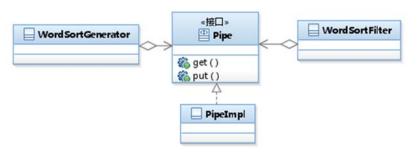
## 管道-过滤器风格案例:一个单词排序程序

一个管道-过滤器风格的例子是单词排序程序,该程序将一个文本文件中的所有单词按照字典顺序进行排列。一般来说,这种文本的每一行包含一个单词;同样,排好序的输出文件中每行也是一个按照顺序排列的单词。

该程序可以使用管道-过滤器风格来实现,其具体解决方案如下图所示,其中单词产生器WordSortGenerator负责从磁盘中读取文件,并将数据流输入到Pipe 当中,Pipe则负责数据的传输工作,将数据传送到单词排序过滤器WordSortFilter进行处理;WordSortFilter是具体的过滤器,能够对传入的数据流进行排序然后将结构写入文件。



单词排序程序类图

该程序的输入为 word.txt 文件,文件中每一行包含一个单词。文件中的每一个单词经由管道 PipeImpl 进入到排序过滤器 WordSortFilter 中后,WordSortFilter 执行单词排序操作,并输出按顺序排列的单词。其具体代码实现过程如下:

## (1) 首先是管道接口:

String word = null;

pipe.put(word);

while((word = br.readLine()) != null)

```
interface Pipe {
  public boolean put(Object obj);
  public Object get() throws InterruptedException;
(2) 管道实现代码:
public class PipeImpl implements Pipe {
  private List buffer = new ArrayList();
  public synchronized boolean put(Object obj){
    boolean bAdded = buffer.add(obj);
    notify();
    return bAdded;
  public synchronized Object get() throws InterruptedException{
    while(buffer.isEmpty()) wait(); //pipe empty - wait
    Object obj = buffer.remove(0);
    return obj;
  }
(3) 单词产生器代码:
public class WordSortGenerator extends Thread {
  private Pipe pipe = null;
  public WordSortGenerator(Pipe pipe) {
    pipe = pipe;
  public void run() {
    try {
       BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader("words.txt"));
```

```
pipe.put(null); //null signals no more input
       br.close();
     }catch (IOException ioex) {
       ioex.printStackTrace();
(4) 单词排序过滤器代码:
public class WordSortFilter extends Thread {
  private Pipe pipe = null;
  private List<String> wordList = new ArrayList<String>();
  public WordSortFilter(Pipe pipe) {
    pipe = pipe;
  public void run() {
     String word = null;
     try {
       while ((word = (String) pipe.get()) != null)
         wordList.add(word);
     } catch (InterruptedException intrtex) {}
     //now sort the word list
     Collections.sort(wordList);
    //print the sorted word list and write it to a file
    try {
       FileWriter fw = new FileWriter("sortedwords.txt");
       for (String s : wordList) {
         System.out.println(s);
         fw.write(s + "\n");
       fw.close();
     } catch (IOException ioex) {
       ioex.printStackTrace();
(5) 具体调用过程:
Pipe pipe = new PipeImpl();
Thread wordGenerator = new WordSortGenerator(pipe);
Thread wordSortFilter = new WordSortFilter(pipe);
wordGenerator.start();
wordSortFilter.start();
```