



Journey Scheduling

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Problem

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Fedya is a seasoned traveller and is planning his trip to Treeland. Treeland is a country with an ancient road system which is in the form of a tree structure. N cities of Treeland are numbered by N positive integers: $1, 2, 3, \dots, N$.

Fedya has not yet decided the starting point (city) of his journey and the cities he will visit. But there are a few things you know about Fedya's trip:

- Fedya is fond of travelling to great distances. So if he is currently located in city V , his destination will be a city which is most distant from city V .
- There might be more than 1 such cities. In that case, Fedya will choose a city that was already visited as less times as possible in this journey.
- There still might be more than 1 such cities. In that case, Fedya will go to the city with the smallest number.

Fedya has prepared a list of M possible journeys. Each one is characterized by two integers - the starting city V and the total number of cities to be visited, K . For each of them, he is keen to know the total distance travelled by him.

Input Format

The first line of input will contain two space separated integers N and M - the number of cities and the number of possible journeys.

Then, there will be $(N - 1)$ lines, each of them will contain two space separated integers $X Y$, denoting the bi-directional road between the cities with numbers X and Y with the unitary length.

Then there will be M lines, each of them will have two space separated integers V and K , denoting a journey.

Constraints

$$1 \leq N, M \leq 10^5$$

$$1 \leq V, X, Y \leq N$$

$$1 \leq K \leq 10^9$$

Output Format

For each journey, output the travelled distance on a separate line.

Sample Input

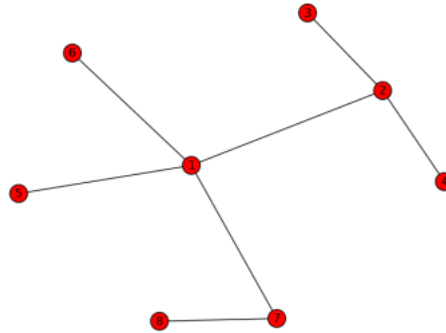
```
8 7
2 1
3 2
4 2
5 1
6 1
7 1
8 7
4 6
3 4
6 3
7 6
4 6
7 1
2 6
```

Sample Output

24
16
11
23
24
3
23

Explanation

The tree in question is given in the picture below.



- 4 6 indicates that Fedya starts at 4. Now we see that the most distant city from 4 is 8. Fedya now travels to city 8. From 8, the most distant cities are [4, 3]. As 4 is already visited, he chooses to visit city 3. From city 3, he revisits city 8 and so on. The cities in the order of visit is 4 -> 8 -> 3 -> 8 -> 4 -> 8 -> 3 which sums to 24. Hence, the answer.
- 6 3 indicates that Fedya starts at city 6. From 6, the most distant cities are [3,4,8]. In this leg of the journey, no city is visited and hence Fedya chooses to visit the city with the smallest number 3. From 3, he visits 8 and then he ends his trip at city 4 which sums to 3 + 4 + 4 = 11. Hence, the answer.

f t in

Submissions: 280

Max Score: 75

Difficulty: Hard

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Current Buffer (saved locally, editable)

Java 7



```

1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3 import java.text.*;
4 import java.math.*;
5 import java.util.regex.*;
6
7 public class Solution {
8
9     public static void main(String[] args) {
10         /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. Your class should be named Solution. */
11     }
12 }

```

Line: 1 Col: 1

[Upload Code as File](#)

☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

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