















# The Issue

- Dallas is dubbed "The city that hates pedestrians"
- How can we make our cities accessible?
- Give the power to the citizens by allowing them to evaluate their neighborhoods



# **Our Solution**

- An evaluation tool using Python by:
  - Gathering live current data
  - Computing the list of location that you can get to in 20 min
  - Allowing the user to select more than one type of transportation
  - Removing all extra and outlying data and variables
  - Using a Jupyter Notebook in Cloudy Cluster and HPC to help speed up process



## **Collaboration of Tasks**

#### Kevin Chen:

- Technical Implementation/Doc
- Tech Stack Setup/Development
  - replit, git, and migration to Cloudycluster

#### Carlos Iglesias:

- Writing of code and pseudocode
- Presentation brainstorm and Demo recording

#### Michelle Ishimwe:

- Research and coding implementation, cloudycluster setup
- READme and presentation

Mentors: Edgar G, Pat S, Adonay S

- Continuous check-in calls and support to the team
- Provision of resources needed by the team



# **Use of HPC Technology in the Project**

- The team used CloudyCluster to generate well-written and documented code
- The team learned how to create jobs in CloudyCluster and use
   OpenOnDemand desktop
- The team used the resources provided on the HPC page and guidance from the Omnibond team through zoom calls



```
import os
import googlemaps
# Planned on using this for graphing of the data
import gmaps

RADIUS = [10000, 1000, 1600, 2000]
ACTIONS = ["Y","N"]
API_KEY = (os.getenV("API_KEY"))
MODE_OF_TRANS = ["driving", "walking", "bicycling", "transit"]
FIND_PLACE_TEXTQUERY = "textquery"
FIND_PLACE_PHONENUMBER = "phonenumber"
PLACE_ID = "place_id"
ADDRESS_COMMA = ["locality", "route"]
ADDRESS_NEWLINE = ["point_of_interest", "establishment"]
ADDRESS_NEWLINE = ["administrative_area_level_2", "administrative_area_level_3"]
gmaps = googlemaps.client(key=API_KEY)
```

#### HackHPC-20-Min-Neighborhoods

#### **Description:**

This program is an evalutation tool in Python using Googlemaps python library to find the p accessible by determining how many of these places are available in a 20 min range.

#### More Info:

This project is part of HackHPC - SC22's HPC in the City: Dallas hackathon

- . SC22's HPC in the City: Dallas Page
- Github

# Demo Time

#### Main Of Applications:

Get the starting location from the user

[ ]: origin location = collectInfo()

Get the type of transportation the user wants to use

[ ]: selection = collectTransportation()

Create the dictionary of all the location

[ ]: locations\_dict = serechForPlaces(getGeoCode(origin\_location), RADIUS[0])

Add all the location address to data dict

[ ]: addLocationAddressData(locations dict)

Compute the travel time for all location in dict

[ ]: computeTime(locations\_dict, origin\_location, MODE\_OF\_TRANS[selection])

Remove locations that take longer then 20 min

[ ]: removeFarLocations(locations dict)

Display those locations

[ ]: displayPlaces(locations\_dict)

```
lef serechforPlaces(lat long: list, radius: int, type: str = None) -> dict:
  location dict = {}
      search_info = gomaps.places_nearby(location=lat_long, radius=radius)
      search_info = gomaps.places_nearby(location=lat_long,
                                        radius radius
  search result = search info.get("results")
  for index in search result:
      location_dict[index.get("name")] = {}
      location dict[index.get("name")]["status"] = index.get(
       location dict[index.get("name")]["place id"] = index.get("place id")
       location dict[index.get("name")]["rating"] = index.get("rating")
       location_dict[index.get("name")]["lat"] = index.get("geometry").get(
          "location").get("lat")
       location_dict[index.get("name")]["lng"] = index.get("geometry").get(
          "location").get("lng")
      location_dict[index.get("name")]["classification"] = index.get("types")
      location_dict[index.get("name")]["price_lvl"] = index.get(
      location_dict[index.get("name")]["pull_address"] = index.get(
   return location dict
```

▼ def collectInfo() -> str:

# Community Impact of the Project

- If you were able to determine the accessibility of your neighborhood, how would your outlook on life change?
  - Would you take more walks?
  - Demand for the sidewalks to be fixed?
  - Vote for candidates that care about climate and

land-use?

Don't wait!! Use our evaluator tool!

# Main Of Applications: Get the starting location from the user [7]: origin\_location = collectInfo() Please enter a name, address, or phone number as your starting location: UMBC Is this address below your address?(Y/N): 1000 Hilltop Circle, Baltimore, Maryland United States 21250 Y Get the type of transportation the user wants to use [8]: selection = collectTransportation() What type of transportation do you want to use? 1.driving 2.walking 3.bicycling 4.transit Please enter a number between 1-4:

### **What Next**

- On HPC use Multiprocessing and Multithreading in python to help progress large amount of data
- Develop ways to display all data collect onto a user friendly map
- The ability to search for categorized locations
- Develop two user experience user interface for to types of target audiences
  - Everyday User:
    - People like you and me
    - Want to know what's accessible 20 min from them
  - Policy Makers and Researcher:
    - Quarry large amounts of data
    - Understand the communities they serve
    - Services that communities lack

```
Catonsville High School:
status: OPERATIONAL
place id:ChIJ5QTRzyocyIkR4j5EfuV 1zk
rating:3.7
lat:39.25934160000001
classification:['secondary school', 'school', 'point of interest', 'establishment']
pull address: 421 Bloomsbury Avenue, Catonsville
address:421 Bloomsbury Ave, Catonsville, MD 21228, USA
travel time:6 mins
CCBC Catonsville:
place id:ChIJQ5DvAtQdyIkR7x-U7fTxiM0
lat:39.2526701
classification:['university', 'point of interest', 'establishment']
pull_address:800 South Rolling Road, Catonsville
address:800 S Rolling Rd. Catonsville, MD 21228, USA
travel time: 7 mins
```

