## In [1]:

```
!pip install -U -q PyDrive
from pydrive.auth import GoogleAuth
from pydrive.drive import GoogleDrive
from google.colab import auth
from oauth2client.client import GoogleCredentials
import os
```

```
100% | 993kB 1.9MB/s Building wheel for PyDrive (setup.py) ... done
```

### In [0]:

```
auth.authenticate_user()
gauth = GoogleAuth()
gauth.credentials = GoogleCredentials.get_application_default()
drive = GoogleDrive(gauth)
```

### In [0]:

```
download_path = os.path.expanduser('~/data')
try:
   os.makedirs(download_path)
except FileExistsError:
   pass
```

### In [0]:

```
output_file = os.path.join(download_path, 'NSE-TATAGLOBAL11.csv')
train_temp = drive.CreateFile({'id': '1yB6iQMZr7FH7I6qAOFvHKsMN00TrNMda'})
train_temp.GetContentFile(output_file)
```

## In [6]:

```
#import packages
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#to plot within notebook
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
#setting figure size
from matplotlib.pylab import rcParams
rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 20,10
#for normalizing data
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0, 1))
#read the file
df = pd.read_csv('/root/data/NSE-TATAGLOBAL11.csv')
#print the head
df.head()
```

# Out[6]:

	Date	Open	High	Low	Last	Close	<b>Total Trade Quantity</b>	Turnover (Lacs)
0	2018-10-08	208.00	222.25	206.85	216.00	215.15	4642146.0	10062.83
1	2018-10-05	217.00	218.60	205.90	210.25	209.20	3519515.0	7407.06
2	2018-10-04	223.50	227.80	216.15	217.25	218.20	1728786.0	3815.79
3	2018-10-03	230.00	237.50	225.75	226.45	227.60	1708590.0	3960.27
4	2018-10-01	234.55	234.60	221.05	230.30	230.90	1534749.0	3486.05

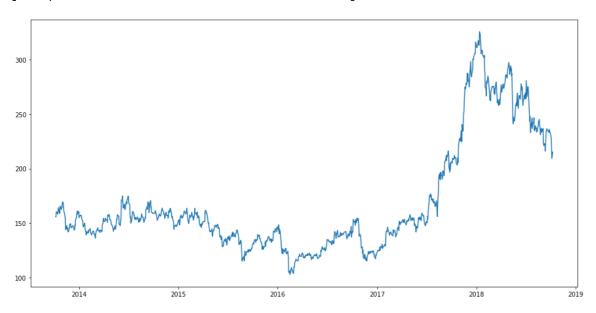
# In [7]:

```
#setting index as date
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df.Date,format='%Y-%m-%d')
df.index = df['Date']

#plot
plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.plot(df['Close'], label='Close Price history')
```

# Out[7]:

# [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f200d49bb38>]



#### In [8]:

```
#importing required libraries
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, LSTM
#creating dataframe
data = df.sort_index(ascending=True, axis=0)
new_data = pd.DataFrame(index=range(0,len(df)),columns=['Date', 'Close'])
for i in range(0,len(data)):
    new data['Date'][i] = data['Date'][i]
    new_data['Close'][i] = data['Close'][i]
#setting index
new data.index = new data.Date
new_data.drop('Date', axis=1, inplace=True)
#creating train and test sets
dataset = new_data.values
train = dataset[0:987,:]
valid = dataset[987:,:]
#converting dataset into x train and y train
scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0, 1))
scaled data = scaler.fit transform(dataset)
x_train, y_train = [], []
for i in range(60,len(train)):
    x_train.append(scaled_data[i-60:i,0])
    y_train.append(scaled_data[i,0])
x_train, y_train = np.array(x_train), np.array(y_train)
x_train = np.reshape(x_train, (x_train.shape[0],x_train.shape[1],1))
# create and fit the LSTM network
model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(units=50, return_sequences=True, input_shape=(x_train.shape[1],1)))
model.add(LSTM(units=50))
model.add(Dense(1))
model.compile(loss='mean squared error', optimizer='adam')
model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=1, batch_size=1, verbose=2)
#predicting 246 values, using past 60 from the train data
inputs = new data[len(new data) - len(valid) - 60:].values
inputs = inputs.reshape(-1,1)
inputs = scaler.transform(inputs)
X test = []
for i in range(60,inputs.shape[0]):
   X_test.append(inputs[i-60:i,0])
X test = np.array(X test)
X test = np.reshape(X test, (X test.shape[0], X test.shape[1],1))
closing_price = model.predict(X_test)
closing price = scaler.inverse transform(closing price)
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/framework/op\_def\_library.py:263: colocate\_with (from tensorflow.python.framework.ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Instructions for updating:

Colocations handled automatically by placer.

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/utils/validation.py:595: Da taConversionWarning: Data with input dtype object was converted to float64 by MinMaxScaler.

warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/ops/math\_ops.py:3066: to\_int32 (from tensorflow.python.ops.math\_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Use tf.cast instead.

Epoch 1/1

- 47s - loss: 0.0011

#### In [9]:

```
rms=np.sqrt(np.mean(np.power((valid-closing_price),2)))
rms
```

### Out[9]:

9.472736843353204

## In [10]:

```
#for plotting
train = new_data[:987]
valid = new_data[987:]
valid['Predictions'] = closing_price
plt.plot(train['Close'])
plt.plot(valid[['Close', 'Predictions']])
```

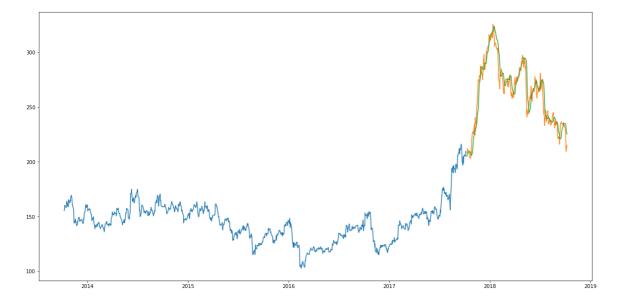
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:3: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy

This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing import s until

### Out[10]:



## In [0]: