1)
$$A(n) = 1+1+1+A(n-1)+A(n-1)+A(n-1)$$

$$= 3(1+A(n-1))+A(n-1)$$

$$= 3(1+A(n-1))+A(n-1)$$

$$= 3(1+3)=3$$

$$A(1) = 3(1+3)=12$$

$$A(3) = 3(1+12) = 39$$

$$A(4) = 3(3n+1)+120$$

$$A(n) = 9(3)+6$$

$$A(n) = 9=9=9+6$$

$$A(n) = 3=3n+6$$

$$A(n) = 3=3n$$

 $\frac{(C1)=0}{((n)=n-1+((n-1)-n-1)}$ $\frac{((12)=2-1+0=1)}{((13)=3-1+1=3)}$ $\frac{((4)=4-1+3=6}{(4)=4-1+3=6}$

$$C(n) = (n(n-1))$$
 $C(n) = (n(n-1))$
 $C(n) = (n-1)(n-2)$
 $C(n) = (n-1)$
 $C(n-1) = (n-1)$
 C

5wap 5(n) = 5(n-1) + n-1, n > 1 $5(n) = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ C(n) = 5(n)

(n) - a ((2)

A) 3 (3)

is " I to 3

3)
$$P(1)=2$$
 $P(n)=3+2P(\frac{1}{5})$
 $P(3)=3+2P(\frac{1}{5})$
 $P(3)=3+2P(\frac{1}{5$