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# Lazy White Falcon



Problem

Submissions

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White Falcon just solved the data structure problem below using heavy-light decomposition. Can you help her find a new solution that doesn't require implementing any fancy techniques?

There are 2 types of query operations that can be performed on a tree:

- 1. 1 u x: Assign  $\boldsymbol{x}$  as the value of node  $\boldsymbol{u}$ .
- 2. 2 u v: Print the sum of the node values in the unique path from node  $\boldsymbol{u}$  to node  $\boldsymbol{v}$ .

Given a tree with  $m{N}$  nodes where each node's value is initially  $m{0}$ , execute  $m{Q}$  queries.

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains  ${f 2}$  space-separated integers,  ${m N}$  and  ${m Q}$ , respectively.

The N-1 subsequent lines each contain 2 space-separated integers describing an undirected edge in the tree.

Each of the  ${m Q}$  subsequent lines contains a query you must execute.

#### **Constraints**

- $1 \le N, Q \le 10^5$
- $1 \le x \le 1000$
- ullet It is guaranteed that the input describes a connected tree with  $oldsymbol{N}$  nodes.
- Nodes are enumerated with **0**-based indexing.

#### **Output Format**

For each type-2 query, print its integer result on a new line.

#### **Sample Input**

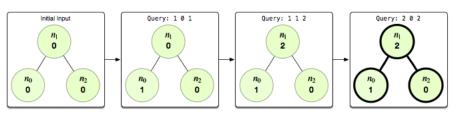
- 3 3
- 0 1
- 1 0 1
- 1 1 2 2 0 2

## **Sample Output**

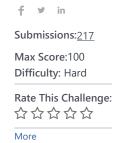
3

### **Explanation**

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After the first 2 queries, the value of node  $n_0 = 1$  and the value of node  $n_1 = 2$ . The third query requires us to print the sum of the node values in the path from nodes 0 to 2, which is 1 + 2 + 0 = 3. Thus, we print 3 on a new line.





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