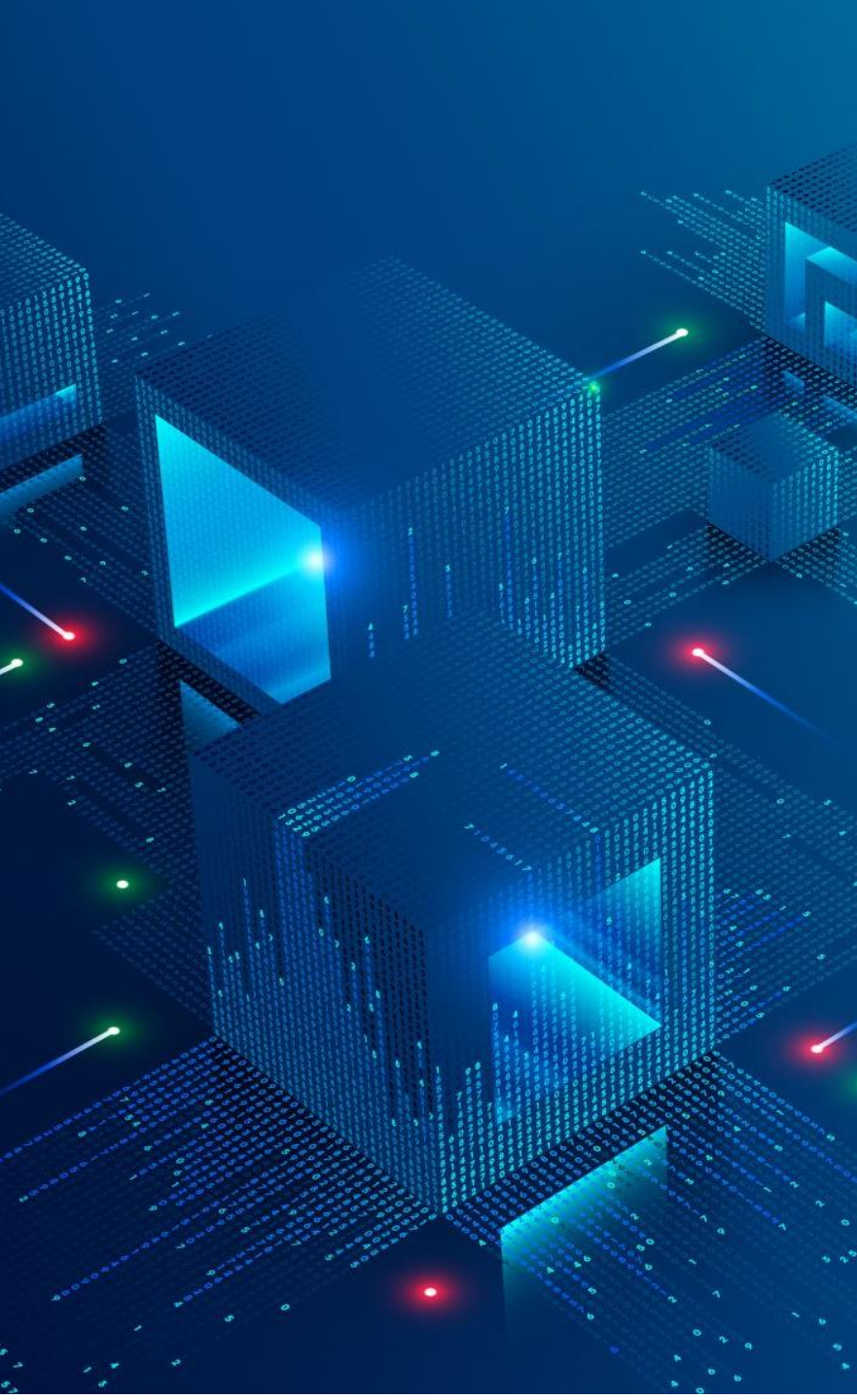


A network diagram is shown on a white surface. Several pushpins are stuck into the surface, each with a colored bead (blue, green, red, yellow) on top. Thin brown string is tied between the pins, forming a network of connections. The background is slightly blurred.

# ROUTE OPTIMIZATION

2025-Spring Semester Project  
MACHINE LEARNING AND AI

Members: xxxx, xxxx, xxxx, xxxx



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# INTRODUCTION

- Objective:
    - Use Machine Learning (ML) and Artificial Intelligent (AI) algorithms to optimize a route from Jyväskylä area
    - Use weather, image, traffic data in the optimization logic
    - Marjetas OY is the partnering company in the project and shares related data along with API credentials for the optimization purpose
    - Generate a solution within your project team and be prepared for exhibition day
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# FOLLOWING APPROACHES APPLIED

1. Random traffic, friction weights distributed on the map edges (roads)
    - Default short distance travel time and length are calculated
    - Alternative paths are visualized on the graph
  2. Second Approach: Use random friction on the map(nodes)
    - Get 3 routes for each start and end location on the map
    - The 3 routes are Absolute Fastest Route, Most Optimal (Distance), Longest Route.
    - The Absolute Fastest is the best route to take taking into accounts all road and weather conditions
    - The Most Optimal (Distance) is the route with the shortest distance.
    - The Longest Route is considered as the longest path between the start and end location.
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# EXAMPLES OF THE SECOND APPROACH



## Route Optimization App

Enter start location (address or lat,lon):

Kilpisenkatu 6-8

Enter end location (address or lat,lon):

Sulkulantie 11

Generate Routes



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# EXPLANATION

- The applications accepts both address and co-ordinates as start and end locations.
  - In the example above I used start location as Kilpisenkatu 6-8 and the end location as Sulkulantie 11.
  - Then the result below displays the 3 routes with their appropriate distance, time and label.
  - The random colors on the map is representing the friction values of each node on the map.
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# EXPLANATION CONTD.

