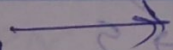
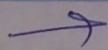


* Is subsequence

~~Can we~~

abc aa bb cc



should have same relative position as well.

Can use index of
or double pointers as usual.

$O(KN)$ if there are lot of sequences

- Use map to store positions of each char.

No: _____

Date: ____/____/____

$$a = [1, 5, 7]$$

$$b = [2, 8, 12]$$

then find next index of the next char ~~is~~ possible & continue.

Have to use binary search for optimal result.

then if there are multiple input sequences, ~~the~~ with large length the result would be

$$O(KM \log N)$$