



# Marc's Cakewalk

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Problem

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Marc loves cupcakes, but he also likes to stay fit. He eats  $n$  cupcakes in one sitting, and each cupcake  $i$  has a calorie count,  $c_i$ . After eating a cupcake with  $c$  calories, he must walk *at least*  $2^j \times c$  (where  $j$  is the number of cupcakes he has already eaten) miles to maintain his weight.

Given the individual calorie counts for each of the  $n$  cupcakes, find and print a *long integer* denoting the minimum number of miles Marc must walk to maintain his weight. Note that he can eat the cupcakes *in any order*.

## Input Format

The first line contains an integer,  $n$ , denoting the number of cupcakes.

The second line contains  $n$  space-separated integers describing the respective calorie counts of each cupcake,  $c_0, c_1, \dots, c_{n-1}$ .

## Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 40$
- $1 \leq c_i \leq 1000$

## Output Format

Print a long integer denoting the minimum number of miles Marc must walk to maintain his weight.

## Sample Input 0

```
3
1 3 2
```

## Sample Output 0

```
11
```

## Explanation 0

Let's say the number of miles Marc must walk to maintain his weight is *miles*. He can minimize *miles* by eating the  $n = 3$  cupcakes in the following order:



- Eat the cupcake with  $c_1 = 3$  calories, so *miles* =  $0 + (3 \cdot 2^0) = 3$ .
- Eat the cupcake with  $c_2 = 2$  calories, so *miles* =  $3 + (2 \cdot 2^1) = 7$ .
- Eat the cupcake with  $c_0 = 1$  calories, so *miles* =  $7 + (1 \cdot 2^2) = 11$ .

We then print the final value of *miles*, which is 11, as our answer.

Max Score:15

Difficulty: Easy

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```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3 import java.text.*;
4 import java.math.*;
5 import java.util.regex.*;
6
7 public class Solution {
8
9     public static void main(String[] args) {
10         Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
11         int n = in.nextInt();
12         int[] calories = new int[n];
13         for(int calories_i=0; calories_i < n; calories_i++){
14             calories[calories_i] = in.nextInt();
15         }
16         // your code goes here
17     }
18 }
19
```

Line: 1 Col: 1

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