16/11/2017 HackerRank

















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Company Retreat



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The LRT Company has n employees. Each employee has a unique ID number from n to n, where the director's ID is number n. Every employee in the company has exactly one immediate supervisor — except the director, who has no supervisor. The company's employee hierarchy forms a tree of employee IDs that's rooted at employee number n (the director).

The director decides to have a retreat lasting *m* days. Each day, the employees will be assigned to different groups for team building exercises. Groups are constructed in the following way:

- An employee can invite their immediate supervisor (the director has no supervisor and, thus, doesn't invite anyone). If employee a is invited by employee b, then a and b are considered to be in the same group.
- Once an employee is invited to be in a group, they are in that group. This means that if two employees have the same immediate supervisor, only one of them can invite that supervisor to be in their group.
- Every employee must be in a group, even if they are the only employee in it.

The venue where *LRT* is hosting the retreat has different pricing for each of the m days of the retreat. For each day j, there is a cost of  $d_j$  dollars per group and a per-group size limit of  $p_j$  (i.e., the maximum number of people that can be in any group on that day).

Help the director find optimal groupings for each day so the cost of the m-day retreat is minimal, then print the total cost of the retreat. As this answer can be quite large, your answer must be modulo  $10^9 + 7$ .

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains two space-separated integers denoting the respective values of n (the number of employees) and m (the retreat's duration in days).

The next line contains n-1 space-separated integers where each integer i denotes  $s_i$  ( $1 < i \le n$ ), which is the ID number of employee i's direct supervisor.

Each line j of the m subsequent lines contain two space-separated integers describing the respective values of  $d_j$  (the cost per group in dollars) and  $p_j$  (the maximum number of people per group) for the  $j^{th}$  day of the retreat.

## **Constraints**

- $1 \le n, m \le 10^5$
- $1 \leq s_i \leq n$
- $1 \le d_j, p_j \le 10^9$

#### Subtask

•  $1 \le n, m \le 2000$  for 40% of the maximum possible score.

## **Output Format**

Print a single integer denoting the minimum total cost for the m-day retreat. As this number can be quite large, print your answer modulo  $10^9 + 7$ .

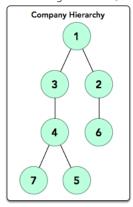
## Sample Input

- 7 3 1 1 3 4 2 4 5 3 6 2
- **Sample Output**

46

# **Explanation**

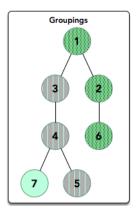
In the Sample Case above, the company has 7 employees and the retreat goes on for 3 days. The hierarchy looks like this:



On the first day, the cost per group is 5 dollars and each group has a maximum size of 3. The employees split into the following three groups:

- 1. Employee 6 invites their manager, employee 2. Employee 2 then invites their manager, employee 1 (the director).
- 2. Employee  $\bf 5$  invites their manager, employee  $\bf 4$ . Employee  $\bf 4$  then invites their manager, employee  $\bf 3$ .
- 3. Employee 7's manager is already in another group, so they are in a group by themself.

These groupings are demonstrated in the following image where each group has a different pattern:



In other words, the final groups are  $\{1,2,6\}$ ,  $\{3,4,5\}$ , and  $\{7\}$ . This means the total cost for the first day is  $groups \times cost = 3 \times 5 = 15$  dollars.

On the second day, they split into  $\bf 4$  groups with a maximum size of  $\bf 2$  at a total cost of  $\bf 24$  dollars. On the third day, they split into  $\bf 7$  groups of size  $\bf 1$  at a total cost of  $\bf 7$  dollars. When we sum the costs for all three days, we get  $\bf 15 + 24 + 7 = 46$  % ( $\bf 10^9 + 7$ ) =  $\bf 46$  as our answer.

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 ${\color{red} \textbf{Submissions:}}\underline{20}$ 

Max Score:100 Difficulty: Advanced

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