

# hw\_house\_price\_india

DataSloth

2023-08-15

version: nb

This project will predict the price of Indian house using linear regression by R Programming

Source : data.world  
type of source: xlsx

Start with load library

```
#load library  
library(tidyverse)  
library(caret)  
library(mlbench)  
library(readxl)  
library(ggplot2)
```

Load data file to dataframe("df1 = sheet1, df2 = sheet2")

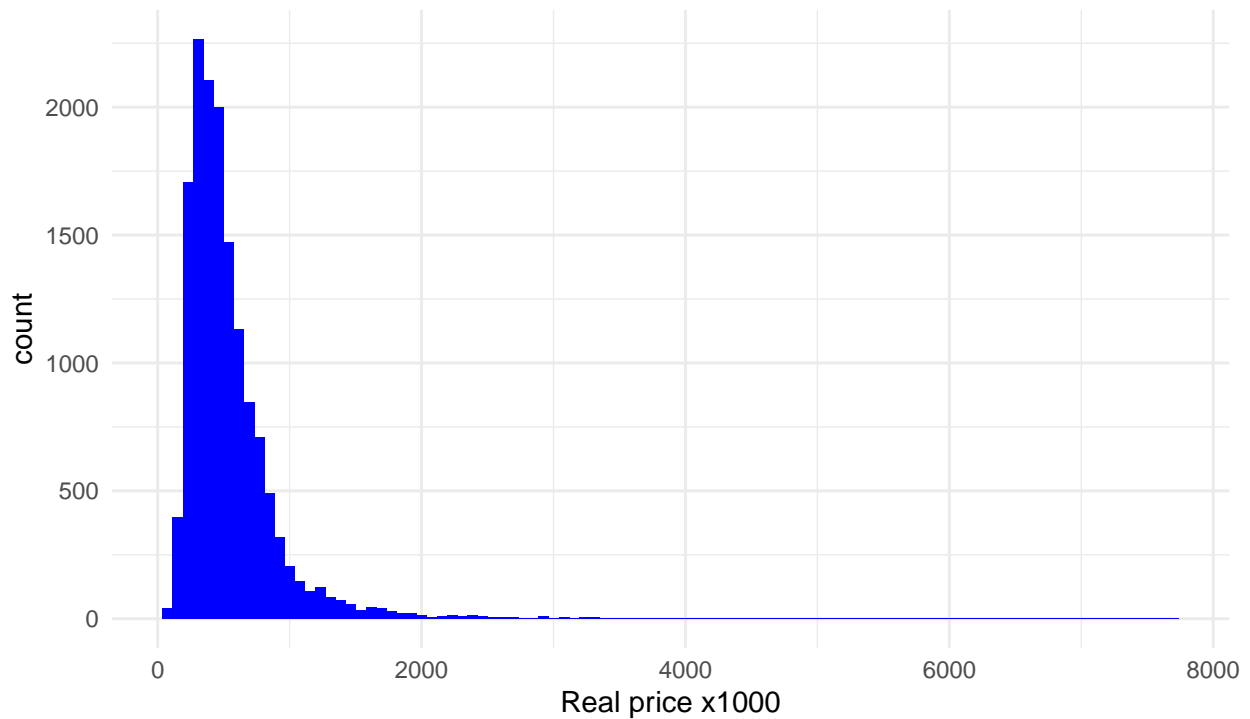
```
# Load data  
df1<-read_excel("hpi.xlsx", sheet = 1)  
df2<-read_excel("hpi.xlsx", sheet = 2)
```

Visualized data(df1) ~ Price

```
ggplot(df1, aes(Price/1000)) +  
  geom_histogram(bins = 100, fill="blue") +  
  theme_minimal() +  
  labs(  
    title = "Visualized Real price by histogram",  
    subtitle = "Right skew",  
    x = "Real price x1000",  
    caption = "Source: data.world"  
  )
```

## Visualized Real price by histogram

Right skew



Source: data.world

Note: Right skew distribution, not proper for build model but try it.

### Create function split\_data

```
split_data <- function(df) {  
  set.seed(42)  
  n <- nrow(df)  
  id <- sample(1:n, size = 0.8*n)  
  train_df <- df[id, ]  
  test_df <- df[-id, ]  
  list(train_df, test_df)  
}
```

## 1. Use full data and real price to build model

### 1.1 Split full df1 and real price

```
prep_data <- split_data(df1)  
train_data <- prep_data[[1]]  
test_data <- prep_data[[2]]
```

## 1.2 Train model full df1 and real price

### 1.2.1 Train

```
model <- train(Price ~ .,  
              data = train_data[ ,-c(1,2)], #remove id and date  
              method = "lm")
```

### 1.2.2 Show model and summary model

```
model ; summary(model)
```

```
## Linear Regression  
##  
## 11696 samples  
##    20 predictor  
##  
## No pre-processing  
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)  
## Summary of sample sizes: 11696, 11696, 11696, 11696, 11696, 11696, ...  
## Resampling results:  
##  
##    RMSE      Rsquared   MAE  
## 192549.8  0.711037 123219.8  
##  
## Tuning parameter 'intercept' was held constant at a value of TRUE  
  
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = .outcome ~ ., data = dat)  
##  
## Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max  
## -1111112  -96339   -8097    75756  3896879  
##  
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)  
##  
##              Estimate Std. Error t value  
## (Intercept)    -6.807e+07  1.241e+07  -5.485  
## '\\number of bedrooms\\'  
##    -3.545e+04  2.577e+03 -13.759  
## '\\number of bathrooms\\'  
##    4.235e+04  4.250e+03   9.966  
## '\\living area\\'  
##    1.409e+02  5.716e+00  24.652  
## '\\lot area\\'  
##   -5.479e-03  6.445e-02  -0.085  
## '\\number of floors\\'  
##    6.220e+03  4.677e+03   1.330  
## '\\waterfront present\\'  
##    6.331e+05  2.217e+04  28.558  
## '\\number of views\\'  
##    4.595e+04  2.800e+03  16.408  
## '\\condition of the house\\'  
##    3.138e+04  2.994e+03  10.479  
## '\\grade of the house\\'  
##    1.003e+05  2.814e+03  35.648  
## '\\Area of the house(excluding basement)\\'  
##    3.560e+01  5.671e+00   6.278  
## '\\Area of the basement\\'  
##              NA              NA              NA  
## '\\Built Year\\'  
##   -2.509e+03  9.334e+01 -26.879
```

```
## '\\Renovation Year\\' 2.295e+01 4.574e+00 5.016
## '\\Postal Code\\' 2.610e+02 1.006e+02 2.596
## Latitude 5.509e+05 1.429e+04 38.557
## Longitude -9.900e+04 1.566e+04 -6.323
## living_area_renov 2.529e+01 4.512e+00 5.606
## lot_area_renov -3.178e-01 9.726e-02 -3.268
## '\\Number of schools nearby\\' 3.513e+03 2.178e+03 1.613
## '\\Distance from the airport\\' 1.344e+01 1.993e+02 0.067
## Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 4.22e-08 ***
## '\\number of bedrooms\\' < 2e-16 ***
## '\\number of bathrooms\\' < 2e-16 ***
## '\\living area\\' < 2e-16 ***
## '\\lot area\\' 0.93226
## '\\number of floors\\' 0.18359
## '\\waterfront present\\' < 2e-16 ***
## '\\number of views\\' < 2e-16 ***
## '\\condition of the house\\' < 2e-16 ***
## '\\grade of the house\\' < 2e-16 ***
## '\\Area of the house(excluding basement)\\' 3.56e-10 ***
## '\\Area of the basement\\' NA
## '\\Built Year\\' < 2e-16 ***
## '\\Renovation Year\\' 5.34e-07 ***
## '\\Postal Code\\' 0.00946 **
## Latitude < 2e-16 ***
## Longitude 2.67e-10 ***
## living_area_renov 2.12e-08 ***
## lot_area_renov 0.00109 **
## '\\Number of schools nearby\\' 0.10684
## '\\Distance from the airport\\' 0.94624
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 192300 on 11676 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.7136, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7131
## F-statistic: 1531 on 19 and 11676 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

### 1.3 score~predict model

```
p <- predict(model, newdata = test_data)
```

### 1.4 Evaluate model

Create function to calculate MAE, MSE, RMSE

```
cal_mae <- function(actual, predict) {
  error <- actual - predict
  mean(abs(error))
}
```

```

}

cal_mse <- function(actual, predict) {
  error <- actual - predict
  mean(error**2)
}

cal_rmse <- function(actual, predict) {
  error <- actual - predict
  sqrt(mean(error**2))
}

r_train <- function(A,P,M = model) {
  mae_log <- cal_mae(A$log_price, P)
  mse_log <- cal_mse(A$log_price, P)
  rmse_log <- cal_rmse(A$log_price, P)
  mae_expo <- cal_mae(exp(A$log_price), exp(P))
  mse_expo <- cal_mse(exp(A$log_price), exp(P))
  rmse_expo <- cal_rmse(exp(A$log_price), exp(P))
  print("--Evaulation of TRAIN--");
  print(paste("MAE_log_train : ",mae_log)) ;
  print(paste("MSE_log_train : ",mse_log)) ;
  print(paste("RMSE_log_train : ",rmse_log)) ;
  print(paste("MAE_expo_train : ",mae_expo)) ;
  print(paste("MSE_expo_train : ",mse_expo)) ;
  print(paste("RMSE_expo_train : ",rmse_expo)) ;
  print(paste("MAE_model : " , M[[4]][[4]])) ;
  print(paste("Rsquared_model : " , M[[4]][[3]])) ;
  print(paste("RMSE_model : " , M[[4]][[2]])) ;
  list(mae_log, mse_log, rmse_log, mae_expo, mse_expo, rmse_expo)
}

r_test <- function(A,P,M = model) {
  mae_log <- cal_mae(A$log_price, P)
  mse_log <- cal_mse(A$log_price, P)
  rmse_log <- cal_rmse(A$log_price, P)
  mae_expo <- cal_mae(exp(A$log_price), exp(P))
  mse_expo <- cal_mse(exp(A$log_price), exp(P))
  rmse_expo <- cal_rmse(exp(A$log_price), exp(P))
  print("--Evaulation of TEST--");
  print(paste("MAE_log_test : ",mae_log)) ;
  print(paste("MSE_log_test : ",mse_log)) ;
  print(paste("RMSE_log_test : ",rmse_log)) ;
  print(paste("MAE_expo_test : ",mae_expo)) ;
  print(paste("MSE_expo_test : ",mse_expo)) ;
  print(paste("RMSE_expo_test : ",rmse_expo)) ;
  print(paste("MAE_model : " , M[[4]][[4]])) ;
  print(paste("Rsquared_model : " , M[[4]][[3]])) ;
  print(paste("RMSE_model : " , M[[4]][[2]])) ;
  list(mae_log, mse_log, rmse_log, mae_expo, mse_expo, rmse_expo)
}

```

Create function to show error of model and save result to list, note: error in real price and logarithm price

### 1.5 Show error of model full df1 and real price

```
print(paste("MAE_test : " , cal_mae(test_data$Price, p)))
```

```
## [1] "MAE_test : 128122.818842742"
```

```
print(paste("MSE_test : " , cal_mse(test_data$Price, p)))
```

```
## [1] "MSE_test : 53518979494.8183"
```

```
print(paste("RMSE_test : " , cal_rmse(test_data$Price, p)))
```

```
## [1] "RMSE_test : 231341.694242128"
```

```
print(paste("MAE_model : " , model[[4]][[4]]))
```

```
## [1] "MAE_model : 123219.80420048"
```

```
print(paste("Rsquared_model : " , model[[4]][[3]]))
```

```
## [1] "Rsquared_model : 0.711036950308182"
```

```
print(paste("RMSE_model : " , model[[4]][[2]]))
```

```
## [1] "RMSE_model : 192549.824849158"
```

The model(full data, real price) : high error compare train and test, Rsquared\_model : 0.711036950308182

So correct the Right skew distribution by take logarithm price(log\_price)

## 2. Use full data and logarithm price to build model

### 2.1 Create log\_price and Split full df1 with log\_price to df1\_log

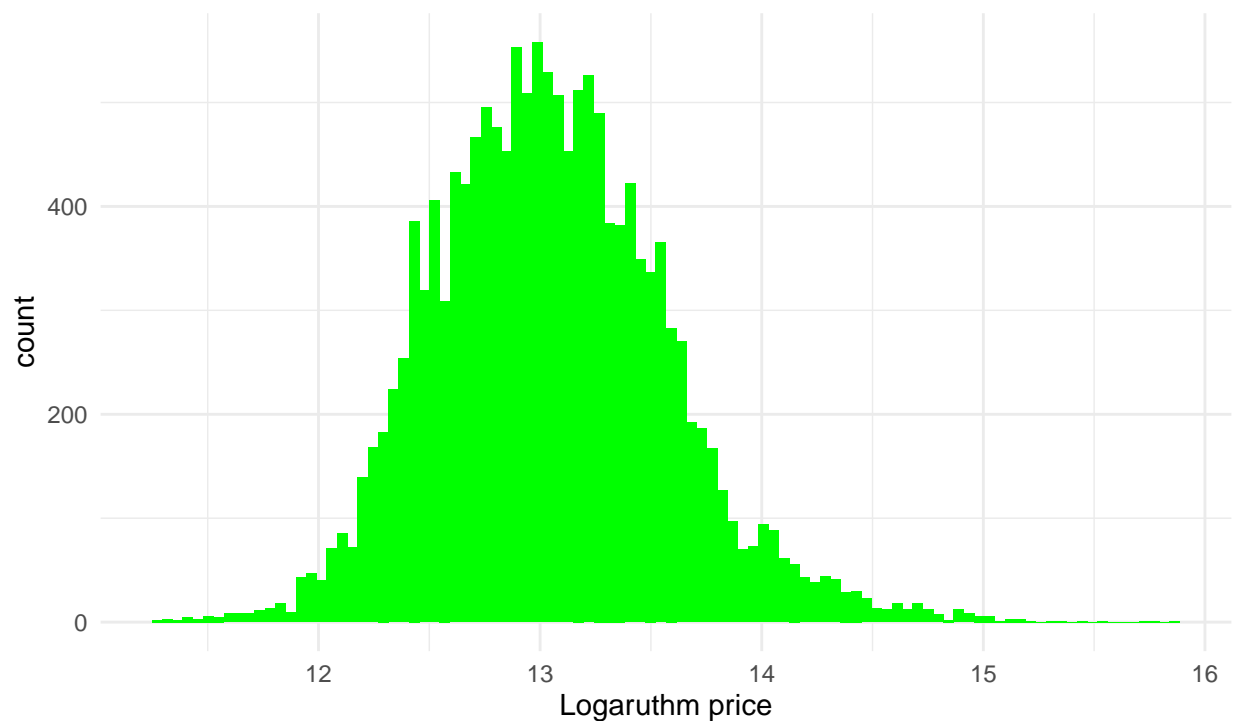
```
df1_log <- df1 %>%  
  mutate(log_price = log(Price))  
  
# Split full df1_log  
  
prep_data_log <- split_data(df1_log)  
train_data_log <- prep_data_log[[1]]  
test_data_log <- prep_data_log[[2]]
```

Visualized data(df1\_log) ~ log\_price

```
ggplot(df1_log, aes(log_price)) +  
  geom_histogram(bins = 100, fill="green") +  
  theme_minimal() +  
  labs(  
    title = "Visualized logarithm price by histogram",  
    subtitle = "Turn to normal distribution",  
    x = "Logaruthm price",  
    caption = "Source: data.world"  
  )
```

## Visualized logarithm price by histogram

Turn to normal distribution



Source: data.world

## 2.2 Train model df1\_log and log\_price

### 2.2.1 Train

```
set.seed(42)  
model_log <- train(log_price ~ .,  
  data = train_data_log[, -c(1,2,23)], #remove price,id,date  
  method = "lm")
```

## 2.2.2 calculate train error

### 2.2.2.1 predict train model\_log

```
p_log_train <- predict(model_log, newdata = train_data_log)
```

### 2.2.2.2 calculate train error from model\_log with logarithm price and real price\_exp(log)

```
model_log_r_train <- r_train(train_data_log, p_log_train, model_log)
```

```
## [1] "--Evaluation of TRAIN--"
## [1] "MAE_log_train : 0.186876611630186"
## [1] "MSE_log_train : 0.0592234337771878"
## [1] "RMSE_log_train : 0.243358652562813"
## [1] "MAE_expo_train : 106108.300922603"
## [1] "MSE_expo_train : 32179140733.112"
## [1] "RMSE_expo_train : 179385.45295846"
## [1] "MAE_model : 0.188182348161632"
## [1] "Rsquared_model : 0.783296783181617"
## [1] "RMSE_model : 0.245141773832881"
```

## 2.3 score~predict model(model\_log)

```
p_log_test <- predict(model_log, newdata = test_data_log)
```

## 2.4 Evaluate model(model\_log)

```
model_log_r_test <- r_test(test_data_log, p_log_test, model_log)
```

```
## [1] "--Evaluation of TEST--"
## [1] "MAE_log_test : 0.193446178197938"
## [1] "MSE_log_test : 0.0648345743548279"
## [1] "RMSE_log_test : 0.254626342617624"
## [1] "MAE_expo_test : 119667.914904593"
## [1] "MSE_expo_test : 125501870360.535"
## [1] "RMSE_expo_test : 354262.431483406"
## [1] "MAE_model : 0.188182348161632"
## [1] "Rsquared_model : 0.783296783181617"
## [1] "RMSE_model : 0.245141773832881"
```

After train model use real price vs logarithm price

find out the important variable for tuning the new model(model\_log\_s) for lower error or high accuracy

```
## [1] "variable importance of --> model"
```



```
## lm variable importance
##
## Overall
## Latitude 100.00000
## '\\grade of the house\\' 92.44341
## '\\waterfront present\\' 74.02204
## '\\Built Year\\' 69.66113
## '\\living area\\' 63.87331
## '\\number of views\\' 42.45423
## '\\number of bedrooms\\' 35.57289
## '\\condition of the house\\' 27.05106
## '\\number of bathrooms\\' 25.71746
## Longitude 16.25183
## '\\Area of the house(excluding basement)\\' 16.13526
## living_area_renov 14.38876
## '\\Renovation Year\\' 12.85816
## lot_area_renov 8.31543
## '\\Postal Code\\' 6.56831
## '\\Number of schools nearby\\' 4.01476
## '\\number of floors\\' 3.27998
## '\\lot area\\' 0.04566
## '\\Distance from the airport\\' 0.00000
```

```
## [1] "variable importance of --> model_log"
```

```
## lm variable importance
##
## Overall
## Latitude 100.00000
## '\\grade of the house\\' 63.49513
## '\\Built Year\\' 39.30658
## '\\living area\\' 30.85679
## '\\condition of the house\\' 25.85637
## living_area_renov 24.40844
## '\\number of views\\' 23.01281
## '\\waterfront present\\' 19.73784
## '\\number of bathrooms\\' 18.30983
## '\\Postal Code\\' 18.06680
## '\\number of floors\\' 16.05220
## '\\Renovation Year\\' 12.04673
## '\\lot area\\' 7.21650
## '\\number of bedrooms\\' 6.90855
## Longitude 4.33343
## '\\Area of the house(excluding basement)\\' 1.72684
## lot_area_renov 1.61028
## '\\Distance from the airport\\' 0.05296
## '\\Number of schools nearby\\' 0.00000
```

### 3. Select 5 same important variable from varImp model and model\_log

#### 3.1 Subset data from df1 to df1\_s and split data

```
# select varImp from above model for create new model
# subset data to df1_s

df1_s <- df1_log %>%
  select(lat = Latitude,
         grade = `grade of the house`,
         bld_yr = `Built Year`,
         lv_area = `living area`,
         no_view = `number of views`,
         log_price, Price)

prep_data_s <- split_data(df1_s)
train_data_s <- prep_data_s[[1]]
test_data_s <- prep_data_s[[2]]
```

#### 3.2 Train model df1\_s and log\_price

##### 3.2.1 Train

```
set.seed(42)
model_log_s <- train(log_price ~ lat + grade + bld_yr + lv_area + no_view,
                    data = train_data_s,
                    method = "lm")
```

##### 3.2.2 calculate train error

###### 3.2.2.1 predict train model\_log\_s

```
p_log_s_train <- predict(model_log_s, newdata = train_data_s)
```

###### 3.2.2.2 calculate train error from model\_log with logarithm price and real price\_exp(log)

```
## evaluate train model_log_s
model_log_s_r_train <- r_train(train_data_s, p_log_s_train, model_log_s)

## [1] "--Evaulation of TRAIN--"
## [1] "MAE_log_train : 0.200017418153185"
## [1] "MSE_log_train : 0.0665572466155991"
## [1] "RMSE_log_train : 0.257986911713752"
## [1] "MAE_expo_train : 113400.360686776"
## [1] "MSE_expo_train : 35852543842.0516"
## [1] "RMSE_expo_train : 189347.679790515"
```

```
## [1] "MAE_model : 0.2006551916661"
## [1] "Rsquared_model : 0.758228581081455"
## [1] "RMSE_model : 0.258947268432132"
```

### 3.3 score~predict model(model\_log\_s)

```
p_log_s_test <- predict(model_log_s, newdata = test_data_s)
```

### 3.4 Evaluate model(model\_log)

```
model_log_s_r_test <- r_test(test_data_s, p_log_s_test, model_log_s)
```

```
## [1] "--Evaulation of TEST--"
## [1] "MAE_log_test : 0.205768259455702"
## [1] "MSE_log_test : 0.0725033088154798"
## [1] "RMSE_log_test : 0.269264384602717"
## [1] "MAE_expo_test : 128244.175354101"
## [1] "MSE_expo_test : 196314300729.85"
## [1] "RMSE_expo_test : 443073.696725331"
## [1] "MAE_model : 0.2006551916661"
## [1] "Rsquared_model : 0.758228581081455"
## [1] "RMSE_model : 0.258947268432132"
```

Now we build model from important variable, calculate error for evaluate model, Next tuning the parameter, train control and resample technic

## 4. The final model

### 4.1 TrainControl repeatCV

```
set.seed(42)
ctrl <- trainControl(
  method = "repeatedcv",
  number = 5,
  repeats = 5,
  verboseIter = TRUE
)
```

### 4.2 Train final model df1\_s and log\_price

#### 4.2.1 Train

```
set.seed(42)
model_lm_final <- train(log_price ~ lat + grade + bld_yr + lv_area + no_view,
  data = train_data_s,
```

```
method = "lm",  
preProcess = c("center", "scale"),  
trControl = ctrl)
```

```
## + Fold1.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold1.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold2.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold2.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold3.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold3.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold4.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold4.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold5.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold5.Rep1: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold1.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold1.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold2.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold2.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold3.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold3.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold4.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold4.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold5.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold5.Rep2: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold1.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold1.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold2.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold2.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold3.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold3.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold4.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold4.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold5.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold5.Rep3: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold1.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold1.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold2.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold2.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold3.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold3.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold4.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold4.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold5.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold5.Rep4: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold1.Rep5: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold1.Rep5: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold2.Rep5: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold2.Rep5: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold3.Rep5: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold3.Rep5: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold4.Rep5: intercept=TRUE  
## - Fold4.Rep5: intercept=TRUE  
## + Fold5.Rep5: intercept=TRUE
```

```
## - Fold5.Rep5: intercept=TRUE
## Aggregating results
## Fitting final model on full training set
```

#### 4.2.2 calculate train error

##### 4.2.2.1 predict train model\_lm\_final

```
p_lm_final_train <- predict(model_lm_final, newdata = train_data_s)
```

##### 4.2.2.2 calculate train error from model\_lm\_final with logarithm price and real price\_exp(log)

```
model_lm_final_r_train <- r_train(train_data_s, p_lm_final_train, model_lm_final)
```

```
## [1] "--Evaulation of TRAIN--"
## [1] "MAE_log_train : 0.200017418153186"
## [1] "MSE_log_train : 0.0665572466155991"
## [1] "RMSE_log_train : 0.257986911713752"
## [1] "MAE_expo_train : 113400.360686775"
## [1] "MSE_expo_train : 35852543842.0519"
## [1] "RMSE_expo_train : 189347.679790516"
## [1] "MAE_model : 0.200122500185454"
## [1] "Rsquared_model : 0.7591336843618"
## [1] "RMSE_model : 0.258095431757117"
```

#### 4.3 score~predict model(model\_lm\_final)

```
# test model_lm_final
p_lm_final_test <- predict(model_lm_final, newdata = test_data_s)
```

#### 4.4 Evaluate model(model\_lm\_final)

```
model_lm_final_r_test <- r_test(test_data_s, p_lm_final_test, model_lm_final)
```

```
## [1] "--Evaulation of TEST--"
## [1] "MAE_log_test : 0.205768259455706"
## [1] "MSE_log_test : 0.0725033088154796"
## [1] "RMSE_log_test : 0.269264384602717"
## [1] "MAE_expo_test : 128244.175354096"
## [1] "MSE_expo_test : 196314300729.781"
## [1] "RMSE_expo_test : 443073.696725252"
## [1] "MAE_model : 0.200122500185454"
## [1] "Rsquared_model : 0.7591336843618"
## [1] "RMSE_model : 0.258095431757117"
```

## Summary Evaluation

create vector model, model\_log, model\_log\_s, model\_lm\_final

```
model_name <- c("model",  
               "model_log",  
               "model_log_s",  
               "model_lm_final")
```

create vector MAE-train test, MSE-train test, RMSE-train test, Rsquared train

```
mae_train_log <- c(0,  
                  model_log_r_train[[1]],  
                  model_log_s_r_train[[1]],  
                  model_lm_final_r_train[[1]])  
  
mae_train <- c(model[[4]][[4]],  
              model_log_r_train[[4]],  
              model_log_s_r_train[[4]],  
              model_lm_final_r_train[[4]])  
  
mae_test_log <- c(0,  
                 model_log_r_test[[1]],  
                 model_log_s_r_test[[1]],  
                 model_lm_final_r_test[[1]])  
  
mae_test <- c(model[[4]][[4]],  
             model_log_r_test[[4]],  
             model_log_s_r_test[[4]],  
             model_lm_final_r_test[[4]])  
  
mse_train_log <- c(0,  
                  model_log_r_train[[2]],  
                  model_log_s_r_train[[2]],  
                  model_lm_final_r_train[[2]])  
  
mse_train <- c(0,  
              model_log_r_train[[5]],  
              model_log_s_r_train[[5]],  
              model_lm_final_r_train[[5]])  
  
mse_test_log <- c(0,  
                 model_log_r_test[[2]],  
                 model_log_s_r_test[[2]],  
                 model_lm_final_r_test[[2]])  
  
mse_test <- c(0,  
             model_log_r_test[[5]],  
             model_log_s_r_test[[5]],  
             model_lm_final_r_test[[5]])
```

```

rmse_train_log <- c(0,
                    model_log_r_train[[3]],
                    model_log_s_r_train[[3]],
                    model_lm_final_r_train[[3]])

rmse_train <- c(model[[4]][[2]],
                model_log_r_train[[6]],
                model_log_s_r_train[[6]],
                model_lm_final_r_train[[6]])

rmse_test_log <- c(0,
                   model_log_r_test[[3]],
                   model_log_s_r_test[[3]],
                   model_lm_final_r_test[[3]])

rmse_test <- c(model[[4]][[2]],
               model_log_r_test[[6]],
               model_log_s_r_test[[6]],
               model_lm_final_r_test[[6]])

rsquared_model_train <- c(model[[4]][[3]],
                          model_log[[4]][[3]],
                          model_log_s[[4]][[3]],
                          model_lm_final[[4]][[3]])

```

Then create df to compare evaluation

```

sum_eva <- data.frame(model_name,
                      mae_train_log, mae_train,
                      mae_test_log, mae_test,
                      mse_train_log, mse_train,
                      mse_test_log, mse_test,
                      rmse_train_log, rmse_train,
                      rmse_test_log, rmse_test,
                      rsquared_model_train)

```

Show compare error evaluation all model

```

##      model_name mae_train_log mae_train mae_test_log mae_test
## 1      model      0.0000000 123219.8   0.0000000 123219.8
## 2    model_log    0.1868766 106108.3   0.1934462 119667.9
## 3  model_log_s    0.2000174 113400.4   0.2057683 128244.2
## 4 model_lm_final  0.2000174 113400.4   0.2057683 128244.2

##      model_name mse_train_log  mse_train mse_test_log  mse_test
## 1      model      0.00000000      0  0.00000000      0
## 2    model_log    0.05922343 32179140733  0.06483457 125501870361
## 3  model_log_s    0.06655725 35852543842  0.07250331 196314300730
## 4 model_lm_final  0.06655725 35852543842  0.07250331 196314300730

```

##	model_name	rmse_train_log	rmse_train	rmse_test_log	rmse_test
## 1	model	0.0000000	192549.8	0.0000000	192549.8
## 2	model_log	0.2433587	179385.5	0.2546263	354262.4
## 3	model_log_s	0.2579869	189347.7	0.2692644	443073.7
## 4	model_lm_final	0.2579869	189347.7	0.2692644	443073.7

##	model_name	rsquared_model_train
## 1	model	0.7110370
## 2	model_log	0.7832968
## 3	model_log_s	0.7582286
## 4	model_lm_final	0.7591337