

$$\in C-1, 9$$

$$\in C-1) \quad y^2 = x^3 + 17 \quad P_1 = (-2, 3) \quad P_2 = (2, -5)$$

$$a_1 = 0 \quad a_3 = 0 \quad a_2 = 0 \quad a_4 = 0 \quad a_6 = 17$$

$$\lambda = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-5 - 3}{2 - (-2)} = -\frac{8}{4} = -2$$

$$x_3 = \lambda^2 + a_1 \lambda - a_2 - x_1 - x_2 = (-2)^2 - (-2) - 2 = 4 + 2 - 2 = 4$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda + a_1)x_3 - y - a_3 = -(-2)(4) - (-1) = 8 + 1 = 9$$

$$y = \frac{(3)(2) - (-5)(-2)}{2 + 2} = \frac{6 - 10}{4} = -1$$

$$(-2, 3) + (2, -5) = (4, 9)$$

Line intersection

$$m = -2$$

$$y = mx + b \rightarrow 3 = -2x + b \rightarrow y = -2x - 1$$

$$y^2 = x^3 + 17 \quad y = -2x - 1$$

$$0 = (x+2)(x-2)(x-4)$$

$$y = -2(4) - 1 = -9$$

$$(-2, 3) + (2, -5) + (4, -9) = 0$$

$$(-2, 3) + (2, -5) = -(4, -9)$$

$$y^2 = 4^3 + 17 = 81 \quad y = -9, 9$$

$$(-2, 3) + (2, -5) = (4, 9)$$

2)

$$y^2 = x^3 + 17$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(y^2) = \frac{d}{dx}(x^3 + 17)$$

$$(2y)\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right) = 3x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2}{2y}$$

$$P = (-2, 3)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3(4)}{2(3)} = 2$$

$$y - 3 = 2(x + 2) \Rightarrow y = 2x + 7$$

$$y^2 = x^3 + 17$$

$$(2x + 7)^2 = x^3 + 17$$

$$4x^2 + 28x + 49 = x^3 + 17$$

$$0 = x^3 - 4x^2 - 28x - 32$$

$$0 = (x + 2)^2(x - 8)$$

$$x = 8$$

$$y = (2)(8) + 7 = 23$$

$$2[-2, 3] + [8, 23] = 0$$

$$2[-2, 3] = -[8, 23] = [8, -23]$$

$$y^2 = 8^3 + 17 = \pm 23$$

E(-3)

$$2Q = [8, -23]$$

$$Q + R = \left[\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{33}{8}\right]$$

$$3Q = \left[\frac{19}{25}, \frac{522}{125}\right]$$

$$4Q = \left[\frac{752}{525}, -\frac{54231}{12167}\right]$$

$$2R = \left[-\frac{64}{25}, \frac{59}{125}\right]$$

$$Q - R = [4, 9]$$

$$2Q - R = [-1, -4]$$

$$3Q - R = [52, 375]$$

$$4Q - R = \left[-\frac{206}{81}, \frac{541}{729}\right]$$

$$2Q - 2R = \left[-\frac{8}{9}, \frac{109}{27}\right]$$

$$E(-4) \quad y^2 = x^3 - 4$$

$$\mathbb{F}_2 \quad 0^2 = 0, 1^2 = 1$$

$$x \quad x^3 - 4$$

$$y \pm \sqrt{x^3 - 4}$$

$$0$$

$$0$$

$$(0, 0)$$

$$1$$

$$1$$

$$(1, 1) \text{ and } 0$$

$$\mathbb{F}_3$$

$$0^2 = 0$$

$$1^2 = 1$$

$$2^2 = 1$$

$$x$$

$$x^3 - 4$$

$$y \pm \sqrt{x^3 - 4}$$

$$0$$

$$2$$

$$-$$

$$1$$

$$0$$

$$(1, 0)$$

$$2$$

$$1$$

$$(2, 1), (2, 2), \text{ and } 0$$

$$\mathbb{F}_5$$

$$x$$

$$x^3 - 4$$

$$y \pm \sqrt{x^3 - 4}$$

$$0$$

$$1$$

$$(0, 1), (0, 4)$$

$$1$$

$$2$$

$$-$$

$$2$$

$$4$$

$$(2, 2), (2, 3)$$

$$3$$

$$3$$

$$-$$

$$4$$

$$1$$

$$(4, 0) \text{ and } 0$$

$$EC-5) \quad Q = [0, 0] \quad P = 7$$

$$y^2 + y = x^3 - x$$

$$a_1 = 0 \quad a_3 = 1 \quad a_2 = 0 \quad a_4 = -1 \quad a_5 = 0$$

$$e = [0, 0, 1, -1, 0]$$

$$e = \text{Mod}(1, P) * e$$

$$\text{ellpow}(e, q, 2) = [1, 0]$$

$$\text{ellpow}(e, q, 3) = [6, 6]$$

$$\text{ellpow}(e, q, 4) = [2, 4]$$

$$\text{ellpow}(e, q, 5) = [2, 2]$$

$$\text{ellpow}(e, q, 6) = [6, 0]$$

$$\text{ellpow}(e, q, 7) = [1, 6]$$

$$\text{ellpow}(e, q, 8) = [0, 6]$$

$$\text{ellpow}(e, q, 9) = [0, 0]$$

$$qQ$$

$$EC-6) \quad e_c = [0, 0, 0, 0, -4] \quad g = [2, 2]$$

$$P = \text{nextprime}(10^{25})$$

$$\text{Mod}(ag, 2^{16}) = 4542$$

$$\text{Message} = \text{'tiara is a recursive acronym'}$$

$$EC-9) \quad f = t^{16} + t^6 + t^2 + t + 1$$

$$e = [1, 0, 0, 0, 1]$$

$$\text{Private} = 31415$$

$$\text{ellpow}(e, \text{public}, \text{private}) =$$

$$t^{14} + t^{13} + t^{12} + t^9 + t^6 + t^2$$

$$= 0111001001000100$$

'no dark sarcasm in the classroom'