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♠ Practice

() Compete











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Dashboard > Data Structures > Advanced > Counting On a Tree

Counting On a Tree





Taylor loves trees, and this new challenge has him stumped!

Consider a tree, t, consisting of n nodes. Each node is numbered from 1 to n, and each node i has an integer, c_i , attached to it.

A query on tree t takes the form w x y z. To process a query, you must print the count of ordered pairs of integers (i, j) such that the following four conditions are all satisfied:

- $i \neq j$
- $i \in \text{the path from node } w \text{ to node } x$.
- $j \in \text{path from node } y \text{ to node } z$
- $c_i = c_j$

Given $m{t}$ and $m{q}$ queries, process each query in order, printing the pair count for each query on a new line.

Input Format

The first line contains two space-separated integers describing the respective values of n (the number of nodes) and q (the number of queries). The second line contains n space-separated integers describing the respective values of each node (i.e., c_1, c_2, \ldots, c_n). Each of the n-1 subsequent lines contains two space-separated integers, u and u, defining a bidirectional edge between nodes u and u. Each of the u subsequent lines contains a u x y z query, defined above.

Constraints

- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- $1 \le q \le 50000$
- $1 \le c_i \le 10^9$
- $1 \le u, v, w, x, y, z \le n$

Scoring for this problem is Binary, that means you have to pass all the test cases to get a positive score.

Output Format

For each query, print the count of ordered pairs of integers satisfying the four given conditions on a new line.

Sample Input

10 5
10 2 3 5 10 5 3 6 2 1
1 2
1 3
3 4
3 5
3 6
4 7
5 8

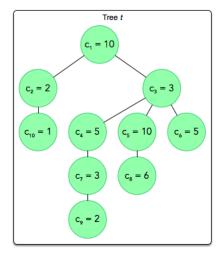
16/11/2017 HackerRank

5 8 5 8

Sample Output

Explanation

We perform $q=\mathbf{5}$ queries on the following tree:



- 1. Find the number of valid ordered pairs where i is in the path from node i to node so we print 0.
- 2. Find the number of valid ordered pairs where i is in the path from node i to node (3,7), exists, so we print 1.
- 3. Find the number of valid ordered pairs where i is in the path from node 1 to node 9 and j is in the path from node 5 to node 9. Three such pairs, (1,5), (3,7), and (7,3) exist, so we print 3.
- 4. Find the number of valid ordered pairs where i is in the path from node 4 to node 6 and j is in the path from node 4 to node 6. Two such pairs, (4,6) and (6,4), exist, so we print 2.
- 5. Find the number of valid ordered pairs where i is in the path from node 5 to node 8 and j is in the path from node 5 to node 8. No such pair exists, so we print 0.

⊌ in Submissions:109 Max Score:100 Difficulty: Expert Rate This Challenge: More

Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) & 🗘 Java 7 Ö 1 ▼ import java.io.*; 2 | import java.util.*; import java.text.*;

16/11/2017 HackerRank

```
import java.math.*;
import java.util.regex.*;

public class Solution {

public static void main(String[] args) {

/* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. Your class should be named Solution. */

}

Line: 1 Col: 1

Line: 1 Code

Submit Code
```

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