Windows Text To Speech for Unity

Table of contents

- Before you buy!
- Features
- Demo
- Prerequisites
- Get Started
- API
 - Initialize
 - List available voices
 - Set a speech voice
 - Set a speech speed
 - Speech a text
 - Sample rate
 - Stop text to speech
- FAQ

Before you buy!

Be advised that this asset will only work with Windows platform. It won't work with IOS or Android or Linux.

Here's why: * It uses Microsoft Speech API (SAPI) that it is only available on Windows devices. * It uses language packages installed locally on a Windows device.

Features

With this asset you will be able to:

- List all available text to speech voices installed on your Windows device.
- Set your preferred language/actor as speech voice.
- Set the speech speed.
- Add accessibility to your project.
- No internet or paid subscription services required.
- Speech any text!

Demo

Open the Demo scene file inside the scenes folder. When running the demo you will find a simple form to show how to use this asset, from listing the available voices, set its speed and to speech a single text.

Prerequisites

Make sure you have installed your preferred voice package on your Windows device. Go to settings -> Time & language -> Speech -> Manage voices.

You might need to restart your PC after installation.

Get Started

- 1. Add a new empty game object to your scene. Let's call it text-to-speech
- 2. Add a Dispatcher component to your text-to-speech game object.
- 3. Add a new script to your text-to-speech game object. Let's call this script TTS.cs
- 4. Open TTS.cs file, add the reference to TextToSpeechApi.

```
using TextToSpeechApi;
```

5. Inside the class tts, add a new TextToSpeech instance.

```
TextToSpeech textToSpeech = new();
```

6. Inside Start() function, add the initialization for textToSpeech.

```
void Start()
{
   textToSpeech.Init();
}
```

7. Add a OnDestroy() function, add the stop function for textToSpeech. This will allow to close the Text To Speech API properly.

```
private void OnDestroy()
{
   textToSpeech.Stop();
}
```

8. In order to speech a text, call the SpeechText(string text) function. This will return a promise with the audio data we need, it is basically a float array. Unity's Audio Source components can read this float array and play it as audio. Let's add it after the init() function.

9. To play the audio, let's create a new game object with an Audio Source component attached to it and play it.

```
private void Start()
{
   textToSpeech.Init();
   textToSpeech.SpeechText("Hello World").OnSuccess((audioData) =>
     // Create a new game object
     GameObject audioGameObject = new();
     audioGameObject.name = "My text to speech";
     // Create an Audio Source Component attached to the game object
     AudioSource audioSource = audioGameObject.AddComponent(typeof(AudioSource)) as AudioSource
     // Create an audio clip with the audio data
     AudioClip audioClip = AudioClip.Create(audioGameObject.name, audioData.value.Lengt
     audioClip.SetData(audioData.value, 0);
     // Play The Audio!
     audioSource.clip = audioClip;
     audioSource.Play();
   });
}
```

10. Hit play on your Unity Editor and you should hear the text to speech Hello World

API

Initialize

Before using Text To Speech make sure to create an instance of TextToSpeech and initialize it with init(). Normally you will like to execute it inside Start() function.

```
TextToSpeech textToSpeech = new();
void Start()
{
  textToSpeech.Init();
}
```

List available voices

You can list all available voices installed on your Windows device using GetSpeechVoices(). This will return an array of VoiceToken. A voice token has an Id, Name, VoiceName, LanguageCode and Gender.

- Id represents the path to your installed voice language registry. I.E. HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Speech\Voices\Tokens\TTS_MS_EN-US_DAVID_11.0
- Name represents the speech voice actor and language. I.E. Microsoft David Desktop - English (United States)

- VoiceName represents the voice actor. I.E. Microsoft David Desktop
- LanguageCode represents the language code identifier for Windows. Please refer here for more information. I.E. for English language, the code is 409
- Gener represents the voice actor's gender. I.E. Male

```
VoiceToken[] voices = textToSpeech.GetSpeechVoices();
for (int i = 0; i < voices.Length; i++)
{
    Debug.Log(voices[i].Id);
    Debug.Log(voices[i].Name);
    Debug.Log(voices[i].VoiceName);
    Debug.Log(voices[i].LanguageCode);
    Debug.Log(voices[i].Gender);
}</pre>
```

Set a speech voice

To change to a new speech voice, call SetNewSpeechVoice(string id) function. In order to change to another speech voice, first you will need to know the speech token id. Please refer to List available voices in order to get voices' ids.

textToSpeech.SetNewSpeechVoice("HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\\SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Speech\\Voices\\'

Set a speech speed

To change to a new speech speed, call SetNewSpeechSpeed(int speed) function. The speed range can be from -10 (slowest) to 10 (fastest). Set it to 0 for normal speed.

```
textToSpeech.SetNewSpeechSpeed(8);
```

Speech a text

Call SpeechText(string text) function in order to get a speech audio data. This will return a promise with the audio data generated from the text. Combine it with Unity's Audio Source component to play the audio.

```
// Speech "Hello Workd"
textToSpeech.SpeechText("Hello Workd").OnSuccess((audioData) =>
{
    // Once the Audio Data is ready, play it with Unity's Audio Source component
    GameObject audioGameObject = new();
    audioGameObject.name = "My text to speech";
    AudioSource audioSource = audioGameObject.AddComponent(typeof(AudioSource)) as AudioSour
    AudioClip audioClip = AudioClip.Create(audioGameObject.name, audioData.value.Length, 1,
    audioClip.SetData(audioData.value, 0);
    audioSource.clip = audioClip;
    audioSource.Play();
});
```

Sample rate

The sample rate value needed for wav audio data is 22050. This is just a helper property for creating an audio clip.

```
Debug.Log(textToSpeech.samplerate) // Prints 22050
AudioClip audioClip = AudioClip.Create(audioGameObject.name, audioData.value.Length, 1, to
```

Stop text to speech

To properly close text to speech, call Stop() function. Normally you will like to execute it inside OnDestroy() function.

```
private void OnDestroy()
{
  textToSpeech.Stop();
}
```

Frequently Asked Questions

Will this work on Android?

No. ### Will this work on IOS? No. ### Will this work on Linux? No. ### I have installed some voices packages, why can't I see them on Unity? Some Voices packages are locked to be used by 3rd party software, however there are some workarounds to unlock them. Be advised that these workarounds require to edit registry files, please follow these instructions under your own risk unlock all windows 10 tts voices