

欧拉函数

定义

定义式：小于 n 的正整数与 n 互质的数目

$$\varphi(n) = \sum_{d=1}^{d < n} [\gcd(d, n) == 1]$$

$$\varphi(1) = 1$$

$$\text{通式: } n = \prod_{i=1}^k p_i^{\alpha_i}, \varphi(n) = n * \sum_{i=1}^k \left(1 - \frac{1}{p_i}\right) = n * \prod_{i=1}^k \left[\frac{1}{p_i} * (1 - p_i)\right]$$

推论

$$\text{当 } n = p^k \text{ 时, } \varphi(n) = p^k - p^{k-1} = (p - 1) * p^{k-1}$$

$$\text{当 } n = p \text{ 时, } \varphi(n) = n - 1$$

$$\varphi(n) \text{ 是积性函数, } \gcd(a, b) = 1 \Rightarrow \varphi(a * b) = \varphi(a) * \varphi(b)$$

小结论

$$1: \sum_{d=1}^{d < n} d * [\gcd(d, n) == 1] = \frac{n * \varphi(n)}{2}$$

$$2: x \% p = 0 \Rightarrow \varphi(x * p) = p * \varphi(x)$$

$$3: ID(n) = n = \sum_{d|n} \varphi(d)$$

$$4: \text{欧拉定理: } \gcd(a, n) = 1 \Rightarrow a^{\varphi(n)} = 1 \pmod{n}, \text{特殊情况(费马小定理): } a^{\varphi(p)} = x^{p-1} = 1 \pmod{n}$$

$$5: \text{欧拉降幂: } \begin{cases} a^n \equiv a^{n \% \varphi(m)} \pmod{m}, \gcd(a, m) = 1 \\ a^n \equiv a^n \pmod{m}, \gcd(a, m) \neq 1, n < \varphi(m) \\ a^n \equiv a^{n \% \varphi(m) + \varphi(m)} \pmod{m}, \gcd(a, m) \neq 1, n > \varphi(m) \end{cases}$$

$$6: \gcd(x, y) = d \Rightarrow \varphi(x * y) = \frac{\varphi(x) * \varphi(y)}{\varphi(d)}$$

$$7: n > 2 \text{ 时, } \varphi(n) \in \text{偶数}$$

$$8: \frac{\varphi(n)}{n} = \sum_{d|n} \frac{\mu(d)}{d}$$