

Solution:

$$\text{the slope ratio} = \frac{8.71 - 5.72}{100} = 0.015 < 0.02$$

$$\text{so } D = 6.33$$

In China code (GB-50009-2012)

$$U_H = 40 \sqrt{W_0} = 40 \sqrt{2 \times 0.55} = 41.95 \text{ m/s}$$

$\sqrt{W_0}/K_z$

$\frac{m}{s^2} \frac{m}{s}$

For the first period:

$$\bar{U}_{cr1} = \frac{P}{S_1 T_1} = \frac{6.33}{0.2 \times 2.102} = 15.06 \text{ m/s}$$

For the second period:

$$\bar{U}_{cr2} = \frac{D}{S_2 T_2} = \frac{6.33}{0.2 \times 0.508} = 62.303 \text{ m/s}$$

So only check the first period

$$\text{the } Re = 69000 \bar{U}_{cr1} D > 3.5 \times 10^6$$

So it need check

The ~~start~~ start height

$$H_1 = 1 + \left(\frac{\bar{U}_{cr1}}{h_1 U_H} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 100 \times \left(\frac{15.06}{1.2 \times 41.95} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.175}} = 0.032 \text{ m}$$

So the resonance height = 0.032 ~ 100 m

$$\text{as } \frac{H_1}{17} = \frac{0.032}{100}, \quad \gamma_1 = 1.56$$

The cross-wind force

$$P_{d1}(z_i) = P_{d11}(z_i) h_i = \gamma_1 \frac{\phi_1(z_i) \bar{U}_{cr1}^2 D_0 h_i}{12800 g_j}$$

$$= P_{d1}(z_1) = 1.56 \times \frac{\phi_1(z_1) \times 15.06^2 \times 6.33 \times h_i}{12800 \times 0.05} = 3.499 \phi_1(z_1) h_i$$

The result are shown in this figure :

Point	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
$Z_i(m)$	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
$G(Z_i)(kN)$	3000	2600	1700	1510	1340	1200	1110	1070	990	490
$D(Z_i)(m)$	8.710	7.860	7.460	7.060	6.660	6.460	6.260	6.060	5.860	5.720
$\phi(Z_i)(m)$	0.008	0.036	0.085	0.158	0.255 0.255	0.374 0.374	0.514 0.513	0.667 0.667	0.833 0.833	1.000
$P_{dz1}(kN)$	0.816	1.224	2.090	5.372	8.670	12.716	17.442	22.678	28.322	17.000
$M_{dz1}(kN.m)$	8.160	24.480	86.700	244.880	423.500	762.960	1220.940	1842.240	2848.980	1700.000

The base bending moment :

$$M_{u1,0} = 8814.84 \text{ kN.m}$$