간단한 예제

[출처]: https://github.com/ray-project/ray/blob/master/rllib/examples/custom_env.py

라이브러리 코드

```
Example of a custom gym environment and model. Run this for a demo.
This example shows:
  - using a custom environment
 - using a custom model
  - using Tune for grid search to try different learning rates
You can visualize experiment results in ~/ray_results using TensorBoard.
Run example with defaults:
$ python custom_env.py
For CLI options:
$ python custom_env.py --help
import argparse
import gym
from gym.spaces import Discrete, Box
import numpy as np
import os
import random
import ray
from ray import tune
from ray.rllib.agents import ppo
from ray.rllib.env.env_context import EnvContext
from ray.rllib.models import ModelCatalog
from ray.rllib.models.tf.tf_modelv2 import TFModelv2
from ray.rllib.models.tf.fcnet import FullyConnectedNetwork
from ray.rllib.models.torch.torch_modelv2 import TorchModelV2
from ray.rllib.models.torch.fcnet import FullyConnectedNetwork as TorchFC
from ray.rllib.utils.framework import try_import_tf, try_import_torch
from ray.rllib.utils.test_utils import check_learning_achieved
from ray.tune.logger import pretty_print
```

기타 설정

```
tf1, tf, tfv = try_import_tf()
torch, nn = try_import_torch()
```

```
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument(
   "--run", type=str, default="PPO", help="The RLlib-registered algorithm to use."
parser.add_argument(
    "--framework",
    choices=["tf", "tf2", "tfe", "torch"],
    default="tf",
    help="The DL framework specifier.",
)
parser.add_argument(
   "--as-test",
   action="store_true",
    help="Whether this script should be run as a test: --stop-reward must "
    "be achieved within --stop-timesteps AND --stop-iters.",
parser.add_argument(
   "--stop-iters", type=int, default=50, help="Number of iterations to train."
parser.add_argument(
    "--stop-timesteps", type=int, default=100000, help="Number of timesteps to train."
parser.add_argument(
    "--stop-reward", type=float, default=0.1, help="Reward at which we stop training."
parser.add_argument(
    "--no-tune",
    action="store_true",
    help="Run without Tune using a manual train loop instead. In this case,"
    "use PPO without grid search and no TensorBoard.",
parser.add_argument(
   "--local-mode",
    action="store_true",
    help="Init Ray in local mode for easier debugging.",
)
```

Environment

```
class SimpleCorridor(gym.Env):
    """Example of a custom env in which you have to walk down a corridor.
    You can configure the length of the corridor via the env config."""

def __init__(self, config: EnvContext):
    self.end_pos = config["corridor_length"]
    self.cur_pos = 0
    self.action_space = Discrete(2)
    self.observation_space = Box(0.0, self.end_pos, shape=(1,), dtype=np.float32)
    # Set the seed. This is only used for the final (reach goal) reward.
```

```
self.seed(config.worker_index * config.num_workers)

def reset(self):
    self.cur_pos = 0
    return [self.cur_pos]

def step(self, action):
    assert action in [0, 1], action
    if action == 0 and self.cur_pos > 0:
        self.cur_pos -= 1
    elif action == 1:
        self.cur_pos += 1
    done = self.cur_pos >= self.end_pos
    # Produce a random reward when we reach the goal.
    return [self.cur_pos], random.random() * 2 if done else -0.1, done, {}

def seed(self, seed=None):
    random.seed(seed)
```

TF & Torch Model

```
class CustomModel(TFModelV2):
    """Example of a keras custom model that just delegates to an fc-net."""
    def __init__(self, obs_space, action_space, num_outputs, model_config, name):
        super(CustomModel, self).__init__(
            obs_space, action_space, num_outputs, model_config, name
        self.model = FullyConnectedNetwork(
            obs_space, action_space, num_outputs, model_config, name
    def forward(self, input_dict, state, seq_lens):
        return self.model.forward(input_dict, state, seq_lens)
    def value_function(self):
        return self.model.value_function()
class TorchCustomModel(TorchModelV2, nn.Module):
    """Example of a PyTorch custom model that just delegates to a fc-net."""
    def __init__(self, obs_space, action_space, num_outputs, model_config, name):
        TorchModelV2.__init__(
            self, obs_space, action_space, num_outputs, model_config, name
        nn.Module.__init__(self)
        self.torch_sub_model = TorchFC(
            obs_space, action_space, num_outputs, model_config, name
```

```
def forward(self, input_dict, state, seq_lens):
    input_dict["obs"] = input_dict["obs"].float()
    fc_out, _ = self.torch_sub_model(input_dict, state, seq_lens)
    return fc_out, []

def value_function(self):
    return torch.reshape(self.torch_sub_model.value_function(), [-1])
```

Main Function

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    args = parser.parse_args()
    print(f"Running with following CLI options: {args}")
    ray.init(local_mode=args.local_mode)
    # Can also register the env creator function explicitly with:
    # register_env("corridor", lambda config: SimpleCorridor(config))
    ModelCatalog.register_custom_model(
        "my_model", TorchCustomModel if args.framework == "torch" else CustomModel
    )
    config = {
        "env": SimpleCorridor, # or "corridor" if registered above
        "env_config": {
            "corridor_length": 5,
        \# Use GPUs iff `RLLIB_NUM_GPUS` env var set to > 0.
        "num_gpus": int(os.environ.get("RLLIB_NUM_GPUS", "0")),
        "model": {
            "custom_model": "my_model",
            "vf_share_layers": True,
        "num_workers": 1, # parallelism
        "framework": args.framework,
    }
    stop = {
        "training_iteration": args.stop_iters,
        "timesteps_total": args.stop_timesteps,
        "episode_reward_mean": args.stop_reward,
    if args.no_tune:
        # manual training with train loop using PPO and fixed learning rate
        if args.run != "PPO":
            raise ValueError("Only support --run PPO with --no-tune.")
        print("Running manual train loop without Ray Tune.")
        ppo_config = ppo.DEFAULT_CONFIG.copy()
        ppo_config.update(config)
        # use fixed learning rate instead of grid search (needs tune)
        ppo_config["lr"] = 1e-3
```

```
trainer = ppo.PPOTrainer(config=ppo_config, env=SimpleCorridor)
    # run manual training loop and print results after each iteration
   for _ in range(args.stop_iters):
        result = trainer.train()
        print(pretty_print(result))
        # stop training of the target train steps or reward are reached
            result["timesteps_total"] >= args.stop_timesteps
            or result["episode_reward_mean"] >= args.stop_reward
        ):
            break
else:
    # automated run with Tune and grid search and TensorBoard
   print("Training automatically with Ray Tune")
    results = tune.run(args.run, config=config, stop=stop)
   if args.as_test:
        print("Checking if learning goals were achieved")
        check_learning_achieved(results, args.stop_reward)
ray.shutdown()
```

간단한 예제 2

[출처] : https://github.com/DerwenAl/gym_example/blob/main/gym-example/gym_example/envs/example_env.py

1. 코드 나열

코드 - 라이브러리

```
import gym,ray
import numpy as np

from gym.utils import seeding
from ray.rllib.agents import ppo
from ray.tune.registry import register_env
from ray.tune.logger import pretty_print
```

코드 - 환경 구성

```
class MyEnv(gym.env):
 MOVE\_LF = 0
 MOVE\_RT = 1
  LF_MIN = 1
  RT_MAX = 10
  MAX\_STEPS = 10
  REWARD_AWAY = -2
  REWARD\_STEP = -1
  REWARD\_GOAL = MAX\_STEPS
  metadata = {
      "render.moes" : ["human"]
  def __init__(self,config):
  def reset(self):
  def step(self,action):
  def render(self,action):
  def seed(self, seed=None):
  def close(self):
```

코드 - main function

```
def main():
    ray.init()
    register_env("my_env", lambda config : MyEnv(config))
    trainer = ppo.PPOTrainer(env="my_env")

for i in range(100):
    result = trainer.train()
    if i % 10 == 0 :
        checkpoint = trainer.save()
        print("Checkpoint saved at" , checkpoint)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

2. 코드 분석

3. 코드 결과값

```
ker pid=79023) Action : Right
(RolloutWorker pid=79023) ['{', '-', '-', '@', '-', '-', 'G', '-', '-', '-', '}']
(RolloutWorker pid=79023)
(RolloutWorker pid=79023) Reward : 10
                     Action : Right
                      ['{', '-', '-', '-', '-', 'G', '-', '-', '@', '-', '}']
(RolloutWorker pid=79023) Reward : -2
RolloutWorker pid=79023) Action : Right
RolloutWorker pid=79023) ['{', '-', '-', '-', '-', '-', 'G', '-', '@', '-', '}']
(RolloutWorker pid=79023) Reward : -2
                     Action : Left
                     (RolloutWorker pid=79023) Reward : -2
(RolloutWorker pid=79023) Action : Left
RolloutWorker pid=79023) ['{', '-', '-', '-', '-', 'G', '-', '@', '-', '}']
RolloutWorker pid=79023) Action : Left
RolloutWorker pid=79023) ['{', '-', '-', '-', '-', 'G', '-', '-', '@', '-', '}']
```

"@": agent

"G": Goal Point

Action

Right : 오른쪽으로 한칸 이동

Left : 왼쪽으로 한칸 이동

>> 문제점: 캐릭터가 제대로 움직이지 않는다.

>> self.state : 캐릭터의 현재위치가 고정되어져 있다.

>> self.position 을 self.state로 설정