```
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nmon_v3_0.xsd",
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ace="http://www.e
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nentation>Schema Name: NE der
nentation > Current Version
e:http://www.epa.gov/excha.tion>Scl
nentation > Description: The NEI >>n > Cur
rmat</xsd:documentation>
nentation>Application: Varies by
d:documentation>
nentation>Developed By: Environme1:do
ling="UTF-8"?>
http://www.epa.gov/exchangenetw
/www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema
/www.epa.gov/exchangenetwork"
t="qualified" attributeFormDefault="ungi
aLocation="EN_NEI Common v3 0.xsc
ion>Schema Name: NEI XML 3.0
on>Current Version
 //www.epa.gov/exchangenetwork<
  >Description: The NEI XML 3.0 Poin
    Application: Varies by
```

# RCRAInfo Network Exchange

Flow Configuration Document

Version: 4.0

Revision Date: March 31, 2009

Prepared by: Windsor Solutions, Inc.



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# **Component Alignment**

# Flow Component Versions Currently Supported

Component	Version(s) Supported	Explanation (optional)
FCD	4.0	Replacement of previous versions.
Schema	4.0	Replacement of previous versions.
DET	4.0	Replacement of previous versions.
RCRA	4.0	Submit data service.

# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Flow Identification

#### Flow Name:

**RCRAInfo** 

#### Flow Owner:

Dwane Young USEPA / Information Collection and Analysis Branch Office of Resource Conservation and Recovery

#### Flow Owner Contact Information:

Dwane Young Chief, Information Collection and Analysis Branch Office of Resource Conservation and Recovery (formerly OSW)

Phone: (703) 347-8578

Email: young.dwane@epa.gov

# 1.2 Background

RCRAInfo is an information system constructed and maintained by EPA to support the national hazardous waste program as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). The system is used by States and Regional/Headquarter EPA, to gain insight into the management of the hazardous waste program at both the state and national level.

In recent years RCRA data management tools have undergone a modernization effort, with user interfaces being upgraded to web based data entry forms with robust data validation. Web based reporting interfaces have also been constructed to support the States in the implementation of the program (implementers). Databases have been migrated to a relational Oracle database with associated technical architecture, permitting States to query the database directly to support the management of the program. A flat file based translation module with robust data validation rules has been implemented permitting States to electronically submit their hazardous waste data to RCRAInfo.

States interact with the system in a variety of ways depending upon the implementation of the individual programs and the maturity of their IT infrastructure. Some States use RCRAInfo as their primary hazardous waste information system, performing data entry directly into the national system. Some States perform dual data entry into RCRAInfo and a corresponding state system that manages RCRA data at the state level. The remaining States rely entirely on their state system and periodically submit data (flat files/XML) to RCRAInfo for incorporation of the data into the national system.

# 1.3 Flow Configuration Document Scope

This revision of the RCRAInfo Network Exchange Flow Configuration Document (FCD) is intended to bring the exchange in sync with the Version 4 of RCRAInfo for the Handler and Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement (CME) modules. Version 4 of RCRAInfo saw a major revision of both the Permitting and Corrective Action modules. In addition, some minor revisions were made to the Handler and CME modules for data content and data requirements necessary for data submissions (Exchange Network, flat file translation).

The modifications to RCRAInfo were sufficient to make the Version 3.0 RCRAInfo schema unusable for translation to Version 4 of RCRAInfo. EPA has given data partners using the Exchange Network until June 30<sup>th</sup> of 2009 to submit their data to RCRAInfo, to be in compliance with program requirements. The majority of partners using the Exchange Network for data submissions to RCRAInfo do so for the Handler module. Due to the impending deadline for translation and because the modifications to the Handler and CME modules are relatively minor, the version 4.0 RCRAInfo schema and this associated FCD were updated to address the Handler and CME modules only.

The IPT acknowledges that there are States with Exchange Network grants which address submission of data to the Permitting and Corrective Action modules. It is anticipated that these modules will be addressed once the Version 4.0 release of the RCRAInfo schema has been successfully tested and implemented.

The following modules/capabilities have been excluded from the scope of this release of the FCD:

- Permitting and Corrective Action
  - See discussion above regarding flow scope.
- Waste Activity Reporting

- The biennial reporting is collected every other year. The ITP determined the resources were better focused on the primary system modules and enhancements necessary to support the exchange. For expediency this was excluded from the exchange and the FCD.
- Manifesting
  - There is a separate project that is addressing electronic manifesting and the broader approach to managing this information.
- Exchanging of data between States.

The following appendixes provide additional information for implementers addressing implementation and testing, recommended future services and other issues considered:

Appendix A – RCRAInfo Network Exchange Implementation and Testing Checklist: This appendix presents Trading Partners with a checklist consisting of, decisions for consideration, flow configuration actions and testing steps necessary to submit data to RCRAInfo using the Exchange Network.

Appendix B - RCRAInfo Exchange Network Data Services: This appendix outlines <u>proposed</u> RCRAInfo Exchange Network Data Services. Given that the RCRA program is often co-implemented with multiple parties co-owning data for handlers; synchronization between systems is often necessary. The services outlined in this appendix are intended to facilitate this activity.

Appendix C – Other Issues Considered: This appendix discusses the items that were considered for inclusion in the exchange and the ITP's reasons for their exclusion from scope.

#### 1.4 Data Flow Overview

The RCRAInfo Network Exchange provides data services that can be used by trading partners to submit data to EPA's RCRAInfo information system. Data is submitted by authorized States to EPA to meet program requirements. The data flow supports a series of transaction models for interacting with RCRAInfo, and is equivalent in functionality and quality assurance rules to the FTP/flat file based capabilities historically used by many States.

The RCRAInfo data services are provided through the Exchange Network (<a href="www.exchangenetwork.net">www.exchangenetwork.net</a>) and are accessed through EPA's Central Data Exchange Node (the "CDX node") using the Exchange Network's node web service specifications. Version 4.0 of the RCRAInfo data services supports version 2.0 of the Exchange Network's node web service specifications. Version 4.0 of the RCRAInfo data services are also backward compatible with version 1.1 of the Exchange Network's node web service specifications; however, it is strongly encouraged that trading partners utilize Exchange Network node client or node technology that supports version 2.0 of the specifications.

The RCRAInfo Network Exchange is not backwards compatible with prior schema versions, and will only support version 4.0 of the schema and this FCD.

# 1.5 Flow Access and Security

All service requests must be accompanied by a valid NAAS security token per the Exchange Network's Node specifications. All partners must be authorized to NAAS and receive a valid security token before any of the RCRAInfo data services can be invoked.

If partners choose to use direct NAAS authentication, Node 1.1 implementations must authenticate against NAAS 2.0. For Node 2.0 implementations, users must authenticate against NAAS 3.0. Alternatively, partners may choose to use delegated authentication, passing a username and credential to the CDX node. In this case, the CDX Node will automatically authenticate against the correct NAAS version endpoint.

In addition to having a valid NAAS account, the submitter must request that CDX authorize the NAAS account to invoke the Submit, GetStatus and Download operations for the RCRA data exchange. Furthermore, the submitter must request that CDX pair the user's NAAS account with the RCRAInfo User ID that will be provided in the header of the submission.

In addition, RCRAInfo requires a valid user ID with associated permissions to transact in the system. Permission is granted at the module level (e.g., Handler, CME) and correlates to the areas of the program for which the State has authorization. The RCRAInfo User ID is passed to CDX as a value in the XML submission file. See the Header/Payload discussion in Section 2 of this document for more information.

## 1.6 Flow-level Business Rules

Current Business Rules: Not applicable.

See the sections that follow for relevant descriptions of business rules associated with the RCRAInfo data services. Note the *Translator Guide* describes the data quality rules that are applied against data submitted through this flow.

**Fault Follow-up Actions:** There are two primary failure points in the RCRAInfo data flow; 1) receipt by the CDX node with associated schema validation and 2) loading and validating the data within the RCRAInfo data system. In either case in the event of an error condition, the data can be resubmitted for processing. The section titled *Submission Processing and Feedback*, in this document discusses error processing and messaging in more detail.

#### 1.7 Additional Flow Tools and Resources

This FCD is intended to define the supported data services, as well as the approaches and processes that are used to exchange information. This FCD is intended to be used in conjunction with the following support documents:

RCRAInfo Translator Guide (Translator Guide)

RCRAInfo currently supports a mature flat file translation process. These processes have been used as the basis upon which the RCRAInfo Network Exchange has been designed. As a result, this exchange is dependent upon mechanisms employed in the current translation processes.

This *Translator Guide* produced by EPA documents the flat file specifications necessary for translation to RCRAInfo and the data quality rules applied to data sent to RCRAInfo. It also describes some of the basic RCRAInfo constructs such as system keys and Implementer of Record (IOR).

It is <u>critical</u> that Partners embarking on translation to RCRAInfo through the Exchange Network familiarize themselves with the *Translator Guide*. All RCRAInfo data sent through the Exchange Network must meet the data quality rules specified in the *Translator Guide*. Furthermore, the constructs outlined in the *Guide* also apply to submissions using XML documents.

This FCD and supporting documents do not restate the information outlined in the *Translator Guide* such as data quality validation rules. Rather these documents generally expand upon the information contained in the *Translator Guide*, documents instances where the exchange deviates from the flat file translator specifications, and provides guidance in implementing an XML/web service based model for processes that were originally designed for FTP transmission and flat file processing. This document can be found at the Exchange Network website (<a href="http://www.exchangenetwork.net/exchanges/waste/rcra.htm">http://www.exchangenetwork.net/exchanges/waste/rcra.htm</a>).

The following document was developed in conjunction with this FCD and are intended to build upon the information outlined in the *Translator Guide*.

RCRAInfo Data Submission Overview and Challenges

This document provides an overview of the data processing and error validation used by RCRAInfo in the loading of either Flat File or XML documents. Furthermore this document provides some insight into the challenges and decision points entities need to consider when exchanging data with RCRAInfo. This document builds upon the information outlined on the *Translator Guide* further clarifying concepts based on lessons learned by other translators to RCRAInfo. (http://www.exchangenetwork.net/exchanges/waste/rcra.htm)

# **2 Submission Composition**

# 2.1 Implementation of the Header/Payload for the RCRAInfo Network Exchange

#### 2.1.1 Overview

The RCRAInfo Network Exchange will support a document structure consisting of a single header with a single payload. The RCRAInfo XML schemas have been designed to support processing at the module level. As a result, each separate submission will constitute a processing operation for a <u>complete module</u> of RCRAInfo, for example Full Replace for the Handler module.

RCRAInfo's flat file translation requires the submission of a control file to supply basic metadata describing the submission as well as operators that affect processing. The Document Header and associated Payload Operation attribute serve similar purposes and are used by the CDX processes to derive the control file information.

The RCRAInfo Network Exchange continues to use Header v0.9 for both Node v1.1 and Node v2.0 implementations. While the new Header v2.0 is intended to be used by all Node v2.0 exchanges, the existing Header has been retained for consistency. Header v0.9 can be obtained at <a href="https://test.epacdxnode.net/ExchangeNetworkDocument.xsd">https://test.epacdxnode.net/ExchangeNetworkDocument.xsd</a>.

## 2.1.2 Header/Payload Relationship

<u>The Exchange Network Frequently Asked Questions</u> provides the following explanation of the header and payload relationship:

"The document header provides information to identify the contents of a data payload. It was developed to further automate the data exchange process so that data can be more readily identified during transport and at its processing destination...

The document header can describe what a data payload contains, who submitted it, when it was submitted, as well as instructions on processing the payload contents, such as whether the contents are additions, deletions, or updates. The header is independent of payload contents, so no data schema changes are necessary..."

The header serves as a wrapper to the individual XML instance documents (payloads). It is used to describe the document, providing basic metadata for the submission.

The following diagram describes the basic Exchange Network Document Structure and the relationship of the header to payload.

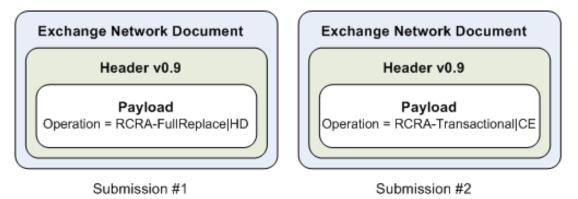


Figure 1 – RCRA Submission Format Diagram

Table 1 describes the document Header elements and how they are utilized for the purpose of RCRAInfo submissions.

Table 1

Header Element	Description	Example Value	Required	Notes
Author	First and Last Name of Individual Generating the XML Document.	John Smith	Yes	Reference, not used directly by either the CDX or RCRAInfo processes. For the purposes of the RCRAInfo Network Exchange, this is the submitter or responsible person contact.
Organization	Name of company or environmental agency or individual generating the XML document.	State X Department of Environmental Quality	Yes	Reference
Title	Type of Submission	RCRAInfo Submission	Yes	Reference to the flow.
Creation Time	Date/Time when the document was generated.	2009-01-01T12:12:12	Yes	Used by CDX Processes for meeting RCRAInfo submission requirements.
Comments	Open text		No	Reference

Header Element	Description	Example Value	Required	Notes
Data Service	Name of Service Request.		No	This component is not used for data submissions.
Contact Info	Area Code and Telephone Number, e- mail address of contact (author).	555-555-5555, Joe@deq.statex.gov	Yes	Reference
Notification	A URI where result/report can be sent.	Joe@deq.statex.gov	No	This component is not used for data submissions. Use the Property Name/Value pairs described below for notifications.
Sensitivity	Level of document sensitivity.	Unclassified, Confidential	No	Reference
Property				
Name = RCRAInfoUserID  Value = (UserID)	Name Value Pair, representing the three character RCRAInfo User ID to which RCRAInfo system rights and audit trails are tied.	ABC	Yes	Required by both RCRAInfo and the CDX processes. See Appendix A - RCRAInfo Flow Implementation and Testing Checklist for specifics on obtaining and authorizing this User ID.
Name = RCRAInfoStateCode Value = (StateID)	Name Value Pair, two character RCRAInfo state code.	MI	Yes	Required by both RCRAInfo and the CDX processes.
Name = NotificationURI Value = (email address)	Name/Value pair, indicating where automatic email notifications should be sent when RCRAInfo processing is complete.	Joe@deq.statex.gov	No	This should be used for Node v1.1 submissions only. Node 2.0 submissions

Header Element	Description	Example Value	Required	Notes
				should use the NotificationURI construct in the Submit operation to specify email recipients.
Payload Operation Attribute	Operation to be performed on the payload.	Operation Module  Operation Parameter RCRA-Transactional, RCRA-FullReplace, RCRA- FullReplaceByHandler  Module Parameter  HD= Handler CE= CME  Delimiter: Pipe ( )  Example RCRA-Transactional HD	Yes	Required by both the CDX processes and RCRAInfo. There is one payload operation per payload. There may be only one payload per submission
Payload XML Document	The root element of XML instance file contained in the payload must match the root element in one of the following schemas:  RCRA_HazardousWasteCMESubmission_v4.0.xs d  RCRA_HazardousWasteHandlerSubmission_v4.0.xsd		Yes	

## 2.2 Payload Operations

The payload operation attribute is used to denote the module processing for submissions. There are three acceptable values: RCRA-Transactional, RCRA-FullReplace, RCRA-FullReplaceByHandler.

Use of these operators will trigger one of the modular processing approaches outlined in this section. Current flat file translation mechanisms require that each file have an operator denoting either Full Replace, Full Replace by Handler or Transactional processing at the file/table level. However, this exchange only supports a single transaction operation per module (e.g., Handler)

The CDX load processes, utilize the payload operation to derive the processing requirements met by the Control File. For example a payload operation of Full Replace, with the suffix HD will result in a full replace indicator being set by the CDX processes for <u>all</u> flat file equivalents for the Handler module within the XML instance document.

For a more detailed discussion of the processing from CDX to RCRAInfo loading please see the discussion *Submission Processing and Feedback* in this document.

The following sections describe the payload operations that the CDX processes will use to derive the data processing mode supported by RCRAInfo. In addition, this discussion outlines the challenges that may be encountered with each operation for the implementer's consideration in selecting and configuring their preferred payload operation.

#### 2.2.1 Payload Operation: Transactional (RCRA-Transactional HD, CE)

#### **2.2.1.1 Overview**

RCRAInfo translation processes have been developed to support transactional record processing; where implementers can add/update or delete records from a table, as identified by the primary keys for the table. The transactional model of submission processing is supported for the Handler, CME modules of RCRAInfo.

The issues outlined in the supporting document *RCRAInfo Data Submission Overview and Challenges*, addressing Implementer of Record (IOR) and edits to primary keys, have an impact on transactional processing. Implementers are advised to consider this mode only if they have a clear understanding of the processing and have the mechanisms necessary to maintain the synchronization of the data between the State and EPA systems.

#### 2.2.1.2 RCRAInfo Processing

The transaction type implemented in RCRAInfo is affected based upon the transaction code submitted for the record within the XML instance document.

Valid transaction codes for this payload operation are:

- A (Add/Update)
- D (Delete)

When a transaction code of A is sent for a record in RCRAInfo, the process will attempt to match the record based on the primary keys for the table. If a match is made and the partner is the IOR for the record, it is updated with the contents of the submission. Element level changes are not supported; as a result the record is, in effect, replaced.

If the match is made and the implementer is NOT IOR for the record, a critical error will be raised and the entire submission will be unsuccessful.

If a match on the table's primary keys is not made, then the translation routines recognize the record as new, and insert it into the database.

When a transaction code of D is sent for a record, the RCRAInfo routines will attempt to match the record based on the primary keys for the table. If a match is made and the implementer is IOR for the record, then the record will be deleted. There are several notable circumstances associated with deletions that affect the success of some delete transactions:

- Cascade deletes: RCRAInfo supports cascade deletes and implements a specific deletion hierarchy by module. The reader is encouraged to review the deletion hierarchy outlined in the translator specifications. The section titled Schema User's Guide in this FCD also contains a diagram of the deletion hierarchy for the modules.
  - As an example of the deletion hierarchy; a delete transaction for an Enforcement Action record belonging to the implementer would result in the deletion of not only the action record but also any linking records (Enforcement/Violation) for any associated Violations.
- Child Table Delete Transactions: Since RCRAInfo supports cascade deletion of child records, the submission of delete transactions for child data is not needed.
  - Submission of a delete transaction for a record that has previously been deleted through a cascade delete will raise a critical error.
- Implementer of Record and Cascade Deletes: To successfully delete a record and any associated child data, the submitting implementer must be IOR for all associated data.
  - Example A: if a delete transaction is submitted for a violation record, which has associated EPA owned Enforcement Actions, the request will fail.
  - Example B: if EPA owns the Enforcement action records and is IOR for the linking records in the Compliance Schedule table. Any attempt to cascade delete the linking records owned by EPA would fail, as would the requested deletion of the Violation.

Please see section Schema User's Guide in this FCD for additional guidance on this processing approach

## 2.2.2 Payload Operation: Full Replace (RCRA-FullReplace| HD, CE)

#### 2.2.2.1 Overview

The full replace submission option will permit implementers to replace all data for which they are IOR within a module. The Full Replace operation is available for the Handler and, Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement modules of RCRAInfo.

Implementers without the capability to accurately track and monitor modifications to data, will find this and the Full Replace by Handler payload operations useful for submitting data. Implementers are encouraged to review reference document *RCRAInfo Data Submission Overview and Challenges* for an understanding of submission issues that may affect the choice of payload operation.

## 2.2.3 RCRAInfo Processing

RCRAInfo flat file translator mechanisms make allowances for the Full Replace of data on a table by table, basis. However for the purposes of the RCRAInfo Network Exchange, Full Replace processing will be for the **entire module only**. All rows within a module, for which the implementer is IOR, will be dropped from the RCRAInfo database. Therefore when using the Full Replace option for a module, the submission must include all the implementer's data in that module.

An exception will be made for the HBASIC table (HD1 file) in the Handler Module. HBasic data serves as the root to which all other data is associated. Use of the Full Replace of the HBasic table would result in all data for all modules to be cascade deleted. Therefore the CDX processes will always treat HBasic table in a transactional mode. If a user specifies Full Replace for the Handler Module, all tables for the Handler module except HBasic will undergo Full Replace Processing. Also see: *Deletion of Handlers* below.

Valid transaction codes for this payload operation are:

#### Null

The decision to support Full Replace processing at the module level rather than the Full Replace on a table by table basis is rooted in the premise that the submissions will be an automated and frequent process. The need to work with individual tables is a specialized requirement necessitating manual intervention. The IPT determined that in the interest of simplicity and data integrity, only full replaces at the module level would be supported by the RCRAInfo Network Exchange.

When using this mode of processing the implementer should be advised that fully replacing the data in RCRAInfo will result in data quality rules being applied to <u>all</u> data submitted. Some of RCRAInfo's older data may not meet the more stringent data quality rules implemented in RCRAInfo. Therefore if an implementer extracts all historic data from RCRAInfo to their State based system, and then initiates a Full Replace submission for a module, it is likely that critical data quality errors will be raised for some of the older data. All errors must be resolved for the submission to be loaded into the production RCRAInfo database.

As an example, RCRAInfo has data quality rules that control the types of penalties that may be issued under an enforcement action (e.g. Action Type X may only have penalty types A and B). This rule was not in place in the predecessor to RCRAInfo (RCRIS). Therefore an implementer performing a Full Replace for the CME module would raise errors if they have any older data that runs counter to this rule.

The Implementer of Record concept presents many challenges to data synchronization. When using the Full Replace processing method, all data in the module that is owned by the implementer, will be dropped from the database. However if other implementers (e.g. EPA) have linked their data to a State's data, the processing will allow the partner to delete the linking records which the EPA records are dependent upon with the assumption that the Trading Partner will provide the data necessary to reconstruct the relationship. For this reason it is critical that Trading Partners have a thorough understanding of the module's data structure, their data and its relationship to any EPA owned data, to ensure that submission successfully maintains all data integrity.

# 2.2.4 Payload Operation: Full Replace By Handler (RCRA-FullReplaceByHandler| HD, CE)

#### 2.2.4.1 Overview

The Full Replace By Handler (Partial-replacement method in Translator Guide) submission option allows implementers to replace all data within a module for a Handler ID. This submission mode is very similar to the Full Replace submission mode, with the exception that only data for Handler IDs present in the <a href="submission module">submission module</a> will be dropped from the database. Therefore implementers need to ensure that they include ALL data for the Handlers identified within the module's XML instance document. The Full Replace by Handler operation is available for the Handler and, Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement modules of RCRAInfo.

#### 2.2.4.2 RCRAInfo Processing

The Full Replace By Handler, will generally process in the same manner as the Full Replace payload operation. The discussions in the section above outlining Full Replace processing are applicable, when managing issues concerning:

- Submitting data for a single table versus the for the entire module
- Submission of old data using new validation rules

# RCRAInfo Network Exchange FCD 03/31/09

#### • Implementer of Record

Valid transaction codes for this payload operation are:

#### Null

The basic premise for this model is that only Handlers which have had modifications in a module will be resubmitted. Therefore to delete handlers from the HBasic table, implementers must send a separate submission using the Transactional processing method; thereby cascade deleting all associated data from other modules (e.g. CME) for the handler in question.

A practical implementation of this submission model might include the following scenario: The originating information system does not have the capability to accurately monitor all additions, updates or deletions to data in the system (see *reference document RCRAInfo Data Submission Overview and Challenges: Primary Keys*). However the implementer does not wish to refresh all data for all handlers, but prefers to have more frequent, smaller submissions. The implementer could design a process that logs the fact that ANY change has been made for a Handler. The implementer does not need to identify all the changes for a Handler; only that there has been a modification of the Handler's data within the module. All data for the Handler within the modified module would then be submitted for full replacement.

# 3 Data Processing

# 3.1 Submit Processing to EPA CDX

The RCRAInfo Network Exchange is centered on a single data exchange process; submission of RCRAInfo data to EPA. The specific steps to perform this operation are described in this section, including a description of back-end processing at EPA and methods for the submitter to retrieve processing results and diagnose error conditions.

#### 3.1.1 Submitting Data to EPA using "Submit"

Type: Submit

**Data Service-level Business Rules:** Please see Section 2: Payload Operations for a discussion of how each submission type is specified and the specific rules for each.

**XML Header Usage:** Please see Section 1 of this document for information on how the header must be implemented.

#### 3.1.1.1 Request

The Submit request must be formulated as follows:

dataflow Parameter: Must be set to RCRA

flowOperation Parameter (Node 2.0 only): Must be set to default

**recipients Parameter** (Node 2.0 only): Not applicable. Recipient information, if provided, will be ignored by EPA CDX.

**notificationURI Parameter** (Node 2.0 only): Used to optionally specify an email address that should receive a notification when processing is complete at CDX. Node v1.1 submissions should use the Property Name/Value pairs specified in the header in order to receive notifications since this feature is not supported in the Node v1.1 specification. See the Header/Payload discussion in this document for more information on email notifications for Node v1.1 submissions.

Per the Node v2.0 specification, the notificationURI parameter allows the requestor to optionally include a notification type. The notification type is intended to only send notifications for specific types of events such as errors or warnings. Please note that CDX will ignore any value specified in this attribute. Notifications will be sent to the email address specified, regardless of success or failure.

documents Parameter: Must contain a single ExchangeNetworkDocument whose content consists of an Exchange Network Header v0.9 with a single payload. The payload must be an XML document conforming to the RCRA v4.0 XML Schema. The root element of the instance file must match the root element from either the RCRA\_HazardousWasteCMESubmission\_v4.0.xsd or the RCRA\_HazardousWasteHandlerSubmission\_v4.0.xsd schema. The document should be compressed in ZIP format.

#### 3.1.1.2 Response

The response returned by the CDX Node will contain the following elements:

- transactionId: Per the Node v1.1 and v2.0 specifications, a Transaction ID will be returned. The element name for Node v1.1 exchanges will be "return" whereas the element name for Node v2.0 implementations will be "transactionId". The content will be the same in either case.
- status and statusDetail (Node 2.0 only): For Node v2.0 submissions, the response will also contain a status and statusDetail element. The status information will not immediately indicate success or failure as submission processing is an asynchronous process that will likely take a period of time to complete.
- **Error Conditions and Return:** No flow-specific errors are defined for the RCRAInfo Exchange. SOAP exceptions, timeouts, and other low-level errors may occur, but are out of scope for this document.

# 3.1.2 Determining Submission Processing Results using "GetStatus"

Type: GetStatus

Data Service-level Business Rules: None

#### **3.1.2.1 Request**

The GetStatus request must be formulated as follows:

**transactionID Parameter**: For both Node v1.1 and Node v2.0 exchanges, the GetStatus operation requires a Transaction ID to be provided. The Transaction ID should be that which was returned by EPA CDX in the Submit Response in the step above.

#### 3.1.2.2 Response

The response returned by the CDX Node will contain the following elements:

- **transactionId** (node 2.0 only): Node v2.0 implementations will echo back the same Transaction ID provided in the request. There is no equivalent in Node v1.1 implementations.
- **status**: A textual description of the processing status will be returned. Please see the Submission Processing and Feedback section of this document for a description of available responses and the meaning of each.

Node v1.1 implementations will simply return a string (named "return") containing the status text (e.g. "Completed", "Failed"). Node v2.0 implementations will return a Transaction Status Code and Status Detail. The Status Detail in this case is the status text (e.g. "Completed", "Failed").

Error Conditions and Return: No RCRAInfo Exchange specific errors have been defined.

## 3.1.3 Retrieving Submission Processing Reports using "Download"

Type: Download

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Data Service-level Business Rules: None

## 3.1.3.1 Request

The Download request must be formulated as follows:

dataflow Parameter: Must be set to RCRA

**transactionID Parameter**: For both Node v1.1 and Node v2.0 exchanges, the Download operation requires a Transaction ID to be provided. The Transaction ID should be that which was returned by EPA CDX in the Submit Response in the step above.

documents Parameter: Should be left null. All associated documents will be returned.

# 3.2 Submission Processing and Feedback

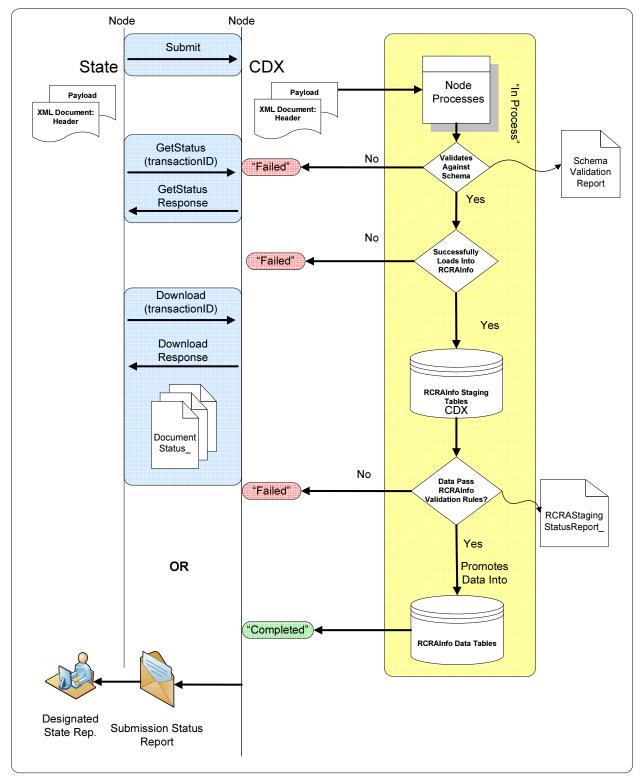


Figure 2 – Submission Processing Diagram

#### 3.2.1 Submission Processing

Submission of RCRAInfo Exchange Network Documents to the CDX node follows the processing steps outlined above. (See Figure 2):

State Node will initiate a Submit action

It is critical that the proper Node/Database be addressed to ensure that data is loaded into the correct database environment.

- If the State addresses the CDX test Node for the submission, the data will be loaded into the RCRAInfo Pre-Production database.
- If the State addresses the CDX production Node for the submission, the data will be loaded into the RCRAInfo Production database.
- CDX node receives the documents.
  - The CDX Processes will derive the data processing mode based upon the payload operation attribute (e.g. RCRA-FullReplace) and create the control file equivalent for RCRAInfo processing
  - The RCRAInfo User ID is critical to the processing of the submission. The RCRAInfo security rights and record auditing are derived from the ID. Therefore the User ID specified in the Header file must have rights to transact within the modules being submitted. The CDX processes will derive the User ID from the header property name/value pair: RCRAInfoUserID.
- Upon completion of the staging table load process, the RCRAInfo data validation process is triggered.
  - RCRAInfo data processing requires that <u>all errors</u> raised by the validation routines for a module (e.g., Handler) must be resolved prior to promoting the staged data to the RCRAInfo data tables.
  - If there are errors, they must be corrected, and the data for the offending module must be resubmitted.
- Upon successful validation of the submission, the staged data is automatically promoted into the RCRAInfo data tables.

The submitting Partner may check the status of the submission to CDX with the GetStatus method. As Figure 2 indicates there are several potential points of process termination (Failed, Completed), after which submitting Partner may issue a Download request with the submission transaction ID to access the available processing documents for the submission.

Alternatively, it is possible to receive automatic notifications. For Node v1.1 implementations, the Partner may provide an email address in the name/value pairs in the Property element of the header. See the Header/Payload discussion in this document for more information. For 2.0 Nodes the submitter may optionally provide an email addresses in the NotificationURI fields of the Node 2.0 web service request.

The available documents are:

- Original Submission: zipped XML submission made by Partner.
- Schema Validation Report: Validation Results document, text document from QA Server
- RCRAStagingStatusReport\_: Report generated as a result of the RCRAInfo data validation processing; based on the rules outlined in the <u>RCRAInfo Translator Guide</u> http://www.exchangenetwork.net/exchanges/waste/rcra.htm

#### 3.2.2 Data Validation

Partners are also <u>strongly</u> encouraged to consult with the <u>RCRAInfo Translator Guide</u> (<a href="http://www.exchangenetwork.net/exchanges/waste/rcra.htm">http://www.exchangenetwork.net/exchanges/waste/rcra.htm</a>) to familiarize themselves with the RCRAInfo specific data validation rules. There are numerous data quality rules that are dependent upon data in the RCRAInfo database, and therefore cannot be validated until loaded into the system. It is the responsibility of the submitting party to ensure that their data meets <u>all</u> the RCRAInfo validation rules and to confirm that the data was successfully loaded into RCRAInfo.

# 4 Schema Users Guide

## 4.1 Introduction

For each of the supported modules of RCRAInfo, three diagrams are presented as reference to implementers of the RCRA flow: These diagrams are the:

- RCRAInfo Entity Relationship Diagram
- XML Schema Hierarchy
- RCRAInfo Deletion Hierarchy

These diagrams are intended to help implementers understand and visualize the correlation between the RCRAInfo relational data model and the RCRA Network Exchange XML Schema. In addition the RCRAInfo deletion hierarchy is presented to give implementers an understanding and impacts of cascade deletes and their implications for Schema implementation.

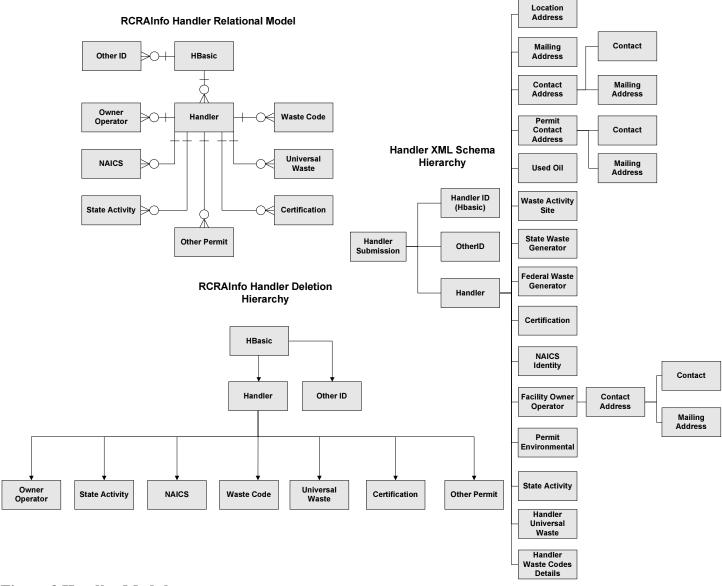
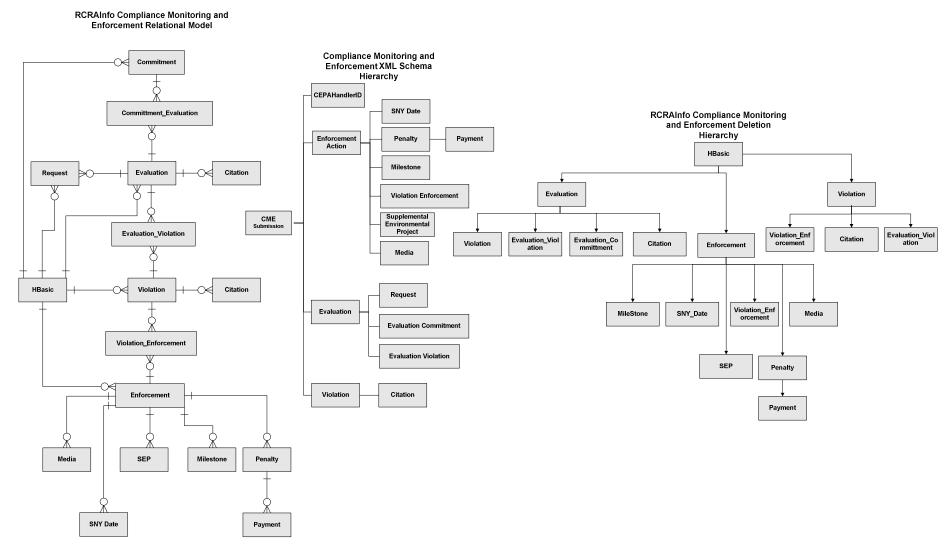


Figure 3 Handler Module



**Figure 4 Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Module** 

# 4.2 Schema Implementation

## 4.2.1 Null/Optional Values

Null element references should <u>not</u> be included in the RCRAInfo XML submission document. It should be noted that the RCRAInfo translation routines have extensive validation checking, addressing items such as, required fields, referential integrity, and permitted values. This validation is addressed after the XML documents are loaded to RCRAInfo staging tables for RCRAInfo processing.

#### 4.2.2 Transaction Codes

Valid transaction codes for the "transactional" payload operation are:

- A (Add/Update)
- D (Delete)

When using the Transactional payload operation, transaction codes must be supplied for entities that are supported by transaction codes.

Due to the hierarchical structure of the schema and the fact that system keys necessary for identifying child data (in RCRAInfo) are located in the parent node of the schema, complete parent data must be supplied along with a parent transaction code when acting on a a child record. In this instance the parent record will also be transacted upon, necessitating that all relevant data be provided in the XML document.

The Handler module is an exception to the required transaction code rule. Specifically in **Error! Reference source not found.**, the top bracketed items are equivalent to the Handler table in RCRAInfo and as a result are actually in a 1:1 relationship with the Handler schema element. Therefore transactions cannot be supported on these individual elements (e.g. Permit Contact Address, Geographic Codes). To add/delete these items the transaction code must reside in the Handler schema element.

The second group of bracketed elements (e.g., Certification, NAICS) have one-to-many relationships with Handler table in RCRAInfo. As a result, transactions are supported for these individual elements, allowing implementers to individually add/delete these elements within context of their related Handler data type.

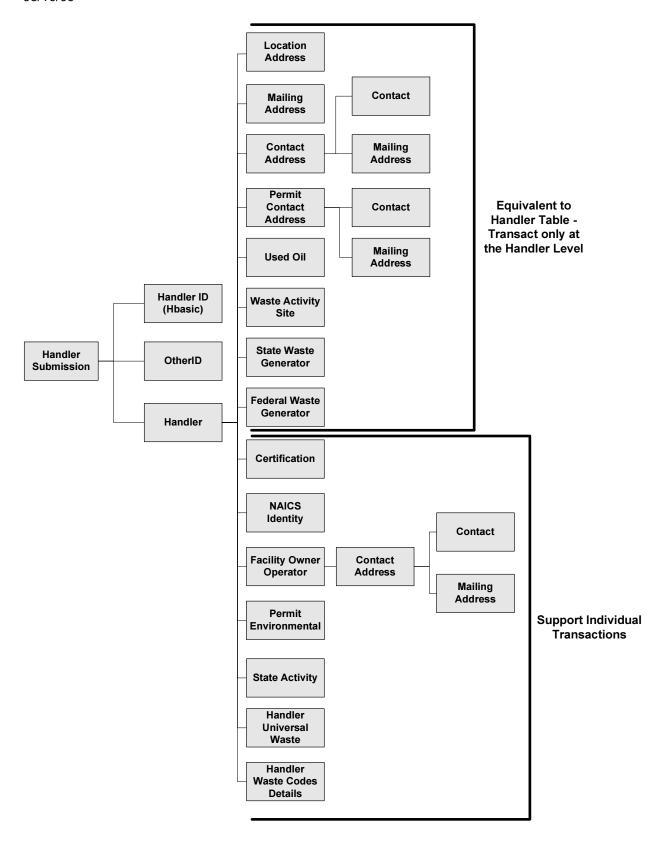


Figure 5 Handler Module Transactional Processing

# **Appendix A - RCRAInfo Flow Implementation and Testing Checklist**

The following Implementation Testing and Checklist is intended to be used as a guide for State's when setting up their RCRAInfo Network Exchange. The purpose of the pre-exchange testing process is to build confidence amongst the partners that data is being exchanged with the expected results.

The guidance may be considered for inclusion in the Trading Partner Agreements as a confirmation between partners that the necessary set-up and testing has been performed prior to implementation of the production data exchange. Since the scope of the RCRAInfo Network Exchange is different for each State, the TPA process should also be used to define the scope and detail of testing that will be required for each module.

These checklists are not intended to guide the State through the set-up and implementation of a Node. These guidelines assume that the Node has been set-up and configured prior to implementing the RCRAInfo Network Exchange (e.g. Obtaining NAAS authorization). Rather these are intended to be used as a guide to implement the specifics of the RCRAInfo Exchange

#### Implementation Checklist

Task Description	Notes	Completed
Evaluate readiness and compatibility of state system data sources for exchange with RCRAInfo	Several issues outlined in the reference document RCRAInfo Data Submission Overview and Challenges may impact State's priorities and approach for exchanging data with RCRAInfo. Example issues include:	
	<ul> <li>Mapping of look-up values from State to RCRAInfo</li> <li>Use of sequence numbers / replication of RCRAInfo keys</li> <li>Validation rules being applied to older data</li> <li>Impacts of Implementer of Record issues.</li> </ul>	
Obtain and review the document RCRAInfo Translator Guide	This document may be obtained at <a href="http://www.exchangenetwork.net/exchanges/waste/rcra.htm">http://www.exchangenetwork.net/exchanges/waste/rcra.htm</a> . It is critical that the tester have an understanding of the scope of validation rules that will be used to evaluate the submitted data.	
Evaluate the need to modify State data system and download source data from RCRAInfo.	As previously mentioned and covered in depth in the reference document <i>RCRAInfo Data Submission Overview and Challenges</i> , it is necessary replicate RCRAInfo's key structure when submitting data. In addition if the State is attempting to send data which is referenced by other data, the exact keys must be referenced when submitting the data.  For example: A State violation record is referenced by an EPA enforcement record. When the State begins to submit this data to RCRAInfo, the violation record's keys, as submitted by the State, must exactly match the RCRAInfo sourced record's keys, for the EPA owned enforcement	

Task Description	Notes	Completed
	record to continue to correctly reference the violation	
	record.	
	To meet this requirement States may need to modify their	
	system to include the additional key data as reference and	
	perform an extract from RCRAInfo to match-up the data.	
Evaluate and select	The three payload operations and associated processing	
submission processing	modes have advantages and challenges that need to be	
mode	considered when selecting an exchange approach:	
	Transactional  Pros:	
	<ul> <li>Provides precise control for manipulating data at the record level.</li> </ul>	
	Can be more efficient in processing.	
	Cons:	
	<ul> <li>Requires a thorough understanding of State's data relative to RCRAInfo processing.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Requires that the State system have the ability to recognize and track record deletions to ensure accurate data synchronization.</li> </ul>	
	Full Replace	
	Pros:	
	<ul> <li>Significantly less complicated approach when compared to transactional processing.</li> </ul>	
	Cons:	
	<ul> <li>Has negative impacts on exchange efficiency due to file size and processing demands.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Requires that ALL of a handler's data for a module be sent to RCRAInfo. This will result in newer data validation rules being applied to older data.</li> </ul>	
	Full Replace by Handler  Pros:	
	<ul> <li>More efficient than Full Replace operation; as only specified handler's data within a module is being replaced.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Offers more control to implementers, as they can send data only for those handlers who have had a change in data within a module.</li> </ul>	
	Cons:	
	<ul> <li>Requires more system sophistication to determine which handlers have had modifications to their data.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Requires that ALL of a handler's data for a module be sent to EPA. This will result in newer data validation rules being applied to older data.</li> </ul>	
Obtain TSSMS and	The RCRAInfo user ID is required in the Header portion of	
RCRAInfo User IDs with	the submission and is necessary for rights to the RCRAInfo	

Task Description	Notes	Completed
authorization to transact within the RCRAInfo Pre-Production and Production databases.	system.  Obtaining the required ID's and authorizations can be time consuming. It is advised that testers address this issue as they begin to plan their project to ensure that the State is authorized for translation to RCRAInfo.  Please contact your EPA Regional Representative to have ID's and permissions assigned.  It is advisable to also obtain a CDX User ID. This will allow testers to access the CDX Web interface to view the results of the RCRAInfo data validation process when testing. This data can also be obtained through a node GetStatus and Download call.	
Contact CDX to pair the States' NAAS account with the RCRAInfo User ID that will be provided in the header of the submission.	This step is necessary to migrate data from CDX to RCRAInfo staging. The User must have security rights to RCRAInfo before this pairing can occur. Contact RCRAInfo staff for these security rights.	
Enter into agreement with EPA / Region on the approach to testing, submission and data stewardship.	The Regions express varying preferences for involvement in the submission process. Some are active in the testing and validation, while others prefer that the State take ownership of the process.  Based on the experiences of some States, this step can be a very important task. Data once housed in RCRAInfo that is now being sourced from the State's system may have differing degrees of coverage on optional elements, and overall quality. The parties may need to come into agreement on expectations between the parties.  These issues and agreements may be addressed through a Trading Partner Agreement	
Notify EPA RCRAInfo system support of intention to submit data for testing	A relationship with the RCRAInfo support team is beneficial in testing, support and troubleshooting of submissions	
Perform testing of selected processing method and XML document creation.	See submission test cases To be successful and have the data move form staging to production all errors in the RCRAInfo validation must be resolved.	
Notify EPA RCRAInfo system support of intention to submit data to production system.	Authorization and verification from RCRAInfo support is necessary to send data to the production system.	
Notify CDX of intent to submit data to RCRAInfo Production to authorize NAAS account for production CDX node.		

## **Submission Test Cases**

The breadth of testing should take place only to the extent that State will use the schema and the associated payload operations.

Upon successful completion of testing on the pre-production database, the State should notify the designated RCRAInfo staff for validation. After sign-off from RCRAInfo staff, the State should complete some basic tests in the Production database. Full test suite may not be necessary against the Production RCRAInfo database, as the Pre-production database mirrors the Production in both content and form.

## **General Suggestions**

The following testing checklists are organized by payload operation. These suggested confirmations are applicable for all modules being exchanged through the payload operation.

## **Transactional Payload Operation Testing Checklist**

Test Description	Expected Results	Notes	Completed
Perform an Add/Update transaction for each	The record should be added or updated to the database.		
entity (e.g.,	or apacitor to the actualics.		
Enforcement Actions,			
Penalties)			
Make modifications to	The selected record should	This test is necessary to confirm	
the data in the source	be updated with the data	that the State system is	
system. Regenerate	modifications.	correctly generating/referencing	
the record(s) and re-		RCRAInfo keys. If this is not	
submit the records		being done correctly, the record	
		will be identified as a new	
		record and added to RCRAInfo,	
		rather than updating the existing record	
Perform a deletion of a	The deleted record should be	This test is necessary to confirm	
parent record in the	deleted in RCRAInfo.	that the State source system is	
State system	deleted in North line.	not sending delete transactions	
		for cascade deleted children	
		records.	
Modify data element(s)	The source State system	This test case is only necessary	
which RCRAInfo	should identify this as a	if the State source system	
considers to be a	delete transaction for	allows editing of data elements	
primary key (e.g.,	RCRAInfo, as well as an add	which RCRAInfo considers to	
Evaluation Date).	transaction for the "new"	be primary keys.	
De terre en 11/ e lete	record.	The factors of the second of t	
Perform an add/update	The State owned data should	This test may be necessary only	
transaction on State data that is associated	be added or updated in RCRAInfo. Errors should not	for those States that model	
to EPA owned data		cross ownership of data in their	
to EPA Owned data	be raised by RCRAInfo referencing IOR issues	source system.	
Delete a join record in a	The association between	This test is necessary to confirm	
many to many	items in the many to many	that the XML documents are	
many to many	Romo in the many to many	mat the Ame accuments are	

Test Description	Expected Results	Notes	Completed
relationship (e.g.	relationship should be	being structured properly and	
Compliance Schedule)	removed but the individual	placing the delete transaction in	
	entities should remain in	the correct level of the data	
	RCRAInfo (e.g., Violations	hierarchy in the schema	
	and Enforcement Action)		
Delete a primary	The primary element should	This test is necessary to confirm	
element involved in a	be deleted with the	that the XML documents are	
many to many	associated join record being	being structured properly and	
relationship (e.g.,	cascade deleted by	placing the delete transaction in	
Enforcement)	RCRAInfo	the correct level of the data	
		hierarchy in the schema	
Perform a full load of	Verify key data points are	It is recommended that prior to	
data	correctly being loaded to	initiating a full load of data a	
	they system	snapshot of data is obtained	
		from RCRAInfo, to facilitate data	
		verification. Whether the	
		snapshot is a download of data	
		from RCRAInfo, or screen shots	
		of select sites' data.	
Perform an overall	The correct number of		
record count	records should be expected		
assessment	in each table in RCRAInfo		

## **Full Replace Payload Operation Testing Checklist**

In the Full Replace processing mode, data owned by the implementer within a module is deleted from RCRAInfo. It is recommended that prior to initiating a full load of data a snapshot of data is obtained from RCRAInfo, to facilitate data verification. Whether the snapshot is a download of data from RCRAInfo, or screen shots of select sites' data

Test Description	Expected Results	Notes	Completed
Make modifications to	The selected record should	This test is necessary to confirm	
the data in the source	be updated with the data	that the State system is	
system. Regenerate	modifications.	correctly generating/referencing	
the record(s) and re-		RCRAInfo keys. If this is not	
submit the records		being done correctly, the record	
		will be identified as a new	
		record and added to RCRAInfo	
		rather than updating the existing	
		record	
Confirm that	The State owned data should	This test may be necessary only	
relationships between	be added or updated in	for those States that model	
State data that is	RCRAInfo. Errors should not	cross ownership of data in their	
associated to EPA	be raised by RCRAInfo	source system.	
owned data have been	addressing IOR issues		
re-built in RCRAInfo			
Confirm that many to	The correct entities should		
many relationships are	be associated to one another		
being correctly	in RCRAInfo (e.g. Violation /		
constructed	Evaluation		

Test Description	Expected Results	Notes	Completed
Perform an overall	The correct number of		
record count	records should be expected		
assessment	in each table in RCRAInfo		

## **Full Replace by Handler Payload Operation Testing Checklist**

In the Full Replace by Handler processing mode, all data owned by the implementer within a module for submitted Handlers is deleted from RCRAInfo. It is recommended that prior to initiating a full load of data a snapshot of data is obtained from RCRAInfo, to facilitate data verification. Whether the snapshot is a download of data from RCRAInfo, or screen shots of select sites' data

Test Description	Expected Results	Notes	Completed
Make modifications to the	The selected record should	This test is necessary to confirm	
data in the source system.	be updated with the data	that the State system is	
Regenerate the record(s)	modifications.	correctly generating/referencing	
and re-submit the records	The tester should confirm	RCRAInfo keys. If this is not	
	that the State source system	being done correctly, the record	
	has correctly identified the	will be identified as a new	
	sites which had data	record and added to RCRAInfo	
	modification, for targeted	rather than updating the existing	
	submission to RCRAInfo.	record	
Confirm that relationships	The State owned data should	This test may be necessary only	
between State data that	be added or updated in	for those States that model	
is associated to EPA	RCRAInfo. Errors should not	cross ownership of data in their	
owned data have been re-	be raised by RCRAInfo	source system.	
built in RCRAInfo	addressing IOR issues		
Confirm that many to	The correct entities should		
many relationships are	be associated to one another		
being correctly	in RCRAInfo (e.g. Violation /		
constructed	Evaluation		
Perform an overall record	The correct number of		
count assessment	records should be expected		
	in each table in RCRAInfo		

# Appendix B - RCRAInfo Exchange Network Data Services

## **Overview**

The RCRA program is co-implemented; where both States and EPA can manage data within a module for a handler. In many cases this may necessitate the synchronization of data between both systems, where the State system is not only submitting their data, but also must have access to EPA sourced data.

For example a State takes action on a violation originally discovered by EPA. To submit the enforcement action data and its association to the violation, the State system needs to have the violation data and its RCRAInfo sourced keys. Furthermore, some States prefer to maintain the data locally with the objective of having the complete RCRA picture for a handler.

To support these needs and other program support requirements a series of data services have been identified for implementation in the RCRAInfo Network Exchange. These services have been grouped into two categories, Data Synchronization Services and Data Sharing Services.

Currently none of these services are available for use by partners. The IPT feels that these services are important to the successful exchange of RCRA data.

States are under no obligation to support these services in order to perform the RCRAInfo data exchange with EPA. Rather, these services are to be supported by EPA to facilitate State's submissions. However States are encouraged consider the implementation of these services when configuring their RCRAInfo Network Exchange implementation.

Query Logic: The general approach to query construction that has been used in defining these data services is:

- Between parameters the AND operator will be used. For example Handler ID= XX123456789 AND Activity Location = ZZ
- Within parameters the OR operator will be used. For example Handler ID = XX123456789 OR AA987654321
- Wildcards are supported, although they may have limited use, given the nature of the parameters proposed for the data services.
- The services do not support queries by specific table in the module. The general principle
  used in designing the services is that one would be using the service to synchronize data for
  a module. If a requestor wishes to retrieve data for a specific table, they should construct
  request to generally meet their needs and parse the data set locally when returned by the
  responding node.

# **Data Synchronization Services**

#### **Get Handler Data**

#### Overview

The HBasic table is fixed IOR, and all the data is managed by either the State or Region. However the rest of the handler module while being fixed IOR, allows other states to enter their own handler data for another state's HBasic record (e.g. out of state transporters). This service will permit States to retrieve handler records for other Implementers of Record. Furthermore, this service will permit implementers to retrieve their Handler data from RCRAInfo if they are assuming local responsibility for the management of the data.

#### **Processing**

- Handler ID: Use of this parameter alone will return all Handler data for the handler ID(s) submitted, regardless of the Activity Location.
- Activity Location: Use of this parameter will return all Handler data for the activity, location.
   Use of this parameter in conjunction with Handler ID will return the Handler Data of the specified ID for the for the requested Activity Location(s)
- Change Date: If no change date is specified, all data for the above criteria will be returned. This service utilizes the change date parameter to permit requesting partners to limit the data returned.

#### **Table 2 Get Handler Configuration**

Data Service Name	RCRA-GetHandlerData
Data Service Type	Solicit
Data Service Parameters, Order, and Format	An array of string values representing the query parameters for the information request. Unused
	parameters must be indicated in the parameter array.  Where and individual parameter itself includes an
	array of values, the discrete values must be delimited.
	Handler ID (string)
	Activity Location (string)
	Change Date (Date)
	Delimiter: Pipe ( )
Return Method (If Solicit)	Either via download or Submit with a Return URL
Payload Format (Schema)	EN_RCRA_HazardousWasteHandlerSubmission_v1.0
Data Service Timing/Initiation	As established in the Trading Partner Agreement
Naming Convention	N/A
Security	Unknown at this time
NAAS Authorized User Accts.	Partner Specific
Other Security	Partner Specific
Encryption	N/A
Signature	N/A
Data Service Management and Workflow	See Overview for this Service
Data Service Status/Fault Conditions	Protocol and Specification Default Conditions

#### **Get CME Data**

#### Overview

Due to the nature of the compliance program implementation there is a high potential for mixed IOR data within the module for a handler. For States to accurately submit their data which references other implementers' (EPA) data, they need to be able to access this information in RCRAInfo.

#### **Processing**

- Handler ID: Use of this parameter alone will return all Compliance data for the handler ID(s) submitted, regardless of the Activity Location, or Agency
- Activity Location: Use of this parameter alone will return all Compliance data for the activity, location specified. Use of this parameter in conjunction with Handler ID will return the Compliance data for the specified ID for the requested Activity Location(s).
- Agency: This parameter would typically be used in conjunction with the Activity Location Parameter, as they collectively determine the Implementer of Record for data in the CME Module.
- Change Date: If no change date is specified, all data for the above criteria will be returned.
   This service utilizes the change date parameter to permit requesting partners to limit the data returned.
- The service will only return the records that meet the criteria specified in the parameters.
   This is an important distinction given the many to many relationships supported by the compliance module.
  - For example, a request is submitted for CME data for an activity location where EPA is IOR. The state owned violation against which EPA has taken the enforcement will NOT be returned; only the Enforcement action and the linking record in the compliance schedule table will be returned.
  - The linking record will contain the foreign key references to the state owned violation, enabling the requester to build the linkages when loading the data in their system.
  - o If the requestor wishes to have the broader data set, the request would need to be constructed more generally.

#### **Table 3 Get CME Data Configuration**

Data Service Name	RCRA-GetCMEData
Data Service Type	Solicit
Data Service Parameters, Order, and Format	An array of string values representing the query parameters for the information request. Unused parameters must be indicated in the parameter array. Where and individual parameter itself includes an array of values, the discrete values must be delimited.  Handler ID (string) Activity Location (string) Agency (string) Change Date (Date)
	Delimiter: Pipe ( )
Return Method (If Solicit)	Either via download or Submit with a Return URL
Payload Format (Schema)	EN_RCRA_HazardousWasteCMESubmission_v1.0
Data Service Timing/Initiation	As established in the Trading Partner Agreement. Expected

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	to occur at a minimum of once per month.
Naming Convention	N/A
Security	Unknown at this time
NAAS Authorized User Accts.	Partner Specific
Other Security	Partner Specific
Encryption	N/A
Signature	N/A
Data Service Management and Workflow	See Overview for this Service
Data Service Status/Fault Conditions	Protocol and Specification Default Conditions

## **Get Permitting Data**

#### Overview

Due to the nature of the permitting process there is a high potential for mixed IOR data within the module for a handler. For States to accurately submit their data which references other implementers' (EPA) data, they need to be able to access this information in RCRAInfo.

#### **Processing**

- Handler ID: Use of this parameter alone will return all Permitting data for the handler ID(s) submitted, regardless of the Activity Location, or Agency
- Activity Location: Use of this parameter alone will return all Permitting data for the activity, location specified. Use of this parameter in conjunction with Handler ID will return the Permitting data for the specified ID for the requested Activity Location(s).
- Agency: This parameter would typically be used in conjunction with the Activity Location Parameter, as they collectively determine the Implementer of Record for data in the Permitting Module.
- Change Date: If no change date is specified, all data for the above criteria will be returned. This service utilizes the change date parameter to permit requesting partners to limit the data returned.
- The service will only return the records which meet the criteria specified in the parameters.
   This is an important distinction given the many to many relationships supported by the permitting module. Please see example outlined for the Get CME Data service.
- The permitting module has a limited number of tables that are variable IOR. States are advised to familiarize themselves with the IOR structure of this module to ensure meaningful queries and result sets when requesting data.

#### **Table 4 Get Permitting Data Configuration**

Data Service Name	RCRA-GetPermittingData
Data Service Type	Solicit
Data Service Parameters, Order, and	An array of string values representing the query parameters
Format	for the information request. Unused parameters must be
	indicated in the parameter array. Where and individual
	parameter itself includes an array of values, the discrete
	values must be delimited.
	Handler ID (string)
	Activity Location (string)
	Agency (string)
	Change Date (Date)
	Delia ita Bira (I)
	Delimiter: Pipe ( )
Return Method (If Solicit)	Either via download or Submit with a Return URL
Payload Format (Schema)	EN_RCRA_HazardousWastePermitSubmission_v1.0
Data Service Timing/Initiation	As established in the Trading Partner Agreement. Expected
	to occur at a minimum of once per month.
Naming Convention	N/A
Security	Unknown at this time
NAAS Authorized User Accts.	Partner Specific
Other Security	Partner Specific
Encryption	N/A

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Signature	N/A
Data Service Management and Workflow	See Overview for this Service
Data Service Status/Fault Conditions	Protocol and Specification Default Conditions

#### **Get Corrective Action Data**

#### Overview

Due to the nature of the corrective action process there is a high potential for mixed IOR data within the module for a handler. For States to accurately submit their data which references other implementers' (EPA) data, they need to be able to access this information in RCRAInfo.

#### Processing

- Handler ID: Use of this parameter alone will return all Corrective Action data for the handler ID(s) submitted, regardless of the Activity Location, or Agency
- Activity Location: Use of this parameter alone will return all Corrective Action data for the activity, location specified. Use of this parameter in conjunction with Handler ID will return the Corrective Action data for the specified ID for the requested Activity Location(s).
- Agency: This parameter would typically be used in conjunction with the Activity Location Parameter, as they collectively determine the Implementer or record for data in the Corrective Action Module.
- Change Date: If no change date is specified, all data for the above criteria will be returned.

  This service utilizes the change date parameter to permit requesting partners to limit the data returned.
- The service will only return the records which meet the criteria specified in the parameters. This is an important distinction given the many to many relationships supported by the Corrective Action module. Please see example outlined for the Get CME Data service.

**Table 5 Get Corrective Action Configuration** 

Data Service Name	RCRA-GetCorrectiveActionData
Data Service Type	Solicit
Data Service Parameters, Order, and	An array of string values representing the query parameters
Format	for the information request. Unused parameters must be
	indicated in the parameter array. Where and individual
	parameter itself includes an array of values, the discrete
	values must be delimited.
	Handler ID (string)
	Activity Location (string)
	Agency (string) Change Date (Date)
	Change Date (Date)
	Delimiter: Pipe ( )
Return Method (If Solicit)	Either via download or Submit with a Return URL
Payload Format (Schema)	EN_RCRA_HazardousWasteCorrectiveActionFacility
	Submission_v1.0
Data Service Timing/Initiation	As established in the Trading Partner Agreement. Expected
	to occur at a minimum of once per month.
Naming Convention	N/A
Security	Unknown at this time
NAAS Authorized User Accts.	Partner Specific
Other Security	Partner Specific
Encryption	N/A
Signature	N/A

Data Service Management and Workflow	See Overview for this Service
Data Service Status/Fault Conditions	Protocol and Specification Default Conditions

# **Data Sharing Services**

#### **Get Handler ID**

#### Overview

This data service would be used to create a new Handler ID from RCRAInfo for use in the implementer's system. This service is envisioned as a real-time service for use when creating a new handler, where the requesting system would retrieve a Handler ID from RCRAInfo during a data entry session.

#### **Processing**

- Requesting node would submit the two mandatory elements, with RCRAInfo returning a valid Handler ID for the Activity Location (e.g., 2 character Prefixing the Handler ID: MI, VA)
- In creating the ID, an HBasic record would be created in RCRAInfo ensuring that the Handler ID could not be assigned to two different sites.
- Extract Flag: Parameter required by RCRAInfo for determining whether the site may be extracted to publicly available systems.
- Handler Name: Parameter required by RCRAInfo, reflecting the official or legal name of the handler
- RCRAInfo User ID: Required by RCRAInfo database. Database security and audit trail are tied to this parameter. The Activity Location code prefix that is used in creating Handler ID (e.g. OH123456789) will be derived based on the RCRAInfo User ID.
- Two optional elements are not supported in this service, Facility ID, and Notes. Given that this is a new facility it most likely would not have an FRS Facility ID, or notes.

#### **Table 6 Get Handler ID Configuration**

Data Service Name	RCRA-GetHandlerID
Data Service Type	Query
Data Service Parameters, Order, and Format	An array of string values representing the query parameters for the information request. Unused parameters must be indicated in the parameter array. Where and individual parameter itself includes an array of values, the discrete values must be delimited.  Extract Flag (string)  Handler Name(string)  RCRAInfo User Id (string)  Delimiter: Pipe ( )
Return Method (If Solicit)	N/A
Payload Format (Schema)	EN_RCRA_HazardousWasteHandlerSubmission_v1.0 This service may require a separate schema.
Data Service Timing/Initiation	Intermittent, as new handlers are discovered
Naming Convention	N/A
Security	Unknown at this time
NAAS Authorized User Accts.	Partner Specific
Other Security	Partner Specific
Encryption	N/A
Signature	N/A

Data Service Management and Workflow	See Overview for this Service
Data Service Status/Fault Conditions	Protocol and Specification Default Conditions

#### **Get Handler Basic**

#### Overview

This service is designed to address validation activities associated with manifest and Biennial Report processing; where out of state Handler IDs are submitted, and the processing state needs to confirm their validity. This service would return a current list of valid Handler IDs and basic handler information such as name and location address. The requesting implementer could then use this list to validate data submitted by the handler. This validation will facilitate the cradle to grave tracking of waste as well as decreasing data management burden on states submitting data to RCRAInfo, only to have validation errors raised for invalid Handler IDs for Biennial Reporting

#### **Processing**

- State Code: is an optional parameter which is the two character prefix to the handler ID.
- If no state is supplied then all valid handlers will be returned
- Service supports many state prefixes
- Due to the potential large file size, this service will be a solicit which can be run asynchronous to the request.

#### **Table 7 Get Handler Basic Configuration**

Data Service Name	RCRA-GetHandlerBasic
Data Service Type	Solicit
Data Service Parameters, Order, and	Where and individual parameter itself includes an array of
Format	values, the discrete values must be delimited.
	State Code (string)
	Delimiter: Pipe ( )
Return Method (If Solicit)	Either via download or Submit with a Return URL
Payload Format (Schema)	EN_RCRA_HazardousWasteHandlerSubmission_v1.0
Data Service Timing/Initiation	As established in the Trading Partner Agreement. Expected
	to occur at a minimum of once per month.
Naming Convention	N/A
Security	Unknown at this time
NAAS Authorized User Accts.	Partner Specific
Other Security	Partner Specific
Encryption	N/A
Signature	N/A
Data Service Management and Workflow	See Overview for this Service
Data Service Status/Fault Conditions	Protocol and Specification Default Conditions

# **Appendix C - Other Issues Considered**

# **Merge of Facilities**

As previously discussed, RCRAInfo uses composite keys, with the Handler ID being used throughout the system in defining the keys. A basic premise of RCRA is that a Site should be assigned a single Handler ID. In practice some sites have had their Handler ID reassigned, for example because they were found to be duplicative of another Handler.

Given RCRAInfo's use of Handler ID as part of the key throughout the database, accurately managing this scenario can be challenging. RCRAInfo does provide a previous ID table to reference another Handler.

Deleting the Handler and recreating the data under a new 'integrated' site cannot be done with absolute confidence due to the cross-ownership of data issues and the potential for the deletion to fail due to the integrity rules.

**Conclusion:** This issue was presented to the IPT for consideration. The EPA representative indicated that there is a manual routine that has been developed to merge one site into another, reassigning the Handler ID. This process is triggered through a request by the implementer of record for the Handler module. The team discussed automating this process through the Exchange Network. However, given the data implications if a merge were triggered in error, it was felt best to leave the process a manual one.

# **Maintenance of Look-up Codes**

Ideally, the Exchange Network will permit the relatively seamless exchange of information between two Partners. One of the challenges to this objective is the maintenance of look-up values.

Currently RCRAInfo has validation to confirm that look-up codes exist in the system's look-up tables; with States have the option of adding State owned codes to RCRAInfo.

The maintenance of these codes is currently a manual exercise, necessitating that the user log into RCRAInfo and manually maintains the codes.

**Conclusions:** The IPT concurred that to facilitate the free exchange of data, mechanisms to address code maintenance should be considered more broadly for the Exchange Network.

Some of the options considered included:

- A common data services and associated generic schema for all flows allowing look-up values to be synchronized
- The service could be triggered whenever an unrecognized code is encountered in an XML document.

Given that issue affects the overall Exchange Network, and with the limited scope of the RCRAInfo Network Exchange, the IPT felt it best that this be considered by a different project with the broader task to evaluate the approach to the management of look-up values across the Exchange Network.

#### **Data Validation**

The schemas that have been developed for the RCRAInfo Network Exchange employ a basic level of validation, including data typing and min/max occurrences. The premise employed during the schema development process is that Schematron would be used to handle all validation. Conceptually the IPT would like to see as much of the validation to be distributable, where implementers could validate locally prior to submission.

**Conclusions:** Due to data interdependence, the IPT recognized that 100% of the validation could not be performed locally. However, there is a need to standardize the approach to validation for the entire Exchange Network.

For example is Schematron going to be used to manage the majority of validation or should the schema be used to manage basic validation, with Schematron being used to manage more complex validation?

There also is a need to standardize the error messaging, with the development of a messaging schema that would be become the standard for the Exchange Network.

Again, because this issue affects the broader Network, the IPT felt it best addressed by a workgroup formed with this intention in mind. The current status of data validation for the RCRAInfo Network Exchange is that once data is submitted from the state node to CDX, a state data administrator must sign into RCRAInfo to review the error messaging and data load status. Therefore this issue must be addressed as soon as possible, if the goal for automation of the submission process is to be realized.

## **Data Service: TargetHandlers**

The current scope of the RCRAInfo Network Exchange is for the submission and synchronization of data with RCRAInfo. Beyond the scope of this iteration, is the exchange of data between partners. To support the broader effort the IPT recognized the need for a general Target Handlers web service which could be used by partners (e.g., state to state) to identify handlers of concern for different RCRA data parameters. This service could be used as a cross module query tool. For example, Show all LQG in State X who have enforcement actions. Show all TSDF who are authorized to manage waste code X.

All authorized State RCRA programs are required to supply RCRAInfo with data, whether it be through electronic submission or manual data entry. As a result all RCRA data is centrally housed in RCRAInfo and available nationally. However, if the goal is to implement true distributed exchange architecture, a data service such as Target Handlers will be critical to meeting the information needs of Trading partners.

**Conclusions**: This data service was generally recognized by the IPT to be necessary for the future of RCRAInfo Network Exchange. However given that that current scope of the RCRAInfo Network Exchange is focused on 1) Submitting data to RCRAInfo and 2) Retrieving data from RCRAInfo to facilitate submissions, the IPT felt that this service was premature to address at this time.