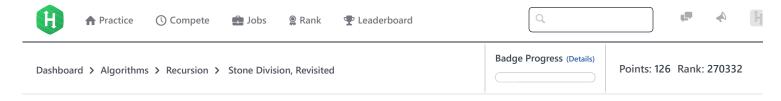
16/11/2017 HackerRank



Stone Division, Revisited **■**



You have a pile of \boldsymbol{n} stones that you want to split into multiple piles, as well as a set, \boldsymbol{S} , of \boldsymbol{m} distinct integers. We define a *move* as follows:

- ullet First, choose a pile of stones. Let's say that the chosen pile contains $oldsymbol{y}$ stones.
- Next, look for some $x \in S$ such that $x \neq y$ and y is divisible by x (i.e., x is a factor of y); if such an x exists, you can split the pile into $\frac{y}{x}$ equal smaller piles.

You are given q queries where each query consists of n and s. For each query, calculate the maximum possible number of moves you can perform and print it on a new line.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, q, denoting the number of queries. The $2 \cdot q$ subsequent lines describe each query in the following format:

- 1. The first line contains two space-separated integers describing the respective values of n (the size of the initial pile in the query) and m (the size of the set in the query).
- 2. The second line contains $m{m}$ distinct space-separated integers describing the values in set $m{S}$.

Constraints

- $1 \le q \le 10$
- $1 \le n \le 10^{12}$
- $1 \le m \le 1000$
- $1 \le s_i \le 10^{12}$

Subtask

• $1 \le m \le 10$ for 30% of the maximum score.

Output Format

For each query, calculate the maximum possible number of moves you can perform and print it on a new line.

Sample Input 0

Sample Output 0

4

Explanation 0

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Initially there is a pile with 12 stones:



You can make a maximal 4 moves, described below:

• Select $\pmb{x}=\pmb{4}$ from \pmb{S} and split it into $\frac{\pmb{12}}{\pmb{4}}=\pmb{3}$ equal piles of size $\pmb{4}$ to get:



• Select x=2 from S and split a pile of size 4 into $\frac{4}{2}=2$ equal piles of size 2 to get:



ullet Repeat the previous move again on another pile of size ${f 4}$ to get:



• Repeat the move again on the last pile of size 4 to get:



As there are no more available moves, we print ${\bf 4}$ (the number of moves) on a new line.

f in Submissions:<u>544</u> Max Score:50 Difficulty: Medium Rate This Challenge: ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆

More

Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) & 🗘 🗘

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```
2 import java.util.*;
 3 import java.text.*;
 4 import java.math.*;
   import java.util.regex.*;
 5
 6
 7 ▼ public class Solution {
 8
 9 ▼
        static long maxPossibleMoves(long n, long[] s) {
10
            // Complete this function
11
12
13 ▼
        public static void main(String[] args) {
14
            Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
15
            int q = in.nextInt();
16 1
            for(int a0 = 0; a0 < q; a0++){
                long n = in.nextLong();
17
                int m = in.nextInt();
18
19 ▼
                long[] s = new long[n];
20 ▼
                for(int s_i = 0; s_i < n; s_{i++}){
21 ▼
                    s[s_i] = in.nextLong();
22
                long result = maxPossibleMoves(n, s);
23
24
                System.out.println(result);
25
26
            in.close();
27
        }
    }
28
29
                                                                                                                  Line: 1 Col: 1
```

<u>Upload Code as File</u> Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

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