

# Starting with React

Yay! Finally, REAL web dev

- Um, Actually...

This course covers multiple REAL ways of webdev

- Server-side HTML generation
- Service development
- Vanilla JS HTML manipulation
- React

# There's a lot this course doesn't cover

- Better ways of HTML generation server-side
  - Including React! (SSR + SSG)
- Lots of details about web servers
- Other service types beyond REST
- So much a11y, i18n, HTML, CSS

Just too much to cover

- Goal is to get you to where you can grow
  - But you can do webdev NOW
- "Bad" code can still benefit the world
  - So benefit the world as you learn

# Is React hard to learn?

- All depends on the mindset
- I've tried to create patterns
  - Event to State to Render
- If you are overwhelmed
  - Simplify what you are trying to understand
  - Not understanding is natural!
    - The process is called "learning"
    - Not automatic
    - Don't try to force it

# Vite

React is great, but can have a lot of set up

- So we will have someone else do the hard work
- vite is a program to set up:
  - React
  - Building (converting react to HTML+JS)
  - Linting (syntax warnings, hints, and help)
  - A **development server**
    - With Live reload!
    - ONLY for development, not final use
- Vite isn't required for React, but is convenient

# A Note about Create React App

Course previously used `create-react-app` (CRA)

- A lot of tutorials/docs on web will refer to CRA
  - Common starting point for React SPAs
- Over time
  - CRA got slower to install/use
  - Alternatives got more attention
  - Alternatives were good for more than SPAs

Course now uses `vite`

- Still SPA-focused
- NextJS, Remix are more involved alternatives

# Create a test app

```
npm create vite test-app -- --template react
```

Tells NodeJS to download and run create-vite

- Creates folder holding app "test-app"
- You can give any name you want

Creates a `test-app/` directory

- Where you run the app
- Puts in all the pieces
- You are not "in" that directory yet

# Our new app

Vite installed and configured a lot

Before we look at the details, let's see what we created

```
cd test-app  
npm install  
npm run dev
```

# Umm...neat?

It started a server and is showing a page

- You can inspect the HTML

Follow the suggestion and open `src/App.jsx`

- Leave the server running



# Opening src/App.jsx

This looks like a mix of JS and HTML

- imports
  - Some we know, some we don't
- function App() returns HTML...ish (JSX)
  - Not as a string, just HTML-like
  - Has some values in `{}`
  - Uses `className` instead of `class`
  - There's an `onClick`

Now look at HTML for the page in DevTools

# HTML of Page

```
<div id="root">
```

- Has inner HTML as the output of the App() function
- classNames became classes
- `{}` were replaced with links
- `{count}` was replaced with a number

Now make a text change to `App.jsx` and save

# Live Reloading

Change shown in browser without manual reloading!

App.js **imports** App.css

- Make a change: set background color to `#e6e;`
- Browser shows this too!

# .jsx files

JSX files will work as either `.js` or `.jsx`

- For this course **you must use** `.jsx`
- Filename is extra information for coders
  - `.js` files should have NO JSX in them
  - `.jsx` files should be our view files
  - JSX is for UI, other logic is plain `.js`
    - Separates UI logic from **business logic**
    - Separates UI from sending/getting data

# A word about the default file

- They use `target="_blank"`
  - You should NOT do this
  - [https://css-tricks.com/use-target\\_blank/](https://css-tricks.com/use-target_blank/)
  - It denies the user the choice
- React brings new options to organize CSS
  - CSS-in-JS, CSS Modules, styled-components
  - We will NOT be using: Out of course scope
  - ChatGPT/Google often use these!
  - Continue our **existing CSS conventions**

# About default file contents

Example code in `App.jsx` does NOT use semicolons

- Course still **requires semicolons**
- You should add any that are missing
- Most contents of App.jsx will be replaced
  - This is example content
  - You write and export App.jsx

# Where is the HTML?

The HTML is in `/index.html`

- BUT we won't be changing it
  - Except for anything in `<head>`
    - In particular, `<title>`
    - But also webfonts, more meta tags, etc
- Make all your changes in the js/jsx/css files in `src/`
  - `src/` for the files you edit!
  - These are NOT loaded by browser directly
    - Get **transpiled** into files for browser

# Where is the CSS?

- `src/index.css` is general, page-wide CSS
- `src/App.jsx` imports `./App.css` (`src/App.css`)
  - Styles the elements returned by `App.jsx`
- Future `.jsx` files should import their own `.css`
  - To style the elements they return

This is the convention for CSS files we will follow

- One of many possible conventions

Bundler builds all CSS files into one/fewer during build

- Watch out for conflicting styling across files



# HTML is Declarative

HTML is **declarative**

- Says what it is
- Not how to do it
  - Ex: Button is clickable, looks clickable
  - Ex: A `<form>` is a form, an `<input>` is a field

JS is **imperative**

- You give list of instructions
  - "How" to do anything

# We've kept HTML, CSS, and JS separate so far

- Hard to edit one in the other
  - No inline JS
  - No inline CSS
- But we're starting to feel limits
  - `.innerText` and `.innerHTML` put HTML in JS
  - JS uses a lot of class names from HTML
- State/render would do even more
  - Lots of HTML in JS

# JSX is Declarative

React uses **JSX**

- Declarative
- Looks like HTML
- Actually a JS function that returns HTML
- Can call other JSX functions for HTML
- Can insert HTML
- Allows for easy editing of HTML in JS

# JSX Example

```
function Greeting() {  
  return (  
    <p>Hello World</p>  
  );  
}  
//...elsewhere  
<Greeting/>
```

NOT JS, but JSX

- Browser can't handle without translation
- Much friendlier to use
- Output is HTML and JS

# More JSX Example

```
function TodoItem({ task, done }) {  
  const doneClass = done ? 'todo--done' : '';  
  return (  
    <li>  
      <span className={`todo ${doneClass}`} >{task}</span>  
    </li>  
  );  
}  
//...elsewhere  
<TodoItem task="Pounce" done={false} />
```

A few differences!

- `className` instead of `class`
- Values not only strings
- `{}` to replace with value of expression
  - No `${}` unless you have template literals

# More JSX differences

```
function TodoItem({ task, done }) {  
  const doneClass = done ? 'todo--done' : '';  
  return (  
    <li>  
      <span className={`todo ${doneClass}`} >{task}</span>  
    </li>  
  );  
}  
//...elsewhere  
<TodoItem task="Pounce" done={false} />
```

A few differences!

- `{false}` instead of "false"
  - Actual boolean, not a string!
- Attribute-like values passed to function
  - **props**, more on these soon

# Important: React owns the DOM

Big change: Do not access the DOM!

- No `document.querySelector`
- No `document.getElementById`
- No `classList.toggle()`, etc
- React is managing our DOM
- If we change it, we can confuse React

Why did we learn those parts then?!

- Know what React is doing
- Good without React

# What did Vite do?

- Created base application folder
- `README.md` - Can ignore
- `package.json`
- `vite.config.js`
- `public/`
- `src/`
- `index.html`
- `.gitignore`
- `eslint.config.js`



# package.json

- All the dependencies/devDep for react/vite
- Added `scripts` we will use
  - `dev` (`npm run dev`) - Development server
  - `build` (`npm run build`) - Builds static files
- Added `scripts` we will ignore
  - `lint` - Runs linter (syntax checker)
    - Probably built into your editor
  - `preview` - Runs static server for built files
    - Not helpful for us

## **public/**

- Not quite like our webpack/express config
- Files that aren't changed during build
- NOT our document root!
- NOT for `.jsx` files
- If we import from `/`, it imports from `public/`

## src/

- Very similar to our webpack setup
- Almost all files we edit are here
- Our start point is `src/App.jsx`
- Technical start point is `src/main.jsx`
  - Not MixedCase because not a component
  - Loaded via `index.html`
  - It imports `src/App.jsx`
- If we import from `./`, it imports from `src/`
  - `import Test from './Test';`

# index.html

- The basic HTML skeleton
- Loads `src/main.jsx`
- We won't edit the `<body>`
- We WILL edit the `<head>`
- Not in `src/` or in `public/`

# **.gitignore**

- Vite creates a `.gitignore` file
- Blocks common files to skip
- Blocks `node_modules/` and built files
  - We like this!
  - Keep it as is!
- Only blocks from THIS project
  - This folder or subfolders
  - Not files elsewhere in repo

# eslint.config.js

- Configuration for **linting**
  - Syntax checking for preferences
- You will modify in future
  - To handle our approach

# Building

`vite` is a tool to help develop

- In the end we want static HTML/JS/CSS
- We can put those on ANY server
  - `npm run dev` is NOT a production server

Stop your server (Ctrl-C)

- Then run `npm run build`

# What did that do?

We now have a `dist/` directory

- Contains static HTML/CSS/JS files
  - Plus some images
- Files have weird names
  - Cache-busting
  - Different content = different filename

These files are ALL you need

- Can put on ANY static webserver
- No Vite, no special programs



# When do we build?

Do all your development with the development server

- Edit files in `src/`
- Uses `npm run dev` to run

If done and putting up web app for the public

- Then `npm run build`
- Use files inside `dist/` with your webserver
  - Such as `npx serve`, or Java, or C#, etc
  - Or our `server.js`! (more soon!)

# Summary - React

React will let us auto-render when state changes

React uses JSX

- JS that looks like HTML
- Can embed HTML
- Uses `className` instead of `class`
- Uses `{}` to replace with values
- Can have non-strings (unlike HTML)
- All elements must close

# Summary - Vite

Vite is a program that makes React easy to use

- Just one way to use React
- Includes a development server
  - NOT for production (final) use

Vite creates a directory for the app

- `npm create vite APP_NAME -- --template react`
- `cd APP_NAME; npm install` - ONCE per app
- Start dev server with `npm run dev`
- Build prod files with `npm run build`

# Summary - Editing

Edit files in `src/`

- **Course Requirement:** use semicolons
- **Course Requirement:** kebab-case/BEM classes
- Replace default `App.jsx` content
  - Just an example
- Replace default `src/index.css` content
  - Global, app/page-wide styling
- Replace default `css/App.css` content
  - Styling for elements in App.jsx