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Weighted Uniform Strings



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A weighted string is a string of lowercase English letters where each letter has a weight in the inclusive range from 1 to 26, defined below:

а	1					
b	2		k	11	S	19
С	3		- 1	12	t	20
d	4		m	13	u	21
е	5		n	14	v	22
f	6		o	15	w	23
g	7		р	16	х	24
h	8		q	17	у	25
i	9		r	18	z	26
j	10	'				

We define the following terms:

• The weight of a string is the sum of the weights of all the string's characters. For example:

apple	1 + 16 + 16 + 12 + 5 = 50			
hack	8 + 1 + 3 + 11 = 23			
watch	23 + 1 + 20 + 3 + 8 = 53			
ccccc	3+3+3+3+3=15			
aaa	1 + 1 + 1 = 3			
ZZZZ	26 + 26 + 26 + 26 = 104			

• A *uniform string* is a string consisting of a single character repeated zero or more times. For example, ccc and a are uniform strings, but bcb and cd are not (i.e., they consist of more than one distinct character).

Given a string, s, let U be the set of weights for all possible uniform substrings (contiguous) of string s. You have to answer n queries, where each query i consists of a single integer, x_i . For each query, print Yes on a new line if $x_i \in U$; otherwise, print No instead.

Note: The \in symbol denotes that x_i is an element of set U.

Input Format

The first line contains a string denoting s (the original string).

The second line contains an integer denoting n (the number of queries).

Each line i of the n subsequent lines contains an integer denoting x_i (the weight of a uniform subtring of s that may or may not exist).

Constraints

- $1 \le |s|, n \le 10^5$
- $1 \le x_i \le 10^7$

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• **s** will only contain lowercase English letters.

Output Format

Print n lines. For each query, print Yes on a new line if $x_i \in U$; otherwise, print No instead.

Sample Input 0

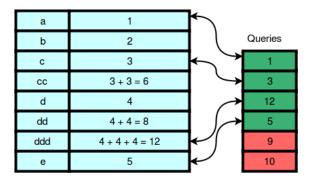
Sample Output 0

Yes Yes Yes Yes

No

Explanation 0

The weights of every possible *uniform substring* in the string abccddde are shown below:



We print Yes on the first four lines because the first four queries match weights of uniform substrings of \boldsymbol{s} . We print No for the last two queries because there are no uniform substrings in \boldsymbol{s} that have those weights.

Note that while de is a substring of **s** that would have a weight of **9**, it is not a uniform substring.

Note that we are only dealing with contiguous substrings. So $\ \ ccc$ is not a substring of the string $\ \ \ \ ccxxc$.



More

```
Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) &  

1 v import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.text.*;
import java.math.*;
import java.util.regex.*;
```

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```
7 ▼ public class Solution {
 8
 9 ▼
         public static void main(String[] args) {
            Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
10
             String s = in.next();
11
             int n = in.nextInt();
12
13 ▼
             for(int a0 = 0; a0 < n; a0++){
14
                 int x = in.nextInt();
15
                 // your code goes here
16
17
         }
18
    }
19
                                                                                                                     Line: 1 Col: 1
1 Upload Code as File
                      ☐ Test against custom input
                                                                                                        Run Code
                                                                                                                      Submit Code
```

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