15/11/2017 HackerRank



Circular Array Rotation



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John Watson performs an operation called a *right circular rotation* on an array of integers, $[a_0, a_1, \dots a_{n-1}]$. After performing one *right circular rotation* operation, the array is transformed from $[a_0, a_1, \dots a_{n-1}]$ to $[a_{n-1}, a_0, \dots, a_{n-2}]$.

Watson performs this operation k times. To test Sherlock's ability to identify the current element at a particular position in the rotated array, Watson asks q queries, where each query consists of a single integer, m, for which you must print the element at index m in the rotated array (i.e., the value of a_m).

Input Format

The first line contains ${m 3}$ space-separated integers, ${m n}$, ${m k}$, and ${m q}$, respectively.

The second line contains n space-separated integers, where each integer i describes array element a_i (where $0 \le i < n$). Each of the q subsequent lines contains a single integer denoting m.

Constraints

- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- $1 \le a_i \le 10^5$
- $1 \le k \le 10^5$
- $1 \le q \le 500$
- $0 \le m \le n-1$

Output Format

For each query, print the value of the element at index $m{m}$ of the rotated array on a new line.

Sample Input 0

3 2 3

1 2 3

1

Sample Output 0

2

3 1

Explanation 0

After the first rotation, the array becomes [3, 1, 2].

After the second (and final) rotation, the array becomes [2, 3, 1].

Let's refer to the array's final state as array b. For each query, we just have to print the value of b_m on a new line:

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1. m=0, so we print ${\bf 2}$ on a new line. 2. m=1, so we print ${\bf 3}$ on a new line. 3. m=2, so we print ${\bf 1}$ on a new line.

f in
Submissions:90540
Max Score:20
Difficulty: Easy
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More

```
Java 7
  Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) & 40
                                                                                                                               Ö
 1 ▼ import java.io.*;
 2 import java.util.*;
 3 import java.text.*;
    import java.math.*;
 5
    import java.util.regex.*;
 6
 7 ▼ public class Solution {
 8
         public static void main(String[] args) {
 9 ▼
10
             Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
             int n = in.nextInt();
11
12
             int k = in.nextInt();
             int q = in.nextInt();
13
14 ▼
             int[] a = new int[n];
15 ▼
             for(int a_i=0; a_i < n; a_i++){</pre>
16 ▼
                 a[a_i] = in.nextInt();
17
18 ▼
             for(int a0 = 0; a0 < q; a0++){
                 int m = in.nextInt();
19
20
21
         }
22
     }
23
                                                                                                                      Line: 1 Col: 1
                      ☐ Test against custom input
1 Upload Code as File
                                                                                                          Run Code
                                                                                                                       Submit Code
```

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