors and checked against the range set by the user. If it is out of range, alarm characteristic will be updated. If the central device disconnects from the embedded application by setting the 'Mode Switch' characteristics which is provided in the temperature alarm service, the application exits from the connectable_mode() by setting the BROADCAST_MODE flag to true.

In main.c, the execution will now enter the function *broadcast_mode()* in broadcast.c.. The *broadcast_mode()* function advertises the enhanced sensor data.

The embedded code remains in the Broadcast mode until a system reset or power on reset is incurred.



4 Climate Profile – System Overview

In the climate profile, Light, Temperature and Humidity values that are read from sensor devices are broadcast across the BLE transport. There will be characteristics and functions defined for setting a low value and a high value for each of these variables and also to set alarm (on/ off) when any sensor value is out of the set range. If the sensor value is out of range and alarm set is on, a notification will be send to a central device.

4.1 Data Broadcast Application

This program broadcasts the temperature, light and humidity levels read from the sensor as enhanced BLE data. The sample code provided by Wimoto has been integrated with the HTU21D temperature and humidity sensor and ISL29023 light sensor driver programs for implementing the broadcast functionality. This application is implemented by the function <code>broadcast_mode()</code> in the file broadcast.c . This function is called from the <code>main()</code> in main.c

4.2 Alarm Services

This alarm service implements the functionality for setting a low value and high value for temperature, light and humidity range and the out of range alarm to be set/reset. This application is invoked from a Bluetooth stack event when the user sets the values from the central device.

All the alarm services for the climate profile application are implemented by the function *connectable_mode()* in the file connect.c.

4.2.1 Temperature Alarm Service

The temperature sensor module used for Climate profile is HTU21D. The temperature service and its characteristics and the functions for alarm frame work are implemented in the source file ble temp alarm service.c

The HTU21D temperature and humidity sensor generates 14 bit temperature value which is left intended i.e. 2 LSB bits will be zero for temperature measurement. This value is returned to the monitoring device like iPhone/Android devices.

While calculations for temperature this original register content is used without right intending the data. In order to convert this 14bit data into a degree celsius value, the user interface application in the iPhone/Android has to use the formula

Temperature $^{\circ}C = -46.85 + (175.72 * value / 2^{16})$



Function	Details		
connectable_mode	Definition	Implements the connectable mode service application.	
	Parameter	void	
	Return value	void	
ble_temps_level_a	Definition	Reads the current temperature from HTU21D , updates the temperature characteristics and checks the alarm condition.	
larm_check	Parameter1	Pointer to the temperature service structure.	
	Return value	Error code	
read_temperature	Definition	Read temperature by calling the HTU21D API.	
	Return value	Current temperature	
current_temperatu re_char_add	Definition	Adds the current temperature characteristics to the service.	
	Parameter1	Pointer to Temperature Service structure.	
	Definition	Adds the temperature low value characteristics to the service.	
temperature_low_	Parameter1	Pointer to Temperature Service structure.	
level_char_add	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	
	Definition	Adds the temperature high value characteristics to the service.	
temperature_high _level_char_add	Parameter1	Pointer to the temperature service structure.	
_tevet_cnar_aaa	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	
temperature_alar m_set_char_add	Definition	Adds the temperature alarm set characteristics to the service.	
	Parameter1	Pointer to the temperature service structure.	
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	
temperature_alar m_char_add	Definition	Adds the temperature alarm set characteristics to the service.	
	Parameter1	Pointer to the temperature service structure.	
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	
switch_mode_char	Definition	Adds switch mode characteristic	
_add	Parameter1	Pointer to initial value structure	
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	



4.2.2 Light Alarm Service

This application implements the functionality for setting a low value and high value for light intensity and the out of range alarm to be set/reset. The light intensity service and its characteristics and the functions for alarm frame work are implemented in the source file ble_light_alarm_service.c.

ISL29023 light sensor module returns a 16 bit data which is directly proportional to the ambient light intensity. In the embedded application code we use 64K as maximum LUX value considering the open environment conditions where it would be used. The 16 bit register value thus read in the monitoring device like iPhone/Android devices.

In order to convert this 16 bit data into a LUX value the user interface application in the iPhone/Android has to use the formula

LUX = value * 0.96



Function	Do	etails
	Definition	Function reads and updates the current light level and checks for alarm condition
ble_lights_level_a larm_check	Parameter1	Pointer to the Light Service structure.
tarm_cneck	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
read_light_level	Definition	Function to read light level from ISL29023 sensor.
	Return value	Current light level.
current_light_leve l_char_add	Definition	Adds the current light level characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to Light Service structure.
	Definition	Adds the light level low value characteristics to the service.
light_low_value_c har_add	Parameter1	Pointer to Light Service structure.
nar_aaa	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
	Definition	Adds the light level high value characteristics to the service.
light_high_value_ char_add	Parameter1	Pointer to the Light service structure.
cnar_aaa	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
light_alarm_set_c har_add	Definition	Adds the light level alarm set characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to the Light service structure.
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
light_alarm_char_ add	Definition	Adds the level alarm alarm set characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to the Light service structure.
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure



4.2.3 Humidity Alarm Service

This application implements the functionality for setting a low value and high value for humidity and the out of range alarm to be set/reset. The humidity service and its characteristics and the functions for alarm framework are implemented in the source file ble_humidity_alarm_service.c.

The HTU21D temperature and humidity sensor generates 12 bit humidity value which is left intended i.e. 4 LSB bits will be zero for humidity measurement. This value is returned to the monitoring device like iPhone/Android devices.

While calculations for humidity this original register content is used without right intending the data. In order to convert this 12 bit data into a relative humidity value, the user interface application in the iPhone/Android has to use the formula

Relative Humidity $%RH = -6 + (125 * value / 2^16)$



Function	D	etails
ble_hums_level_al	Definition	Function reads and updates the current humidity level and checks for alarm condition
arm_check	Parameter1	Pointer to the humidity Service structure.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
read_hum_level	Definition	Function to read humidity level from HTU21D
	Return value	Current humidity level.
current_hum_level _char_add	Definition	Adds the current humidity level characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to humidity Service structure.
	Definition	Adds the humidity level low value characteristics to the service.
hum_low_value_c	Parameter1	Pointer to humidity Service structure.
har_add	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
	Definition	Adds the humidity level high value characteristics to the service.
hum_high_value_ char_add	Parameter1	Pointer to the humidity service structure.
cnar_aaa	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
hum_alarm_set_c har_add	Definition	Adds the humidity level alarm set characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to the humidity service structure.
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
hum_alarm_char_ add	Definition	Adds the humidity value alarm alarm set characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to the humidity service structure.
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure



5. Grow Profile – System Overview

In the grow profile Light, Temperature and Soil Moisture values that are read from sensor devices are broadcast across the BLE transport. There will be characteristics and functions defined for setting a low value and a high value for temperature, light and soil moisture level and also to set alarm (on/ off) when any sensor value is out of the set range. If the sensor value is out of range and alarm set is on, a notification will be send to a central device.

5.1. Data broadcast application

This program broadcasts the data read from the sensor as enhanced BLE data. The sample code provided by Wimoto has been integrated with the TMP102 driver programs for implementing the broadcast functionality. This application is implemented by the function <code>broadcast_mode()</code> in the file broadcast.c . This function is called from the <code>main()</code> in main.c.

5.2 Alarm Service

This alarm service implements the functionality for setting a low value and high value for temperature/ light/ soil moisture level and the out of range alarm to be set/reset. This application is invoked from a Bluetooth stack event when the user sets the values from the central role device. All the alarm alarm services for the climate profile application is implemented by the function *connectable_mode()* in the file connect.c.

5.2.1 Temperature Alarm Service

The temperature sensor module used for Grow profile is TMP102. The temperature service and its characteristics and the functions for alarm frame work are implemented in the source file ble_temp_alarm_service.c

The TMP102 temperature sensor generates 12 temperature value which is left intended i.e. 4 LSB bits will be zero temperature measurement, this value is right intended by 4 bits and is returned to the monitoring device like iPhone/Android devices

While calculations for temperature this data returned to the monitoring iPhone/Android devices, the user interface application has to perform the following calculation to convert temperature into degree Celsius

Temperature °C = value * 0.0625

The main functions used in the application and service are given below.

.



Function	Details		
connectable_mode	Definition	Implements the connectable mode service application.	
	Parameter	void	
	Return value	void	
ble_temps_level_a	Definition	Reads the current temperature from TMP102, updates the temperature characteristics and checks the alarm condition.	
larm_check	Parameter1	Pointer to the temperature service structure.	
	Return value	Error code	
read_temperature	Definition	Read temperature by calling the TMP102 API.	
	Return value	Current temperature	
current_temperatu re_char_add	Definition	Adds the current temperature characteristics to the service.	
	Parameter1	Pointer to Temperature Service structure.	
	Definition	Adds the temperature low value characteristics to the service.	
temperature_low_	Parameter1	Pointer to Temperature Service structure.	
level_char_add	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	
	Definition	Adds the temperature high value characteristics to the service.	
temperature_high _level_char_add	Parameter1	Pointer to the temperature service structure.	
_tevet_cnar_aaa	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	
temperature_alar m_set_char_add	Definition	Adds the temperature alarm set characteristics to the service.	
	Parameter1	Pointer to the temperature service structure.	
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	
temperature_alar m_char_add	Definition	Adds the temperature alarm set characteristics to the service.	
	Parameter1	Pointer to the temperature service structure.	
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	
switch_mode_char	Definition	Adds switch mode characteristic	
_add	Parameter1	Pointer to initial value structure	
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure	



5.2.2 Light Alarm Service

This application implements the functionality for setting a low value and high value for light intensity and the out of range alarm to be set/reset.

The light intensity alarm service application is implemented by the function $connectable_mode()$ in the file connect.c. The light intensity service and its characteristics and the functions for alarm frame work are implemented in the source file ble_light_alarm_service.c

ISL29023 light sensor module returns a 16 bit data which is directly proportional to the ambient light intensity. In the embedded application code we use 64K as maximum LUX value considering the open environment conditions where it would be used. The 16 bit register value thus read in the monitoring device like iPhone/Android devices.

In order to convert this 16bit data into a LUX value the user interface application in the iPhone/Android has to use the formula

LUX = value * 0.96



Function	De	etails
	Definition	Function reads and updates the current light level and checks for alarm condition
ble_lights_level_a larm_check	Parameter1	Pointer to the Light Service structure.
turm_cneck	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
read_light_level	Definition	Function to read light level from ISL29023 sensor.
	Return value	Current light level.
current_light_leve l_char_add	Definition	Adds the current light level characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to Light Service structure.
	Definition	Adds the light level low value characteristics to the service.
light_low_value_c har_add	Parameter1	Pointer to Light Service structure.
nar_aaa	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
	Definition	Adds the light level high value characteristics to the service.
light_high_value_ char add	Parameter1	Pointer to the Light service structure.
cnar_aaa	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
light_alarm_set_c har_add	Definition	Adds the light level alarm set characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to the Light service structure.
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
light_alarm_char_ add	Definition	Adds the level alarm set characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to the Light service structure.
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure



5.2.3 Soil Moisture Service

This application implements the functionality for reading soil moisture level from an analog sensor using ADC conversion to convert analog data into digital format. This application is invoked from a Bluetooth stack event when the user sets the values from the central role device.

The soil moisture level alarm service application is implemented by the function $connectable_mode()$ in the file connect.c. The soil moisture service and its characteristics and the functions for alarm frame work are implemented in the source file ble_soil_alarm_service.c.

Since the Soil moisture sensor was not available while testing data reading function only was implemented.



Function	De	etails
	Definition	Function reads and updates the current light level and checks for alarm condition
ble_soils_level_al arm_check	Parameter1	Pointer to the Light Service structure.
arm_cneck	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
read_soil_mois_le	Definition	Function to read soil moisture level
vel	Return value	Result of ADC after conversion
current_soil_mois _level_char_add	Definition	Adds the current soil moisture level characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to Soil moisture Service structure.
	Definition	Adds the soil moisture level low value characteristics to the service.
soil_mois_low_val ue_char_add	Parameter1	Pointer to soil moisture Service structure.
ue_cnar_aaa	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
	Definition	Adds the soil moisture level high value characteristics to the service.
soil_mois_high_va lue_char_add	Parameter1	Pointer to the soil moisture service structure.
tue_cnar_aaa	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
soil_mois_alarm_ set_char_add	Definition	Adds the soil moisture level alarm set characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to the soil moisture service structure.
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure
soil_mois_alarm_ char_add	Definition	Adds the soil moisture level alarm set characteristics to the service.
	Parameter1	Pointer to the soil moisture service structure.
	Parameter2	Pointer to initial value structure



6. Water Profile – System Overview

In the water profile water presence and water level values that are read from sensor devices are broadcast across the BLE transport. There will be characteristics and functions defined for setting a low value and a high value for water level service and also to set alarm (on/ off) if the water level value is out of the set range. If the sensor value is out of range and alarm set is on, a notification will be send to a central device. Water absence is also indicated by another alarm which can be set by a set alarm (on/off).

6.1 Data Broadcast Application

This program broadcasts the water level and water presence read from the sensor as enhanced BLE data. The sample code provided by Wimoto has been integrated with the analog water level sensor driver programs for implementing the broadcast functionality. This application is implemented by the function <code>broadcast_mode()</code> in the file broadcast.c. This function is called from the <code>main()</code> in main.c

6.2 Alarm Services

This alarm service implements the functionality for setting a low value and high value for water level and the out of range alarm to be set/reset. Alarm set/reset for water presence is implemented. This application is invoked from a Bluetooth stack event when the user sets the values from the central device.

All the alarm services for the water profile application are implemented by the function *connectable_mode()* in the file connect.c.



6.2.1 Water Level Alarm Service

The water level sensor module used for water profile is analog sensor. The water level service and its characteristics and the functions for alarm frame work are implemented in the source file ble_waterl_alarm_service.c. This application is invoked from a Bluetooth stack event when the user sets the values from the central role device.

Since water level sensor is an analog sensor ADC conversion is required for converting the analog data into digital format. 8 bit digital data is obtained from the ADC after conversion. The input pin for the ADC conversion is **P0.01.**

Function	Details	
ble_waterls_level_alarm_check	Definition	Function reads and updates the current water level level and checks for alarm condition
	Parameter1	water level Service structure.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
read_waterl_level	Definition	Function to read water level from sensor interfaced to ADC
	Return value	Current water level
current_waterl_level_level_char_	Definition	Adds the current water level characteristics.
add	Parameter1	Water level Service structure
	Parameter2	Information needed to initialize the service.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
waterl_level_low_value_char_ad	Definition	Adds the water level low value characteristics.
d	Parameter1	Water level Service structure.
	Parameter2	Information needed to initialize the service.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
waterl_level_high_value_char_a	Definition	Adds the water level high value characteristics
dd	Parameter1	Water level Service structure
	Parameter2	Information needed to initialize the service.
	Return value	



Function	Details	
waterl_level_alarm_set_char_ad d	Definition	Adds the water level alarm set characteristics.
	Parameter1	Water level Service structure.
	Parameter2	Information needed to initialize the service.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
waterl_level_alarm_char_add	Definition	Adds the water level alarm characteristics.
	Parameter1	Water level Service structure.
	Parameter2	Information needed to initialize the service.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
switch_mode_char_add	Definition	Adds the characteristics to switch the mode.
	Parameter1	Water presence Service structure.
	Parameter2	Information needed to initialize the service.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.



6.2.2 Water Presence Alarm Service

This application implements the functionality for detecting water presence by using GPIO pins on nRF51822 evaluation kit. Initially the pin for detecting the water presence **P0.00** is pulled-up so that default value of the pin always will be active-high and whenever water is not present the pin will be pulled low. Whenever a change in logic level occurs at the desired pin **P0.00** for detecting the water presence an alert is produced and current water presence is checked. If water is not present alarm is set.

The water presence service and its characteristics and the functions for alarm frame work are implemented in the source file ble_waterp_alarm_service.c.

Function		Details
ble_waterps_alarm_check	Definition	Function reads and updates the current water presence and checks for alarm condition.
	Parameter	Water presence Service structure.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
current_waterpresence_char_ad d	Definition	Function for adding the current water presence characteristics.
	Parameter1	Water presence Service structure.
	Parameter2	Information needed to initialize the service.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
waterpresence_alarm_set_char_ add	Definition	Function for adding the water presence alarm set characteristics.
	Parameter1	Water presence Service structure.
	Parameter2	Information needed to initialize the service.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.
waterpresence_alarm_char_add	Definition	Function for adding the water presence alarm characteristics.
	Parameter1	Water presence Service structure.
	Parameter2	Information needed to initialize the service.
	Return value	NRF_SUCCESS on success, otherwise an error code.



6. Drivers for Sensor Modules

Wimoto project contains different sensors like TMP102, TMP006, HTU21D, etc., to measure various environmental parameters. Here, as the second phase of project drivers for

TMP102 Temperature sensor TMP006 Temperature sensor

ISL29023 Light sensor MMA7660FC Accelerometer

HTU21D Humidity and temperature sensor

Analog Soil Moisture Sensor Analog Water Presence Sensor

are provided. Pin number 24 and 25 of nRF51822 Evaluation Kit board are configured for the I2C communication. Pin 24 is used for SCL (serial clock) and pin 25 is for SDA (serial data). The initializations for I2C communication are done prior to data transfer. The I2C bus is initialized using *twi_init()* function.

6.1 TMP102 Driver

TMP102 is temperature sensor which outputs temperature in digital format can be accessed using I2C protocol or Two Wire Interface. The slave address of TMP102 is found out using the pin to which pin **ADD0** is connected. In the driver program it is assumed that the **ADD0** pin is connected to **ground**. There are four functions which act as the API in the driver section of the TMP102 file. They are given below

Function	Details	
	Definition	Read data register content (16 Bits)
read_register_content (uint8_t)	Parameter	Base address of the register to read
	Return value	Content of the register read
	Definition	Write data to register (16 Bits)
write_to_register	Parameter1	Base address of the register to write to
(uint8_t,uint8_t,uint8_t)	Parameter2	Most Significant Byte (8 Bits)
	Parameter3	Least Significant Byte (8 Bits)
	Return value	Boolean value(Success - true, Failure - false)
config_tmp102_shutdown_mod	Definition	Configure TMP102 in shut down mode
e (void)	Return value	Boolean value(Success - true, Failure - false)
get_tmp102_oneshot_temp (void)	Definition	Get temperature only when needed. Enables temperature conversion in TMP102 ,only when this function is called.
	Return value	Content of the temperature register in the correct format(after eliminating four '0' bits in the Least Significant Byte)



The maximum temperature read by TMP102 is 0x7FF0 (128°C) and negative temperature is 0xC900 (-55°C). The lower nibble in the 16 bit data (0-3 bits) '0' is neglected because it is by default set to '0' in the register, so while retrieving the data the temperature register is right shifted four bits (taken care in the driver code).

6.2 TMP006 Driver

TMP006 is a temperature sensor which is used to measure target temperature using IR light emitted from the target. Target temperature is calculated using the contents of T-ambient and V-object registers, these data's are in a digital format an can be read using I2C protocol or Two Wire Interface. While testing the breakout board used had pins **ADR1** and **ADR0** are connected to **ground**, so the slave address of TMP006 becomes 1000000x, where x is the R/W (read/write) bit, so the 8bit data (slave address +R/W bit) for start condition for writing becomes 0x80 and for reading becomes 0x81. Mainly there are five functions for MMA7660FC among which two functions act as public functions and the remaining three as private functions.

Function	Details	
Public Functions		
TMP006_enable_powerdown_ mode (void)	Definition	Enable power down mode of TMP006
	Return value	Boolean value (Success -true, Failure-false)
TMP006_get_onetime_data (void)	Definition	Function to read the value of V-object & T-ambient registers one time
	Return value	Returns the 32 bit value (two 16 bit V-object & T-ambient registers combined together)
Private Functions		
TMP006_enable_continuous_c	Definition	Enable continuous conversion mode
onversion (void)	Return value	Boolean value(Success -true, Failure-false)
TMP006_write_to_reg (uint8_t	Definition	Write 16 bit data to the registers of TMP006
,uint8_t,uint8_t)	Parameter1	Base address of the register to write to
	Parameter2	Most Significant Byte (8 Bits)
	Parameter3	Least Significant Byte (8 Bits)
	Return value	Boolean value(Success -true, Failure-false)
TMP006_read_register(uint8_t)	Definition	Read the data from the registers of TMP006
	Return value	16 bit data read, if not read returns 0

The data in the T-ambient register is 12 bit with 0th and 1st bit set to '0' as default so the correct data of T-ambient register is obtained by right shifting the data by two bits, this is taken care in the program.



6.3 ISL29023 Driver

ISL29023 is light sensor which outputs light in terms of LUX value by a digital format and can be accessed using I2C protocol or Two Wire Interface. The slave address of ISL29023 is 1000100x, where x is the R/W (read/write) bit, so the 8bit data(slave address +R/W bit) for start condition for writing becomes 0x88 and for reading becomes 0x89. Mainly there are four functions for ISL29023 among which two function act as public functions and the other two as private functions.

Function	Details	
Public Functions		
ISL29023_config_FSR_and_po werdown (void)	Definition	Change Full Scale Reading of LUX, after that enable Power down mode of ISL29023
	Return value	Boolean value (Success -true, Failure-false)
ISL29023_get_one_time_ALS (void)	Definition	Function to enable One time Light Sensing mode, after one conversion ISL29023 goes to power down mode automatically
	Return value	Contents of DATA -MSB & DATA-LSB registers (16 bit)
Private Functions		
ISL29023_read_register (uint8_t)	Definition	Read the contents of the registers of ISL29023
	Parameter	Read the contents of the registers of ISL29023
	Return value	8 bit data read , if not read returns 0
ISL29023_write_to_reg (uint8_t , uint8_t)	Definition	Write 8 bit data to the registers of ISL29023
	Parameter1	Base address of the register to write to
	Parameter2	8 bit data to write
	Return value	Boolean value (Success -true, Failure-false)



6.4 MMA7660FC Driver

MMA7660 is accelerometer module which outputs orientation of the module with reference to X, Y, Z axis. The orientation values are available in the X-out, Y-out and Z-out registers of MMA7660FC. These values are represented in a digital format and can be read using I2C protocol or Two Wire Interface. The slave address of MMA7660FC is 1001100x, where x is the R/W (read/write) bit, so the 8bit data (slave address +R/W bit) for start condition for writing becomes 0x98 and for reading becomes 0x99. Mainly there are six functions for MMA7660FC among which two functions act as public functions and the remaining four as private functions.

Function	Details		
Public Functions			
MMA7660_config_standby_and _initialize (void)	Definition	Configure MMA7660FC in standby mode and initialize for 1 sample/second and disable tap detection	
	Return value	Boolean value (Success -true, Failure-false)	
MMA7660_read_xyz_reg_one_ time (void)	Definition	Read the orientation data from the registers of MMA7660FC	
	Return value	Contents of X-out, Y-out and Z-out registers as a 32 bit value)	
Private Functions	Private Functions		
MMA7660_enable_active_mod	Definition	Enable active mode for continuous conversion	
e (void)	Return value	Boolean value (Success -true, Failure-false)	
MMA7660_enable_standby_mo	Definition	Enable standby mode for no conversion	
de (void)	Return value	Boolean value (Success -true, Failure-false)	
MMA7660_read_register	Definition	Read the contents of registers of MMA7660FC	
(uint8_t)	Parameter	Base address of the register from which to read	
	Return value	8 bit data read , if not read returns 0	
MMA7660_write_to_reg (uint8_t b,uint8_t)	Definition	Write 8 bit data to the registers of ISL29023	
	Parameter1	Base address of the register to write to	
	Parameter2	8 bit data to write	
	Return value	Boolean value(Success -true, Failure-false)	



6.5 HTU21D Driver

HTU21D is a humidity and temperature sensor which outputs temperature and humidity in digital format and can be accessed using I2C protocol or Two Wire Interface. The slave address of HTU21D is 1000000x, where x is the R/W (read/write) bit, so the 8bit data (slave address +R/W bit) for start condition for writing becomes 0x80 and for reading becomes 0x81. Mainly there are twelve functions for HTU21D among which three functions act as public functions and the remaining nine as private functions.

Function		Details
Public Functions		
eDRV_HTU21_Reset(void)	Definition	Enable Soft reset
	Return value	Boolean value(Success -true, Failure-false)
eDRV_HTU21_MeasureTempera ture(void)	Definition	Read 16 bit Temperature value (status bits cleared)
	Return value	16 bit Temperature data with status bit cleared
HTU21D_WriteToUserRegister	Definition	Write data to User register
(uint8_t)	Parameter1	8 bit data to be written
	Return value	Boolean value(Success -true, Failure-false)
HTU21D_ReadUserRegister	Definition	Read the contents of User register
(void)	Return value	bit user register data
eDRV_HTU21_MeasureHumidity	Definition	Read 16 bit Humidity value (status bits cleared)
(void)	Return value	16 bit Humidity data with status bit cleared
Private Functions		
HTU21D_CheckCrc(uint8_t,	Definition	Checks for CRC error
uint8_t, uint8_t)	Parameter1	16 bit data as an array of 8 bits
	Parameter2	Number of bytes
	Parameter3	Checksum value got along with data
	Return value	Boolean value (Success -true, Failure-false)
HTU21D_MeasureHM (etHTU21MeasureType)	Definition	Measure Humidity using Hold Master Mode
	Parameter1	Type of the data to read ,Humidity/Temperature
	Return value	16 bit data
HTU21D_MeasurePOLL (etHTU21MeasureType)	Definition	Measure Humidity using No Hold Master Mode
	Parameter1	Type of the data to read ,Humidity/Temperature
	Return value	16 bit data



Private Functions continued		
HTU21D_PollMasterTransfer (uint8_t)	Definition	Function to assist 'HTU21D_MeasurePOLL' function
	Parameter	Measurement Command
	Return value	16 bit Humidity/Temperature data
HTU21D_ReadMeasurementValue(uint8_t))	Definition	Function to assist 'HTU21D_MeasureHM' function
	Parameter	Measurement Command
	Return value	16 bit Humidity/Temperature data
f32CalcTemperatureC(uint16_t)	Definition	Calculates Temperature in Degree Celsius
	Parameter	16 bit temperature value
	Return value	Temperature in Degree Celsius
f32CalcRH(uint16_t)	Definition	Calculates relative humidity value.
	Parameter	16 bit humidity value
	Return value	Relative humidity value



6.6 Soil Moisture Sensor

An analog proprietary soil moisture sensor is used. The analog value is converted to a digital value using the internal ADC of nRF51822. The analogue soil moisture sensor should be connected to the P0.01 pin of nRF51822 evaluation board kit.

The functions for Soil moisture sensor are follows

Function	D	etails
adc_init	Definition	Initializes ADC for Soil
		moisture measurement
	Return value	
do_soil_moisture_measur	Definition	Function to read soil moisture
ement		value from the ADC after
		conversion
	Return value	8 bit data



6.7 Water Presence Sensor

A digital proprietary water presence sensor is used. Since the water presence sensor generates a change in logic level which cause an event to be generated, then after checking the current logic level alarm is set if water is not present.

The analog water level sensor should be connected to the P0.00 pin off nRF51822 evaluation board kit.

6.8 Water Level Sensor

An analog proprietary Water level sensor is used. The analog value is converted to a digital value using the internal ADC of nRF51822. The analog water level sensor should be connected to the P0.01 pin of nRF51822 evaluation board kit.

The functions for Water level sensor are follows

Function	Details	
Public Functions		
adc_init	Definition	Function for ADC initialization
	Return value	void
do_waterl_adc_measurement	Definition	Function to read the sensor output value after using ADC (conversion of analog data into digital data using ADC)
	Return value	8 bit data from the ADC, after conversion



7. Source Code Organization

The source code is organized in the following files.

- main.c calls alarm service (connectable) function and broadcast function in the main loop.
- connect.c application program for initializing and advertising the alarm services.
- broadcast.c application for broadcasting the data from sensors in a connectionless mode.
- ble_temp_alarm_service.c implements the temperature alarm service and creates the characteristics.
- ble_light_alarm_service.c implements the light level alarm service and creates the characteristics.
- ble_humidity_alarm_service.c implements the humidity alarm service and creates the characteristics.
- ble_soil_alarm_service.c implements the soil moisture alarm service and creates the characteristics.
- ble_waterl_alarm_service.c implements the water level alarm service and creates the characteristics.
- ble_waterp_alarm_service.c implements the water presence alarm service and creates the characteristics.
- wimoto_sensors.h Header file consisting all the declarations and definitions for all the sensors used in the project
- wimoto.h
 Contains all the defines used for the services for each profiles
- tmp102.c
 driver code for the TMP102 temperature sensor
- tmp006.c
 driver code for the TMP006 temperature sensor
- o isl29023.c driver code for the ISL29023 light sensor
- mma7660fc.c driver code for the MMA7660FC accelerometer module
- htu21d.c
 driver code for the HTU21D humidity and temperature sensor
- o adc soil mois.c driver code for the Soil moisture analog sensor module
- o adc waterl level.c driver code for the Water level analog sensor module