

Experiment No. 9

Title: Network Sniffing - Wireshark

Batch: B2 Roll No.: 16010420117 Experiment No.: 9

Aim: To perform network sniffing using wire shark tool

Resources needed: Wire shark tool

Theory

Wireshark is a network packet analyzer. Any network packet analyzer will try to capture network packets and will try to display that packet data as detailed as possible in human readable format. Wireshark is an open source software project, and is released under the GNU General Public License (GPL). We can freely use Wireshark on any number of computers, without worrying about license keys. In addition, all source code is freely available under the GPL. Because of that, it is very easy for people to add new protocols to Wireshark, either as plug-in, or built into the source code. In the past, such tools were either very expensive, proprietary. However, with the advent of Wire-shark, all that has changed. Wireshark is perhaps one of the best open source packet analyzers available today.

What Wireshark is not.....

Here are some things Wireshark does not provide:

- 1. Wireshark isn't an intrusion detection system. It will not warn us when someone does strange things on our network that he/she isn't allowed to do. However, if strange things happen, Wireshark might help you figure out what is really going on.
- 2. Wireshark will not manipulate things on the network, it will only "measure" things from it. Wireshark doesn't send packets on the network or do other active things.

Applications of Wireshark:

Here are some applications. Many people use Wireshark for doing following things,

- Network administrators use it to troubleshoot network problems.
- Network security engineers use it to examine security problems (Network Forensics.)
- Developers use it to debug protocol implementations.
- People use it to learn network protocol internals.

Beside these examples Wireshark can be helpful in many other situations too.

Features of Wireshark:

The following are some of the many features Wireshark has:

- Available for UNIX and Windows operating systems.
- Capture live packet data from a chosen network interface.

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- Open files containing packet data captured with tcpdump/WinDump and a number of other packet capture programs.
- Import packets from text files containing hex dumps of packet data.
- Display packets with very detailed protocol information.
- Save packet data captured.
- Export some or all packets in a number of capture file formats.
- Filter packets on many criteria.
- Search for packets on many criteria.
- Colorize packet display based on filters.
- Create various statistics.

.....and a lot more!

Most important menus are : 1) Capture 2) Analyze 3) Statistics Students are expected to explore all these menus and sub-menus in details.

Wireshark can capture traffic from many different network media types including wireless LAN as well. Which media types are supported, depends on many things like the operating system we are using and the hardware support.

Physical interfaces supported:

- ATM capture ATM traffic
- Bluetooth- capture Bluetooth traffic.
- Cisco HDLC links capture on synchronous links using Cisco HDLC encapsulation.
- Ethernet- capture on different topologies, including switched networks.
- Framerelay captures framerelay traffic.
- IrDA capture IrDA traffic currently limited to Linux.
- PPP links capture on dial-up lines, ISDN connections and PPP-over-Ethernet (PPPoe, e.g. ADSL)
- Tokenring capture on Tokenring adapters, promiscuous mode and switched networks
- USB- capture of raw USB traffic
- WLAN- capture on 802.11 (WLAN, Wi-Fi) interfaces, including "monitor mode", raw 802.11 headers and radio information

Virtual interfaces:

- Loopbak capture traffic from a machine to itself, including the IP address 127.0.0.1
- Pipes use UNIX pipes to capture from other applications (even remote!)
- VLAN capture VLAN traffic, including VLAN tags.

In addition to this, Wireshark can do following things.

- Import files from many other capture programs.
- Wireshark can open packets captured from a large number of other capture programs.
- Export files for many other capture programs.
- Wireshark can save packets captured in a large number of formats of other capture programs.
- Can be used as a protocol decoder.

Procedure / Approach / Algorithm / Activity Diagram:

- 1. Go to the official website of Wireshark . (www.wireshark.org) and download the stable version of Wireshark for 64 bit windows operating system.
- 2. After successful installation you will get the blue icon of Wireshark on the desktop.
- 3. Click on the icon and start the software.
- 4. Choose an interface and start capturing the packets.
- 5. Study the packet details of all the protocols.
- 6. Understand color code in details.
- 7. Perform the statistics for a particular protocol. (Every student should perform for different protocol.)

Implementation:

Task1: Design your own registration and login pages (along with user database of registered users)

Task2: Run wire shark and capture the login page request data using wire shark and locate the captured password.

Questions:

1) What is the difference between Burp suite and wire shark tools.

Ans: Burp Suite is an application penetration testing tool that functions as a web proxy server between the browser and target application. It acts on the application layer (OSI-7), finding exploits and vulnerabilities. It is an MITM tool that deals with the HTTP/HTTPS protocol, and is mainly used by application security professionals and developers.

Wireshark (formerly Ethereal) is a network packet sniffer that mainly deals with raw data capture at the packet level. It can be used to analyse protocols other than HTTP/HTTPS/TCP, and acts at lower levels of OSI model (1 through 4) than Burp Suite. It is mainly used by network and security engineers.

Result: Task 1 implementation code and Task 2 screenshots.

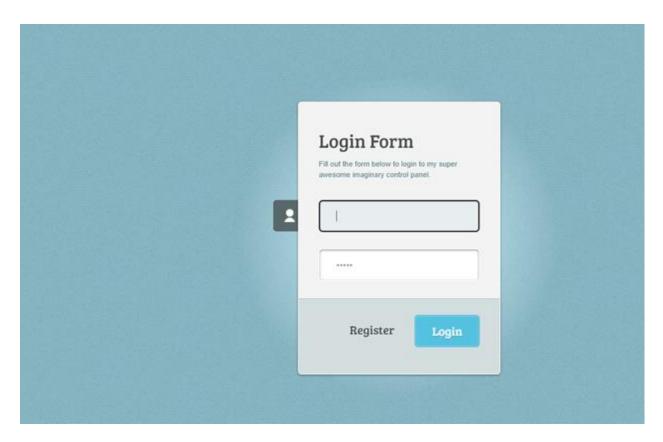
PHP:

```
<?php
  if(isset($_POST['login'])) {
    $username = $_POST['username'];
    $password = $_POST['pwd'];
    if($username and $password) {
        echo $username . " " . $password;
    else {
        echo "Enter Username and Password!";
$connection = mysqli_connect('localhost', 'root', '', 'ins_login');
if($connection) {
    echo "Database Connection Successful";
else {
    die("Database Connection Failed");
$query = "INSERT INTO exp9 VALUES ('$username', '$password')";
$result = mysqli_query($connection, $query);
if(!$result) {
    die("Query Failed" . mysqli error());
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <title>Login To Note It Now</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="login.css" />
      href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Roboto:wght@300&display=swap"
      rel="stylesheet"
  </head>
  <body>
    <div class="login-box">
      <h1>Login</h1>
      <form action="login.php" method="POST">
        <label>Username <input id ="username" type="name" placeholder = ""</pre>
/></label>
        <label>Password <input id="pwd" type="password" placeholder="" /></label>
        <input type="button" id="submit" value="Login" />
```

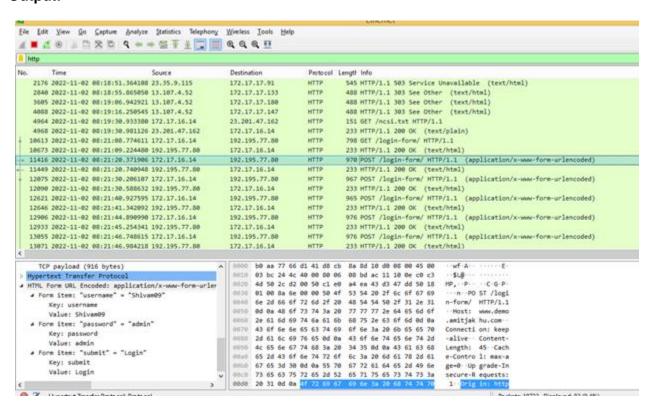
CSS:

```
body {
    font-family: "Roboto", sans-serif;
  .login-box {
    width: 360px;
    height: 300px;
    margin: auto;
    border-radius: 3px;
    padding-top: 50px;
    background-color:royalblue;
  #submit:hover{
    background-color: red;
  input{
   margin-left:10px ;
  h1 {
    text-align: center;
    padding-top: 15px;
  form {
    width: 300px;
    margin-left: 20px;
  form label {
    display: flex;
    margin-top: 20px;
    font-size: 18px;
  form input {
    width: 100%;
    padding: 7px;
    border: none;
    border: 1px solid gray;
    border-radius: 6px;
    outline: none;
  input[type="button"] {
    width: 320px;
    height: 35px;
    margin-top: 20px;
```

```
border: none;
    background-color: royalblue;
    color: white;
    font-size: 18px;
  p {
   text-align: center;
    padding-top: 20px;
    font-size: 15px;
  .para-2 {
   text-align: center;
   color: white;
   font-size: 15px;
   margin-top: -10px;
  .para-2 a {
   color: #49c1a2;
body{
    background-color: #49c1a2;
    background-repeat: no-repeat;
    background-position: center;
@media only screen and (max-width: 600px){}
@media only screen and (min-width: 600px){}
@media only screen and (min-width: 768px){}
@media only screen and (min-width: 992px) {}
@media only screen and (min-width: 1200px) {}
```



Output:



Outcomes: Understand Security issues related to Software, Web and Networks

Conclusion: (Conclusion to be based on the objectives and outcomes achieved) Successfully performed network sniffing using wire shark tool

Grade: AA / AB / BB / BC / CC / CD /DD

Signature of faculty in-charge with date

References:

Books/ Journals/ Websites:

- 1. https://www.wireshark.org/_(software)
- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wireshark
- 3. https://www.wireshark.org/docs/
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UBfSqjUCEi0