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# Balanced Forest



Problem

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Greg received an n-node tree as a graduation gift, where each node i contains  $c_i$  coins. He wants to insert exactly one new node, w, into the tree using the following process:

- Select a node, v, where  $1 \le v \le n$ .
- Create a new edge connecting node  $\boldsymbol{v}$  to a new node,  $\boldsymbol{w}$ .
- Add  $c_w$  coins to node w (this can be any non-negative integer).

Now that Greg's tree has n+1 nodes, he wants to cut two of its edges to create a forest of 3 trees where each tree contains an equal number of coins. If such a configuration is possible, he calls it a balanced forest.

For each tree Greg receives as a gift, determine the minimum value of  $c_w$  such that the tree can be split into a *balanced forest* (meaning that each of the forest's three trees have the same number of coins); if no  $c_w$  exists that enables Greg to create a balanced forest, print -1 instead.

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains a single integer, q, denoting the number of trees gifted to Greg. The subsequent lines describe each query in the following format:

- ullet The first line contains an integer,  $oldsymbol{n}$ , denoting the number of nodes in the tree.
- The second line contains n space-separated integers describing the respective values of  $c_1, c_2, \ldots, c_n$ , where each  $c_i$  denotes the number of coins at node i.
- Each line j of the n-1 subsequent lines contains two space-separated integers,  $x_j$  and  $y_j$  (where  $1 \le x_j, y_j \le n$ ), describing edge j connecting nodes  $x_j$  and  $y_j$ .

Note: It is guaranteed that each guery forms a valid undirected tree.

### **Constraints**

- $1 \le q \le 5$
- $1 \le n \le 5 \times 10^4$
- $1 \le c_i \le 10^9$

## Subtasks

For 30% of the maximum score:

- $1 \le n \le 100$
- $1 \le c_i \le 100$

For 50% of the maximum score:

- $1 \le n \le 2000$
- $1 < c_i < 10^9$

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#### **Output Format**

For each query, print the minimum value of  $c_w$  on a new line; if no such value exists, print -1 instead.

## **Sample Input**

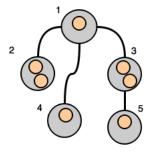
## **Sample Output**

2 -1

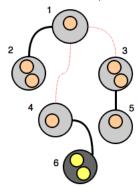
#### **Explanation**

We perform the following two queries:

1. The tree initially looks like this:



Greg can add a new node w=6 with  $c_w=2$  coins and create a new edge connecting nodes 4 and 6. Then he cuts the edge connecting nodes 1 and 4 and the edge connecting nodes 1 and 3. We now have a three-tree forest, where each tree has 3 coins.



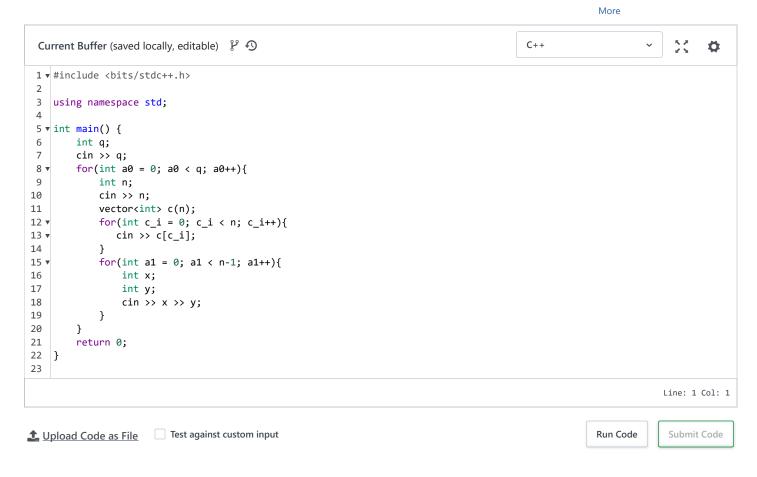
2. In the second query, it's impossible to add a node in such a way that we can split the tree into a three-tree forest where each tree has an equal number of coins, so we print -1.

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Submissions:460

Max Score:60 Difficulty: Hard

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