



DFS Edges

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Problem

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Let G be a connected, directed graph with vertices numbered from 1 to n such that any vertex is reachable from vertex 1 . In addition, any two distinct vertices, u and v , are connected by *at most* one edge (u, v) .

Consider the standard *DFS* (Depth-First Search) algorithm starting from vertex 1 . As every vertex is reachable, each edge (u, v) of G is classified by the algorithm into one of four groups:

1. *tree edge*: If v was discovered for the first time when we traversed (u, v) .
2. *back edge*: If v was already on the stack when we tried to traverse (u, v) .
3. *forward edge*: If v was already discovered *while* u was on the stack.
4. *cross edge*: Any edge that is not a *tree*, *back*, or *forward* edge.

To better understand this, consider the following C++ pseudocode:

```
// initially false
bool discovered[n];

// initially false
bool finished[n];

vector<int> g[n];

void dfs(int u) {
    // u is on the stack now
    discovered[u] = true;
    for (int v: g[u]) {
        if (finished[v]) {
            // forward edge if u was on the stack when v was discovered
            // cross edge otherwise
            continue;
        }
        if (discovered[v]) {
            // back edge
            continue;
        }
        // tree edge
        dfs(v);
    }
    finished[u] = true;
    // u is no longer on the stack
}
```

Given four integers, t , b , f , and c , construct any graph G having exactly t *tree edges*, exactly b *back edges*, exactly f *forward edges*, and exactly c *cross edges*. Then print G according to the *Output Format* specified below.

Input Format

A single line of four space-separated integers describing the respective values of t , b , f , and c .

Constraints

- $0 \leq t, b, f, c \leq 10^5$

Output Format

If there is no such graph G , print -1; otherwise print the following:

1. The first line must contain an integer, n , denoting the number of vertices in G .
2. Each line i of the n subsequent lines must contain the following space-separated integers:
 - The first integer is the outdegree, d_i , of vertex i .
 - This is followed by d_i distinct numbers, $v_{i,j}$, denoting edges from u to $v_{i,j}$ for $1 \leq j \leq d_i$. The order of each $v_{i,j}$ should be the order in which a DFS considers edges.

Sample Input 0

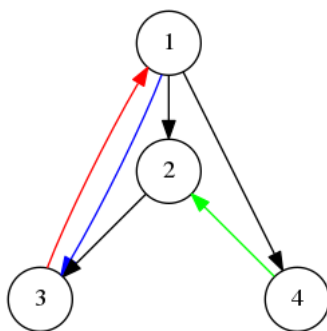
```
3 1 1 1
```

Sample Output 0

```
4
3 2 4 3
1 3
1 1
1 2
```

Explanation 0

The DFS traversal order is: 1, 2, 3, 2, 1, 4, 1. Thus, (1, 2), (2, 3) and (1, 4) are *tree edges*; (3, 1) is a *back edge*; (1, 3) is a *forward edge*; and (4, 2) is a *cross edge*. This is demonstrated by the diagram below, in which *tree edges* are black, *forward edges* are blue, *back edges* are red, and *cross edges* are green.



Sample Input 1

```
1 10 20 30
```


Sample Output 1

```
-1
```

Explanation 1

No such graph exists satisfying the given values.

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```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3 import java.text.*;
4 import java.math.*;
5 import java.util.regex.*;
6
7 public class Solution {
8
9     public static void main(String[] args) {
10         Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
11         int t = in.nextInt();
12         int b = in.nextInt();
13         int f = in.nextInt();
14         int c = in.nextInt();
15         // your code goes here
16     }
17 }
18
```

Line: 1 Col: 1

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